THE STANDARD.

JAS. P. COOK, B. E. HARRIS, } Editors and Proprietors.

FRIDAY, - MAY 31, 1889.

GIVE US BETTER ROADS.

The people of Cabarrus are and have ever been ashamed of the condition of the public roads of our county. There is perhaps nothing that so reflects discredit upon our excellent county as the miserable roads in the winter. The roads are bad, not because of any insurmountable obstacle in the way of improvement, or because of any peculiarity of soil that renders us less fortunate than our neighbors, but because our system of working the roads is so defective. It is about as slip-shod and worthless as anything can well be that pretends to be more than a burlesque. Most people who are called upon to work the roads do so unwillingly and as little as possible, as if they knew their entire labor was for the benefit of other people and none whatever for themselves.

Next Monday the Justices of the Peace are to meet with the County Commissioners. Among the important measures that will be presented for their consideration will be the adoption or rejection of the McDonald Road Law. Let them consider it well. In order that they may be able to do this more thoroughly we republish the law in THE STANDARD to-day.

The law provides for a levy of tax for the working of the roads—one of the best ways by which this important work can be most thoroughly done. It also provides for a certain amount of manual labor from each citizen. And last, but not least, it provides a way by which our convicts and inmates of the jail can be utilized in working the roads. How much better this would be than either supporting them in demoralizing idleness in our jail or sending them away to work for rich railroad corporations, or to compete with honest labor, as our last Legislature requires them to do.

By these three methods the burden rests equally upon all classes. Our roads will be vastly improved, and every citizen of the county will be benefitted directly and indirectly. Don't be afraid of innovations, where the innovation promises to add so much to the material advancement of our county.

Below we publish in full the McDonald Road Law:

AN ACT

TO PROVIDE FOR AN ALTERNATIVE METHOD OF CONSTRUCTING AND KEEPING IN REPAIR THE PUBLIC ROADS OF THE STATE.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA DO ENACT:

SECTION 1. That the board of commissioners and the board of justices of the peace of any county in the State, in joint session at any regular meeting, or at any meeting called by the board of commissioners of any county, may, by a majority vote, adopt an alternative method of constructing and keeping in repair the public roads of such county as hereinafter provided: Provided, that where it is said that the commissioners and justices of the peace may submit the tax, that the word may shall not be constructed to mean shall.

SEC. 2. That said board of commissioners and said board of justices of the peace, at any of said meetings, may provide for a fund for the construction and keeping in repair said public roads by levying an assessment, by way of ad valorem tax, not exceeding fifteen cents on the hundred dollars valuation, upon all property in such county subject to taxation for State and county purposes, whether such property belong to citizens of incorporated towns or otherwise; and said board of commissioners and board of justices of the peace shall also levy, in case said property tax be levied, a poll-tax upon all persons not exempted as provided by law not exceeding forty-five cents, which taxes shall be included in a separate column on the tax books, and shall be collected by the sheriff or other tax-collector of such county as other taxes are collected, and which taxes shall be kept separate and shall constitute, when collected, the county road fund, to be expended only in the construction and repair of the public roads of such county: Provided, that this section shall be construed so as to allow said board of commissioners and board of justices of the peace to adopt the provisions of this act at any time, notwithstanding they may have at some previous meeting rejected its provisions: Provided further, that any county adopting the provisions of this act may abandon the same at any time and return to the present system, by a majority vote of the board of commissioners and the board of justices of the peace.

SEC. 3. That the board of commissioners and board of justices of the peace of any county adopting the provisions of this act, at any of said meetings, shall provide for calling on all able-bodied male persons of said respective county between the ages of twenty-one and forty-five, to work said roads not exceeding four days in each and every year, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the board of commissioners of such county; and said board of commissioners shall have power to exempt from labor on said roads any one on account of physical disability.

SEC. 4. That any person refusing to work said roads as prescribed in section three of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not exceeding fifty dollars or imprisoned not exceeding thirty days. But any person may pay said road tax in labor, at the discretion of said commissioners, at such price per day as the said commissioners shall prescribe.

SEC. 5. That all persons confined in the county jail, either under a final sentence of the court for crime or imprisonment for the non-payment of fines or costs, or under final judgment in cases of bastardy, or under the vagrant acts, and all persons sentenced to the State prison for a term less than five years, shall be available to the county commissioners for such county, at the discretion of said commissioners, for the purpose of working said persons upon the public roads under the provisions of this act; and upon the application of said commissioners to the judge of the superior court, or, if there be a criminal or inferior court for the county, the judge or presiding officer of said court, it shall be the duty of said judge or presiding officer to assign such persons convicted in his court to such commissioners for said purposes. And when any county has adopted the provisions of this act, the judge of the superior court or criminal court, or the presiding justice of the inferior court holding any court in an adjoining county which has not availed itself of the provisions of this act, may sentence persons convicted of crime as aforesaid to work on the roads in such adjoining county, and such persons may be sent direct to such county.

SEC. 6. That the board of directors of the penitentiary shall furnish the board of commissioners of any county, upon the requisition of said commissioners, not less than twenty nor more than fifty convicts to work upon the public roads of such county. The said convicts shall be at all times under the supervision and control, as to their government and discipline, of the said penitentiary authorities, and any county applying for said convicts under the provisions of this section shall erect suitable stockades for their safe keeping and protection, and shall pay the expenses of the keep and care and entire expense of said convicts, and also the expense of their transportation from and back to the penitentiary, which said expenses may be paid out of said county road fund, or the general county fund, wholly or in part, at the discretion of said board of commissioners: Provided, that when any county shall obtain convicts under the provisions of this act, the said convicts shall be allowed to remain in such county as long as the county authorities may want their services. Provided, the county shall not make default in the payment of the expenses aforesaid: And provided further, that it shall be the duty of the board of directors of the penitentiary to immediately deliver to the board of commissioners of any county that shall apply for convicts under this act such number of convicts within the limits aforesaid as may be asked for, such county, however, first advancing money sufficient to pay the transportation of the convicts and their guard. And any such county shall have preference over any railroad company in the State, any law to the contrary notwithstanding, except where convicts are specially assigned by statute.

SEC. 7. That the said board of commissioners may adopt any method, plan or system for sustaining and keeping in repair said public roads of said respective counties, not inconsistent with the provisions of this act, as may be deemed in the judgment of said commissioners best adapted for their respective counties, and may use said road funds and labor provided for in this act under such rules and regulations as they may prescribe.

SEC. 8. That any person who may be appointed by the board of commissioners of any county to aid in carrying out the provisions of this act, and who shall refuse to perform the duties assigned him, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof fined not exceeding ten dollars or imprisoned not exceeding ten days.

SEC. 9. That the board of commissioners of any county may, in their discretion, purchase any of the improved road machines and such other implements and tools as may be deemed necessary or useful in constructing and keeping in repair said public roads.

SEC. 10. That the board of commissioners of any county shall have discretionary power to make an appropriation out of said road fund or out of the general county fund for putting in repair any place in any public road requiring more than an ordinary expenditure of money or labor by the road hands.

SEC. 11. That the board of commissioners of any county shall have the power to re-locate or change any part of any public road, when in their judgment such re-location or change shall prove advantageous to travel; and such re-location or change shall be made in the manner now provided by law for laying out new roads or highways: Provided, that none of the provisions of this act shall apply to the counties of Carteret, Dare, Hyde, Moore, Onslow and Tyrrell.

SEC. 12. That the Secretary of State is hereby required to furnish the board of commissioners of each county affected by the provisions of this act with fifty copies of this act.

SEC. 13. That this act shall not apply to the counties of Alamance, Halifax, Northampton, Edgecombe, Warren, Henderson, Transylvania, Rockingham, Wilkes, Hyde, Tyrrell, Beaufort and Duplin. But this act shall not serve to repeal chapter two hundred and thirty-four of the laws of North Carolina, enacted at the session of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, in any township of Cabarrus county wherein said chapter has been adopted; and if said chapter shall at any time be adopted in any other township in Cabarrus by vote, as provided in said law of one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, then such adoption shall serve as a repeal of this act in said township.

SEC. 14. That this act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified the 11th day of March, A. D. 1889.

Judge H. L. Bond is trying to jail the commissioners and treasurer of Rutherford county for alleged neglect of duties toward the three C's railroad.

The work on the Governor's mansion is progressing very well. The State will own some handsome property when this magnificent bulding is completed.

A man—a negro man at that—has been lynched at Port Huron, Michigan, and yet we see no flaming editorials in Northern papers about the bloodthirsty savages of the North. The negro was lynched for an assault upon a white woman. It seems that the northern people are as anxious to protect their wives and daughters as the southern people.

DROPS OF

Tar, Pitch and Turpentine from the Old North State.

The roof work of the Governor's mansion is finished.

Raleigh votes on local option June 10th.

The State Press Convention will meet July 17th. Place not selected.

The town of Rockingham gets $1,750 a year from the tax on selling liquor.

The North Carolina Dental Association meets this year at Greensboro on June 15th.

Rev. R. G. Pearson is this week stiring up the people of Greensboro with his powerful sermons.

The Y. M. C. A. at Winston-Salem has made a new departure by having enclosed regular athletic grounds.

Messrs. J. S. Carr and Harry Walters have each agreed to give $500 to the North Carolina Soldiers' Home.

Rev. D. G. Hill, of Fayetteville, was elected moderator of the Southern Presbyterian Church which met in Chattanooga last week.

A little girl in Tarboro, twelve years old, goaded by ill treatment, took off her clothes and jumped in a well and killed herself.

Bill Weddington, the negro who killed policeman Pierce in Monroe about a year ago, has comfessed his crime and will be hanged.

Gov. Fowle has pardoned Ephraim Davis., aged 65, sentenced for life as accessory to a murder eight years ago, he having served these many years.

LaGrange Sentinel: A sturgeon nine feet long and weighing 300 pounds was caught in the Neuse river opposite LaGrange one day last week.

Ex-Gov. Jarvis having been elected an alderman of the town Greenville, the Twin-City Daily wants a stop put to all this chat about republics being ungrateful.

The Henderson Gold Leaf says: Glorious rains have visited this section during the past few days. Up to Sunday we had been without rain for some weeks, and it was getting terribly dry and dusty.

Three white men disguised as "White Caps" attacked two white lads in Hyde county. One of the boys was not afraid, and attacked his his assailants with a razor. He badly wounded one of them.

Robert Sitton, of Jackson county, while sick with typhoid fever, on Thursday night when no one was in the room got out of bed, procured a pistol, put it to the temple, and fired, killing himself instantly.

Shelby Aurora: The academy bonds, $8.000, will soon be engraved and placed on the market. The building site will soon be selected, and soon Shelby will have a building worthy of our enterprising place.

A Charlotte man who was just in from a trip through Kershaw and Lancaster, S. C., says that no rain has fallen there in two months, and the cotton crop is a complete failure. There is not one-tenth of a crop so far.

A great wolf hunt, organized by the people of Macon county ,has resulted in the killing of ten wolves. Thirty experienced hunters led the hunt. Wolves have done great damage to sheep in that section of the country.

Raleigh correspondent Wilmington Messenger: The negro must be popular with the postoffice department, as a route agent. Four or five of them come in here. The last appointee is George T. Wassom, of Goldsboro.

The people of Harnett county, in accordance with the provisions of the act of the last legislature, have voted upon the question of the removal of the county seat from Lillington to Dunn. The vote was largely against removal.

A shocking accident occured near Dunn last Saturday. The little ten year old daughter of Mr. W. C. Jackson was thrown from a cart and kicked to death by a horse, the animal becoming frightened at the driver's walking by its side.

The Farmers' Alliance of Craven, Jones, Lenoir and other Eastern counties will meet in convention in June to consider the practicability of establishing a pine straw bagging factory at Riverdale. The machinery has already been purchased.

The case of William Mahone and others against the Carolina Oil and Creosote Company has been settled. Hon. Warner Miller, of New York, has been elected president of the company, Mr. Thomas, of Washington, having resigned. The charges against Canady were vacated.

Salem Press: The Arista Cotton Mills, of Salem, have made regular shipments of cotton cloth to China for the past two years. The Salem Iron Works have also shipped saw mills to Siam and South America. The tobacco manufactured in Winston-Salem has also reached foreign markets.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

THE SUNDAY EXCURSION AGAIN—ALL THE FAMILY TO BE LOOKED AFTER—HE WILL NOT RESIGN—DEFICIENCY IN THE PENSIONS ALLOWANCE.

From Our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, May 27th, 1889.

Postmaster-General Wanamaker, or as the irreverent persist in calling him "Cheap John," is deserving of a leather medal as the champion hair-splitter of the age. Saturday afternoon he tendered the use of his newly-purchased steam yacht, "Restless," to Harrison and a party of friends—all men this time—to go on a Sunday excursion down to Chesapeake Bay, but asked to be excused from accompanying the party on the ground that he could not be away from his Philadelphia Sunday-school on Sunday. He probably thought to ease his conscience for lending his yacht to the Sunday excursionists by staying away and attending to his Sunday-school class, but what would the members of that class have thought as they took their instruction from Mr. Wanamaker yesterday could they have seen at that very time the gay party aboard of the "Restless," which was being needlessly run on Sunday under the orders of and at the expense of their teacher? What a picture of man as he professes to be and man as he actually is would that have put before those Philadelphia young people. Harrison and the other junkets returned to Washington to-day..

This is quite a family sort of an administration. The latest appointment is that of R. C. Spooner, of Wisconsin, brother of Senator Spooner, to be United States consul at Prague. Any other Senators or Representatives of influence having brothers or sons to be provided for will do well to address J. G. Blaine, Department of State, at once.

United States Treasurer Huston, who is incidentally chairman of the Republican State Committee of Indiana, has gone home in a terrible pet because Corporal Tanner, of the pension office, and the Postmaster-General would not allow him to name a lot of appointments in their offices. But when he returns he will not resign his office, as some of his friends hint. He knows when he has a "snap," and is not likely to give it up because he can't get a few places for his strikers.

Corporal Tanner has already announced that there will be a deficiency of at least $15,000,000 on account of pensions during the fiscal year beginning July 1st, and he is trying to make it appear that the late commissioner, General Black, is responsible for it. To any one familiar with the rulings of Tanner and of Assistant Secretary of the Interior Bussey, who hears appeals, there is no difficulty in placing the responsibility for this deficiency. I shall be greatly surprised if it isn't nearer $25,000,000 than $15,000,000, and, besides, I am satisfied that there is a large deficiency for the current fiscal year, ending June 30th, about which Tanner has yet said nothing.

Senator Quay's bluster has had its effect. Harrison has surrendered, and the Pennsylvanian boss gets all he wants in spite of the opposition of Postmaster-General Wanamaker, Boss McManes and Representative Bingham. Quay has had the following Pennsylvanians appointed by Harrison: B. F. Gilkerson to be Second Comptroller of the Treasury; S. B. Holliday to be Commissioner of Customs, and David Martin to be collector of internal revenue for the Philadelphia district.

Senators Cullom and Farwell are not so fortunate. They are still floundering around in the shadow thrown by the influence of Representative Cannon, of Illinois. It is very seldom that a Representative is strong enough to down two Senators of his own party, but "Joe" Cannon performed the trick.

Harrison is going slower instead of faster in the matter of making appointments, and the dissatisfaction among Republicans is daily spreading and the growls growing louder, as the cause for all the trouble—Harrison's weakness—becomes more apparent to the disappointed men who nominated and elected him.

Washington sent a big delegation to Alexandria, Va., last Friday to witness the unveiling of a handsome statue erected in honor of the Confederates of that city. The principal speech was delivered by Gov. Lee.

Gen. Twiggs' famous swords,which have been on exhibition in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, in this city, ever since their capture during the late war, have, in accordance with the recent decision of the court claims, been turned over to A. C. Myers, executor of the estate of the late General David Twiggs.

The standing of parties who passed the civil service examinations will be made public hereafter. This is a victory for the people, and will to a great extent prevent favoritism.

The love of money is the root of all evil.—St. Paul.

Our Exchanges Speak.

Senator Sherman is in Rome. It may not suit the venerable Ohioan, but for the present he will be compelled to do as Rome does.—Review.

The Oklahoma boom has about played out, and it is now said that the disgusted emigrants are leaving there in as great numbers as were recently to be seen pouring into its borders.—Herald.

The N. Y. Press refers to Hon. John Wanamaker as a representative of the fifth estate, and the N. Y. Sun wants to know where the fifth estate is. It's probably where the fifth wheel in a wagon is or thereabouts.—Wil. Star.

The best evidence of the selfishness of mankind in general is that nearly every man you meet wants to tell you something about himself, but is not willing to listen while you are almost dying to do the same thing.—Review.

The workingman who takes stock in the idea tariff gives him higher wages is about the most profoundly gulled individual in the land. It simply helps millionaires to greater profits and the worker to less wages.—Pittsburg Post.

The reason cotton was slow coming up this season was that it did not propose to be wrapped in jute bagging, and was only waiting to hear what the farmers had decided to do, at the Birmingham convention.—Mecklenburg Times.

There are some things a Chicago man can stand and some he can't. A recent order by a horse railroad company requiring the conductors to wear clean white shirts and collars is regarded as a piece of despotism justifying insurrection.—Star.

It is well that so many of Senator Edmunds' people are moving their business to Alabama. The dreary, inhospitable State of Vermont is fit for nothing but the growth of senseless prejudices. All the Green Mountain boys should come South.—Sentinel.

Bob Lincoln is well received in England. The prestige of a great name helps an ordinary scn. Bob is a clever sort of a fellow, but he will never set the Thames afire. As long as there is nothing to do and no sort of complications, Bob will do as well as any other figure-head.—Messenger.

If the editors of the Alliance papers in the South will just stop covering their cotton crops with jute bagging the trust will have to go At a rough estimate the editors of the agricultural papers of this section must raise seven-eighths, probably nine-tenths, of the cotton crop.—Landmark.

Mrs. Belva Lockwood has gone to Europe. She will be away some time—will probably not return until after the National Conventions meet in 1892. She is going to try to make the European tour dodge a greater success than Blaine did last year. Failing in this, she will petition Victoria for a colonelcy in the Royal Horse Guards.—Plant.

Minnesota has a law under which people may be punished for being drunk "in secret," and a contemporary asks: "But if the man is drunk in secret how is the fact to become known?" If you know your men you can find them every day on a "secret" drunk. This class never stagger, and look wise as owls, but they are loaded all the same.—Star.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Stockholders' Meeting.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the CONCORD FEMALE ACADEMY at W. M. Smith's office on MONDAY NIGHT, June 3d, at 8 P. M. A full attendance is urged, as business of importance comes up for consideration.

W. R. ODELL, Pres.
J. A. CLINE, Sec'y and Treas.

NOTICE.

Under a mortgage executed by J. C. Johnston and wife I will sell, for cash, at the court-house door in Concord, on MONDAY, the 1st of July, 1889, a TRACT OF LAND lying in No. 3 township, Cabarrus county, adjoining the lands of C. A. Overcash and others, containing about fifty-seven (57) acres, and known as a part of the Cope place.

May 30th, 1889.

J. STIREWALT, Trustee.
H. S. PURYEAR, Att'y. my 33-tds

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R. CO., NORTH CAROLINA DIVISION, DIVISION PASSENGER OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C., May 27th, 1889.

LOW RATES.

The Richmond and Danville railroad will sell round-trip tickets to the CENTENNIAL REUNION OF ALUMNI —AT— CHAPEL HILL, N. C.,

May 31st to June 6th,

INCLUSIVE, GOOD RETURNING UNTIL AND INCLUDING JUNE 10TH, '89:

From Charlotte and return		$4 30
" Concord	"	3 95
" Salisbury	"	3 50
" Linwood	"	3 25
" Lexington	"	3 00
" Thomasville	"	2 70
" High Point	"	2 70
" Jamestown	"	2 45
" Rural Hall	"	3 25
" Salem-Winston	"	3 00
" Kernersville	"	2 70
" Greensboro	"	2 15

and from all other stations in the State at proportionately low rates.

G. L. TAYLOR, G. P. A. W. A. TURK, D. P. A.

AT SWINK'S!

—)—(O)—(—

—TO THOSE WHO ENJOY—

GOOD HAM MEAT

I WOULD BE GLAD TO SUPPLY YOU.

I can sell you a HAM THAT IS DELICIOUS. Once try them and you will always want more.

—:o:—

☞Please don't say anything about this to Revenue officers: To those who love a GOOD SMOKE I can sell you

One Pound Fine-Cut Smoking Tobacco and Pipe for 25c.

—o—

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER LOT OF

TRUNKS, HAND-BAGS, VALISES, &C.

TRAVELERS, GIVE ME A CALL.

☞ WHITE LAWN 10, 12½ and 25 Cents per yard. ☜

W. J. SWINK.

GREAT ATTRACTIONS!

—AT THE—

LEADING

MILLINERY STORE

I have just received another lot of the most elegant

SPRING MILLINERY!

EVER BROUGHT TO CONCORD.

I have a beautiful and endless variety of TRIMMED & UNTRIMMED

H-A-T-S

—FOR—

LADIES, MISSES & CHILDREN.

Also a most handsome line of

Flowers, Tips, Ribbons,

—AND—

Trimming Material,

which will be offered at a SMALL ADVANCE ON COST

I STRIVE TO PLEASE ALL, AND ONLY ASK A FAIR TRIAL.

☞I also have a beautiful assortment of LACE CAPS and BONNETS FOR CHILDREN.

Respecifully,

Mrs. J. M. CROSS.

$10 SAVED.

ALL KIND OF REPAIRS FOR

Cook and Heating STOVES.

When you want Repairs bring me the name, number and maker's name of your stove and I can get them for you.

Cook Stoves

CAN SUIT EVERYBODY IN PRICES AND QUALITY.

—o—

FIRE CLAY FLUE PIPE,

Safest and cheapest material for building Flues.

Lightning Rods

For Dwellings, Barns, &c. &c.

Tin Roofing And Guttering

A Specialty.

RUBBER ROOFING PAINT for preserving Tin and Shingle Roofs and stopping Leaks.

Saddles and Harness

Saddles, Harness, Bridles, Collars, Whips and everything in the Saddle and Harness line.

HAND MADE HARNESS OF THE BEST OAK TANNED LEATHER.

Highest Cash prices paid for Hides.

Come and see me.

W. J. HILL.
CONCORD, N. C.

TO RAILWAY CONTRACTORS.

Bids are now wanted for building and equiping the Concord Street Railway, in accordance with the Profile and Specification on file in my office.

Contractors may bid for the entire work or upon any part of it.

Bids from parties who are prepared to do the work at once will be considered most favorably.

J. P. ALLISON,
President Concord Street Railway Company.

Carpets and Rugs

RENOVATED AND RESTORED to their ORIGINAL COLOR & BEAUTY at residence WHILE ON THE FLOOR.

Sample of work free. Leave all orders at Cannons & Fetzer's.

my 10-4t W. B. DONALDSON.

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.

Next session begins, the first Monday of September. Location healthy Terms moderate.

For catalougue or particulars, address,

Rev. J. G. SCHAID, Pres't,
Mt. Pleasant, N. C.

August 3, 1888.

A LIVE DRUG STORE!

—IN—

Concord at Last!

"Cupid and my Campaspe play'd
At cards for kisses. Cupid paid;
He stakes his quiver, bow and arrows,
His mother's doves, and team of sparrows;
Loses them too; then down he throws
The coral of his lip, (but none knows how),
With these, the crystal of his brow,
And then the dimple of his chin;
All these did my Campaspe win.
At last he set her both his eyes;
She won, and Cupid blind did rise.
Oh, Love! has she done this to thee?
What shall, alas! become of me!"

These lines were penned more than three hundred years ago, and yet it would be hard to find anything to surpass them in the poetry of to-day. And yet we live in a world and in an age of progress. One hundred years ago New York had a population of 33,000, To-day with Brooklyn and Jersey City—her other suburbs—the census would give her 3,300,000. Concord, in about the same length of time, has developed into a village of 3,000 inhabitants.

"Why should a man, whose blood is warm within,
Sit like his grandsire, cut in alabaster."

Why, indeed? The answer is not far to seek, but it is none of my business, and is far from my intention, to point it out at this time. Of one thing we are all assured, however, and that is that Concord is entering upon a new era of growth and expansion and prosperity, and believing, as I do, that the attention of our people needs only to be awakened to the importance of keeping all of our money at home, I have determined to offer such inducements to the JOBBING & RETAIL TRADE of Concord and its vicinity that no one, hereafter, shall have any excuse for going away from home to buy anything in the way of

Drugs, :-: Medicines,

PAINTS, OILS, ETC., ETC.

New York, Baltimore and Charlotte prices will, at

GIBSON'S DRUG STORE,

in the future, BE DUPLICATED, and at any time if the article is not in stock it will be ordered direct from the nearest city by express or freight, as directed, and DELIVERED AT THE PRICE MARKED ON THE BOTTLE. Instead of ordering medicines direct, turn over your order to me and I will get it more promptly than you can, and, in addition, save you the freight.

☞I have just received a large lot of PAINTS, which will be sold as cheaply as they can be bought anywhere. I have also added to my stock an immense and beautiful line of MOULDINGS for picture frames. With my patent mitre-box I can make any size of picture frame in ten minutes, ranging in price from 5 cents to $10, out of moulding worth from 2½ to 50 cents per foot. My stock of Toys, China and Fancy Goods, Baseball Goods, Croquet Sets, Tobacco and Cigars is the most complete in town.

J. P. GIBSON.
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TO THE

RETAIL TRADE:

We have added a full line of

Staple Dry Goods, Shoes and Hats

to our stock. EVERYTHING, besides being new, was bought at the lowest cash prices, and we guarantee to sell you as cheap, and many things cheaper, than you can buy elsewhere.

Our rule is to buy in large quantities and pay the cash down, as soon as they come in the house, mark them at a small profit, and sell for CASH.

WE GUARANTEE PRIECS ON SALT, SHIRTING AND PLAIDL, TO BE AS LOW AT THE

LOWEST.

TO THE

WHOLESALE TRADE:

Our wholesale business has been very successful, and we thank our friends and customers for kind words of encouragement and liberal orders. Our stock is larger than ever, and our

Prices Lower.

Save time and trouble ordering your goods when you can do as well in Concord.

WE OFFER:

1 Car Load Kerosene Oil,
1 " " White Rose Flour
50 Barrels of Sugar,
25 Sacks of Coffee,
25 Cases of Potash,
100 " Canned Goods,
50 Boxes of Tobacco,
50 Thousand Cigaretts,
250 Kegs of Powder.
150 Bags of Shot,
50 Cases of Matches,
100,000 Paper Sacks, &c.

We have the Agency for the

Baltimore United Oil Co.,

and keep all grades of Oil in stock.

ALSO THE AGENCY FOR

Laflin & Rand Powder Co's celebrated Powder.

When in Concord, will be pleased to have you call.

PATTERSON'S,

Leading Wholesale and Retail Store.