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Carranza Eliminated From Mediation Negotiations

Mediators Show by Latest Note That They Consider the Carranza-Huerta Difficulty Has Direct Bearing on Trouble Between U. S. and Huerta.

Admiral Badger Has Special Service Squadron—American Consul Reported Held By Gen. Maas—Order Issued That No More Ships Clear For United States—Latest Mexican News.

By Associated Press. Washington, May 5.—The text of the note sent by the South American diplomats to General Carranza eliminating him from participation in their efforts to compose the Mexican situation, made public today, disclosed for the first time that the mediators consider "all the difficulties which have contributed toward the present situation in Mexico" have a direct bearing on the mediation program.

"These difficulties," says the note, "should be the subject of consideration in the negotiations for whose successful conduct we have deemed it indispensable to suspend hostilities."

This is the first authoritative expression from the mediators that they consider the Huerta-Carranza difficulties as directly bearing upon the issue between Huerta and the United States.

Short Cabinet Meeting. For the first time since the occupation of Vera Cruz the regular cabinet meeting today lasted less than an hour and members said nearly the whole session was devoted to routine departmental matters.

Reports of the further warlike preparations by the federal navy near Vera Cruz, and unofficial reports of the detention of American Consul Silliman at San Luis Potosi caused some apprehension but neither the navy nor war departments announced any further orders for aggressive action. It was reiterated that the American forces in the south were sufficient to cope with any move that might be made by Huerta troops at Vera Cruz. The state department made vigorous efforts to ascertain the facts in regard to Consul Silliman's reported detention.

Clear No Ships For U. S. Admiral Badger reported to the navy department today the receipt of word from the torpedo boat destroyer Drayton at Tuxpam that Territorial Minister Hacienda there had ordered customs officers not to clear or enter any vessel from or to American ports. This order, it was further reported, had been given to all ports in the state of Vera Cruz.

Americans Are Held. The Drayton also reported that 13 Americans had been detained against their will at Metlalayuca in the state of Puebla, about 60 miles from Tuxpam. This information was given to the British consul at Tuxpam by American refugees who said the Mexican authorities gave as their reason for holding the Americans a desire to assure their safety. The British consul has wired the governor Puebla requesting their release.

Special Service Squadron. Admiral Badger also reports that he is forming a special service squadron under Admiral Winslow. He did not indicate what ships would be employed for this purpose. The Tacoma and the Des Moines, it was stated, would remain under Admiral Mayo at Tampico for the present.

Special Mail Service. Admiral Badger reported that a special mail service between Galveston and Vera Cruz would be established beginning today for the benefit of the army and the fleet with torpedo boat destroyers and the mail carriers. The American wounded now under treatment aboard the hospital ship Solace now number 45 and all are doing well.

Carranza's Attitude. Representatives here of General Carranza declined to comment on the communication from the mediators to the constitutionalist chief beyond saying that they do not intend by their action to prejudice in any way the settlement of the difficulties between Huerta and the United States.

The constitutionalists are reported to be desirous that while the United States and Huerta solve their differences that the campaign southward toward Mexico City may continue unembarrassed.

The language of the note from the mediators leaves it open for Carranza to send a representative here to confer with the three South American envoys at any time in the future that he is willing to suspend hostilities. Some observers think that should Sillimo be taken by the constitutionalists the Huerta government might make overtures to the rebels which the latter might receive through the mediators. Persons here in the confidence of General Carranza say, however, that the only first step toward peace he would accept would be an announcement from Huerta of his intention to resign.

The Situation at Vera Cruz. Washington, May 5.—Overnight advices to the war department from Vera Cruz were summarized in this statement by Secretary Garrison today: "The latest message received from Gen. Funston came during the night. In it he reports no change in condition. He visited the Tejar pumping station yesterday. He reports that he is arranging for a proper defense of the pumping station without extending our lines."

FULL TEXT OF LATEST NOTE TO GEN. CARRANZA

By Associated Press. Washington, May 5.—The text of the note the mediating envoys sent yesterday to Gen. Carranza withdrawing the invitation for a constitutionalist representative to participate in the mediation was as follows: "We have received your telegram in which you are kind enough to tell us that you deem it inconvenient for the constitutionalist cause to suspend hostilities against Gen. Huerta on the ground that such suspension would only accrue to the benefit of Huerta and in which you declare that the international conflict between Mexico and the United States for whose solution you accepted our good offices is independent of the internal strife in that country.

"We consider this unexpected statement as inconsistent with the idea which caused us to offer our good offices. We think indeed that all the difficulties which have contributed toward the present situation in Mexico bear either directly or indirectly on the solution of the pending conflict between Mexico and the United States. Consequently we think that these difficulties should be made the subject of consideration in the negotiations for whose successful conduct we have deemed it indispensable to suspend hostilities.

"Should you not deem it so we would be compelled in that case to withdraw as inopportune our invitation for the appointment of representatives of constitutionalists in such negotiations. We beg to assure you of our highest consideration."

APPEAL GRANTED IN KILLIFER CASE. Cincinnati, O., May 5.—Judge Sessions of the United States circuit court of appeals announced here today that he had granted an appeal in the Federal Baseball League's case relative to player Killifer which was decided against it at Grand Rapids several weeks ago.

EIGHT PERSONS KILLED BY EXPLOSION. Panama, May 5.—An explosion this morning at the government of Panama dynamite magazine resulted in the killing of eight persons. Nineteen others were seriously injured. The property was destroyed.

The explosion was caused by a brush fire which made its way to the interior of the building. Six of the dead and most of the wounded are firemen summoned to combat the flames. A man and a woman who were watching the blaze from a distance were torn to pieces.

The explosion in addition to obliterating the magazine caused considerable other property damage in the neighborhood.

GREAT EXCITEMENT OVER ASSAULT. By Associated Press. Pittsburg, May 5.—County detectives, policemen and several thousand steel workers today continued their search for the man who murdered little Florence Kienack and assaulted Elizabeth Kienack at North Braddock late yesterday. An all night scouring of the hills on both sides of the Monongahelt river and in the industrial towns of the valley resulted in the arrest of ten men. Four of them were released and the others will be examined by magistrates today. They are closely guarded for fear of lynching.

COMPLETE LIST OF RESERVE BOARD MEMBERS

By Associated Press. Washington, May 5.—After four months of waiting while President Wilson carefully sifted hundreds of names the financial world today learned definitely that the following men had been chosen for the federal reserve board which will put into operation the nation's new currency system: Richard Olney of Boston, Mass., secretary of state and attorney general of the United States under President Cleveland.

Paul M. Warburg of New York, member of Kuhn, Loeb & Company, and life-long student of foreign banking systems.

W. P. G. Harding, president First National Bank of Birmingham, Ala., and one of the leading bankers of the South.

Harry A. Wheeler, vice president and director of the Union Trust Company of Chicago and until recently president of the United States chamber of commerce.

Dr. Adolph Caspar Miller, professor of finance at the University of California, and now assistant to Secretary Lane of the interior department, a political economist and writer on economics and finance.

Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo and the Comptroller of Currency John Skelton Williams will be ex-officio members of the board.

White house officials declined to say when the nominations would be sent to the senate as they were awaiting further word from Mr. Olney as to his acceptance. It was predicted by many that he would decline on account of his advancing years. Mr. Olney had been chosen for governor of the board.

The four other men, it is understood, have all accepted. While Mr. Wheeler is a banker, he has had an intimate connection with the industrial and commercial world. Mr. Warburg has made a life-long study of German and French banking methods and knows American finance first hand.

Mr. Harding is regarded by the president as an unusually able man of broad views and remarkable ability. Dr. Miller is a trained economist and a student of finance.

Appointive members of the board are to devote all their time to the board's business. Their salaries are \$12,000 a year. The law creating the board provides that none of its members shall be an officer or director of any bank banking institution, trust company or federal reserve bank nor hold stock in any banking institution or trust company.

The board is authorized to examine the affairs of each federal reserve bank and each member bank and to require necessary reports. The board must publish weekly statements of the condition of federal reserve banks.

COL. LOCKETT REACHES TRINIDAD. Trinidad, Colo., May 5.—Col. James Lockett, commanding the eleventh United States cavalry, arrived here this morning to take command of the federal forces in the Colorado strike fields. He immediately went into conference with Major W. A. Holbrook.

PLENTY OF TIME TO ENTER NEWS' Song and Story Contest. Are you participating in THE NEWS' \$1,000 picture-puzzle game? It's your own fault if you're not. You must hurry now to correct this error of judgment—get started at once if you wish to share in the distribution of \$1,000 in gold.

All the pictures have appeared, but provision was made at the outset for the late-comers; and as a result you may enter now without handicap or trouble. Copies of the pictures and complete information are NOW BEING GIVEN FREE with the Official Catalogue and the Listing Book.

THE WEATHER. Forecast for North Carolina. Thunderstorms this afternoon, general air tonight and Wednesday, fresh southwest and west gales.

ANTI-BLEASE DELEGATES ARE CHOSEN

By Associated Press. Columbia, S. C., May 5.—First test of strength between Governor Cole L. Blease and United States Senator E. D. Smith, candidates for the United States senate at the forthcoming state primary, was furnished by the democratic conventions held in every county of the state. Latest reports from the conventions indicate that the anti-Bleasure forces won a sweeping victory and will send practically 300 delegates to the state convention to be held in Columbia May 20, while less than fifty Bleasure delegates were elected.

Senator Smith was elected a delegate to the state convention from Lee county, while Newberry county, the home of Governor Bleasure and Fred H. Dominick, assistant attorney general, gave neither a place in the representation.

The question of primary reform will be given consideration at the state convention, according to resolutions passed in many of the conventions. About half of the counties approved the policies of the national administration.

O'SHAUGHNESSY'S BAGGAGE STOLEN

By Associated Press. New Orleans, May 5.—Mexicans did not even except Nelson O'Shaughnessy, former American charge at Mexico City in preying upon American property after the fall of Vera Cruz. Practically all of the baggage of Mr. and Mrs. O'Shaughnessy was stolen from the special train provided for the party.

The former charge arrived from Vera Cruz today on the gunboat Yankton and will leave tonight for Washington.

Shown a dispatch from Vera Cruz saying he had submitted to Washington a list of names of Mexicans who might take charge of the government in the case of the downfall of General Huerta, Mr. O'Shaughnessy said he knew nothing about it. He refused to discuss the Mexican situation in any of its phases.

Steamer Went Aground. By Associated Press. Calumet, Mich., May 5.—The steamer George S. Baker, bound from Ashland to Erie, with a cargo of iron ore, went aground on Sawtooth reef in a dense fog today. Her crew of twenty-five were taken off. The Baker, owned by the Pittsburg Steamship Company, is one of the largest vessels on the Great Lakes. The bottom of the vessel is badly torn.

FIGHTING AT TAMPICO CONTINUES. By Associated Press. Washington, May 5.—Firing continues daily at Tampico between constitutionalists and federal forces according to a report transmitted from Admiral Mayo by Admiral Badger today. Heavy guns were heard yesterday morning. The steamer Camaguey, which has arrived at Vera Cruz from Tampico reports that Mexican federal forces at the latter port were reinforced by 1,500 men last week.

THE OZARK TO KEY WEST. By Associated Press. Norfolk, Va., May 5.—The monitor Ozark, flagship of the submarine flotilla, will proceed to Key West after taking on supplies and 57 men from the receiving ship Franklin.

The collier Brutus sails from Hampton roads today with coal for the fleet at Vera Cruz. The Illinois is expected to arrive here May 8th for ammunition.

GEN. DURYEA MURDERED BY HIS SON

Fired Seven Bullets Into the Body of His Father Last Night—When Arraigned Duryea Said He Had Received a Spiritual Message From Geo. Washington.

Shows Signs of Being Stark Mad When Arrested But Later Becomes More Composed—Dead Man Was Millionaire Starch Manufacturer. By Associated Press.

New York, May 5.—In a cell in a Brooklyn police station, Chester Duryea, who early this morning fired seven bullets into the body of his father, General Hiram Duryea, millionaire starch manufacturer, killing him instantly, talked incoherently of the events leading up to the shooting and gave evidences of being stark mad.

While talking he dug his finger nails into the palms of his hands until they bled. He said he shot his father when he received a "spiritual message from George Washington." In a snar tone he added: "I was the best friend my father had. I loved him dearly. If he were here now he could explain the whole matter. I really don't know why I shot him. I had made up my mind before shooting father that as soon as he was dead I would turn the automobile pistol upon myself and end my own life. I fully intended doing that while I was firing at my father. After it was over though, an impulse came over me and I decided not to kill myself. I wish I had carried out my original intention."

Before his arraignment in court, Duryea became violent and beat on the doors of his cell with his bare knuckles.

When Duryea was arraigned he appeared more rational. He said he had no attorney but wanted one so the examination was postponed until Thursday morning. L. G. Duryea, his cousin, said that the Duryea family had believed for some time that Chester was mentally unbalanced. Chester's mental condition, said the cousin, was due to overstudy. For two years, he said, the prisoner had been constantly engaged in the study of a formula by which he believed the process of the manufacture of starch could be revolutionized.

An Early Story. Hiram Duryea, \$1, retired millionaire starch manufacturer and brigadier general of the civil war, was killed today at his home in the Bay Ridge section of Brooklyn by his son, Chester Duryea, aged 4. Seven shots were fired by the son into his father's body.

The killing occurred on the porch of the Duryea home where father and son were in the habit of sleeping. About 1 o'clock this morning Chester Duryea slipped from his cot into the house and secured an automatic pistol and a magazine rifle. Standing near his sleeping father he fired first from the rifle and then emptied the revolver.

Chester Duryea would give no reason for killing his father when taken in custody. Servants told the police he had been acting strangely. Five years ago he showed signs of mental trouble.

Chester Duryea was admitted to practice law and had intended to take up the legal business of the starch company of which his father was head. Domestic troubles that culminated in his being divorced by his wife in 1903 discouraged him in this ambition.

Although servants said that there had been no quarrel between General Duryea and his son before they retired for the night an overturned table, a broken screen and books scattered about the floor of the sleeping porch led the police to believe that a struggle had preceded the killing.

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Mexican Federals Are Said To Have Mined Vera Cruz Railroad

War Department Hears That the Railroad Tracks From Vera Cruz to Mexico City Have Been Mined Preparatory to Utter Destruction.

Mines Are Said to be Half a Mile Apart and Ready to be Fired if United States Attempts to Invade Mexico City. By Associated Press.

Washington, May 5.—Information came from Vera Cruz to the war department today that Mexican federals had mined the railroad tracks from Vera Cruz to Mexico City preparatory to utter destruction of the road in the event American forces attempt a march on the capital.

No confirmation had been received of reports that the San Francisco bridge on the Inter-Oceanic Railroad had been damaged.

The mines are reported to be half a mile apart and Mexican soldiers have been detailed to touch off the fuses should hostilities eventuate.

These preparations and the throwing up of defenses which are daily making the position of the Mexican federal troops stronger are known to be a source of worry to Gen. Funston. It is understood he would welcome orders to start for the Mexican capital.

Admiral Mayo at Tampico has informed the navy department that he would have no trouble in taking Tampico with his present forces and it was learned today that he has more than once hinted in his dispatches that it would be advisable to take such action. He has now under his command in addition to his flagship, the Des Moines, two cruisers and a torpedo boat fleet of nine.

GREAT WOMAN'S CLUB MEETING IN FAYETTEVILLE. Raleigh, N. C., May 5.—The twelfth annual meeting of the North Carolina Federation of Women's Clubs, will begin in Fayetteville, N. C., tonight, Miss Adelaide Fries of Winston-Salem, the president, presiding. Federation has a membership of over 2,000. In addition to the election of officers, the question of reform in woman's dress will be considered. Suffrage is not a part of the program. The sessions will continue through Friday.

OLNEY DECLINES PLACE ON RESERVE BOARD. By Associated Press. Washington, May 5.—Richard Olney has addressed a letter to President Wilson declining the governorship of the federal reserve board.

Nine Will Be Named? Washington, May 5.—While officials here declined to discuss the declaration by Richard Olney of the appointment as governor of the Federal reserve board, it is known that they are in search of another New England man to fill the board. It was reported as likely that W. P. G. Harding, president of the First National Bank of Birmingham, Ala., who has been appointed a member of the board, would be named as governor.

AMERICAN CONSUL PRISONER OF GEN. MAAS. By Associated Press. Washington, May 5.—Alarmed by unofficial reports that acting American Consul John R. Silliman at San Luis Potosi, Mexico, has been a prisoner of General Maas, Mexican federal commander, for two weeks, the state department today sent urgent telegrams of inquiry concerning him addressed to the Brazilian minister in Mexico City, Consul Miller at Tampico and Consul Ham Miller at Monterey. Silliman's regular post was Saltillo but he was transferred to San Luis Potosi in the present emergency.

Steamer Reported Burning. Boston, May 5.—Further word of the burning steamer sighted 300 miles south of Cape Race yesterday by the steamer Seydlitz was anxiously awaited in shipping circles today. Meagre wireless dispatches from the Seydlitz and the Sable Island radio station indicated that it had been impossible to learn the name of the vessel. As the Seydlitz could see no sign of life on board it was hoped that the crew had been taken off by some other vessel.

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