

# Hughes Demands Release of Americans Held in Russia

## ASKS ALLIES TO MAKE EFFORT TO END HOSTILITIES

### Head of Turkish Nationalist Government Would End Greco-Turk War.

#### TURKS' LOSSES 60,000.

#### Resistance of Troops in Asia Minor is Broken, All Reports Show.

London, July 27.—Mustapha Kemal Pasha, head of the Turkish Nationalist government, has sent a telegram to Constantinople asking the central government to intervene with the Allies in an effort to obtain a cessation of Greco-Turkish hostilities, according to dispatches from Constantinople to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

#### COMPLETELY BROKEN

Athens, July 27.—Information from all sources indicates the resistance of the Turkish Nationalists in Asia Minor is completely broken, the Greek official news agency declares in a statement issued here today.

The Turkish losses in killed, wounded and prisoners taken are estimated at 60,000. The Greeks, the statement says, are constantly pressing the Kemalists along the road to Ankara.

Along the route of their retreat, the Turks set fire to the stores of material, which they were unable to carry with them because of the rapidity of their flight.

#### BANDITS DRIVEN OFF.

Constantinople, Sunday, July 24.—Circassian bandits appeared today in Karabogha, on the sea of Marmora, 35 miles east of Gallipoli, raided the town and killed the Turkish governor and commander of the gendarmerie.

A British detachment assisted the Turkish gendarmes in pursuing the bandits. As a result of this incident, the British are reinforcing the Dardanelles garrison.

#### OBLIGED TO YIELD GROUND.

Constantinople, Saturday, July 23.—The Turkish Nationalist Prime Minister Fevzi Pasha told the national assembly last night that, although the Turks had been obliged to yield ground in the face of the Greek advance, the enemy suffered terrible losses. The region between Kutania and Eskishehr, which recently was captured by the Greeks, was covered with thousands of bodies, he declared.

The prime minister warned the assembly against panic, asserting that every precaution had been taken to secure a successful continuation of the struggle, which, he said, was entering the decisive phase today.

The Greek warship today approached Samsun, on the south shore of the Black sea, with the intention of bombarding the town, but the commander of a United States destroyer, lying off the coast, dissuaded its commander from firing, pointing out that such action might endanger the Greek population.

The Greek destroyer Panther opened fire today on Trebizond, on the Black sea coast to the east of Samsun, but did not cause much damage.

#### CONSIDER THE GAME LOST.

Athens, July 27.—(Greek Official Agency)—Advises from Constantinople to the newspaper Patris declare the Turkish reverses have had a depressing effect in Ankara, the people of which "consider that the game is lost."

It is confirmed, adds the dispatch, that Mustapha Kemal Pasha has formed the Turkish government in Constantinople, and that the gravity of the situation remains that it is necessary "to save Turkey" and that the Nationalist leader has authorized the central government to make an appeal to the Allies to conclude peace with Greece.

The Ankara government would accept this action, he said.

#### PELLAGRA ACCOUNTS DAMAGING TO SOUTH

Asheville, July 27.—Declaring that the credit and reputation of the South are being injured by "false and malicious statements emanating from Washington," the Asheville Board of Trade today addressed a telegram to Surgeon General Cumming and members of the North Carolina delegation in Congress asking that the source of information regarding semi-starvation and pellagra conditions be revealed.

"Newspapers carrying press dispatches refer to epidemic of pellagra in the South due to lack of sufficient employment and insufficient food, giving shortage of money as reason and making out conditions very terrible and alarming," reads the message. "Please advise quickly if this interview and story authorized by your office and name of representative furnishing this information."

The local trade body has asked members of Congress to investigate the whole affair, maintaining that the reports were manufactured from misinformation and will inflict tremendous damage upon business and industry of the South. Other Chambers of Commerce in principal cities of the South also have registered formal protest.

#### STAY OF JEW IS LIMITED.

Vienna, July 27.—No Jew shall remain longer than twenty-four hours in Efferding, in upper Austria, according to an edict issued by the communal authorities. The Jewish members of the assembly have petitioned the government to take action in the matter, saying the edict is contrary to law and also to the minority clause of the peace treaty.

#### NORWAY TREATY APPROVED

Washington, July 27.—The Senate foreign relations committee approved Tuesday the treaty with Norway, signed June 30, last, for submission to arbitration of Norwegian claims growing out of the requisitioning, during the war, of ships being built in this country for Norway. The treaty would create an arbitral tribunal of three members.

## Hun Mine Sweepers Shot At By Soviets

Berlin, July 27.—(By the Associated Press.)—The German mine sweepers, which have been operating in the Kola Bight northern Russian coast, is in a special dispatch from Norway, have been fired on by Russian land forces. The mine sweepers returned the fire, but no one was reported on either side.

The German fleet, which has been operating in the White Sea of mines since the provisions of the Versailles treaty, has retired to Vardoe to await further developments, the dispatch says.

## FINDS EVIDENCE NOT SUFFICIENT

### Judge Threatens to Free Felsch and Weaver in Black Sox Trial.

Chicago, July 27.—Judge Hugo Friend today informed the State attorney in the baseball trial that he would direct the jury to return a verdict of not guilty in the cases of "Buck" Weaver and "Happy" Felsch, former White Sox players, and Charles Zerk, St. Louis, unless further evidence was introduced against these men.

The judge temporarily overruled the motion to dismiss these cases when the State urged that the defendants might be incriminated by further testimony. The State dropped its case against Ben and Louis Levi, of Kokomo, Ind.

Motions to dismiss the charges against Joe Jackson, David Zeiler, of Des Moines, were overruled.

The State refused to dismiss the cases despite Judge Friend's statement.

Chicago, July 27.—Billy Maharg, of Philadelphia, pol of Bill Burns and Abe Attell during the formation and execution of the alleged conspiracy for the throwing of the 1919 world series, today told his story of the reported \$100,000 sell-out of the eight Chicago White Sox players.

Maharg was the final witness for the State in the baseball trial. He was said by Burns to have been present at several meetings of the gamblers and players where plans for the alleged game-throwing were made.

Maharg began his testimony by telling of the meeting he witnessed between Burns and Eddie Cicotte at the Ansonia Hotel in New York in September, 1919.

#### GANDIL WAS PRESENT

"Chick" Gandil also was there," said Maharg.

"I heard Cicotte say that, if the Sox won the pennant, the world series could be thrown for \$100,000. Gandil said the players would throw the games in any order desired."

"After Cicotte and Gandil left, Burns repeated the conversation to me as I had not heard all of it. He said Cicotte and Gandil had agreed to see that the series was thrown for \$100,000. He asked me if I could get some one to put up the \$100,000."

"When I got back to Philadelphia, I went to see a man named Rossie and then I went to New York with Burns and saw Arnold Rothstein. Burns told Rothstein the Sox had agreed to throw the series for \$100,000 and asked Rothstein to put it up, but Rothstein refused."

"I went back to Philadelphia, then got on a train for Cincinnati. I went to Cincinnati, getting there the morning of the first game. I met Burns at the Sinton Hotel that evening. He told me Abe Attell got Rothstein to put up the \$100,000 for the players after each game."

"That night Attell told me the same thing, explaining that Rothstein had put up the money because Attell saved his life once in Chicago."

Maharg said that the night before the second game, Attell gave Burns \$10,000 from a great pile of bills under the mattress. He repeated the testimony of Burns that Burns at Attell's request asked the players to win the third game to help the betting odds, but that Chick Gandil said it "would go the same way as the others."

Maharg said that in Chicago the day of the third game, he heard Burns telephone Attell the message from Gandil. He told of an alleged suggestion of "Buck" Weaver, who he identified as David Zeiler, of Des Moines, that the players throw the fourth game for \$20,000, which would be put up as a bet.

#### NOT PEACHES GRAHAM

Maharg denied that he was "Peaches" Graham, former major league catcher, as the defense has claimed. He said Ban Johnson, president of the American league, sent him to Texas to pursue Burns to testify.

The State later rested its case in the baseball trial after Billy Maharg, of Philadelphia, had given testimony concerning much of Burns' story of the alleged conspiracy for the Chicago White Sox players to throw the 1919 world series.

## CAROLINA SHIPPERS ASK RE-ADJUSTMENT

Washington, July 27.—Shippers in the East, the Northeast and in the Carolinas conferred here today with representatives of railroads in an effort to obtain a permanent readjustment of freight rates from the North, East and Middle-west to the Carolina territory. Certain inequalities the shippers declare exist with regard to depressed rates to points where water competition is a factor, as against higher rates to intermediate points, which they asked removed.

#### BULWINKLE TO SPEAK.

Washington, July 27.—Representative Bulwinkle has accepted an invitation to address the farmers at a picnic at Mount Holly on July 29, and to make a speech to the Civil and World War veterans at Cornelius on August 4.

#### HAVE REACHED AGREEMENTS.

London, July 27.—(By the Associated Press.)—The dominion premiers have reached an agreement on Tuesday at setting the Pacific conference, concerning which they previously had differed, says The Daily Mail. It is expected that an official statement will be issued.

## TRAINING CAMP BEST NATIONAL GUARD HAS HAD

### Guardsmen and Officers Interested in the Work of the Organization.

#### IS PLENTY OF FOOD.

#### Laziness Only Reason for Anybody to Starve in North Carolina.

By JULE B. WARREN, Staff Correspondent of The News.

Raleigh, July 27.—Major Gordon Smith, assistant adjutant general, back from Camp Gen. Morehead City, where 1,200 national guardsmen have been encamped for the past 15 days, declares it was the most successful school in the history of the organization. The camp site is in fine shape, the buildings well equipped for the purposes, and the guardsmen the best behaved and most interested of any that has ever been with one of the militia or national guard encampments. It was the largest number of soldiers that have ever been carried into camp for summer training at one time, but despite this fact there was ample work and entertainment for all of them.

The federal government contributed \$25,000 in salaries alone for this camp. Major Smith, as paymaster, had to secure the money in currency from the Richmond Federal Reserve bank, in order to pay the soldiers off on the day they broke camp. In addition to this money, the federal government, of course, furnished all of the equipment, ammunition and supplies for feeding 1,200 men while they were in the school.

The guardsmen were so well pleased that not a few of them were willing to remain even longer than the camp regulations permitted. In addition to this, many of the officers and men were allowed to return to the officers and enlisted men's school which will precede the opening of the cavalry school there next month, but it was impossible to allow as many as made application attend this school. It is the first time in Major Smith's long experience with the national guard when the officers were not so glad to get away from camp at the end of two weeks service.

The officers in charge of the camp were a little bit afraid that there would be a reaction from foreign war service on the part of the guardsmen and that they would not observe military courtesy as they did during the war. But this feature of the encampment was even better than in other years. Military courtesy between officers and men when both were out of camp was better even than when the soldiers were in France. There was mutual understanding between the officers and their officers and the spirit of comradeship and military discipline did not strain to the breaking point at any time.

Preparations are now under way for the cavalry school which will open at Camp Glenn in August, and for the artillery school at Camp Bragg some time in the near future.

#### FAMINE STORIES RIDICULOUS.

The only reason a man might have for starving or even becoming hungry in any part of North Carolina is because he is too lazy to gather the food that nature provides, declares members of the official family in Raleigh today in branding as absolutely too ridiculous for comment the suggestion of President Harding that the Red Cross investigate the stories sent out to the effect that people in many parts of the South, including North Carolina, were on the verge of starvation. The general warning, sent out by the public health service as to the spread of pellagra in the cotton belt, is not applicable to North Carolina. The people of the cotton belt are not especially flush on credit money now, but they have plenty to eat and to wear.

"Come down and visit us. We have mighty little money, but plenty of something to eat and we buy gasoline on credit if needs be," which was the invitation an eastern man recently extended to an uplander, is typical of the situation in the cotton belt, these officials and public health officers declare.

"Pellagra is a reportable disease in North Carolina and there is, therefore, no way of checking up the number of cases except through the number of deaths reported," declares R. B. Wilson of the publicity bureau of the health department today. "For the first six months of 1921 there was a decrease of 13 in the number of deaths from this cause in North Carolina," he continued. "A decrease is shown for each month up to June, which month showed an increase of four deaths from pellagra. The total number of deaths reported for 1920 as having been caused by pellagra was 297. The total number reported for the first six months of 1921 was 116. If the same average is maintained for the remainder of the year, the total number of deaths from pellagra will be 116."

(Continued on Page Eleven.)

#### HARDING COMING SOUTH

Washington, July 27.—President Harding is understood to have definitely accepted an invitation to speak in Birmingham, Ala., late in October at a celebration commemorating the 50th anniversary of the founding of the city. During the same trip, he may visit several other Southern cities.

#### NEGRO CONFESSES MURDER.

Marion, Ark., July 27.—Following his arrest for stealing a ride on a freight train, Ossie Tate, negro, 22, confessed, according to local officials, that he killed the 15-year-old white boy whose body was found at the Arkansas end of the Mississippi river bridge here last February and who was buried after all attempts at identification had failed.

#### GOVERNOR FIRES OFFICER.

Montgomery, Ala., July 27.—Conrad W. Austin, chief of law enforcement officers, was dismissed from the service of Governor E. Kilby, for insubordination, after Austin refused to discharge deputies who raided the homes of Mobile citizens after the Governor had ordered their discharge.

## Surgeon General Is Ready With Report

Washington, July 27.—Surgeon General Cumming, of the Public Health Service, was prepared to report to President Harding today on the results of preliminary conferences with Red Cross officials and others as to necessary measures to meet the reported threat of a pellagra epidemic in a large section of the Southern cotton belt. Despite protests from eight Southern states yesterday that the seriousness of the situation had been exaggerated in government reports, the Surgeon General said today the Public Health Service still stood by its prediction that, unless radical relief measures were taken there would be a pellagra epidemic in the cotton belt this year and that ten per cent of them would die.

The Public Health Service head and Dr. Joseph Goldberger, pellagra expert of the service, held a lengthy conference yesterday with Dr. Livingston Farrand, chairman, and other Red Cross officials, but no agreement was reached. These will be submitted to the President today.

## DEFINITE SPLIT NOW PREDICTED

### Obregon's Request is Voted Down by Deputies as Senate Grants It.

Mexico City, July 27.—The Chamber of Deputies last night voted down a request by President Obregon that he be granted extraordinary powers to adjust article 27 of the constitution, which nationalizes all deposits, to the Senate almost simultaneously voted to accede to the request.

The President had requested early in the present month that he be given wide powers to adjust article 27, when it became apparent that Congress would not be able to give it adequate consideration before the special session ends in August.

#### STUMBLING BLOCK

Article 27 has been long a stumbling block in the relations between Mexico and the United States, the latter government characterizing the section as confiscatory and against the principle of "equal rights and interests obtained in Mexico under proper laws in an official statement of President Harding's Mexican policy, made June 7, Secretary of State Hughes said that Mexico had no deposits, but she was not free to destroy without compensation valid titles which have been obtained by American citizens under Mexican laws.

The action of Congress last night is viewed by political observers here as marking a definite split between President Obregon and his party. The first indication of party strife were noted nearly a month ago when Augustine Arroyo was elected president of the Chamber of Deputies by liberal constitutionalist members.

#### GRAND OPERA TAXED OUT OF EXISTENCE

Atlanta, July 27.—Final enactment of the bill passed by the Georgia House yesterday imposing an annual \$2,500 tax on grand opera means the end of the annual week of Metropolitan grand opera in Atlanta, W. L. Peel, president of the Atlanta Music Festival Association, declared in a statement published here today.

Mr. Peel added that this year the directors of the association, under whose auspices the opera is brought here, paid \$4,000 in deficit rather than call upon the guarantors of the opera fund.

#### RUMORS OF SHORTAGE DENIED BY ATTORNEY

Chicago, July 27.—Rumors of a shortage of from \$40,000 to \$50,000 in the old organization of the Chicago Grand Opera Company, due to alleged lax methods in the box office management, were denied today by Redmond Stephens, attorney for the opera company.

The rumors were attributed to the discharge of a seventy-five-dollar-a-week boxoffice manager of the company on the theory that he was working in collusion with New York to sell the company shares as a whole. Over most of the State corn, sweet potatoes, soy beans, truck and minor crops are doing well. A good hay crop is reported in the west, though with considerable trouble in curing on account of frequent rains. Heavy shipments of peaches and melons.

#### JOINT PROBE ENDED IN A DISAGREEMENT

Atlanta, July 27.—The joint investigation of conditions at the State prison farm by the Senate and House penitentiary committees here today ended in a disagreement after House members had charged that Senator Campbell, chairman of the Senate committee, who presided, would not recognize them when seeing the prisoners.

Senator John H. Jones, suggested that the House committee make its own investigation and, if it considered the charges sustained, put proposals for improvement of the state prison commission before the Senate, which it was announced later would be done.

#### BAPTISTS TO JACKSONVILLE.

Nashville, Tenn., July 27.—Jacksonville, Fla., has been awarded the 1922 session of the Southern Baptist convention, which will convene May 17 and continue for a week. It was announced today by Dr. Hight C. Moore, recording secretary of the convention.

#### ROB JACKSONVILLE BANK.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 27.—Six bandits today entered the Bank of South Jacksonville, across the St. Johns river from here, held up the teller and escaped with cash estimated at \$10,000, according to police reports.

## General Scheme For Taxation Agreed On By Administration

### Excise and Surtaxes to Go and Sales Taxes Abandoned.

BY DAVID LAWRENCE, Staff Correspondent of The News. Copyright, 1921, by News Publishing Co.

Washington, July 27.—Tax programs are like time-tables subject to change without notice. But certain principles have been agreed upon by President Harding and Administration leaders which can be of some guidance to taxpayers. Those principles, as explained in the bill that passes both Houses, but so far as any one can foresee, indeed the best judgment that can be marshaled at present, leads to the following conclusions:

#### RECESS PLANS PUT OFF.

Senate leaders said today that all proposals for a recess would be abandoned until the bill came from the House, probably within a fortnight, and making adjournment of both bodies possible about the middle of August.

White House officials had nothing to say about the conference today and it was understood Mr. Harding himself had forbidden advance announcement of his plan to consult his former associates in the Senate. They were said to have advised him that the finance committee would not have the House tariff bill ready for Senate consideration short of five or six weeks, and it was on this showing that a consensus of opinion around the dinner table that tax revision should be given precedence was said to have been disclosed.

The President was told, it was said, that the tariff bill would require working over to a hitherto unexpected extent. American valuation provisions in the bill were discussed by the dinner guests and the White House. President did not favor the policy, but comment on that phase was refused.

The railroad question and funding of Allied loans also were talked over during the dinner as well as summer recess possibilities for Congress.

#### BLAIR'S BEER POLICY IS BEING DRAWN UP

Washington, July 27.—Announcement by Internal Revenue Commissioner Blair of his policy on the question of medical beer regulations will be made in the next few days. Blair's new definitely decided officials said today, whether the regulations should be issued at this time or deferred because of probable early action by the Senate on the Volstead bill, which prohibit the prescribing of beer by doctors.

The commissioner also is working out the final form the beer regulations might take which, it is understood, would provide in general for prescriptions of one case at one time, but without limit as to the number of prescriptions. According to Prohibition Commissioner Haynes, however, the probability of the eventual issuance of beer regulations is slight. There was apparently little desire on the part of brewers, he said, to obtain the regulations, in view of the pending hostile legislation.

#### NO SALES TAX.

Fourth, all the schemes for sales tax, turn-over tax, production tax or consumer's tax will go by the boards. That's the trend at present. The Administration has listened to all the various plans proposed and attempted to find one that would not increase the burden on the ultimate consumer. The suspicion exists that the idea is unworkable and leads in the end to double taxation. This is stoutly denied but the truth is that the Administration has not been convinced and the tendency is to forget these various sales and consumers' taxes and try to raise money by other means.

President Harding has told callers that he doesn't believe relief from tax burdens can be accomplished by new devices or rather by new tax proposals, but by a rigid cutting down of government expenditures. The biggest principle underlying the whole tax program is the battle-axe applied to the expenditure column. By every dollar that the expense list is diminished the amount that must be raised by taxation is reduced. Mr. Harding insists that when all is said and done the best way to reduce taxes is for the government not to spend so much money. The drive for economy makes headway for a little while, however, only to run up against some after-the-war snag or emergency situation like that involved in financing the railroads or agriculture or the shipping board and the best laid plans go awry.

In a nutshell tax revision this year will mean tax readjustment—a transfer of the burdens and a more even distribution in the hope that business incentive will be restored. Lower taxes for the nation as a whole are in the air, but the question of rearrangement of taxes may give business some measure of relief and permit expansion.

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## PRIORITY GIVEN TO TAX REVISION

### Senators Virtually Agree to Sidetrack Tariff for Tax Measure.

Washington, July 27.—Virtual agreement was said today to have been reached at a dinner conference at the White House last night for Senate consideration of tax revision legislation before the permanent tariff act is taken up that body. A number of Senators were President Harding's guests and the legislative situation was said to have been discussed extensively.

President Harding told his guests he hoped both branches of Congress could recess from the middle of August to the latter part of September, or the first of October, but was represented as opposed to any recess of either body until the tax revision bill has passed the House, leaving the Senate finance committee to work on both tax and tariff measures during the recess.

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## FORMAL DEMAND DELIVERED AT RIGA YESTERDAY

### Can Be No Thought of Better Relations Until Those Held Are Released.

#### MORE THAN 20 HELD

#### Hughes' Message is Wholly Independent of Hoover-Gorky Correspondence.

Washington, July 27.—Formal demand for the release of American prisoners in Russia has been made upon the Soviet authorities by Secretary Hughes. The State Department was advised today that the communication had been handed to the Soviet representative at Reval yesterday by Consul Albrecht.

The text of the communication has not been made public. It is understood, however, to be a brief insistence that the Americans be released before they can be any thought of better relations between the United States and Russia. The action was taken in the name of humanity and because all efforts to secure the release of the American made through Dr. Nansen, of the Red Cross, have failed.

What course will be taken by the United States if the Soviet authorities ignore or refuse to accede to the demand was not indicated.