

# GEORGE HARVEY NOT FIT TO HOLD PUBLIC OFFICE

### Resolution Censuring Him Was Presented Today to Legion Convention.

Substitute Passed. Election of Officers and Miscellaneous Business Feature Closing Day.

Kansas City, Nov. 2.—(By the Associated Press.)—The national convention of the American Legion here today reported on its committee on resolutions censuring George Harvey, American Ambassador to Great Britain, and declaring him unfit to hold office in the American Government. The vote on the resolution was 376 to 44, with 50 not voting.

The action dealing with Ambassador Harvey came after a brisk fight on the floor, in which Colonel Harvey was severely arraigned and defended by delegates.

The resolution asserted the Ambassador's remarks at the Pilgrims' day banquet in London, shortly after he returned to England, in regard to the motives that actuated America's entrance into the war, were "false and untrue," constituting a "gross slander" upon the service men and women of the country.

After the original Harvey resolution had been tabled, a substitute resolution was adopted. It was couched in less harsh terms, and was adopted by a vote of 446 to 34.

**TEXT OF RESOLUTION.**

Whereas, George Harvey, American Ambassador to Great Britain, a colonel by the courtesy of a South Carolina Governor, has seen fit in a recent public address to cast reflection upon the motives actuating the American people in entering the recent World War, by saying that they were controlled by fear and selfishness, and, whereas, such statements, even if true, would be peculiarly out of place and coming from the public spokesman for a great people, but, being as they are, false and untrue, constitute a gross and malicious slander on the good name of the entire American people, and particularly upon the memory of those who have given their lives for the sake of humanity.

Resolved, therefore, that the words of George W. Harvey at the Pilgrims' banquet in London are a mischievous calumny worthy only of a little mind, dominated by envy and jealousy, and that the American people should be made aware of the true motives which actuated them in entering the war, and that a public rebuke and an immediate recall would be punishment mild in form compared with the enormity of the offense which is committed; and that the national adjutant be instructed to send a copy of this resolution to the President of the United States.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 2.—(By the Associated Press.)—Amid cheers, the national convention of the American Legion today adopted the report of its legislative committee reaffirming the organization's stand on the question of immediate Federal compensation for war-time business this morning, and passed the resolution in which it declared the way for consideration of the report of the committee on resolutions and the election of officers, the outstanding features on the concluding morning.

The resolution on Federal compensation presented by J. S. Serughan, of Nebraska, said that, "after careful consideration of all the arguments advanced in opposition to the measure, and in the belief that the Secretary of the Treasury and the address of President Harding, we still firmly believe in the justice, fairness and immediate necessity of the adjusted compensation measure."

The convention also adopted a report on the Americanism committee covering a wide range of subjects, including more stringent regulations of radical activities. Recommendations also were made for the restriction of immigration. Many of the clauses in the Americanism committee's report will be incorporated in the report of the resolution committee, it was announced from the floor.

The convention paused in its work for a short time to hear addresses by Charles Bertrand, of France, president of the Inter-Allyed Veterans' Association, an organization made up of allied service men, and R. B. Maxwell, of the Great War Veterans' Association of Canada.

The American Legion band of Duluth, Minn., was declared winner of the \$1,000 prize in the contest participated in by bands from all sections of the United States.

Battle Creek, Mich., was first in the band contest.

A resolution castigating Colonel George Harvey, American Ambassador to Great Britain, for a speech made shortly after his arrival in England, in which he discussed America's reasons for entering the war was included in the resolutions committee's report.

The resolution was greeted with cheers.

Thomas W. Miller, of Delaware, when Property Custodian, began reading the report of the resolutions committee after a motion for a noon recess was lost.

The resolution declared Mr. Harvey was "unworthy to hold any office whatsoever in the gift of the American people, and that a public rebuke and an immediate recall would be punishment mild in form compared with the enormity of the offense which he has committed."

**WAY CENSURE HARDING.**

Members of the committee on resolutions reported prior to the presentation of a resolution censuring President Harding for urging recommendations of compensation legislation which was taken up by the committee late last night for discussion. The resolution was

# Succeeds White As Head of Democracy



Cordell Hull

### HULL PROMISES MILITANT FIGHT

#### Shortcomings of Present Administration to be Sent Out to Voters.

St. Louis, Nov. 2.—(By the Associated Press.)—Development of the Democratic National Committee into the "most militant and efficient organization" within its capacity and dissemination of facts concerning the "shortcomings" of the present national Administration among the "average citizens" is in brief to be the policy of Cordell Hull, the new Democratic chairman, as outlined today to The Associated Press, Mr. Hull expects to leave late today for Washington, arriving there tomorrow evening.

The new chairman's policies are briefly outlined in the following statement:

"The first step in administering the affairs of the committee will be to lay off the present indebtedness and create good atmosphere in which to work. We shall try to pay all debts at an early date.

"We shall also proceed at once with establishment of a thorough organization in the various states and counties. In this same connection we shall strive to maintain an efficient publicity bureau to get unbiased and accurate facts relating to the shortcomings of the Republican convention before the average citizen.

"People have been fed up on a vast amount of misrepresentation, misinformation and falsehoods concerning the record of the Democratic Administration, covering the period since 1919. Subsequent events and daily happenings have exploded a vast number of these falsehoods, which at times were very dangerous.

"We shall make every possible effort to develop the Democratic National Committee into the most militant and efficient organization within our power to do so."

**MARSHALL TO BE NOMINEE?**

St. Louis, Nov. 2.—Former United States Senator J. Hamilton Lewis, of Illinois, who attended the Democratic National Committee meeting yesterday, said the fight between the McAdoo and Cox contingents for chairmanship was as profitless as "a mutiny in an army preparing for war over the selection of a drill sergeant for dress parade."

He said the conflict between the McAdoo and Cox forces over the organization would make former Vice-President Thomas R. Marshall the nominee for President in 1924.

Mr. Lewis advocated the abolition of the Democratic National Committee and all other party national committees, declaring they are not needed in national elections.

**HOUSE DEMOCRATS PLEASED**

Washington, Nov. 2.—Democratic members of the House at a conference today unanimously adopted a resolution expressing appreciation and thanks for the able leadership and faithful and unselfish service rendered by George White as chairman of the Democratic National Committee, and congratulating the committee on the selection of Cordell Hull as Mr. White's successor.

"Mr. Hull's patriotism, statesmanship, knowledge of political history and political ability as a leader disclosed during his long service in the House, with confidence in the success of his leadership, we pledge him as to our fellow Democrats throughout the nation our united support."

**FORMER EMPEROR ON WAY OUT OF HUNGARY**

Budapest, Nov. 2.—Former Emperor Charles today was on his way out of Hungary to begin what appeared to be permanent exile. He and former Empress Zita left for Galtz, Rumania, a city about 100 miles from the mouth of Danube.

Preparations were being made here today for a special session of the Hungarian national assembly tomorrow, at which time a resolution deposing the Hapsburg dynasty from the throne will be presented. The assembly was convoked by the Government in response to an ultimatum from the Allied powers, which called that all ties between the Hapsburg family and Hungary be formally severed.

# FOREIGNERS ARE HELPED IN WORK BY U. S. CITIZENS

### Foreign Competition Aided and Abetted in Crippling Merchant Marine.

### RAILROADS AT FAULT.

### Government Funds Used to Furnish Competition to Government Shipping.

New York, Nov. 2.—Foreign competition, "aided and abetted by Americans," was declared today by United States Senator Joseph E. Ransdell, of Louisiana, in an address before the Advertising Club of New York, to be one of the "underlying causes that are crippling the development of the American merchant marine." Nearly a score of American railroads, he said, including some of the greatest systems, have fled with the Interstate Commerce Commission copies of contracts which they agreed to use their best efforts to secure freight "for foreign shipping companies to the exclusion of others."

# REVERENCE PAID BY ITALIANS TO THEIR UNKNOWN

### Symbol of Italy's 500,000 Dead Lies in State in Cathedral in Rome.

### GREETED BY THROGS

### Royalty and Peasant Silently Pay Tribute to Country's War Hero.

Rome, Nov. 2.—Solemn reverence by King and peasant was paid to Italy's "unknown soldier," symbol of her five hundred thousand dead, when the body arrived in Rome this morning and was transported on a gun carriage to the church of Santa Maria degli Angeli. It will there lie in state until its final interment Friday in the "altar of the country" under the Victor Emmanuel monument.

The train bearing the body arrived in a suburb of Rome last night, being met by the mayor and members of the municipal council. The cars of the train were virtually filled with floral tributes.

The "unknown soldier" more than 1,500 wreaths having been placed aboard by the authorities of nearly 100 towns through which the train had passed on its trip from Aquila, north of Rome, to the Eternal City.

Former soldiers and local organizations also sent flowers. The King and queen, as the chief mourners, stood with bowed heads as the coffin, draped in the tricolor, was carried from the train on the shoulders of eight valorous non-commissioned officers to the waiting gun carriage. Members of the royal household, Princes and Princesses, ministers of state, senators and deputies, the general staffs of the army and navy, and the wives, widows and mothers all united in silent honor for the dead.

**SOMBRE, SILENT CROWD**

The cortege was formed in the station square, where a vast assembly of men decorated with Italy's highest military honor, "The Gold Medal for Valor," these were Italy's living bravest.

They followed the King and the royal family, as the chief mourners, followed by the ministers, the generals, admirals, diplomatic corps, supreme court judges, mayors of the large cities, representatives of the various professions and military organizations.

In the square in front of the church the advance guard of the cortege lined up and waited the arrival of the body. When the solemn procession entered the door of the church it stopped and the eight chosen non-commissioned officers here it on their shoulders into the church, where they placed it upon a specially built catafalque. The King then entered, followed by the rest of the procession.

Following the religious service, the King, followed by the royal family, the members of the cabinet and the Quirinal. There the procession was dispersed.

Meanwhile, the body of the unknown soldier was laid in state on the catafalque. The crowd which lined the route massed toward the church. The doors were thrown open for the public and thousands passed through the edifice every hour.

In conjunction with the ceremonies, the Minister of War Gasparotto published an order of the day to the army announcing that the King had conferred the gold medal for military valor on the "unknown soldier," describing him as "the son of a brave race who fell fighting, not hoping for any reward, but the victory and the greatness of his mother country."

# Coming Conference Means End Of Anglo-Jap Alliance

### Motive Back of Adding Far Eastern Questions to the Agenda of the Arms Parley Revealed by Lawrence; Fight for Open Door in China.

BY DAVID LAWRENCE. Staff Correspondent, The News. Copyright, 1921, by News Publishing Co. (This is the third of a series of significant dispatches from London, and the famous Washington correspondent, tells why the United States considers the alliance between Japan and Great Britain as a menace to America and the inside story of how the coming conference on armament happened to be called.)

Washington, Nov. 2.—The United States has never liked the Anglo-Japanese alliance. Republican and Democratic administrations alike have felt that alliances only led to dangerous misunderstandings. Europe has revealed the English attitude toward the alliance develops. The formation of an alliance in Central Europe between Germany, Austria-Hungary and Italy was offset only by the knowledge of such a partnership between Great Britain, France and Russia. It led to war.

But the objection to the Anglo-Japanese alliance has not been merely that it has increased the power of Japan in the world, as a working partner of Japan with whom America has been having in recent years some troublesome disputes. It is that spurred by the knowledge of such a partnership, the Japanese have assumed an attitude toward China wherein American, French, British, German and Russian interests were likely to be permanently injured. Would England pledge herself to Germany and Russia are out of it but essentially it is the grouping of Europe and America on the one hand and Japan on the other. Would England stand with the United States against the American kinsmen and would she bring Japan within the circle of international concord and compel her military leaders to refrain from acts which spelled ultimate domination of China and Eastern Asia? Would England help hinder the task of making Japan play the game on a plane of equality with other nations? Would Japan pledge herself to help restore the sovereignty of China which has become the catspaw of nations?

Great Britain has insisted that her alliance prevented her from making protests to Japan. It has been left to the United States alone to keep a vigilant eye on Japanese pretensions.

**CRISIS BRINGS ACTION.**

The crisis came at the time the Do-

# INDIANA MINERS HAVE QUIT WORK

### Such Action Constitutes a Serious Failure of Country's Stability.

Washington, Nov. 2.—Attention of the Chinese Government has been called through Minister Schurman, at Peking, to the seriousness of the failure of Government stability. It is said that the State Department that no word had come from the minister or from the representatives of the bankers in Peking, and that the management of an had been made to meet the obligation. It also was indicated that the Department did not have in contemplation any steps in the matter beyond the representations made through the legation in Peking.

**MANY FLOWERS WILL BE IN BRITISH WREATH**

London, Nov. 2.—Red roses from Edinburgh and white chrysanthemums, maple leaves and arum lilies from overseas dominions, violets and forget-me-nots from Wales, Shamrocks from Ireland and heather from Scotland, which have their place in the wreath which Mrs. Julia McCudden, mother of the British soldier who fell during the war, will place on the tomb of the American unknown soldier at Arlington, Va., on November 11. Mrs. McCudden is now on her way to America with the wreath, and it is stated that flowers were placed on a block of six feet square so that their freshness might be preserved.

Mrs. McCudden is the mother of the late Major McCudden, of the Royal Air Force, who brought down a number of German aviators during the war. She was chosen from a large number of war-bereaved women by the Pilgrims Fathers' Association as the one to take the wreath to America.

**ENDLESS DEATHCHAIN FOR RAT POPULATION**

New York, Nov. 2.—An endless chain of death is being prepared for the rat population of New York, the city health department announced today. A half dozen of the city's six million rats will be inoculated, it is said, with a serum which will cause their death shortly after they have been released to return to their fellows. Experts say the carcasses will be eaten by other rats. These, in turn, will die and provide poison serum for succeeding links in the endless chain, it is claimed.

**HOUSE WILL REFUSE TO ACCEPT SALES TAX**

Washington, Nov. 2.—Aroused by the growth of sentiment in the Senate for the sales tax, Chairman Fordney and Representative Green, Iowa, and Longworth, Ohio, of the House ways and means committee, informed Senate leaders today that under no circumstances would the House accept a sales tax at this time.

**BRANDEIS' SISTER APPOINTED.**

New York, Nov. 2.—Miss Susan Brandeis, a sister of United States Supreme Court Justice Brandeis, has been appointed a special assistant to United States Attorney Hayward to investigate the building trades.

# STATE CONTRACT FOR NEW MOTOR LICENSE PLATES

### People Not Buying Automobiles as Rapidly as They Did in 1919.

### RAINS NOT GENERAL

### Large Parts of State Still Without Adequate Rain-fall; Little Idleness.

BY JULE B. WARREN. Staff Correspondent of The News. Raleigh, Nov. 2.—The Department of State is not looking for such a large increase in the number of automobiles used in North Carolina next year as it has been in the past. The Department for automobile license plates for the coming year is an indication of the estimates. And of course this is an estimate, but the contract for the coming year is such that the number of automobiles is an indication of the estimates. And of course this is an estimate, but the contract for the coming year is such that the number of automobiles is an indication of the estimates.

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# BRITISH DELEGATION ENROUTE TO COUNTRY

London, Nov. 2.—A. J. Balfour, head of the British delegation at the Washington conference on limitation of armaments and Far Eastern questions, left London at 9:30 o'clock this morning for Liverpool. He will embark in that city this afternoon on the liner Empress of France, or Quebec, from which city he will go direct to Washington, expecting to arrive there November 10.

Accompanying Mr. Balfour were six members of the British secretariat, chiefly experts in far eastern affairs.

**PRESIDENT HARDING IS 56.**

Washington, Nov. 2.—President Harding celebrated his 56th birthday today. He is in the 56th year of his life. A special program having been arranged for the occasion. Scores of congratulatory letters and telegrams were received during the day from friends throughout the country, and many from abroad.

# SEVERE COMPETITION IN TEXTILE INDUSTRY

Boston, Nov. 2.—Domestic competition with the textile industry of New England is more severe than that from any foreign country, Ralph E. Loper, of Fall River, declared today in an address at the opening session of the Fall meeting of the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers.

Few new textile mills have been erected in New England in recent years, he said, because legislation and other factors, which resulted in shorter hours of labor and higher wages, made it more profitable to build in other sections.

"No tariff wall can protect us from this competition," he added. "Frequent through lower costs amounts to fully 5 or 8 cents per pound on coarse goods."

# DECREASE IN PUBLIC DEBT DURING MONTH

Washington, Nov. 2.—A reduction of about \$465,000,000 in the public debt during October was announced today by the Treasury.

The total public debt on September 30 stood at \$23,924,108,125.00, while October 31 the total was \$23,459,148,496.59, making a decrease for the period of \$464,959,628.47.

The heavy decrease in the national debt during the last month, officials said, was accounted for by heavy redemption of Government securities. Nearly \$400,000,000 worth of Treasury certificates were retired while the usual Treasury financing was omitted October 15 and no new certificates issued until November 1.

# COMMITTEE CALLED TO MEET ON FRIDAY

Washington, Nov. 2.—Call for the first meeting of the standing committee of the national conference on unemployment in New York Friday was sent out by Secretary Hoover, it was announced today by Edward Kyre Hunt, secretary of the conference.

The present status of unemployment and the progress of emergency measures in cities, Mr. Hunt said, would be placed before the committee, and special committees would be selected to begin the study of seasonal and cyclical phases of the unemployment problem to establish permanent measures of providing steady work for wage earners.

The standing committee, which was formed by the conference to carry on its work, has the power to convene the full conference at any time.

# RAINS NOT GENERAL

The weather bureau of Raleigh reports that the rains in North Carolina during the past three days have been general. The precipitation at Hatteras was 3 1/2 inches, at Graham 3 inches, at Raleigh about an inch and in other sections there was but a quarter of an inch of rain during the three days. These rains did not help the water supply as much as might be expected, for it fell so slowly that much more of it was absorbed by the parched earth than flowed off into the creeks and branches which flow into the reservoirs of various water supplies. The weather bureau gives some hope for more rains this week.

**LONG STRETCH ROAD**

Within about a year's time it will be possible to go from the Johnston county line east of Raleigh to the Orange-Durham county line west of Durham.

(Continued on Page Eleven.)

# WOULD REGULATE REDS.

The convention also adopted a report on the Americanism committee covering a wide range of subjects, including more stringent regulations of radical activities. Recommendations also were made for the restriction of immigration. Many of the clauses in the Americanism committee's report will be incorporated in the report of the resolution committee, it was announced from the floor.

# ARMISTICE DAY WILL BE NATIONAL HOLIDAY

Washington, Nov. 2.—Armistice Day, November 11, will be declared a national holiday in honor of America's unknown soldier to be buried that day in Arlington.

Congressional action on a resolution requesting the President and all State Governors to proclaim the day a holiday was completed today through adoption by the Senate. Issuance of the proclamation by Mr. Harding is expected within a few days.

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Widespread walkouts in the soft coal fields of the country were expected at international headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America. No reports, however, were available there as to conditions in the sixteen states into which messages were sent last night by the union chiefs, advising that discontinuance by operators of the "check off," as prescribed by Federal Judge A. B. Anderson's injunction, was to be treated as breaking the existing wage agreement.

At the Terre Haute headquarters of the Indiana miners, it was said that the only mines working today were a few of the smaller plants. No formal order for a strike had been issued at the headquarters, but officials said such was the case.

Protest against the temporary injunction issued by Judge Anderson was voiced at numerous meetings held last night throughout the Indiana fields and officers of the union said there was little hope that the matter would be settled until the writ was set aside or modified. Operators of the Indiana field will meet Thursday night at Terre Haute to discuss the situation.

F. H. Penna, secretary of the Indiana Bituminous Coal Operators' Association, in a statement today, took issue with President John L. Lewis and other union officers, whether obedience of the injunction would result in violation of a contract between miners and operators, asserting that the contract provided that both parties were bound by any decision of a Federal court.

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## FAIR

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