Processes of Preparing the Cabbages for the Market.

It has only been within the past 20 years that sauer kraut has become an article of commerce. For some time previous it was sold in a small way by shop keepers, who would "put up" a barrel or two yearly for sale to their customers. Forty years ago it could not even be obtained in that way, as it was only the farmers possessing large gar dens who put up the "kraut" for their twn use and to comply with the occa-'onal request of a neighbor for a "mesa,"

it gradually as its excellent talities as food came to be ppreciated its manufacture and sale increased, and at the present time there are very few families in this section of the country that do not have a dish of sauer kraut occasionally. Its use in beer salcons as lunch has also come to be a "regular thing." This increase has stimulated its manufacture, not only in this city, but all over the country. As hundreds of families hereabouts put up their own kraut no estimate can be made of the quantity eaten, but by those regularly manufacturing it for sale in this city, it is estimated that 800,000 quarts will cover the quantity

The following points about cabbage and its manufacture into sauer-kraut were obtained from an establishment on Brown street, which, it is claimed, is one of the largest of its kind in the city and the only one where steam operates the cutters. The cabbage, the manufacturer states, is procured chiefly from New Jersey, but he also gets it from Montreal, Canada, Rhode Island and Massachusetts. From these latter points it is shipped in cattle cars, the open slat work ellowing a free circulation of air through the cabbage. The late crop of cabbage in this latitude is, he says, short fully one-half this season, in consequence of a summer drought. He is paying for cabbage from \$4 to \$10 a hundred, a considerable advance over that paid last year, and which will advance the price of krout about \$3 a barrel over last year.

Cleanliness appears to be invariably observed in the manufacture of sauer krout. As fast as the cabbage is received the outer and soiled leaves are removed and the core bored out. The leads are then fed to the steam cutter (which works up 5000 heads in ten hours), and the coarsely and uniformly sbredded cabbage is dropped into a box beneath. It is then transferred to a barrel with a fork, and salted. The only time in which it is touched by hand is when the salt is incorporated. After this process is completed it is transferred to casks and slightly packed down, and, when they are filled, have the heads laid loosely on top under a weight of stones. These casks are placed in cool vaults to ferment, the result of the fermentation being carefully removed once a week, and the heads of the casks washed. At the end of seven weeks, at this time of the year, and a much shorter time in summer, the kraut is considered cured, and it is packed in barrels of 30 or 40 gallons capacity and shipped to dealers in the city, all parts of the state, to New York, and as far south as Florida.

German sauer kraut continues to be imported and considered a better article than the American make, on account of the finer quality of the cabbage. It usually sells at a higher price and is easily distinguished by its longer shreds, and in some cases by the admixture of fennel and other aromatic seeds. -[Philadelphia Ledger.

The First Secretary of Congress.

John Adams records in his diary, on the day after his arrival in Philadelphia as a delegate to the first Continental Congress: "Called at Mr. Mifflin's, a grand, spacious and elegant house. There we had much conversation with Mr. Charles Thomson, who is the Sam Adams of Philadelphia, the life of the cause of liberty."

Six days later, the delegates marched to Carpenter's Hall, inspected it, agreed that it would serve the purpose, and helped themselves to seats. Peyton Randolph, of Virginia, was unanimously elected president, and Charles Thomson secretary.

Thomson was not present, for he was not a delegate; and the doorkeeper was sent to find him and to say that the Congress desired his immediate attendance, After the Congress had got through the routine of organization, the doorkeeper returned, escorting Mr. Thomson, who, walking up the aisle, stopped in front of the president and said, with a bow:

"Mr. President, I await your pleasure." "Congress desires the favor of you, sir, to take their minutes," replied President Randolp's.

With a bow, Mr. Thomson signified his acquiescence, and without a word took his seat at his desk, and began to record the proceedings of that famous, practical and sober-minded assemblage of lawyers, politicians and men of bus-

This modest and quiet beginning was an earnest of the valuable services which. for fifteen years, Mr. Thomas rendered to the Congress of the Confederation. He was by birth an Irishman, but had left his native land when only eleven years of age. By education he became scholar and made a translation of that Greek Version of the Old Testament which is known as the Septuagint, which [Youth's Companion

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

The Bustle Doomed.

The collapse of the bustle is impending. Mrs. Sherwood writes from Paris that "tight lacing, large bustles and the high hat are doomed," and "Madge" writes from London that "the hump at the back of dresses is fast diminishing, and the protuberances are only worn by the sort of women who love exaggeration in dress, and always cling fondly to absurdities and eccentricities, seeing in them their only chance to be what they call stylish."

One Little Drawback.

"Yes," said the young lady's ma to the suitor for her daughter's hand, "I give my consent, and I hope you will be happy. I have given Elizabeth a careful training, and you will find her proficient in all domestic duties."

"I have no doubt of it, no doubt of it," said the delighted youth, enthusiastically, "no doubt of it whatever. Lizzie is a jewel, a darling, she will be an excellent housekeeper."

"She will. There is only one thing I think of that she won't be able to do, out you won't find it out till after the oneymoon,"

Miss Winslow Snubbed the Prince.

"Cook as well as your mother." ---

"What is that?"

Boston Courier.

The only snub the Prince of Wales ever received at Homburg was administered by an American girl in such a manner as to take the breath away from her mother, writes a London correspondent of the Chicago News. It was the season the prince fell on the salon floor with Miss Winslow while waltzing. He had over-charged himself with wine at dinner. Presently he caught sight of the Southern girl, distinguished looking, handsome and passionately fond of dancing, who had, some days previous, been introduced to him. He despatched an equerry to summon her for a waltz. On the instant, and while her mother was dumbfounded for a suitable reply, she

"Convey my regrets to his Royal Highness, and inform him that I shall dance no more this season."

"But you forget, Miss Winslow," continued the emissary, "that this is a royal command,"

"And you forget, sir, that I am an American, and am not accustomed to obeying royal commands,"

At this the equerry vanished, and the young lady's mother recovered her breath. The plucky Southerner kept her word by abstaining from dancing the remainder of the season.

Swimming for Girls.

Miss Emily Faithful writes thus: A Swedish friend once told me that in Sweden if a lady cannot swim she is at once suspected of exceptional delicacy of constitution just as we should credit an English girl with some special weakness if we heard she could not walk, and she said that in almost every city there was an excellent arrangement for open-air swimming. I should like to see the matter taken up more keenly by our Board schools. The physical power of poor children is terribly drained by impure air and unclean dwellings, and scant, ill-prepared food. Bathing would certainly prove of great advantage in the development of their bodies. I remember hearing an anecdote from a well-known clergyman in the Midlands who has done much to promote the physical as well as the moral well-being of the poor in this district, which is worth repeating. He always treated his choir boys to a weekly bath, and asking the mother of an absentee the cause of his non-appearance, she replied she had forbidden her son to go because she could not satisfy him with bread afterwards-"It made him so hungry." Nothing is more invigorating to the health than swimming. -[Herald

Justice for Sewing Women.

There has been material change in the condition of the working woman since Tom Hood wrote "The Seng of the Shirt." Yet, so far as the seamstress in the lame city is concerned, the change has wrought little good. Her life is still that of a slave. She toils from dawn till late at night, pausing at noonday for a crust. Her employer pays her wages just sufficient to ward off starvation. He grinds her to the last penny, imposing fines for poor sewing, when in fact the sewing is excellent. But the poor woman dares not defend herself. She must take her pittance and go. It is better than nothing.

In no other branch of industry is labor so oppressed. In no other are the gains of the employer more directly or more brutally the result of violent theft. The benefit of having his work done cheaply is a benefit only to his own purse. He does not share his stealings with the public. The public would not thank him to do so. It is beginning to clamor for justice to the oppressed women, not not from imposition upon itself, but from imposition upon the women. Perhaps a day of reckoning is nearer than it seems. Even the timid women are beginning to organize, and, stimulated by a few bold leaders, preparing to have what is due. They only ask what they earn and the right to live.

Girls Who Court Beauty. The handsomest woman I ever sav

was one who took great care of her health. When I knew her she was over thirty, but no girl of sixteen that I have ever seen had rosier cheeks or brighter eyes. Of course she was naturally fine was published in four volumes in 1808 .- looking, but the attention she gave to matters of hygiene added to and pre- one, -- [New York Sun.

served her beauty. What did she do? I don't knew that I can recount all, but I remember her telling me she took a sponge bath every morning; was particular about the ventilation of her apartments; took long walks when she could; ate but little meat, much fruit and cereals whenever she could get them. Another thing she did which she tried without success to get me to do, she drank her coffee without milk or cream diluted with water.

The reason she took her coffee so was because her physicians told her it was healthier to drink it in this way. Whether the practice added to her personal charms or not I don't know. On the whole she was certainly repaid for systematic habits, and as certainly there was nothing arduous about the the performance of them. Nor was there anything bizzarro about them as it seems to me there is about the following account I read of a Chicago belle: "To keep the suppleness of her figure she stands one hour daily, fifteen minutes at a time with her hands on her hips before a long mirror, and bending her knees out from each other she sinks slowly down to the floor as low as possible, then as slowly uprising, meantime moving her arms in any direction to their utmost length, out or up, forward or back, until when she stands erect they are ready to be played on her hips again.

"Each movement is repeated, every time a little accelerated, until at the end of thirteen minutes it is done quickly, and a fine color is in her cheek. She then lies down on a perfectly flat couch, without a pillow, until her breath comes smooth and regular, as it will in the two minutes left in her quarter of an hour. When she plays a good deal of tennis she cuts down her exercising one-half," Of course, the benefit to be derived from this procedure is not to be questioned, whatever may be thought of it besides. It is easy to see her whole body thus receives good exercise, adding to the grace of her own form, beautifying her complexion, and making her stronger and healthier. - [San Francisco Post.

Fashion Notes.

A revival of paniers is threatened. Pinked edges are the latest fancy on tailor gowns.

Plain silk, black silks especially, are in high favor. Gloves are worn as long as ever with

evening toilets. In spite of the incongruity, narrow fur bands are used to trim house and

evening dresses. Shot silks in twilled surah are very stylish when of dark colorings, and are combined with plain cloths.

Little girls' hats and bonnets are cemically like those of their mothers and older sisters this season. Coral is coming again into vogue and

the jewelers are taking out their old stock put by for many a day. Moire is used on velvet or plush and

is seen in such combination in many

stylish costumes imported this season. A velvet peasant waist, of the same color of a ball gown of veiling adds much to its dressy effect at a very small

Delicate tints of Nile green, electric blue, heliotrope and apricot are in high favor for dresses of tulle, lace, gauze, or

The hat or toque is always of the same material as the tailor-made costume and is made in fine folds over the

Some of the newest Parisian colors are Chartreuse green, pale apricot, Persian red, bebe blue, Russian green and Roman red.

Fancy shoulder capes of colored plush or velvet are very stylish, and are seen in the most elegant costumes as a comfortable and dressy adjunct,

There is no prettier party dress for a very young girl than one of veiling, white or tinted, trimmed with cascades of soft lace and flots of ribbon.

White lady's cloth, white camel's hair, white serge, and white veiling are the preferred fabrics for the frocks of little girls who take part in bridal processions, but white India and China silks are also used for this purpose, and tinted frocks, in evening colors, are also

Bonnet frames are so covered with velvet, put on in loose, uneven pleats and folds as to need . but little other trimming, the velvet frequently forming high conical points above the forehead; then with the addition of a few curled cock's feathers among these velvet points, and two or three loops of ribbon on one side and an ornament on the other, the bonnet is made.

Danger in House Halls.

A celebrated physician has remarked that every house ought to be pulled down at the end of the sixtieth year, as it has by that time absorbed all the disease of those who have lived in it, believing that wood and plaster absorb gases, foul air and feverish exhalations as readily as milk or water does. But as it is not practicable to tear down houses every half century or so, it is to be considered if all the wood used in their interior construction, and all the plain surfaces of plaster should not be so thoroughly oiled or varnished that the power of obsorption should be almost entirely destroyed, and the character thus so changed that destruction would no longer be desirable. - [Boston Advertiser.

Enough is a Feast.

O'd Man (with emotion) -Do you realize, my dear sir, that you are asking me for the only daughter that I have? Young Man (calmly) - Yes, sir; but i you had a dozen I wouldn't want but

THE BRIDGE OF DEATH ...

An Alpine Guide's Sad Fate-Dangers to Be Avoided. One day in August, in the summer of 1864, two Austrian noblemen were crossing the Grand Plateau in their descent of one of the loftiest mountains of Switzerland. They had crossed the Grand Crevasse in the morning by a snow bridge which, though appaing by a snow bridge which, though apparently insecure, carried them safely over. They reached it again on their return late in the afternoon. The leading guide had advanced to the middle of the bridge, when, to the consternation of his fellow travelers, he suddenly disappeared from their sight. The bridge had fallen beneath his weight; he had proceeded with too little caution, and had disappeared forwar in the above below. disappeared forever in the abyss below. They tied together ropes and let them down into the crevasse, but no hand seized them, no voice arose from the darkness. How few of us realize the importance of

trifles, or that incidents which in themselve seem wholly insignificant lead oftentimes to most momentous results. A single grain of sand holds in a vise-like grip the delicate me-chanism of your most reliable time-piece. The business man, tied down to his absorbing cares, goes home at night with a throb bing brow and a lame back. This continues a day or two and he remarks to his wife that he is so overworked he thinks he had better take something to brace him up a little. He tries a tonic and for a few days feels better He flatters himself he is well. Poor man, how little he realizes that the trifling indisposition was a voice warning him that the tired and overworked kidneys, the most important primary organs of the system, had ceased to perform their proper functions. They no longer eliminate properly the waste matter of the system, and uric acid accumulates.

That means disease. The body cannot be healthy unless it be free from this poison. the blood channels become vitiated with it. as they must be unless it is carried out of the system, the man is liable to disapear from system, the man is liable to disapear from the walks of life almost as suddenly as the guide who went down with the insecure but unsu spected bridge. So many of the ordinary diseases, se called, are the direct results of the action of this poison that it is difficult to tell how one will be carried away.

This was precisely the experience of Herman Urban of the celebrated firm of safe manufacturers, McNeale & Urban, of Cincinnati, O. He has always been a very active business man and overcome many commercial

business man, and overcome many commercial difficulties, but about five years ago he be began to run down with a sort of general de-bility, headache, want of spirit and nervous-"There seemed to be no life in my blood, no vigor in my muscles, no marrow in my bones," he says. He tried physicians in vain. Four years after this sad experience he reports that he used Warner's safe cure at that time and his prostrated condition was completely cured and had remained so to "I am," he remarks, "more than anxious that other business men, worn down and likely to be overcome by kidney disease whose manifestations are so mysterious that they cannot positively identify the disease, should try the magnificent remedy that did so much good to me.

A Scheme for Killing Rabbits.

The offer of a prize of £25,000 by the Government of New South Wales to the discover of a means of killing the rabbits which are devastating the colony has attracted the attention of M. Pasteur. He sent a letter on the subject to the Temps, suggesting ideas which he thinks may be of use. Hitherto mineral poison has been employed to destroy the animals, but they increased with such frightful rapidity that poison has proved a very insufficient means of meeting the plague. What is wanted, M. Pasteur suggests, is a poison endowed, like the animals themselves, with life, and multiplying with similar rapidity. An attempt should, he thinks, be made to introduce a disease among the rabbits which would become epidemic. There is such a malady, known as the hen cholera, which has carefully studied in his laboratory. The disease is common to poultry and rab-

Among the experiments which he made was the following: He shut up within a limited space a number of hens. He gave them food tainted with the microbe which is the cause of the hen cholers, and in a short time all of them perished. Sometimes poultry yards are devastated by epidemics of this kind, which spread doubtless through the tainting of food by the droppings of the first sick fowls. The same thing he believes would happen to rabbits, which, returning to their burrows, would there spread the disease. Nothing would be more easy than to communicate the disease to a few of the animals. Round a burrow M. Pasteur would place a mov-able fence, within which the rabbits would circulate in search of food. Experiments have proved that it is easy to multiply to any extent the microbes of hen cholera in all kinds of flesh soups, If the food of the rabbit were watered with these liquids full of microbes, the animals would catch the disease and spread it everywhere. M. Pasteur adds that the disease of which he speaks does not attack four footed domestic animals, and as fowls do not live in the open country there would be no risk of destroying them.

The Sweetest Girl in School.

The Sweetest Girl in School.

"She's the sweetest girl in school!" enthusiastically exclaimed one young miss to another, as they passed down the street together. "Edith is so kind, and gentle, and unselfish, every one likes her. And she has lovely golden hair and pretty eyes. Isn't it a pity her complexion is so bad; it spoils her looks. And then the has such dreadful headaches!" The girls skipped alone, but it happened Edith's mother had heard what they said. It set her thinking. What could be done for the se headaches and the rough, muddy complexion, that was such a trial to her gentle daughte. She recalled what she had read of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and on the spur of the moment what she had read of Dr. Pierce's Golden Med-ical Discovery, and on the spur of the moment she slipped into a drustore and bought a sup-ply. Edith took it faithfully, with the result that it cleared her disordered blood, relieved the headaches, made her skin soft, fair and rosy, and now she is not only the "sweetest girl in school," but the most beauti ul.

The latest fashion among the ultra fashion

For Only 20 Cents You can get a beautiful picture ("A Message of Love"), cannot be distinguished from a fine Water Color worth \$25. A full size paper pattern worth 5 cents—Design and size of your own selection—besides the finest Magazine published. Send for the February number that contains this wonderful picture and pattern order. Price 20 cents, or ask your news-dealer to get it for your inspection. Tell h m if he sends for it for you to see, he will prob-ably sell hundreds of them. Published by W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th St. New York. Now is the time to subscribe and get times the value of the \$2 per year.

Parents sometimes need instruction as much as the children need education.

Consumption Surely Cured. To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy frage to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully,

T. A. SLOCUM, M.C., Isi Pearl St., N. Y.

Turning Night Into Day. Why is the sun like people of fashion? It turns night into day the time people catencold, which, if not attended to in time, will induce consumption. Take in time Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mul-

Those intrested in Patents should write to A. A. Wood, Atlanta, Ga. Mention this paper

Cold Waves

are predicted with reliable accuracy, and people ilable to the pains and aches of rheumatism dread every change to damp or stormy weather. Although we do not claim Hood's Sarsaparilla to be a positive specific for rheumatism, the remarkable cures it has effected show that it may be taken for rheumatism with reasonable certainty of benefit. Its action in neutralizing the acidity of the blood, which is the cause of rheumatism, constitutes the secret of the success of Hood's Sarsaparilla in curing this com-plaint. If you suffer from rheumatism, give Hood's Sarsaparilla, a fair trial; we believe it will do you

Hood's Sarsaparilla

by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass 100 Doses One Dollar

HOME Study. Book-keeping, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Shorthand, &c., thoroughly taught by mail. Circulars free. SKYANT'S COLLEGE, 457 Rain St., Buffalo, N. Y.

A New Cement.

The restoration of some of the most important stone structures in Paris, such as he colonnade of the Louvre, of the Pont Neuf, and of the Conservatoire des Arts et Metiers, has been mainly accomplished by means of a metallic cement invented by Ptof. Brune. It consists of a powder and a liquid, the first composed of two parts by weight of exide of zinc, two of crushed limestone of a hard nature, and one of crushed grit, the whole intimately mixed and ground, ochre in suitable proportions being added as a coloring matter; the liquid employed consists of a saturated solution of zinc in commercial hydrochloric acid, to which is added a part, by weight, of hydro-chlorate of ammonia, equal to one-sixth that of the dissolved zinc, and this liquid is diluted with two-thirds of its bulk of water. In using the cement, one pound of the powder is mixed with two and one-half pints of the liquid. The cement hardens very quickly, and is of great strength.

THE Second Adventists of Battle Creek, Michigan, believe that the end of the world is close at hand. They have discarded their jewels and making extraordinary efforts to spread their gospel. Missions will be established in Switzerland, Norway, England, South Africa and

Oft obscure the road that leads to health, Unmarked by board or sign; Wisdom avails not, powerless is wealth To sooth those aches of thine. But do not despair, with life there's hope The cloud conceals the sun; With Pierce's Favorite Prescription at hand Your life's full course may run. More truth than poetry in these lines, as thousands of ladies all over the land, now blooming with health, testify to the great curative powers of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, adapted by much research and careful study to the happy relief of all those weaknesses and allments peculiar to females. All druggists.

The New York City postoffice sold in 1887 eleven tons of postage stamps.

C-h-e-o! C-h-e-o!! C-h-e-o!!! C-h-e-e! C-h-e-e!! C-h-e-e!!!

Don't sneeze, sneeze, hawk, hawk,spit, blow, and disgust everybody with your offensive breath. If you have acrid, watery discharges from the nose and eyes, throat disease, causing choking sensations, cough, ringing noises in head, splitting headache and other symptoms of nasal catarrh, remember that the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy offer, in good faith, \$600 reward for a case of catarrh which they cannot cure. The Remedy is sold by druggists at only 50 cents.

Miss Jane Gibson, notable in Scotch literary ircles, died in Glasgow, at the age of 102.

A Great Chauce. If you wish a beautiful picture that can not be distinguished from a Water Color, worth a large amount of money, you should get Demo-rest's Monthly Magazine, for February. It is simply wonderful how such an elegant picture can be furnished in a Magazine that only costs 20 cents. If your newsdealer has not got it, ask him to get it for you, or send to the pub-lisher, W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th St. New York. St., New York.

LIFE is burdensome, alike to the sufferer and all around him, while dyspepsia and its at-tending evils holds sway. Complaints of this nature can be speedily cured by taking Prickly Ash Bitters regularly. Thousands once thus afflicted now bear cheerful testimony as to its merits.

Send for pamphlet on "Taylor's Hospital Cure for Catarrh." Mailed free from City Hall Pharmacy, 264 B'way, New York.

CATARRH ELY'S HAYFEVER 1

I suffered from catarrh 12 years. The droppings into the throat were nauseating. My nose bled almost daily. Since the first day's use of Ely's Cream Balm have had no bleeding, the have had no believe your sorth the HAY-FEVER D. G. Davidson, with the

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeab Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cen ELY BROTHERS, 25 Greenwich St., New York.

DATENTS. ALBERT A. WOOD,

Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents. Mechanical Engineer and Patent Expert. Pamphlet and Advice Free. Best roference.

FOR A A AND

BEAST,

Mexican

Mustang Liniment

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work

The Pioneer needs it-can't get along with

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs

The Horse-fancier needs it-it is his best

The Stock-grower needs it-it will saw him

UGHON RATS

DON'T

DIE IN THE HOUSE

Gone Where the Woodbine Twineth.

Rats are smart, but "Rough on Rats" beats them. Clears out Rats, Mice, Roaches, Water Burs, Flies, Beetles, Moths, Ants, Mosquites, Bed-burs, Hen Lice, Insects, Petato Burs, Sparrows, Skunks, Weasel, Gophers, Chimmunks, Moles, Musk Rats, Jack Rabbits, Souirrals, Escand 25c, Dungrists.

"ROUGH ON PAIN" Plaster, Porosed, 15c.

"ROUGH ON COUGHS," Coughs, colds, 25c.

ALL SKIN HUMORS CURED BY

ROUGHERPILES

CURE THE DEAF

ure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle I my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. I. G. ROOT. M. C., 183 Pearl St. New York.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.

JEWELERS

Atlanta, Ga.

ROUGH™

housands of dollars and a world of troub

TRADE (

t in liberal supply affoat and ashore.

riend and safest reliance.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

and his stock yard.

The best and surest Remedy for Cure o all diseases caused by any derangement of the Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels. Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Constipation Bilions Complaints and Malaria of all kinds yield readily to the beneficent influence of

PillCXL lich

It is pleasant to the taste, tones up th system, restores and preserves health. It is purely Vegetable, and cannot fail to prove beneficial, both to old and young. s a Blood Purifier it is superior to all thers. Sold everywhere at \$1.00 a bottle

MARVELOUS DISCOVERY. Wholly unlike artificial systems.

Any book learned in one reading. Recommended by Mark Twain, Richard Procton, the Scientist, Rons. W. W. Aston, Judah P. Benjam, Dr. Rinch, Ar. Class of 100 Columbia Law straint; 200 at Meriden; 200 at Norwich; 250 at Oberlin College; two classes of 200 each at Yale; 400 at University of Penn, Phila; 400 at Wellesley College, and three large classes at Chatauqua University, &c. Prospectus Post Free From PROF, LOISETTE, 250 Fifth Ave., New York.

THOS. F. SEITZINGER, PRINTERS' EXCHANGE

Printers' Supplies, 32 West Mitchell Street. ATLANTA. GA. AGENT FOR Campbell Cylinder Press, Peerless Job

Presses, Queen City Ink. Leads, Slugs, Chases and Galleys of all kinds. Will trade for all kinds of Printing Material. Old





Blair's Pills, Great English Gout and Rhoumatic Remedy. \$230 A MONTH. Agents Wanted, 90 best sell-ing articles in the world. I sample Free. Address JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

HERBRAND FIFTH WHEEL. Latest Buggy improvement. HERBRAND CO., Fremon., O. GOLD is worth \$500 per lb. Pettit's Eye Salve is worth \$1,000, but is sold at 25c, a box by dealers,



The only medicine for woman's peculiar ailments, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee, from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrappers, and faithfully carried out for many years.

THE OUTGROWTH OF A VAST EXPERIENCE

The freatment of many thousands of cases of those chronic weaknesses and distressing ailments peculiar to females, at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., has afforded a vast experience in nicely adapting and thoroughly testing Dr. Pierce's Favor-

this great and valuable experience. Thousands TO WOMEN. of testimonials, received from patients and from physicians who have tested it in the more aggravated and obstinate cases which had baffied their skill, prove it to be the most wonderful remedy ever devised for the relief and cure of suffering women. It is not recommended as a "cure-all," but as a most perfect Specific for woman's neculiar diseases.

As a powerful, in-vigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system, and to the TONIC. uterus, or womb and its appendages, in particular. For overworked, worn - out," "run - down," debilitated

"worn - out," "run - down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seam-stresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic. It promotes digestion and assimilation of feed or the promotes digestion and assimilation of feed or the promotes and present the promotes of stomethers.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitabiling ity, irritability, exhaustion, prostration nysteria, spas ms and other nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the womb. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and de-Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescrip-

carefully compounded by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organization. It is woman's delicate organization. It is purely vegetable in its composition and perfectly harmless in its effects in any condition of the system.

In pregnancy, "Favorite Prescription" is a "mother's cordial," relieving nausea, weakness of stomach and other distressing symptoms common to that

the system for delivery as to greatly lessen, and many times almost entirely do away with the sufferings of that trying "Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhea, or "whites" excessive **GURES THE** WORST CASES.

flowing at monthly periods, painful men-struction, unnatural suppression, prolap-sus or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retrover-sion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation, and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat." "Favorite Prescrip-tion," when taken in con-nection with the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Dis-

COVERY, and small laxasive doses of Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets (Little Liver Pills), cures Liver, Kidney and Bladder discovery, and small laxasive Pellets (Little Liver Pills), cures Liver, Kidney and Bladder discovery

TREATING THE WRONG DISEASE.

Many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous exhaustion, or prostration, another with pain here or there, and in this way they all present alike to themselves and their easy-going and indifferent, or over-busy doctor, separate and distinct diseases, for which he prescribes his pills and potions, assuming them to be such, when, in reality, they are all only symptoms caused by some womb disorder. The physician, ignorant of the cause of suffering, encourages his practice until large bills are made. The suffering patient gets no better, but probably worse by reason of the delay, wrong treatment and consequent complications. A proper medicine, like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Pressurption, directed to the cause, would have entirely removed the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms, and instituting comfort instead of prolonged misery.



Mrs. E. F. Morgan, of No. 71 Lexington St., East Boston, Mass., says: "Five years ago I was a dreadful sufferer from uterine troubles. Having exhausted the skill of three physicians, I was completely discouraged, and so weak I could with difficulty cross the room alone. I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and using the local treatment recommended in his 'Common Sense Medical Adviser.' I commended to improve at once. In three months I was perfectly cured, and have had no trouble since. I wrote a letter to my family paper, briefly 'nentioning how my health had been restored, and offering to send the full particulars to any one writing me for them, and enclosing a stamped-envelope for reply. I have received over four hundred letters. In reply, I have described my case and the treatment used, and have earnestly advised them to 'do likewise,' From a great many I have received second letters of thanks, stating that they had commenced the use of 'Favorite Prescription,' had sent the \$1.50 required for the 'Medical Adviser,' and had applied the local treatment so fully and plainly laid down therein, and were much better already."

Retroverted Womb.—Mrs. Eva Kohler, of Orab Orchard Nob., writes: "Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has done me a great deal of good. I suffered from retroversion of the uterus for which I took two bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription,' and I am now feeling like a different woman."

Boctors Failed.-Mrs. F. Conwin, of Post Oreck, N. Y.

Mrs. Ed. M. Campbell, of Oakland, Cali-fornia, writes: "I had been troubled all my life with hysterical attacks and paroxysms, or spasms, and periodical recur-rences of severe headache, but since I have

have had none of these. I also had womb complaint so bad that I could not walk two blocks without the most severe pain, but before I had taken your 'Favorite Prescription' two months, I could walk all over the city without inconvenience. All my troubles seem to be leaving me under the benign influence of your medicine, and I now feel smarter than for years before. My physicians told me that I could not be cured, and therefore you will please accept my everlasting thanks for what you have done for me, and may God bless you in your good works."

Later, she writes: "It is now four years since I took your 'Favorite Prescription,' and I have had no return of the female two blacks."

Well as I Ever Was.—Mrs. JOHN STEWART, of Chippena Falls, Wis., writes: "I wish to inform you that I am as well as I ever was, for which I thank your medicines. I took four bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription' and one bottle of your 'Discovery' and four bottles of the 'Pellets.' All of the bad symptoms have disappeared. I do all my own work; am able to be on my feet all day. My friends tell me I never looked so well."

For Favorite Prescription is Sold by Druggists the World Over! Large Betiles \$1.00, Six for \$5.00.

Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's large, illustrated reatise (160 pages, paper covers) on Diseases of Women. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association,

No. 663 Main Street, BUFFALO, N. Y.