

# King George V. Was Crowned Today Amid Scenes Of Splendor

### As King and Queen Left Buckingham Palace to Be Crowned the Heavens Smiled And a Flood of Sunshine Brightened the Pageant

### Rain Ceased as if by Majestic Command—No Untoward Incident Marred One of Most Brilliant Events in English History.

By Associated Press.

London, June 22.—King George V. today was crowned at the Abbey of Westminster in the presence of the British Empire and in a ceremony of the public homage of the world-wide subjects. With his consort, Queen Mary, his eldest son, Prince Edward, and his daughter, Princess Mary, he was crowned in the Abbey of Westminster with all the wealth of religious rites and royal ceremonial prescribed by historic custom.

The pageant within the grey-walled abbey was of medieval splendor. The coronation services, solemn and majestic, were those handed down from the earlier centuries and the notes of the great function today were preserved in reproductions of the multi-colored, gold-embroidered trappings worn by their ancestors.

Outside the usually dull streets had been transformed into a mass of color. The king and queen's progress to the abbey and the return to Buckingham palace was one unbroken ovation. The route was hedged with a vast palatial host with a background of lavishly decorated viewing stands and windows and roofs, all of which were crammed to their capacity.

Hundreds of thousands of spectators shouted themselves hoarse at central points like the Mall and the approach to the admiralty archway. It was possible to traverse the square of thousands. Trafalgar square was so densely packed that it would have been possible to traverse the square walking on the heads of people. Parliament square, Clubland and Constitution Hill held their countless thousands.

The tumult of thunderous welcome was almost deafening as the king and queen passed on the outward way. Some journeys, preceded in the first instance and followed on the return by a stately, superb cavalcade of eminent princes, many of whom were to throne, statesmen, diplomats, courtiers, soldiers, sailors and men of all hues, races and creeds from the four quarters of the globe.

The great ceremonial passed off unmarred by untoward incidents. When dawn broke the skies were heavy and showers fell during the progress of the processions of the royal guests and the junior members of the royal family to the abbey; but as the king and queen left Buckingham palace to be crowned, the heavens smiled and a flood of sunshine brightened the splendid pageant.

At Sandringham palace Queen Mary and other noted writers. A flood of sky and smart showers early in the morning, though they dimmed the freshness of the lavish decorations, did not dull the enthusiasm of the multitude who for months had been planning to make the 22d of June a red letter day in their lives.

Those who think the Britisher too cold blooded to enthuse should have seen him "coronate" today. He is fit to stand beside the most rampant American "Fourth of July" or Gable celebration of the anniversary of the proclamation of the republic.

Hundreds of thousands of Americans, Germans, Frenchmen and natives of all lands from China to Peru, joined the bustling throng and yielded themselves up with magnificent enthusiasm to the coronation glamor.

The weather was about the only thing that had not been pre-arranged with exactness and it was the only one thing likely to mar or to make supremely delightful the day that was to be Britain's new king.

## Detailed Report of Coronation

London, June 22.—London was a riot of color, the Union Jack being everywhere. Flags of all nations floated from many a staff and were draped from windows. The royal color was everywhere; in an out of dwellings—in hotels, restaurants, depots—nowhere could the eye direct its gaze without meeting the same sight.

The procession to the Abbey for the coronation ceremonies was protected by thousands of soldiers and police. It was the most picturesque scene the ancient capital has ever witnessed. There were many old-fashioned state coaches of the nobility, many of them ancient, but repainted and regilded since the coronation of King Edward VII. They were drawn by four horses apiece and made a brave showing. Outriders flanked the horses and gorgeously liveried footmen stood on the rail behind.

In curious contrast with the antique coaches were the great number of automobiles in the procession through the windows of which peers and peeresses could be seen wearing ermine.

Lord Mayor Strong arrived shortly before the stated hour for the ceremonies to begin, accompanied by his official suite. Following the Lord Mayor came the royal procession, the most interesting spectacle of the parade. Bells pealed a welcome to the King and Queen; soldiers stood at attention, and from millions of British throats a tumult of cheering broke out, which rolled like huge billows above the densely packed mall.

King George's approach to the Abbey was heralded by the King's Barge-master and 12 watermen wearing medieval tunics, knee breeches and stockings, all scarlet with the crown and badges emblazoned in gold on their breasts. Their feet were encased in low shoes adorned by huge silver buckles. They wore velvet caps with long feathers upon their heads. Immediately following the watermen came closed carriages bearing the royal party. Each carriage was drawn by splendid horses gorgeously caparisoned.

Following the coaches came the household troops and especially picked military, made up of detachments of soldiers of England and the colonies. Many of the companies of soldiers were picked for distinguished service in the field. Field Marshal Lord Kitchener, alert of eye and grim of jaw, rode at the head of the troops, looking neither to the right nor left and unmindful of the roaring cheers that were directed at him.

Also in the military procession was Lord Roberts, or "Bobs," as the people of England love to call him, while Indian princesses and mara maharajahs and potentates of the empire, wearing brilliant robes, agleam with diamonds, presented a glittering picture.

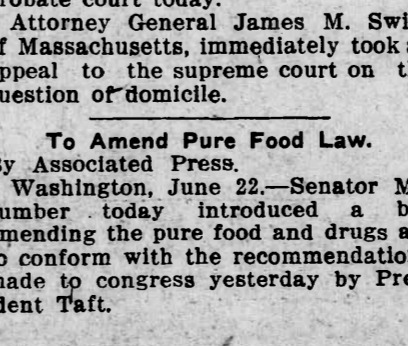
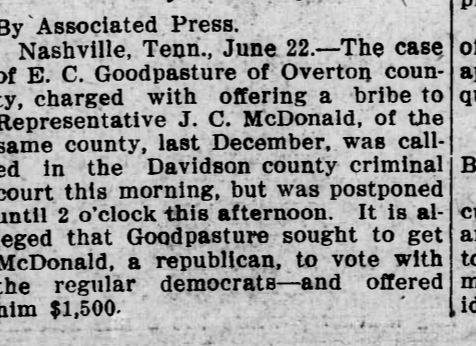
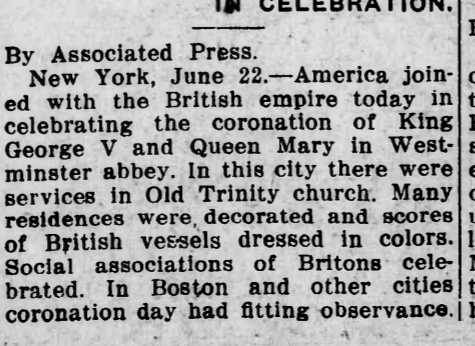
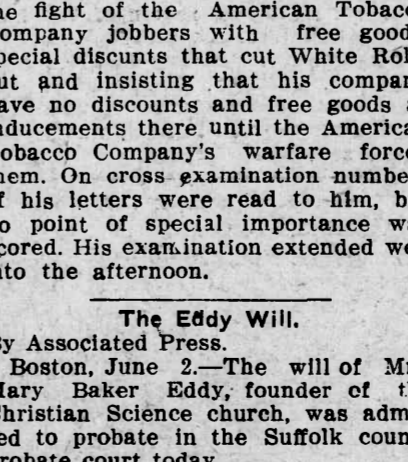
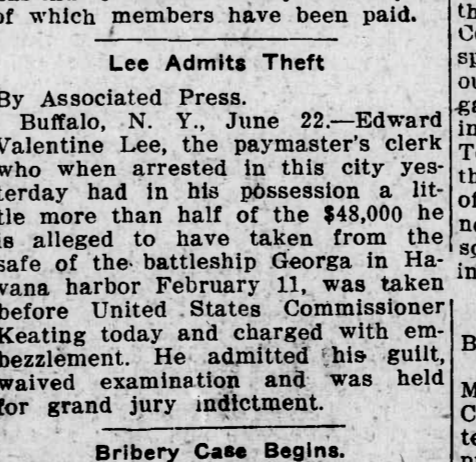
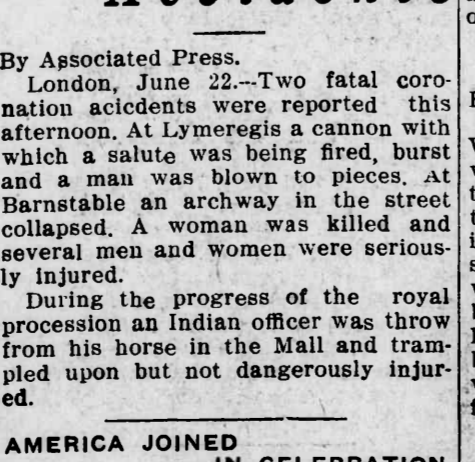
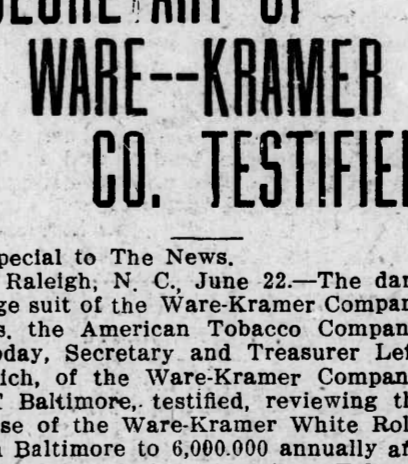
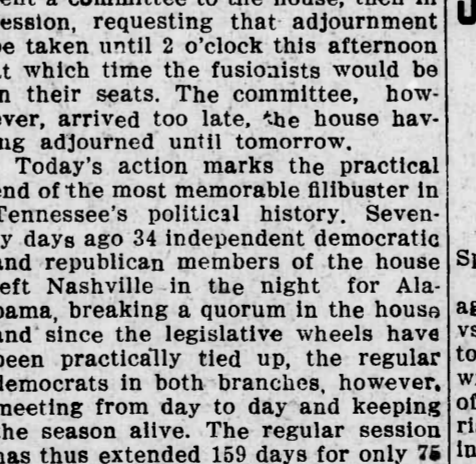
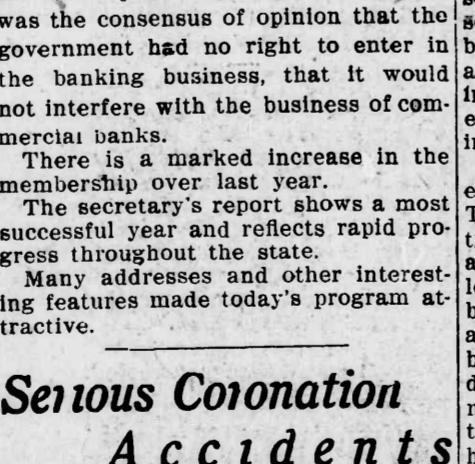
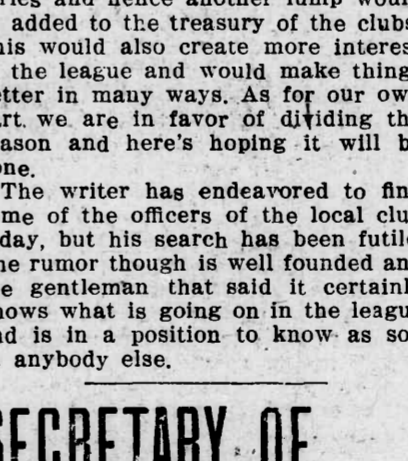
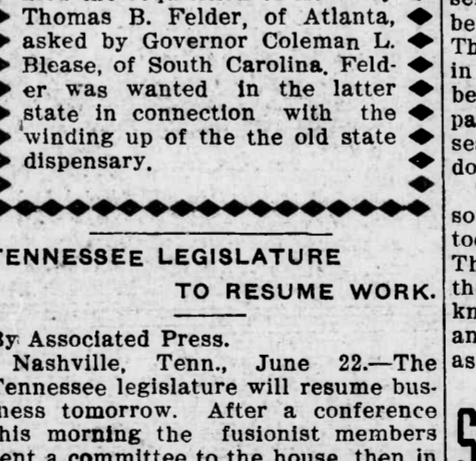
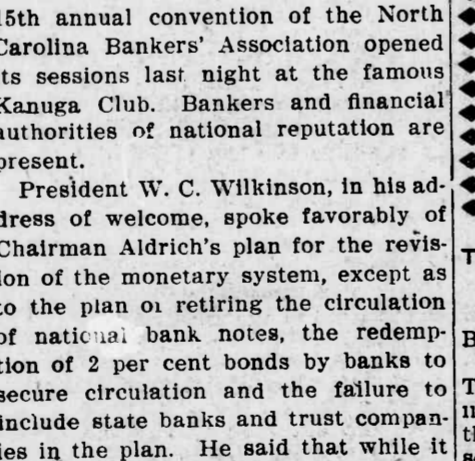
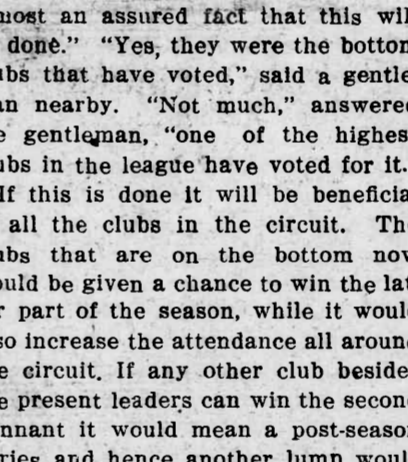
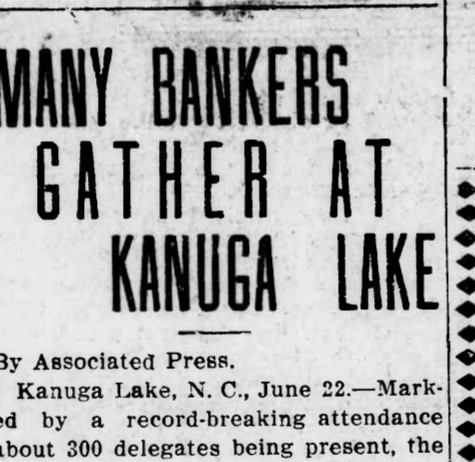
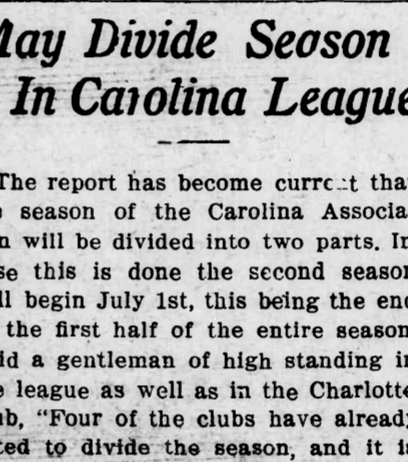
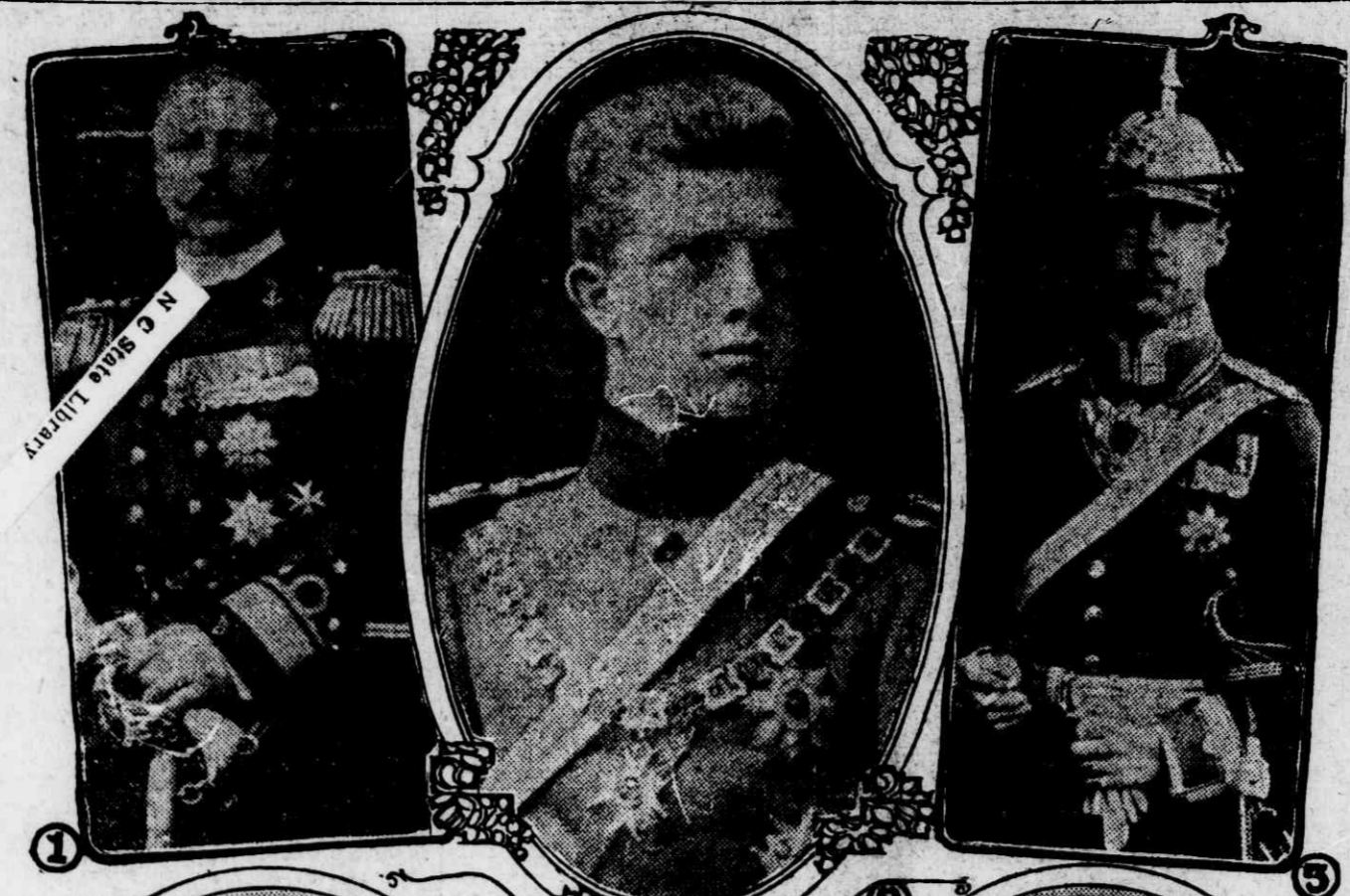
Their splendid robes and jewels glistened as the party, passed through the streets. Their curious turbans made a striking contrast with the headresses of the occasion.

In the great lumbering coach of state rode the king and queen, the cynosure of millions of eyes; hundreds of thousands of strangers had journeyed to London—some nearly the entire distance around the world to get a glimpse of the sturdy, bearded potentate and his comely wife seated beside him.

As the procession reached the Abbey the party of the Prince of Wales proceeded the royal party, the Prince entering the Abbey as a brilliant preliminary to the coming of King George and Queen Mary.

Police kept Parliament square and the streets leading to the Abbey clear of people and government agents and ferret-eyed men from Scotland Yard mingled with the multitude, keeping an alert eye open for suspicious looking persons.

Not until the ceremonies had been ended was their vigilance relaxed. King George was the first monarch in the English line to use the new coronation oath with religious allusions eliminated. The Catholics had the efforts for a change in the old oath and it was rewritten into new form. The oath which the King repeated today was as follows:



Official representatives of foreign countries at the coronation of King George and Queen Mary today. No. 1, Prince Henry of Holland; 2, the Infante Fernando of Bavaria (brother of King Alfonso), representing Spain; 3, the German Crown Prince; 4, the Crown Prince of Sweden; 5, the Duke of Aosta, representing Italy; 6, Prince Fushih, representing Japan; 7, the Crown Prince of Serbia. It will be noticed that Portugal is the only European nation of any importance that is not honored with an official representative. This is because of the recent revolution in that country.

## MANY BANKERS GATHER AT KANUGA LAKE

Kanuga Lake, N. C., June 22.—Marked by a record-breaking attendance about 300 delegates being present, the 15th annual convention of the North Carolina Bankers' Association opened its sessions last night at the famous Kanuga Club. Bankers and financial authorities of national reputation are present.

President W. C. Wilkinson, in his address of welcome, spoke favorably of Chairman Aldrich's plan for the revision of the monetary system, except as to the plan of retiring the circulation of national bank notes, the redemption of 2 per cent bonds by banks to secure circulation and the failure to include state banks and trust companies in the plan. He said that while it was the consensus of opinion that the government had no right to enter in the banking business, that it would not interfere with the business of commercial banks.

There is a marked increase in the membership over last year. The secretary's report shows a most successful year and reflects rapid progress throughout the state.

Many addresses and other interesting features made today's program attractive.

## Serious Coronation Accidents

London, June 22.—Two fatal coronation accidents were reported this afternoon. At Lymeregis a cannon with which a salute was being fired, burst and a man was blown to pieces. At Barnstable an archway in the street collapsed. A woman was killed and several men and women were seriously injured.

During the progress of the royal procession an Indian officer was thrown from his horse in the Mall and trampled upon but not dangerously injured.

## FELDER REQUISITION IS DENIED

Atlanta, Ga., June 22.—Governor Joseph M. Brown today denied the requisition of Attorney Thomas B. Felder, of Atlanta, asked by Governor Coleman L. Blease, of South Carolina. Felder was wanted in the latter state in connection with the winding up of the old state dispensary.

## TENNESSEE LEGISLATURE TO RESUME WORK

Nashville, Tenn., June 22.—The Tennessee legislature will resume business tomorrow. After a conference this morning the fusionist members sent a committee to the house, then in session, requesting that adjournment be taken until 2 o'clock this afternoon at which time the fusionists would be in their seats. The committee, however, arrived too late, the house having adjourned until tomorrow.

Today's action marks the practical end of the most memorable filibuster in Tennessee's political history. Seventy days ago 34 independent democratic and republican members of the house left Nashville in the night for Alabama, breaking a quorum in the house and since the legislative wheels have been practically tied up, the regular democrats in both branches, however, meeting from day to day and keeping the session alive. The regular session has thus extended 159 days for only 75 of which members have been paid.

## Lee Admits Theft

Buffalo, N. Y., June 22.—Edward Valentine Lee, the paymaster's clerk who when arrested in this city yesterday had in his possession a sum more than half of the \$48,000 he is alleged to have taken from the safe of the battleship Georgia in Havana harbor February 11, was taken before United States Commissioner Keating today and charged with embezzlement. He admitted his guilt, waived examination and was held for grand jury indictment.

## Bribery Case Begins

Nashville, Tenn., June 22.—The case of E. C. Goodpasture of Overton county, charged with offering a bribe to Representative J. C. McDonald, of the same county, last December, was called in the Davidson county criminal court this morning, but was postponed until 2 o'clock this afternoon. It is alleged that Goodpasture sought to get McDonald, a republican, to vote with the regular democrats—and offered him \$1,500.

## May Divide Season In Carolina League

The report has become current that the season of the Carolina Association will be divided into two parts. In case this is done the second season will begin July 1st, this being the end of the first half of the entire season. Said a gentleman of high standing in the league as well as in the Charlotte club, "Four of the clubs have already voted to divide the season, and it is almost an assured fact that this will be done." "Yes, they were the bottom clubs that have voted," said a gentleman nearby. "Not much," answered the gentleman, "one of the highest clubs in the league have voted for it."

If this is done it will be beneficial to all the clubs in the circuit. The clubs that are on the bottom now would be given a chance to win the latter part of the season, while it would also increase the attendance all around the circuit. If any other club besides the present leaders can win the second pennant it would mean a post-season series and hence another lump would be added to the treasury of the clubs. This would also create more interest in the league and would make things better in many ways. As for our own part we are in favor of dividing the season and here's hoping it will be done.

The writer has endeavored to find some of the officers of the local club today, but his search has been futile. The rumor though is well founded and the gentleman that said it certainly knows what is going on in the league and is in a position to know as soon as anybody else.

## SECRETARY OF WARE--KRAMER CO. TESTIFIED

Special to The News. Raleigh, N. C., June 22.—The damage suit of the Ware-Kramer Company vs. the American Tobacco Company, today, Secretary and Treasurer Lettwich, of the Ware-Kramer Company, of Baltimore, testified, reviewing the rise of the Ware-Kramer White Rolls in Baltimore to 6,000,000 annually and the fight of the American Tobacco Company jobbers with free goods, special discounts that cut White Rolls out and insisting that his company gave no discounts and free goods as inducements there until the American Tobacco Company's warfare forced them. On cross-examination numbers of his letters were read to him, but no point of special importance was scored. His examination extended well into the afternoon.

## The Eddy Will

Boston, June 22.—The will of Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, founder of the Christian Science church, was admitted to probate in the Suffolk county probate court today.

## To Amend Pure Food Law

Washington, June 22.—Senator McCumber today introduced a bill amending the pure food and drugs act to conform with the recommendations made to congress yesterday by President Taft.

## Tangled Situation In Senate Made More Complicated

### WHOLESALE GROCERS WOULD COMPROMISE.

By Associated Press. Washington, D. C., June 22.—Attorneys for the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association against which the government is now prosecuting an anti-trust suit, it was said today had approached officials of the department of justice with a proposition to compromise. It is understood they were informed that the government would not drop the case in consideration of any concession from the defendant.

The government's case is nearly finished. Attorneys for the grocers were anxious to secure what is called "an agreed decree."

### TROOPS AND REBELS FIGHT.

By Associated Press. Tijuana, Lower California, June 22.—Fighting between the Mexican troops under Celso Vega and Col. Miguel Mayot and the rebels under General Jack Mosby, began about 11 o'clock this morning, five miles southeast of here. The popping of machine guns near the Tijuana hot springs could be plainly heard here.

All non-combatants have crossed to the American side of the line and with the exception of about five men there are no rebels in Tijuana now. Red Cross nurses have left San Diego for Tijuana, Cal., to care for the wounded and at the line at noon there was a big crowd of spectators.

### TAFT CONFERENCE IS INVESTIGATED.

By Associated Press. Washington, D. C., June 22.—A conference between Michigan beet sugar men and President Taft, then secretary of war, held in Washington, prior to the presidential campaign of 1908, was made a subject of inquiry today by the house sugar investigation committee.

C. B. Warren, president of the Michigan Sugar Refining Company, denied that any general sugar tariff schedules were discussed with Mr. Taft. He said Mr. Taft had discussed the Philippine sugar concessions and had solicited his aid in allying opposition to free sugar from the Philippines.

### FELL FIVE STORIES TO HIS DEATH.

By Associated Press. Atlanta, Ga., June 22.—A man who registered as H. B. Kramer, of Carrollton, Ga., fell to his death from the fifth floor of a local hotel here this afternoon. He came into the city through the terminal station, went to the hotel and was dead in half an hour. Little is known about him here, although he is said to have been a cotton buyer.

## CHICAGO EDITOR TALKS ABOUT JACK POTS

By Associated Press. Washington, June 22.—George W. Hinman, editor and publisher of the Chicago Inter-Ocean, was the first witness today at the regular sessions of the senate committee to investigate the election of Senator Lorimer. The calling of Mr. Hinman was a surprise and was due, so Chairman Dillingham explained to the desire of Mr. Hinman, to keep a pressing engagement.

Thew itness was questioned at length in regard to the "jack pot" funds of the Illinois legislature. Mr. Hinman said he had never talked with anyone who said he contributed to a "jack pot," operated one or received money from one.

"But I believe there has been a 'jack pot' in every legislature of Illinois since I went to Illinois 12 years ago," he added.

"What do you mean by a jack pot?" asked Senator Fletcher.

"A corruption fund. I believe they call the fellows who handle it in New York where I came from the 'black horse cavalry.'"

### Target Tournament

Columbus, Ohio, June 22.—The feature of the five-days' program of the interstate association's 12th grand American handicap target tournament began early today, when more than 400 marksmen from all parts of the country assembled at the grounds of the Columbus Gun Club to participate in the grand American match. The meet will close tomorrow.

### European Circuit Race.

Utrecht, Holland, June 22.—Aviator Gilbert arrived here today, the first of the aviators to complete the Liege to Utrecht stage of the European circuit race. He was followed by Vidart, Garros, Beaumont, Weymann, Kimmeling and Train, in the order named. Today's flight covered 130 miles.

Amerigo's machine capsize as he was ascending at Liege. He was thrown out and seriously, though not fatally, injured.

## Finance Committee Decides to Throw Farmers Free List Bill And Wool Revision Bill Into Senate to Take Their Chances.

## Both Measures Received Formal Adverse Reports—Simmons was One of The Democrats to Vote in Negative on Adverse Report Issue.

By Associated Press. Washington, June 22.—An already badly tangled situation in the senate was further complicated today when the senate finance committee decided to throw the wool revision and so-called farmers free list bill recently passed by the democratic house of representatives into the open senate at once to take their chances along with the Canadian reciprocity. Both measures, however, received formal adverse committee reports.

The committee refused to take responsibility for reporting in detail on these measures at any given time and decided to cast the burden of senate legislation upon the coalition of democrats and insurgent republicans suddenly brought about last night when the wool bill came from the house. The finance committee had been instructed to report the wool bill by July 10.

"It has been demonstrated that the republicans no longer are in control of the senate and responsibility has been taken from them."

This statement made by Senator Penrose, of Pennsylvania, before the committee's meeting reflected the chaotic condition in the senate as a result of last night's fight over the house wool bill which brought about a coalition of democrats and progressive republicans. By 39 to 18 this coalition instructed the finance committee to report the wool bill to the senate by July 10.

"It would require ten months properly to consider the wool schedule and grant requested hearings and we might as well report it today as July 10," said their chairman.

Interest in the senate situation centered largely about the fate of the Canadian reciprocity agreement. Senator Penrose, champion of the agreement, admitted that last night's developments had so complicated the situation that no one at this time could forecast the outcome.

Senator Lodge said the senate coalition and the threats of the insurgents to force a general tariff fight before the senate prior to voting on reciprocity meant the end of the agreement "for the time being at least."

Senator Bailey, of Texas, urged the committee to defer action for a few weeks on the wool bill. "As to reciprocity," he said, "I don't believe the senate situation has killed the bill but I had hoped it would."

Senator Simmons, of North Carolina, another democratic opponent of reciprocity, said he shared Senator Bailey's views.

Indorsing Senator Penrose's statement that the "republican party no longer was responsible for the conduct of affairs in the senate," Senator Lodge said he was glad the responsibility was to be placed where it belonged.

All guesses as to their possible date of adjournment, it is now admitted, are worse than useless. Some senators believe the extra session will dovetail into the regular session next December.

"The insurgents are ready for the fight," said Senator Bristow. "We are ready with revision bills. Senator LaFollette has woolens and cottons; Senator Cummins has steel and I am ready with sugar and lead. These bills take duties admittedly excessively off trust controlled products. Now the question is what will the president do? If he is wise he will accept our bills as an amendment to the reciprocity measure. We can go before the country on this proposition and fight it out. We are ready for the issue."

The effect on reciprocity of today's action is problematical. Some opponents of reciprocity expressed the hope that it would kill the bill. Friends of the measure agreed that it meant a long delay to say the least. Some of the insurgents declared reciprocity ultimately would pass but in amended form.

The finance committee called in special session today following last night's sensational development first considered the woolen bill.

All of the republican members voted for the adverse report as follows: Penrose, Cullom, Lodge, McCumber, Smoot, Gallinger, Clark (Wyoming); Heyburn and LaFollette. The democrats who voted in the negative were: Bailey, Simmons, Williams and Kern; Stone and Johnson were absent.

The so-called farmers free list bill was then called up by Senator Bailey who desired immediate action. He first moved to strike out the provisions providing for the free entry of meat products, of buckwheat flour, corn meal, wheat flour, rye flour and other grain products such as oatmeal and cereal foods and biscuits, bread wafers and similar articles not sweetened but the motion to eliminate these articles was defeated 6 to 6.