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PROVISION OF THE PLATFORM AGREED UPON

Platform Submitted by Committee on Resolutions Almost Same as "Tentative Draft" Sent Out From the White House.

One of Most Important Features is The Anti-Injunction Plank—Several New Provisions—The Platform As it Stands.

By Associated Press.

Chicago, June 18.—The platform submitted by the committee in the resolutions differs in few unimportant features from the tentative draft, an abstract of which has been sent in these dispatches.

Of special interest is the anti-injunction plank. The platform first gives its respects to President Roosevelt and prays the record he has made, in the same words contained in the tentative draft.

The platform declares unequivocally for faith revision by a special session of congress immediately after the inauguration.

Among the new features injected by the committee on resolutions is the declaration that native citizens of Porto Rico should be collectively made citizens of the United States. It also favors the admission of New Mexico and Arizona as separate States. It declares with respect to the negro without reservation for endorsement of 12th, 14th and 15th amendments of the constitution. In the plank favoring conservation of our natural resources specific mention is made in the tentative draft favoring White Mountain and Appalachian forest reserves is eliminated. Protection to American citizens is urged.

Convention Bulletins

Convention Hall, Chicago, Ill., June 18.—12:15 p. m.—The roll call is being called on the adoption of the minority report on the platform, excepting the complete publicity, physical valuation of railroads and election of senators by the people, planks upon which separate votes were demanded.

12:46 p. m.—The roll call resulted: Ayes 28; noes 959, thereby defeating the minority report, except those three planks on which separate votes will be taken.

Publicity Plank Lost.

12:22 p. m.—The publicity plank of minority report defeated.

12:31 p. m.—The minority plank for physical valuation of railroads is lost.

Other Measures Lost.

12:40 p. m.—The minority plank for election of senators by direct vote is lost.

12:46 p. m.—The platform adopted by the vote vote. Nominations for president and vice-presidential candidates are to be made. A practical agreement to adjourn for the day after completing the nomination of the presidential candidate has commenced. The effect will be to postpone the ice-presidential nomination until tomorrow.

Cannon Named.

12:48 p. m.—As the states were called there was no response until Illinois was reached, when Congressman Boutell took the platform to nominate Speaker Cannon.

Charges Against Charlotte Medical Journal

Special to The News.

Winston-Salem, June 18.—The State Medical Society adjourned this afternoon without completing the program prepared for this session.

The most important matter that came before the society this morning was the reading of charges against the Charlotte Medical Journal, the organ of the society, for the publication of an advertisement of the Biggs Sanatorium of Greensboro, which was alleged to be an unethical institution.

The charges were preferred by the Guilford Medical Society, which offered an emphatic protest against the publication of this advertisement. "For a man whom we have endeavored to support by law, that we regard it as an insult to all self-respecting physicians, we recommend that all patronage be withdrawn until all unethical advertisements are excluded."

The council decided to furnish the editor of the Medical Journal with a copy of the charges, and cite him to a hearing.

How Mecklenburg's Twenty-Two Votes Will Be Cast

According to the popular vote recorded in Tuesday's primary, Mecklenburg's 20 votes will be divided as follows: Home, 9.95; Kitchin, 6.18; Craig, 3.87.



WILLIAM H. TAFT OF OHIO.

Presidential Candidates In Nomination

By Associated Press.

Chicago, June 18.—The decided change in the temperature gives promise of the first hot day of the convention, and early arrivals evidenced their intention to be as comfortable as possible by the discarding of heavier clothing.

Half hour before the hour of meeting the building was filling. A crowd to tax the capacity of the Coliseum is expected. The Taft managers, in order to fully conserve the interests of their candidate, early in the day, placed on the floor of convention, but not in capacity of either delegate or alternates, a number of the most prominent men in the party.

Their duty was to watch the work of the opposing candidates and to head off any possible defection of strength. At 10 o'clock delegates' seats and galleries began to fill. The convention was called to order at 10:17.

Senator Hopkins had difficulty in reading, owing to the noise and confusion. When the anti-injunction plank was reached, the words "Integrity of the courts" called forth applause.

There were cries of "No, No," when the suggestion was made that the necessity existed for a change in the present manner of issuing injunctions. The conclusion of the report was generally applauded. The reference to the negro in the platform and the reiteration of the party's demand for the enforcement of the 13th, 14th and 15th amendments of the constitution called out a brief period of applause.

The tariff revision plank was not heard, or, if it was, it was disregarded entirely. Not a single hand-clap followed as the senator finished reading that plank.

Cooper, of Wisconsin, submitted the minority report of the committee on resolutions. This insists, among other things, on the physical valuation of railroads as the basis of a proper adjustment of rates, as decided by the United States supreme court and recommended by the interstate commerce commission, the publicity of campaign contributions and the election of United States senators by direct vote.

When the two reports had been submitted a 40 minutes debate was allowed.

Today's Program.

Chicago, Ill., June 18.—It is now the understanding that the name of Taft will not be placed in nomination until Ohio is reached in the regular roll call of states. If this is carried out, the presentation of Taft will follow the naming of other favorite sons, instead of coming at the outset, as first planned.

The original program was that Alabama, which heads the roll of states, would yield to Ohio, so that the spokesman of the Ohioans would put the secretary in nomination immediately after the roll call began. While Alabama continues ready to yield the honor to Ohio, yet the plans have now been revised, so that the nominations will come in regular order of the call of states, thus placing the nomination of the most favorite sons, instead of that of Secretary Taft.

It was exactly 10:17 a. m. when Chairman Lodge rapped the convention to order.

He introduced Rev. John Westry Hill, who opened the session with prayer.

Senator Fulton, of Oregon, was recognized to introduce to the convention

George H. Williams, 80 years of age, and a surviving member of President Grant's cabinet. Senator Hopkins, of the resolution committee, received the recognition of the chair, and there was a great wave of applause as he stepped to the stage.

Representative Cooper, of Wisconsin, was selected to make the minority report on the platform, and he also went on the stage with a ripple of applause following him.

Chairman Lodge formally presented Senator Hopkins to the convention, who read the platform.

It was not long before the reader came to the first passages of the preamble, according high praise to the president, and at the mention of his having went to so conspicuous a place in the history of the world, there was some applause and some cheering, but no attempt at a demonstration.

The opening phrase of the anti-injunction plank caused a ripple of applause when read, but that portion referring to the changing of the procedure of the courts so as to more liberally interpret them, respecting injunction, brought some cries of "No! No!"

Speaker Cannon Nominated. When Mr. Hopkins concluded speaking, the resolutions were reported by 52 out of 53 members of the resolutions committee.

Representative Cooper (Wisconsin), then presented the minority report. The latter was voted down and the majority report adopted, when the roll was called for nominations.

There was no response until Illinois was reached, when Representative Boutell nominated Speaker Cannon.

Bontell's Speech

Nominating Cannon

The following is the speech of Representative Henry Sherman Bontell in the Republican National convention, nominating Joseph G. Cannon, of Illinois, for president.

Mr. President and Members of the Fourteenth Republican National Convention:

In the name of half a century of Republican triumphs, Illinois bids you welcome, to prepare for still further triumphs. These are the scenes of the first conflicts and the earliest victories of our party. Fifty years ago men were listening for the words of the great debate that guided the destiny of the nation. In this city, eighty and forty years ago, our predecessors, as ministers and stewards of the Republican faith, chose their first victorious leader. Then the hopes and yearnings of the people found expression in their call to him who had spoken as never man spake when he stirred the conscience of the nation, Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois.

And here it was, two score years ago, that we gave our colors into the keeping of the Great Commander, great alike in peace and in war, without fear and without reproach, who never knew defeat. For the nation seeking a man to carry on the work that Lincoln had begun, turned her face again to Illinois and called for Grant.

Within these very walls, only four years since, we named our present matchless leader, Theodore Roosevelt. What glorious memories crowd upon us from across the years of mighty deeds wrought by the Republican party for freedom and humanity under

our great chieftains from Lincoln and Grant to McKinley and Roosevelt. Very near us today are the spirits of those leaders of our party whose work is finished—Lincoln and Grant, Logan and Oglesby, Morton, of Indiana; Chandler, of Michigan; Sherman, of Ohio; Hawley and Platt, of Connecticut; Conkling and Arthur, Sumner and Hoar, Blaine and Garfield, Harrison and McKinley. What pictures these names call up of courage on the field, of eloquence in the forum, of devotion to party, of loyalty to the state! Of them and their associates we may say, as we contemplate the outcome of the principles for which they lived, truly, their works do follow them. Through the triumph of these principles, in the fullness of time, the American flag floats over one hundred million people from Porto Rico to Lazon, who live in the enjoyment of enlightened freedom sanctified by law.

Inspired by these memories and encouraged by these reflections, we meet to find ourselves for another combat, and choose another captain. Today Illinois once more offers to the party of Lincoln and Grant a leader under whom defeat will be impossible and victory will be complete and glorious all along the line. And nothing less than a complete victory should be our aim in these deliberations.

Speaker Cannon knows the people and sympathizes with them in their struggles because his own life has been a constant struggle crowned by success. His sympathy for the suffering and oppressed came to him naturally by inheritance and early associations. His father, Dr. Cannon, was a pious Quaker who bore testimony against slavery. He was an early director in that railroad from which the Republican party took all the passengers; the road on which men journeyed only one way, from the dark underworld of bondage up into the joyous light of freedom. It is little wonder that with such a father the son's first campaign work and first vote should have been for the Great Emancipator.

Not only does Speaker Cannon know the people, but what is of more importance in a presidential candidate, the people know him, and those who know him best love him best. His personality is made up of those manly traits that attract the admiration of his fellow men. He has met in the lists the bravest champions of his day. Sometimes he has been the victor; often the vanquished; but always he has been cheerful and stout-hearted, remembering the past and its defeats without resentment, and facing the future ever with undimmed hope and courage unshaken.

His opponents dwell upon his years as a handicap, but with him years (Continued on page 9.)

NEED TWO GREAT HIGHWAYS URGED BY MR. SMALL

Special to The News.

Raleigh, N. C., June 18.—The construction by the state of two great highways, one to extend throughout the length of the state, from the seashore to and beyond the mountains, and the other across the state, north to south, from the Virginia to the South Carolina line, is being advocated by Congressman John H. Small. He calls upon the state board of geographical survey to take the initiative and bring about through its departments preliminary surveys and estimates of cost on which the next session of the general assembly could take some definite action. He advises the use of convicts in the road-building and thinks that if the money to defray the expense is not all available now it should be secured through a bond issue, the immediate sections through which the road would run to aid proportionate to the benefit they would receive.

The rapid multiplication of the use of automobiles and the numerous purposes to which they will be put in travel and in commercial effort is increasing the necessity for such roads, and Mr. Small insists that great benefit would come to the state from their construction.

Second Regiment to Take Part in Manoeuvres

Special to The News.

Raleigh, N. C., June 18.—Adjutant T. R. Robertson, of the North Carolina national guard, announces that it is definitely settled that all the Second regiment, North Carolina National guard, except Company C, will participate in the manoeuvres with the regulars at Chickamauga for 10 days beginning July 1. Company C is the Wilmington company.

The companies that will take part are Tarboro, Kinston, two Goldsboro companies, Fayetteville, Washington, Clinton, Edenton, Wilson, Lumber Bridge, Maxton.

Third Regiment to Take Part in Manoeuvres

Special to The News.

Raleigh, N. C., June 18.—Managers of the campaign of Hon. Ashley Horne in various parts of the state are here in conference with Mr. Horne and his close friends and supporters with reference to the policy that will be pursued in winding up the campaign for the gubernatorial nomination and in the approaching Democratic convention at Charlotte.

Mr. Horne and his lieutenants are, one and all, in the highest spirits and express great confidence in the certainty of a Horne triumph in the great contest that is to be waged in the convention. They say he will go into the convention with at least 150 votes securely pledged to him, and in such attitude as to draw rapidly from the delegates of both the other candidates as the balloting proceeds.

Among the prominent in the Horne campaign here for the conference are Col. James A. Bryan, of New Bern; Col. Tayloe, Washington; Geo. H. Bellamy, Brunswick; T. W. Bickert, Louisburg; J. A. Thomas, Louisburg; R. L. Smith, Stanly; J. T. Ellington, Johnston, and others. Also a number of prominent citizens of Raleigh, including E. Chalmers Smith, James H. Pou, R. M. Simms, Walter Clark, jr.



When the Guilford County Delegate Comes to the State Convention!

Great Shrinkage In Freight Shipments

By Associated Press.

New York, June 18.—Agents of the steamship companies which have been hard hit by the general depression in freight traffic to Europe, say that no relief is in sight. Since the first of the year, they say, there has been a gradual falling off in freights, and a number of lines have decided to either take some of the freight ships off altogether, or to transfer some of them to other ports, where the shrinkage in freight has not been so great as here. They say that although the depression in the freight-carrying business is general at the principal ports, it has been felt most heavily by the steamship lines at this port.

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THREE MEN DEAD - FIVE OTHERS ILL

Special to The News.

Raleigh, N. C., June 18.—Three men died this morning and five others are desperately ill after having spent several hours yesterday evening repairing one of the big chambers of the Raleigh Phosphate Works.

The dead are Sam Jones, Lee Stevenson and Geo. Spike.

The officials claim that every precaution was used to clear the chamber of gases before the men were sent to work and that there could not have been enough gas in the place to cause death.

The claim that heavy drinking of mean whiskey during the night must have caused the fatalities. The matter is being investigated.

Fourth District Declares For Wm. J. Bryan

Special to The News.

Raleigh, N. C., June 18.—The 4th congressional district Democratic convention this afternoon made the nomination of Edward W. POU, for congress unanimous and adopted resolutions endorsing W. J. Bryan for president.

Mr. POU was brought before the convention and received an ovation.

MUSIC NOT FIRE MAKES TURTLES UNDO THE DOOR

Supt. F. G. Blair, of Illinois, Illustrates That Subtle Fineness Which is Requirement for Successful Teaching of Children.

President Matheson's Address And Fine Speeches by Dr. Corson, Dr. Claxton And Others Delight The Teachers.

The Teachers' Assembly is to be reorganized, and a new constitution adopted. When the session was called to order last night, Secretary R. D. W. Connor, read a report from the executive committee, which met Tuesday suggesting some changes in the constitution. Mr. Connor stated that it was realized that the assembly had not been doing the work for which it was organized, and that the committee had made some changes in the constitution which it thought would put the assembly on a surer foundation. He stated that the rules of the assembly were that any amendment to constitution should be presented, and then go over for one day, and that the changes in the constitution would be voted on at the business meeting on Friday.

The constitution as read by the secretary, Connor, in section three, calls for a division of the assembly into two classes, regular members and associate members, the first to pay \$2 annual dues and \$2 registration fee, and the latter to pay only the registration fee. The associate member is eligible to hold office, nor will they receive a copy of the published proceedings.

There were several other minor changes made in the present constitution. The report was filed in the office of the college, and all members who did not understand it, were

invited to inspect it before voting on it tomorrow.

Dr. Blair's Address. A magnificent inspirational address this morning was that by Hon. F. G. Blair, superintendent of the public schools of Illinois. His subject was "The Country School Teacher."

Dr. Blair's speed in speech is like unto the running of a race horse, or the flight of a hawk through the air. He must be the terror of stenographers! But every word is valuable. The outstanding feature of his address was his happiness in illustration. His illustrations were plentiful and large.

Many of them were the children of his own experience, and he brought them forward at all ages and sizes, from the first to the tenth grade.

Dr. Blair seems to believe that the teacher is born, not made to order. He had a clever illustration to show how this was. He said when he was a boy he belonged to a gang, and they had a terrapin out, teasing it. They wanted to make it poke its head out of the front door which was locked and bolted against the youngsters, as indeed was all of its shell weather boarded house. Somebody said fire on the roof of the house would send Mr. Terrapin scurrying out of the front door. They were about to try fire, and had piled fat pine on the tortoise's back for the purpose. Just then an old farmer, with a kindly smile, drove along. He got onto the game, but said he had heard of a more perfect way, which was to give a concert for the benefit of the turtle. One of the lads produced a Jew's-harp and, sure enough, soon the terrapin was poking its heady eyes out of the front door, while the tail showed up out of the kitchen. It began to move off, and the speaker declared that he firmly believed it was because of the music. There are fire-brand teachers who never succeed with children. Then, again, there is the teacher who moves the child with the very music of her personality, and this is the teacher who is needed and who trains the child best.

The Suggestive Teacher. Mark Hopkins, in his great book on "Mental Development," said that teachers were possessed of both posi-

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