

THE STANDARD.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 10, 1888.

NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT

Grover Cleveland,

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT

Allen G. Thurman.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:

DANIEL G. FOWLE.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR:

THOMAS M. HOLT.

For Secretary of State:

WILLIAM L. SAUNDERS,
of Orange County.

For State Treasurer:

DONALD W. BAIN,
of Wake County.

For State Auditor:

GEORGE W. SANDERLIN,
of Wayne County.

For Supt. of Public Instruction:

SIDNEY M. FINGER,
of Catawba County.

For Attorney-General:

THEODORE F. DAVIDSON,
of Buncombe County.

Associate Justices Supreme Court:

JOSEPH J. DAVIS,
of Franklin County.

JAMES E. SHEPHERD,
of Washington County.

ALPHONSO C. AVERY,
of Burke County.

For Presidential Electors at Large:

ALFRED M. WADDELL,
of New Hanover County.

FREDERICK N. STRUDWICK,
of Orange County.

DEMOCRATIC PROTECTION.

The Republican party are doing all in their power to convince the people that the great issue between the parties is free trade and protection. There is but one issue in this present campaign. It is embodied in President Cleveland's message proposing a reduction of the tariff duties to a basis for revenue only. A revenue sufficient for the expenses of the government.

The Democracy want Protection. They want a Protective tariff just in accordance with the presidents ideas. They want protection from a hoarded surplus that creates in high places the temptation for extravagance and fraud. They want protection against the formation of corners and trusts by bond holders and manufacturers and monopolies. They want protection against a class of hangers on who by hook or by crook manage to live off of the peoples money. They want protection against a set of bloody shirt wavers of the Ingall and Ingersoll stripe who are endeavoring to keep alive the fires of sectional hate and animosity. They want protection against an influx of cheap heathen Chinese labor of which Mr. Harrison was the champion. Last, but not least, our good old North State wants protection from any possibility of a return to radical rule of years ago. They want protection from a set of officials who by former co-operation are allied to the irresponsible horde of carpet baggers and spend-thrifts who once held high carnival in our State halls. They want protection for their eastern white brethren from the domination of a race, the majority of whom are unfit to govern even their home affairs. They want protection from "one idea" fanatics who would fain throw aside all other interests of the old commonwealth to carry out a pet hobby.

Finally, when the leaves are sere and yellow, in the coming November, they will, by ballot have this protection, nailing and clinching down the democratic platform, both National and State, as the platform of their rulers.

SOLDIERS REUNION.

As will be seen by a call from J. F. Willford, secretary of the Confederate Survivors Association of Cabarrus, a preliminary meeting of the officers of this association is called for Saturday the 18th. We are glad that Secretary Willford, in the absence of Col. N. Slough, the President, has taken this step to bring together these old soldiers who for years served the Confederacy and bore aloft during that time the "Stars and Bars." True, the civil war is over and again this mighty republic is one in interest and thought. Its perpetuation is as dear to the hearts of those who once contended for a separation as it is to those who wore the blue. This coming together will be of much interest to these old veterans of a Lost Cause and it will be of interest to the young, vividly bringing to mind what their fathers dared in the past, we hope that every old soldier that can come will meet with this constituted committee on tomorrow week (the 18th.) and make all necessary arrangements for the perfection of this reunion during the fair. And we hope that a grand basket picnic will be arranged for that time and every old veteran of Cabarrus, and his family, will be present to talk over the days that tried mens souls. And again we hope every one of those who in their youthful days followed Lee, Jackson, Longstreet and Stuart through a hail of shot and shell will prepare their old relics of war days for exhibition, and the girls of "ye olden time," whose locks are now silvered by the frosts of time, will exhibit those homespun dresses, woven by their own hand, and made memorable in song. Let us have a grand Reunion.

As was seen by the call of the chairman of the county democratic executive committee, published in our last issue, a convention for the nomination of a county ticket will take place in the Courthouse on the 8th of September, preceded by the regular primaries in the several townships on September 1st, at which primaries a committee of five will be elected to serve the township as executive committee. It is important and absolutely necessary that these committees be composed of the best and most influential democrats in the township, men unprejudiced and with the best interest of the party at heart, for upon those committees rests the duty of electing the democratic executive committee. The men composing the county executive committee should be chosen from the most wide-awake, liberal, conscientious, died-in-the-wool, popular and influential democrats in the county, for upon them and their efforts depend, in a great measure, the success and harmony that every democrat is anxious to see.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

Now, since the executive committee has called a county convention, why not have well-attended primaries, in which every voter has registered his will and sentiment? Go early, and stay the whole day! And what if you do? You will have done nothing but your duty. What is the convention?—to preserve the best interest of the democratic party. The Ex. Com. has called the convention; that committee is a confided representative of the people. The convention is part of our organization, if sustained and supported in its state form, why not in the county.

Gentlemen, you men who compose the grand and intelligent party of the people, in the name of peace, harmony, in the name of success, which means a continuance in power of good and faithful officials, we say to the primaries, and stay there long enough to lay in all your complaints and suggestions, and when that is done, you will then have nothing to do, but abide by the honest and fair work, in which you had a voice. Let us see what the democrats will do.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Many of our people are, perhaps, not aware that one of the most important issues to be decided at the approaching election is the proposed amendment to the constitution of the State, under which amendment, if it carries at the election, two Judges will be added to our Supreme Court bench, making the number of Supreme Court Judges five instead of three. It is believed by all, who are informed as the Judicial work of our State, that the addition of two Judges to the present Supreme Court is an absolute necessity, because of the fact that the increase of legal business in the State has by appeals from the Superior Courts so increased the Supreme docket as to make it both physically and mentally impossible for three Judges to do the work required of the court, as it is now constituted.

There are in round numbers about 400,000 tax-payers in the State, and the two extra Judges will cost only five thousand dollars a year, which will impose a tax of only one and one-quarter cent on each tax-payer. Of this tax the large tax-payers will

pay by far the larger part, leaving for the small taxpayer a sum too small to be felt, or even calculated.

Judge Shepherd, of Beaufort county, and Judge Avery, of Burke county, are the Democratic nominees for places on the Supreme Court bench under the proposed amendment to the constitution of the State and are both gentlemen of the highest personal character and fitness for the duties of the office.

IF SIDE DOWNS.

Here in North Carolina we have now a striking example of the inconsistency and insincerity of the Prohibitionists. Notwithstanding the fact that the Republican National platform has come out squarely for free whiskey, and notwithstanding the additional fact that that party was at the last general election anti-prohibition, these pretended advocates of the abolition of all sorts of intoxicants, are hand and glove with Dockery and his following. This movement is led by the Rev. W. T. Walker, as the gubernatorial candidate of the Prohibition party, who seems, in addition to his high calling of preaching "Christ and Him crucified," is not averse to making a party "spec" in the political field. The assertion is boldly made that the Rev. Walker is in the pay of the Republicans, receiving \$1,000 to make the campaign; the shrewd managers of the negro party in the South, knowing that every vote taken from the Democrats, will count two for the Republicans. By getting "Brother" Walker, with the natural credit which attaches to his cloth, to go through the State and preach Prohibition it is hoped that many hundreds of Democrats, who are known to favor the cause of Prohibition, will be induced to give their suffrages to the candidate of that party, and thus draw from the Democratic ranks a sufficient number of votes to make the election of Dockery possible. It is plain to the managers of Dockery's campaign that no Republicans are going to vote against their own party, which is for free whiskey, in favor of the Prohibition party, which is for no whiskey at all.

This is the little game, and a very pretty plan it is to be sure. But we do not believe that any reasoning Democrat or even Prohibitionist, in the State, who is sincere in trying to advance the best interests of his State, will be deluded by this plausible snare. Voting for Walker means anything else but voting against free whiskey or for no whiskey. And any intelligent man, who will investigate for himself, will quickly see that, however much he may want prohibition; however strongly he may be wedded to the cause, the interest of that cause and that party are not to be advanced in that way. No sane man could think for one moment that there was a possibility of electing Walker, however much some of them might desire it; and if it is true, as charged, that he is a hireling, we very much pity the temper of North Carolinians if he gets enough votes to be counted. But the fact that he is a preacher; that he wears the garb accredited to the servants of the Most High, is apt to lead some of the over zealous ones astray. They are likely to overlook the fact that he has disgraced his sacred office by playing the Judas in the State campaign.

It is not only important but essential to the welfare of the Old North State that the Democrats elect their State ticket. A failure from any cause to do so would be disastrous and humiliating in the extreme. We can do it, and should not take any chances of failure. Let the wily Dockery have his say; let Parson Walker preach and prate, but let the Democracy of North Carolina go to the polls solid in November, and give such a majority for its nominees as will forever defer other Republicans, like Judge Russell, from becoming candidates for State officers.—Wilmington Messenger.

The Columbia (S.C.) Daily Register of the 2nd inst says:

On Tuesday last Mr. Dave Justice, engineer of engine, No. 70, on the Atlantic Coast Line ran his train, the afternoon passenger, from this city to Charleston in remarkable time. The whole distance, 137 miles, was made in just three hours and four minutes, or 184 minutes. Twelve full stops were made, and two "slow downs" of three miles each to a rate of fifteen miles an hour, and also the rules were conformed to requiring fifteen minutes to make the run from Ashley Junction to Charleston, 61.2 miles.

During twenty-two weeks of this year 8,126 patents were issued by the United States patent office, but of this number only fifty-three were issued to women.

STATE NEWS.

Charlotte has a colored hospital which is kept up by the whites.

The North Carolina Tobacco Association meets in Morehead on the 28th inst, and from present prospects will be largely attended.

A party from the Haywood Sulphur Springs caught 300 trout yesterday within four miles of the Springs.—Asheville Sun.

Bishop Granbery who will preside, at the next session of the North Carolina Methodist Conference, at Newbern, has, by request changed the time one week later, making the session on the 28th of November, instead of the 21st.

The Twin-City Daily, of Winston is satisfied that during the month of September as much as ten miles of track will be laid on the Winston-Wilkesboro Railroad.

Mr. Locke Craig, who has returned from a trip to Black Mountain, reports killing a rattle snake the other day, which measured five feet in length and three inches in diameter. It had eighteen rattles and a button, and was a "whopper."—Asheville Citizen.

Since the 14th of July, the following new postoffices have been established in North Carolina: Deference, Randolph county; Cavanaugh, Duplin county; Dorado, Stokes county; Forge, Surry county; Rebooth, Northampton county; Sitton, Henderson county; Thurston, Alexander county.

Some one entered the store of Mr. L. Edwards, in the Wright building, last night, and took therefrom about four hundred dollars in cash and a gold watch. It is evident that the store was entered by means of keys and strong suspicion rests upon a certain party who unceremoniously left town early this morning on the west-bound accommodation.—Durham Plant.

The Dunbury iron mines are developing wonderfully. During the last few weeks a surface of 6,000 square feet of iron ore has been made bare, and twenty five "located" mines are yet to be examined. The ore is pronounced to be of as fine magnetic ore as can be found on the continent.—Carthage Blade.

The Capitol, when the Legislature again assembles in it, will be a very beautiful place. Well heated and lighted for the first time, and with an abundant supply of water, it will be really habitable. Then there are the decorations. The offices on the lower floor are all frescoed, save one of the Auditor's room. Tuesday he will move out of that and the painters will take charge. The next step will be the painting of the hallways and rotunda. The repairs and repainting are really an economy, as they are needed for the preservation of the costly and stately building.

From Wilmington to Raleigh the crops do not look well. Corn is a failure, well-nigh in many sections. On upland this is particularly the case. Cotton is small, but full of bolls. The crop will be good, it is now apparent.

GENERAL NEWS.

Harrison for President, Blaine for Premier, and Morton to pay the bills, is about the size of the Republican plan of operations at this writing.

A western man is selling large quantities of an ink which he calls "lovers' ink." Its peculiarity is that the writing in which it is used entirely disappears after twelve hours.

Brown's valley, in Minnesota, has just been visited by a terrible storm of hail. Hailstones as large as hens' eggs fell rapidly for an hour, cutting down all the standing crops.

Portable electric lights, arranged to hang on a button of one's coat, and with a parabolic reflector to concentrate the light, with storage batteries weighing one and a half pounds each, are made to enable persons to read in railroad cars by night.

ARLINGTON, Ala., August 6.—Amos Miller, a white miner twenty-five years old, was arrested here late last night charged with wife murder. Saturday he became enraged at his wife and beat her severely, from the effects of which she died yesterday. The murder was a double one, as Mrs. Miller would have given birth to a child.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 4.—John Robinson, the veteran showman, died at 8 o'clock this morning. He had been for some weeks in a critical condition. Mr. Robinson was more than 80 years of age. Until within a very short time he maintained a remarkable degree of vigor. He has spent almost his whole life in the management of a circus, being succeeded by his sons within the past few years. He had amassed a large fortune.

Major Barnes, the Representative in Congress from the Augusta, (Ga.) district, accompanied by Senators Brown and Colquitt and the two South Carolina Senators, Hampton and Butler, called on the President yesterday and extended an invitation to him and Mrs. Cleveland and the members of his Cabinet and their families to visit Augusta during the Exposition to be held there this fall. The affair was of an entirely informal character and devoid of ceremony.

SHERIDAN DEAD.

At His Resting Place in Nanquitt, Washington, Aug. 6.—The President was informed of the death of General Sheridan this morning and immediately sent the following dispatch to Mrs. Sheridan:

"Washington.

"To Mrs. Sheridan, Nanquitt, Mass., via New Bedford, Mass.; "While the nation mourns its loss and shares your sorrow, let me express to you my personal grief and most sincere condolence.

(Signed) "Grover Cleveland."

The flags on all the public buildings, hotels and many business houses are at half mast out of respect to the memory of General Sheridan. The President received the first information of General Sheridan's death by a telephone message sent to him at Oak View from the White House by Col. Lamont, who arrived there about 8:30 o'clock this morning. The president had decided to remain at Oak View during the day, but this news altered his plans and he decided to come into the city. He reached the White House about 10:45 o'clock and sent for the Secretary of War to meet him at the White House. In the meantime the following executive order was issued:

"Executive Mansion, Washington, Aug. 6, 1888.

"As a mark of respect to the memory of Gen. Sheridan the President directs that the national flag be displayed at half mast on all the buildings of the executive department in the city of Washington until after his funeral shall have taken place. By direction of the President. (Signed) Daniel S. Lamont, Private Secretary."

Col. Kellogg of Gen. Sheridan's staff will leave Washington this afternoon at 2 o'clock for Nanquitt.

The Secretary of War will issue a general order to the army this afternoon announcing Gen. Sheridan's death and directing that the flags at all military posts be placed at half mast. The President directed that Major General Schofield, commanding the Division of the Atlantic, with headquarters at New York, be ordered to Washington at once to assume command and a telegram to that effect was sent him by Acting Adjutant General Kellogg this afternoon.

Rail Road Disaster: The Work of Train Wreckers.

The Southbound passenger train which left this city last Sunday afternoon on the Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta road, was wrecked at a point 22 miles south of Charlotte. The engine encountered an obstruction that had been placed on the track, and a fearful wreck ensued. No one on board the train was killed outright, but five people were wounded, one of whom has since died.

The train left Charlotte on the fated trip 45 minutes late, having been delayed by the late train from Danville. Capt. Sprinkle was the conductor in charge, and engineer Alexander pulled the throttle in the cab of one of the new coal burning engines recently place on the C. C. & A. road.

The Catawba river bridge had been passed, and the engine was forcing around a curve into a deep cut, when Engineer Alexander, sharp eyes caught sight of a little object just ahead that caused him to turn pale. It was a heavy iron contrivance called a ratchet drill, screwed to one of the rails of the track. The engineer knew that that obstruction meant disaster, but he threw on his breaks, reversed his engine and steered his nerves to meet the shock. It came and almost within an instant. The moment the pilot wheels of the engine struck the terrible piece of iron, the huge machine fairly leaped into the air and landed in the ditch, twenty five feet ahead, without having once struck the rails or cross-ties. The tender shot ahead fifty feet further and landed with its front end in the direction of the train, having been turned completely around. The postal car forged to one side and landed a broken and splintered mass on top of the demolished engine.

The baggage car turned to the other side and ploughed into the embankment, and the second class car was hurled forward and landed between the wreckage of the postal and baggage cars. The first-class car turned over in the ditch and all the trucks of the sleeper left the track.

All the disaster was the result of a well known planned design at train wrecking. Last Friday, a tool known among railroad men as a ratchet drill, was stolen from a section master's house. This instrument is a heavy iron affair, and is made to clamp the rails where they join and hold the chisel while a hole is bored in the rail. The wreckers fastened this tool to one of the rails of the track, and the deadly wreck soon followed. There is no clew whatever to the guilty parties, but no efforts is to be spared to hunt them down. It is expected to have the track cleared today.

CLOTHING AND HATS

CANNONS & FETZER'S!

WE HAVE DECIDED NOT TO WAIT UNTIL THE END OF THE SEASON TO

PUT PRICES DOWN,

BUT HAVE PUT THE KNIFE IN RIGHT AT THE START

Now Catch On.



WE HAVE A BIG STOCK OF

CLOTHING, HATS AND SHOES,

AND THEY MUST GO! WE OFFER:

- A BLUE FLANNEL SUIT, men's size, at \$5.00 worth \$8.00
- A GOOD UNION CASSIMERE SUIT, men's size, at 5.00 " 9.00
- A GOOD WORSTED SUIT, men's size, at 5.00 " 8.50
- A GOOD UNION CHEVIOT SUIT, men's size, at 6.00 " 8.00
- A GOOD TWEED SUIT, men's size, at 4.50 " 6.50
- A GOOD ALL-WOOL CHEVIOT SUIT, men's size, at 8.50 " 11.00
- A FINE ALL-WOOL CASSIMERE SUIT, men's size, at 10.00 " 12.50
- A FINE ALL-WOOL WORSTED SUIT, men's size, at 12.50 " 15.00

AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF PANTS at 75c., \$1., \$1.25 and \$1.50, worth 25 to 50 per cent. more. All kinds of LIGHT SUMMER FABRICS AT VERY LOW PRICES.



HATS, HATS.

- Boys' Malaga 10 cent
- Men's Malaga 15 "
- Men's Malaga, extra wide 20 "
- Men's Mackinaw Sunday Hat 50 worth 75
- Men's White Canton Sunday Hat 40 " 60
- Men's White Canton Sunday Hat 40 " 75
- Men's Drab and Calf Canton 65 " 1.00
- Men's Fine Manila, six different styles, all good \$1.50 " 2.00
- Men's Brown Manila 1.25 " 1.75
- Men's Brown Manila 1.00 " 1.50

ALL OTHERS IN PROPORTION.

Ladies' Gents', Misses' & Children's Shoes,

AT PRICES TO PLEASE THE MILLIONS.

IF YOU DON'T CATCH ON, COME AND SEE US, AND THEN YOU WILL. DON'T SAY NO!

BUT TAKE IT IN.

CANNONS & FETZER.

No. 3903.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY, WASHINGTON, June 26, 1888.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Concord National Bank," in the town of Concord, in the county of Cabarrus and State of North Carolina, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking; Now therefore I, Jesse D. Brahm, Deputy and Acting Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The Concord National Bank," in the town of Concord, in the county of Cabarrus and State of North Carolina, is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in section fifty one hundred and sixty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office this 26th day of June, 1888.

J. D. BRAHMS, Deputy and Acting Comptroller of the Currency. (By 29 2 m.)

LADIES' PEARLESS DYES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home. They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut; 40 colors. For sale by

FETZER'S DRUG STORE, and D. JOHNSON'S DRUG STORE.

Broad Brim Hats!

A new and pretty lot just received, which will be sold cheap. Mass. J. M. CROSS.

KEEP COOL!

A large lot of square palm leaf fans at the Military Store. Mas. J. M. CROSS.