

Published Daily, 1888—Sunday 1910.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., SATURDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 14, 1914.

Price: Daily 2c; Sunday 5c.

"Attempted Criminal Assault," Says Jetton's Wife on Witness Stand

Sensational Charges Made Against Dr. Wooten By Wife of the Defendant.

Jetton to Take Stand this Afternoon at 2:30—President Martin, of Davidson College, Mayor Sloan, and Other Leading Citizens of Davidson Character Witnesses for Prisoner.

Stewart and McRae to Assist Solicitor Wilson—Crowd Packs Court Room, Halls and Stairway—Jetton Appears Cool.

Dr. Wooten, who was on the witness stand about half an hour, she related, in detail, the incidents leading up to the attempted assault on Davidson last Tuesday evening. The hearing continued until 2:30 o'clock, at which time it was announced, the witness Jetton will be put on the stand.

Character Witnesses. Character witnesses for Jetton examined this morning were: Mayor J. L. Sloan, of Davidson; President J. D. Martin, of Davidson College; S. D. Brown, Rev. T. H. Henson, pastor of the Presbyterian Church, Town Marshal Johnston, of Davidson, Dr. Withers, of Davidson, and W. J. Summers, of the city. All gave Jetton an excellent character.

Mrs. Jetton came into court room with her brother-in-law, Dr. McCoy, of Mr. Kelly. The court room was crowded to its utmost capacity, the crowd extending in the hall and half way down the stairs.

Mrs. Jetton was dressed in a coat of blue, blue hat and veil. She wore gold nose glasses, had on brown gloves and was most neatly and becomingly attired. She is attractive and would be rated anywhere a good looking woman. She maintained her composure with on the stand, in spite of the fact that she was the witness in hundreds of eyes and the attention of the town.

Dr. Wooten came to my door and knocked, said Mrs. Jetton on the witness stand while I was in the kitchen, waiting the supper dishes ready to be served Tuesday evening. I went to the door, and he called and saw it was Dr. Wooten. He called me into the house and asked me what he wanted.

Dr. Wooten came to my door and knocked, said Mrs. Jetton on the witness stand while I was in the kitchen, waiting the supper dishes ready to be served Tuesday evening. I went to the door, and he called and saw it was Dr. Wooten. He called me into the house and asked me what he wanted.

Mrs. Jetton stated that Dr. Wooten had been to her house two times before the night of the homicide, while her husband was absent and once while he was present. He came every time about 7 o'clock in the evening. He was there first on January 22 when her husband was present. Mrs. Jetton said: "I was in bed sick at the time. He said he heard I was sick and merely called in to see how I was getting along."

It was ten days later, according to Mrs. Jetton's statement, that Dr. Wooten came back and walked in the door, which was unopened. He stood at the sitting room door, she said a few minutes. "Presently he asked how I was feeling, and what I was taking for my cold," she said. "I told him that I had been taking quinine, whereupon he told me he would prescribe something for me, as quinine was no good. I asked him to leave," said Mrs. Jetton.

"What did he say to that?" asked Mr. Causler, who was examining her. "He said he wasn't going to do anything," was her reply. "He caught hold of me," she stated further, "and kissed me. I told him if he didn't go I would telephone my husband. He said he would leave a prescription at the drug store for me."

"Well, did he leave it?" Mr. Causler asked. "Mrs. Jetton said that later her husband brought some medicine from the drug store and asked her if she had sent a prescription to be filled and she told him Dr. Wooten had said he would leave a prescription at the drug store to be filled for her."

"Had you ever told your husband about the improper proposals Dr. Wooten had made to you?" asked Mr. Causler. "I never did," she said. "Why did you not?" asked Mr. Causler. "Because Dr. Wooten's wife and my husband were first cousins and Dr. Wooten was a business partner of my husband's, and I was afraid it would cause trouble that way. Mr. Jetton did not know he was visiting me and I was afraid to tell him for that reason."

Dr. Wooten came to her house next on the Saturday following, Mrs. Jetton said, and came on in the house, the door not being locked. She asked him what he wanted, so she said, and Dr. Wooten is quoted by her as replying: "I only wanted to see you before you go away." This referred, Mrs. Jetton said, to her contemplated visit to her former home in Mississippi on the following week. He was not back any more until the night of the homicide, she said, or last Tuesday evening. She said she went to the door, after hearing some one knock and did not know who was there until she opened the door, when he followed her to the kitchen, as already stated.

Stewart & McRae for State. Messrs. Stewart & McRae have been employed to assist the solicitor in the case and sat with him in the hearing of the case this morning. Solicitor Wilson questioned Mrs. Jetton closely as to many of the statements she made, but in the main she stuck to her original statements.

ANNIVERSARY DAY AT WAKE FOREST IS HELD. Wake Forest, Feb. 14.—Wake Forest is crowded with visitors. Old graduates are returning to once more mingle with the wise sophomores and green freshmen. Old acquaintances are being renewed and a general feeling of joy is everywhere.

At 2:30 the annual anniversary debate began with W. P. Chambers presiding over the meeting and J. B. Green as secretary. The judges are: P. P. Hoggood, president Oxford Woman's College; John A. Oates, judge of Fayetteville, and Dr. Potat.

SENATOR GORE DID NOT TAKE STAND TODAY

Oklahoma City, Okla., Feb. 14.—Instead of calling Senator Gore to the witness stand when court opened for the third day's session of the trial of the \$50,000 damage suit brought against Gore by Mrs. Minnie Bond, defensive counsel decided to call other witnesses in the effort to lay grounds for the impeachment of several of the plaintiff's witnesses. The first witness today was W. F. Fisher, an Oklahoma City lawyer.

Fisher testified that he had lent T. E. Robertson, the lawyer, who witnessed the alleged attack on Mrs. Bond, \$245 and when Robertson came back from Washington after the alleged Gore incident, he demanded that it be repaid. Objections by counsel for Mrs. Bond caused Fisher to be excused on this point until Robertson could be recalled and foundation laid for the examination.

Deputy Sheriff Ezel testified about a conversation he had with Robertson the day before the suit was filed against Gore. He said Robertson told him: "I have a paper I want you to serve tomorrow."

Ezel asked about it and he said Robertson replied: "Never mind you. You'll know what it is about when you see the headlines in the newspapers tomorrow. I want you to serve the papers on a man who has done me dirty. It will be sweet revenge for me."

The next day suit against Senator Gore was filed. Rev. R. D. Licklider, pastor of the Olivet Baptist church, testified that Mrs. Bond and her husband and James R. Jacobs tried to induce the ministerial alliance to try to get the case before the United States senate. The witness said that Mrs. Bond accompanied her husband and Jacobs attended a meeting of the ministers shortly after the episode in Washington and that Mrs. Bond told details of the alleged attack. The alliance, he said, after hearing the statements, voted to have nothing to do with the case.

Mr. Licklider said Mrs. Bond was a member of his church but that she had not attended it during the past two years.

TESTIMONY AT STRIKE INQUIRY. By Associated Press. Denver, Col., Feb. 14.—Testimony today in the congressional investigation of the Colorado coal strike, F. Welborn, president of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company said his concern was surprised that so many men remained at work after the walkout was ordered.

ENTIRE VILLAGE EXTERMINATED.

Nairobi, British East African Protectorate, Feb. 14.—Boran Tribesmen exterminated recently an entire village of 200 men, women and children of the Rendile tribe in the Lorian swamp in the northern part of the protectorate, according to an explorer who reached here today.

The Borans, who are a peaceful people engaged in pastoral occupations, have been incessantly harassed by the Rendiles. This so exasperated the Borans that they retaliated by killing every one of the Rendile tribe they could find.

JULES VEDRINES TO FIGHT DUEL.

Paris, Feb. 14.—Jules Vedrines, who recently flew from Paris to Cairo, arrived from Egypt today and telephoned to two friends asking them to act as seconds in his duel with Rene Quinon, president of the French Aerial League. Vedrines will demand a fight with revolvers.

The quarrel arose out of the refusal of Vedrines to give satisfaction to Henry Roux, a rival French aviator who also had flown from Paris to Cairo and who challenged Vedrines to fight after the latter had struck him in the face. Quinon ordered Vedrines to fight Roux and Vedrines replied: "I will not fight Roux but will fight you as soon as I return to Paris."

THE DAY IN CONGRESS. By Associated Press. Washington, Feb. 14. Senate: Continued discussion of a resolution to compel the Louisville & Nashville Railroad to furnish certain information to the interstate commerce commission.

House: Debated the Indian appropriation bill. Naval committee considered appointment of a commission to investigate the subject of a government armor plant.

SENATOR A. O. BACON OF GEORGIA DIES

By Associated Press. Washington, Feb. 14.—Senator A. O. Bacon, of Georgia, died in a hospital here today. He had been suffering from a kidney affection for several weeks.

Senator Bacon's death was announced to the senate while it was in executive session and just before it adjourned for the day. The end came unexpectedly, it having been announced earlier in the day that he was doing better and that an operation which it had been thought necessary to perform for an affection of the kidneys would be avoided.

The Georgia senator had been ill a little less than a month. At first it was thought he had fractured a rib by a fall, an illness attended by a high temperature set in. Later examinations and X-ray photographs disclosed, however, that an affection of the kidneys the exact nature of which it was impossible to determine was the cause. Two days ago, the senator was taken to a hospital where he got along favorably and with a recession in temperature all thought of an operation were abandoned.

News of Senator Bacon's death so startled the senate that members scarcely could credit the first information which was sent to the cloak room by telephone. Senator Overman who first got the word, soon verified it and communicated it to his colleagues. He immediately drew a brief resolution which was adopted and the senate adjourned.

As soon as Vice President Marshall's gavel had tapped the desk in signal of adjournment senators remained in the chamber condoling the loss of their colleague. The shock affected many of them deeply. The scene on the floor for several minutes after the announcement was an unusual one. Senators paced nervously from one group to another. Many of them were so affected that they scarcely could speak.

Biographical Sketch: United States Senator A. O. Bacon of Georgia was born in Bryan county, Ga., October 20, 1839. He served through the war and after the surrender began the practice of law in Macon. He was elected to the Georgia legislature in 1871, and was prominent in public life from that time to the present, a period of forty-three years. He was declared to be one of the finest presiding officers that the Georgia house of representatives ever had.

On the death of Alexander H. Stephens, Bacon was a candidate for governor, and came within a hair's breadth of being nominated. At the critical moment, a recess was taken during which the opposition combined and nominated McDaniel. Several years later he was a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination, but was defeated by General John B. Gordon.

In 1894 he was elected to the United States senate, and served his state continuously at Washington since that time. As chairman and member of some of the most important committees at Washington, Senator Bacon had long been a national figure, and his name under the auspices of administration as chairman of the committee on foreign relations was an office which carried with it recognition of the highest qualities of statesmanship.

Columbia, S. C., Feb. 14.—Two bills designed to regulate the social evil in South Carolina passed third reading in the house today and were sent to the senate for consideration by that body. One, a measure by Representative Saunders, providing for injunction proceedings, was bitterly fought, which resulted in the introduction and passage of the second bill, which is very similar to the Mann white slave act.

500 STATE CORPORATIONS FINED. Special to The News. Raleigh, Feb. 14.—The corporation commission made an order today imposing a penalty of \$50 each on about 500 North Carolina corporations for failure to make a report to the commission for assessment of capital stock for taxation and that action be instituted by the attorney general as provided by law for the recovery of the penalty and costs within 30 days.

Winter's First Big Snowstorm Reaches Blizzard Proportions

CHATTANOOGA PRESSES CLAIMS FOR RESERVE BANK

By Associated Press. Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 14.—Additional arguments in favor of the regional reserve bank for Chattanooga were presented here today when the hearings which began yesterday before the organization committee of the federal reserve system were resumed. Delegations from Columbia, Birmingham and Savannah were on hand to present later today the claims of their respective cities. It was expected that the sessions here would be ended late this afternoon.

Edgar Watkins of Chattanooga, proposed an Atlantic seaboard reserve district, comprising Virginia and states south. He urged that Chattanooga was the logical location for a regional bank for this district. He was cross-examined by members of the committee, Secretary Houston suggesting that Chattanooga was a rail center rather than a trade center. The witness presented figures to refute this.

The argument for Columbia was begun by W. F. Stevenson, a member of the South Carolina legislature. He favored a reserve district consisting of the Carolinas, eastern West Virginia, eastern Georgia and Florida. He declared this territory possessed common mineral, lumber, grain and live stock interests. Columbia, he said, was its logical financial center.

Secretary of the Treasury, McAdoo, a member of the committee, asked the witness why Washington would not suit as a regional bank center for the district he proposed. "Because Washington is a political center," replied Mr. Stevenson, "and politics and banks don't mix."

Richard I. Mannig, of Columbia, endorsed the proposals of Mr. Stevenson and argued that the recommended district was self-supporting and was held together by trade interests. He said Richmond, Va., was Columbia's second choice, and Washington and Baltimore also acceptable.

FIRST OFFICER ON THE STAND

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 14.—Guy E. Horsley, first officer of the Old Dominion liner Monroe, which sunk after collision with the steamer Nantuxet two weeks ago, was the first witness today in the trial of Capt. Ommyn Berry, of the Nantuxet, charged with negligence. Horsley was on watch in the pilot house when the Monroe passed out to sea on the night of the accident and went off watch at 11 p. m. The accident watch at two and a half hours later. Capt. Johnson was summoned when the fog set and he was in the pilot house when Horsley went off duty at 11 o'clock, the first officer testified.

Services Church Holy Comforter Tomorrow Last Day of Mission. Services at the Church of the Holy Comforter in Dilworth tomorrow at 11 a. m., 4 p. m., and 8 p. m., by Rev. M. A. Barber, who is conducting a mission in the church. The mission will continue through Sunday. The service at 4 o'clock is for men and older boys. Mr. Barber has been heard by large and interested audiences.

Rev. Hunter Davidson At Episcopal Church. The usual services will be held in St. Peter's Episcopal church tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock, and evening at 8 o'clock. Sunday school at 3:30. Rev. Hunter Davidson, of Hot Springs, Va., will hold the services. Mr. Davidson preached two splendid sermons last Sunday, and everybody was pleased with his beautiful language, and splendid oratory. He is a vigorous and impressive pulpiteer.

The Northwest Section of the Country Clad in Deep Mantle of Snow, in Many Places 20 inches Deep. Storm Warnings Displayed Along Atlantic Coast—Fair and Warmer Weather is Scheduled for the South—Report from Points.

By Associated Press. Washington, Feb. 14.—The winter's first big snowstorm swept through the northeastern part of the country today, and in some places it reached blizzard proportions. Railroad traffic was delayed and street railway service in a number of cities was hampered.

Off the southern New England coast a mile-a-minute gale was blowing greatly endangering shipping. Several vessels were reported in distress along the coast from Cape Henry, Va., northward. The storm developed Friday afternoon off the Georgia coast and moved rapidly northward. Snow has fallen in the Ohio valley, the lower lake region, and the middle and South Atlantic states and in southern New England. It will continue tonight in New England and the lower lake region but elsewhere, weather bureau experts say, the weather will be fair with a tendency to slightly lower temperatures in the middle Atlantic States and the South.

Warning to shipping that the storm will be severe was ordered along the Atlantic coast from Eastport, Me., to Cape Hatteras. Nine Men Lost. New London, Conn., Feb. 14.—The tug Plym Fiske today reported the loss of four barges and nine men off Bartlett's Reef in Long Island Sound, west of this harbor. The government transport General Brannon, immediately went out in an attempt to rescue the crews.

Storm Goes to Sea. New York, Feb. 14.—That the storm which whipped the Atlantic seaboard last night had extended west to sea was indicated by the receipt of messages from several liners stating they had been delayed and would not reach port until Monday or Tuesday. Included in the list were the Americas from Hamburg; Campania from Liverpool; Savoie from Havre, and the St. Louis from Southampton.

New York Snowbound. New York, Feb. 14.—The winter's first big snowstorm pelted New York today, beginning at 6 o'clock. Last night, it continued steadily this forenoon, delaying railway and street car transportation and hampering shipping. Thousands of the unemployed were placed at work clearing the streets of snow.

Seven Inches in Philadelphia. Philadelphia, Feb. 14.—The first big snowstorm to sweep across the section of the country, this winter left a fall of seven inches in Philadelphia and as much as 18 inches in parts of Pennsylvania. Sleet and rain followed snow with the usual discomfort to pedestrians and slight disarrangement of train schedules.

South Shivered Yesterday. Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 14.—Winter yesterday held practically the entire South Atlantic section in its grip. Snow, sleet and high winds prevailed from North Carolina to Florida, while many of the seaport cities reported severe storms which threatened destruction to shipping. At Columbia, S. C., snow and sleet were mingled throughout the day, with high winds and low temperature.

Blizzard Weather. Boston, Feb. 14.—There was blizzard weather along the New England coast today. At Block Island the wind gauge registered 65 miles an hour. At Nantuxet the velocity was 44 miles. Cold at Greensboro. Greensboro, Feb. 14.—Greensboro yesterday experienced the coldest weather of the winter with an official maximum temperature of 16 and a minimum of 14 above zero. Snow and sleet fell constantly during the day and tonight the ground is covered to a depth of five inches. Street car traffic was badly interrupted.

Chicago, Feb. 14.—With the shifting of the wind today, the lake steamers Arizona and Kansas, ice bound within sight of the city for the last two days, were freed today and steamed to their docks in the Chicago river. Each boat carried a crew of about 40 men and a few passengers, none of whom experienced any discomfort.

"Want Ads" For The Sunday Morning News will be received up to 11 o'clock tonight. Use the phone 115. 110 Wants PRINTED YESTERDAY 1286 to date in February—today not included—2651 in January—3937 since New Year—an average of 90 daily. This week has been a very profitable one for Want Advertisers. Wants have been supplied; lost articles returned; rooms rented; and valuable sales made, all at small cost. News "Wants" are wonder workers—they reach more people—all the people—and more people are using 'em. One-cent-a-word. Page Eight. 'Nuf 'Ced.