

THE STANDARD.

JAS. P. COOK, } Editors and
B. E. HARRIS, } Proprietors.
FRIDAY, - JUNE 14, 1889.
MR. TRACEY'S SPEECH.

There was a comparatively small crowd at the court-house Friday to hear the speech of Mr. Harry Tracey, of Texas, on the Alliance question. Information as to the appointment was received here too late to be generally disseminated throughout the county; otherwise the speaker would have had the large audience that his interesting speech deserved. Judging from appearances, the speaker was a genuine farmer—one who, as Capt. Charles McDonald said in introducing him, lived, not in town, but several miles in the country. He is devoted to the interest of his profession, and of the whole country, holding, correctly, that whatever tends to alleviate and elevate the condition of the farming world also redounds to the good of the country as a whole. He has informed himself thoroughly as to the condition of the farmers not only in this district but in the United States. He shows that, in many respects, our Southern country compares most favorably with the North and Northwest, that section being more heavily mortgaged, as well as having more of the anarchist element in it than ours. He called attention to the fact that that section also had more railroads than ours, leaving his hearers to infer that the railroads were largely responsible for the condition of affairs there. Railroads, he said, were blessings when managed in the interest of the people; curses when not. The percentage of small farms was decreasing less rapidly here than in Illinois, for instance, while the increase of large estates was more rapid.

The speaker deplored the fact that while capital is increasing and aggregating the masses are becoming poorer and home-owners are becoming fewer. In this tendency he seemed to see one of the most unfavorable symptoms of our present civilization. Give a man a home, said he, and hedge it around with the protection of the law, so that he feels that the law is his friend, and you make him a patriot; take away his home—let him be without the restraints of home influence, and ground down by the merciless exactions of soulless corporations—and you have a red-handed anarchist. There is truth in that.

One great means for self-protection, which seems to be the order of the day, the farmers had almost entirely failed to avail themselves of—viz: organization. While every other trade or profession, even down to the bootblacks, were fully organized, the farmers were the last to attempt it. He dwelt at some length upon the success of the Standard Oil Company, Cotton Seed Oil Trust and other large and powerful corporations, and explained the methods by which they accomplished such great results.

While the address was very interesting, as is evidenced by the fact that his audience listened attentively for nearly two hours, there is one point which Mr. Tracey failed to elucidate, and it is by all odds the greatest question of the day, and one upon which we hoped to hear him; that is, the remedy for the existing depression and the means which must and could be used for the advancement of the farming classes. While he said that a true physician would not treat the disease but the cause of the disease, we could not help thinking that the speaker was, to a considerable extent, doing just what he condemned in the physician. It may be that the lack of time prevented a discussion of this part of the case, or it may be that he dwelt upon this in his talk to members of the Alliance in the evening. We all know that something is wrong, and that something ought to be done, but what we want to know, and what we do not know, is what to do to remedy the disease. We afterwards enquired of several of his hearers as to what remedy was suggested by the speaker, and received a different answer from each, and what was given was rather inferred than obtained from any direct assertion.

A great many statistics were given that he had culled from the last census report, or had gotten by computing from data given therein. He holds the press of the country responsible for the great ignorance on these questions which, he said, prevailed among the farming classes. We hardly think he was just in this, for the press, and especially our Southern press, with a few noted exceptions, is open to a fair discussion of these great questions. While it is impossible for an editor to be as devoted to the interests of any class or profession, as a member of that class or profession, yet any contributions containing information, or suggesting plans for the betterment of our people, are more than welcome. In this way the leaders of any class

of our people are more responsible for the prevalence of any damaging ignorance.

We enjoyed Mr. Tracey's speech very much, and think it will have a good influence upon our people by causing them to think. We only wish that he had dwelt more largely upon some vital points.

Our Exchanges Speak.

The straight-out, old-time Republicans do not seem to like the President's action in giving the District-Attorneyship to Price instead of to Boyd.—Durham Plant.

Our punster remarked the other day that boot and shoe making is the "last" occupation on earth, because a man was forced to peg away all the time to save his sole.—Wilson Mirror.

The answer to the question why the "South is Solid," is very brief. Self-preservation is the first law of nature. Until the conditions change self-preservation and solidity mean the same. "It is a condition and not a theory that confronts us."—Wilmington Star.

An independent negro party has been organized in Richmond, Va., and no white men are admitted. Now let this thing prevail throughout the South, and the time is not far distant when such a thing as a Southern white republican can not be found.—Scotland Neck Democrat.

Our roads are so hard and firm at this season of the year that it is hard to realize that they could get in the terrible condition that they do in the winter, which we think is one reason of the defeat last Monday of the Alternative method of keeping them in repair.—Messenger and Intelligence.

The South in 1880, produced 397,301 tons of pig iron. In 1888, it produced 1,132,258 tons—an increase of 190 per cent. The remainder of the country gained but 50 per cent. in the eight years. It is calculated that by the end of the century the product of the South alone will amount to 7,000,000 tons.—Wilmington Messenger.

Mr. Blaine thinks Cuba would be a very desirable acquisition to the United States, commanding, as it does the entrance of the Gulf of Mexico and the water way from the North to the South; and, also, that it will be important in a military as well as commercial sense. He doesn't think much of the annexation of Canada.—Keowee Courier.

We notice everywhere we travel that the farmer who owns small farms and cultivates them thoroughly, producing a variety of crops even under the many drawbacks prevailing all over the country, as to inefficient labor, etc., are, as a class, prosperous, while those who have raised cotton exclusively are much less prosperous.—Goldboro Transcript.

The Berlin conference over the Samoan affairs has concluded satisfactorily to the United States. It is an interesting fact to note that President Harrison was in direct communication with the American representatives every day of the conference, and that Jingo Blaine did not cut much of a figure in the game. Hasn't Blaine "awunk" since March 4th?—Mecklenburg Times.

A beautiful monument was erected in the University campus some years ago by the alumni in honor of Dr. Joseph Caldwell, the first president of that institution. Thursday night last this monument was woefully desecrated by some party or parties. It was painted with deep red paint from the base to within a foot or more of the top. The injury is thought to be irreparable.—Durham Sun.

The Progressive farmer wants to see a department in our State Fair, in charge of old soldiers, filled with war relics, mementoes, trophies and curiosities for our young people to see. Let it be understood that this department will gladly and thankfully receive contributions of any and all kinds, which are to be sold at a moderate price. Let it be made really attractive, and let all the proceeds go to the fund for building the Confederate Soldiers Home. A good sum may thus be raised and at the same time add greatly to the attraction and interest of the Fair.

The idea seems to prevail that our development as a State depends largely upon cotton factories. Almost every town has its energies devoted to the building of factories for the manufacture of warps and sheeting. We think that investigation will prove that at present there are more institutions of this character than is profitable. There are over one hundred cotton factories in the State and very few of them are "keeping buckle and tongue together." The plaid and sheeting markets have been over stocked for months. Great quantities of stock are lying in warehouses and in the hands of commission men for the want of demand.—Mt. Olive Telegram.

Two hours a day is the time given by the members of Harrison's cabinet to seeing the public. Quite exclusive these gentlemen are growing.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

VARIOUS ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.
From Our Regular Correspondent.]
WASHINGTON, June 12, 1889.

Harrison will give anti-Mahone Virginian Republicans a hearing tomorrow. A delegation of Virginia negroes called at the White House Saturday. They say that Harrison told them he did not propose to recognize Mahone. But as one of this delegation expressed it: "It's mighty queer if Mahone isn't recognized by the appointing power; that every man appointed to a Federal office in or from that State happens to be shouting Mahonite." While this crowd is quarrelling over the spoils, Democrats here are looking forward to carrying the State by a much larger majority than Cleveland and Thurman did.

Verily the ways of Providence are inscrutable. The fight between Blaine and Harrison has been indefinitely postponed on account of the news received from Hayti. It seems that the fellow who was engaged in making a treaty with France that would endanger the Monroe doctrine has been so badly licked by the rebel general that he is no longer in a position to make treaties, hence we have no need for a commission in that country, and Blaine has no excuse for attempting to bull-doze Harrison into letting him have his way. The next news from Hayti may change the face of the matter.

Secretary Windom has, in deference to a wide expression of condemnation, refused to accept the opinion of the Solicitor of the Treasury that it would be unlawful for the Catholic University of America, that is to be established in this city, to bring from Europe a corps of instructors. The matter has been referred to the Attorney-General, and if he decides the opinion of the Solicitor to be good law the officers of the University will go to Congress in order to get an amendment to such an absurd law.

Disappointment at not receiving an office is having a bad effect on James Jackson, of Alabama, who was a candidate for the District Attorneyship given to Parsons, the engineer of the "White man's party" fiasco. He is in such a bad way that his family has been telegraphed to come on. He is crazy.

Among the appointments by Harrison last week were a Democrat and a negro. The negro was made receiver of public moneys at Huntersville, Alabama, and the Democrat a marshal of the Western District of Louisiana.

Cranks seem to have the advantage of ordinary people in the matter of "luck." For instance, look at the case of Capt. G. A. Armes, U. S. A., retired, who has just had his third sentence of dismissal from the army commuted by the President to confinement within such limits as may be presented by the Secretary of War, and to deprivation of the right to wear the uniform and insignia of his rank in the army for a period of five years. The offenses for which he was tried this time were intruding into the inaugural parade and attempting to pull the nose of Governor Beaver, of Pennsylvania. The court martial found him guilty and sentenced him to dismissal. Most people here regard him as crazy enough to be in an asylum.

Julius Caesar Burrows, the Michigan Congressman, whose principal distinction is the possession of a voice that is a pretty good imitation of a fog-horn, and who hopes to be Speaker of the next House of Representatives, is very much troubled for fear that the wicked Democrats will give the Republicans trouble when the time comes to organize the House. It is a pretty commentary on the rules governing that body for Burrows to say that with the assistance of one experienced member he could keep the House in a dead-lock for the two years of its existence.

P. M. G. Wanamaker is anxious to stop the handling of the mails on Sundays. The business men of the country would be likely to vigorously protest against such a move. The Western Union Telegraph Company would probably pay Wanamaker more than he paid for his position if he could stop all mails on Sundays. It would be worth at least one million dollars per year to that concern.

There is a rumor here that Patrick Egan, recently appointed Minister to Chili, had been recalled on account of the revelations in the murder case of Dr. Cronin at Chicago. The rumor is denied at the State Department.

Ex-Senator Riddleberger is making himself the laughing stock at Washington by his antics. If he is not sent to an inebriate asylum soon it will be too late.

Col. J. C. Kelton has been appointed Adjutant-General of the Army, to succeed General R. C. Drum, recently retired. He has been General Drum's assistant for several years.

DROPS OF

Tar, Pitch and Turpentine from the Old North State.

The recent storm at Greensboro caused the gospel tent to collapse. A northern syndicate has purchased 30,000 acres farming land in North Carolina.

Rev. C. C. Newton and family started from Durham, N. C., for Africa, June 5th.

Charles Tilman, formerly of Newton, N. C., is now traveling with Sam Jones as a musician.

In Stokes county a hawk made a grab for a young chicken and the hen tackled the hawk and killed it.

Asheville Citizen: A lot which was sold for \$150 in this city in 1872, yesterday brought \$6,500 at private sale.

Judge Dick is contributing a series of articles to the Guilford Collegian on the subject of "How Little We Know."

Quite a number of people from abroad are here in attendance upon the commencement exercises of Asheville Female College.

The Free Press says a sturgeon 8 feet long and weighing 225 pounds was caught in a set net in the Neuse river near Kinston some days ago.

At Reidsville there are between fifty and seventy-five persons in the county poor house. It costs the county about three thousand dollars a year.

Mr. J. A. Westbrook has shipped eighty thousand quarts of strawberries. It is evident that somebody has strawberries to eat.—Mt. Olive Telegraph.

The Odd Fellows of the State are said to be contemplating the establishment of an orphan asylum for the care of the children of members of their order.

The President appointed John B. Eaves collector of the 5th district. Kerr Craig resigned and Charles Price of Salisbury District Attorney vice P. C. Jones.

Two Raleigh negroes went to Oklahoma when that country was first opened. They scoured 100 acres of land each and are back after their families.

When Mr. Wm. Morehead, of Cleveland county, woke up Friday morning, 3d, he found he had been sleeping with a corpse. His wife lay dead beside him.

Rev. A. C. Dixon, of Baltimore, will sail for Europe on June 16th. Bro. Dixon expects to visit Rome, and then call to see the missionaries on the north coast of Africa.

Asheville Journal: The Western North Carolina Railroad company is erecting a heavy substantial bridge across the Tuckasee river, two miles this side of Bryson City in Swain county.

Wilmington Star: A rattlesnake seven feet long, nine inches in diameter and with eleven rattles, was killed Saturday by one of the still hands at Mr. Vollers' place at Point Caswell.

Dunn Courier: Mr. Len Bradley of Bradley's Store this county, has a hen carrying sixty little chickens. We learn that a man near Poes, this county, some time ago ate seventy-two eggs at one time.

Aunt Polly Price, of Rutherford county, who died recently at the age of 99 years, said that she made eighty dollars a year—forty by attending to her own business and forty by letting other people's alone.

At colored infant which had evidently lived but which had never been dressed, was taken out of a well on the place of Messrs. Woolten and Curnett, a short distance east of Statesville, the latter part of last week.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. E. LOESSER, JEWELER, HAS OPENED HIS NICE STORE,

TOO BUSY TO WRITE AN AD. Sale of Valuable Land

Under the powers contained in a mortgage or deed-in-trust executed to me by T. C. Platt on the 16th day of March, 1885, and registered in "Record of Mortgages No. 3" page 210, in Register of Deeds office of Cabarrus county, I will sell for cash, at public auction, at the court-house door, in the town of Concord, said county, at one o'clock, p. m., on MONDAY, the 18th day of July, 1889, a certain tract of land containing about ninety-nine acres, situated in No. 1 township, said county, adjoining the lands of Mrs. Virginia Ervin, Frank Teeter and others, the notes and bonds of which fully appear in said registered mortgage or deed-in-trust.

This the 12th day of June, 1889.
J. P. ALLISON, J. P. ALLISON, Attorney.

Town Ordinances.

Call Meeting of the Board of Commissioners for the town of Concord, June 5th, 1889: Ordinance 48.

The Board of Commissioners for the town of Concord do ordain—
Sec. I. That any owner or the guardian of any owner of any premises or lot upon which there is a cellar, sink or excavation near or next to any sidewalk or pavement who shall not, within twenty-four hours after having been notified, in writing, by the Mayor, surround such cellar, sink or excavation so as to prevent injury to persons or stock, and in such manner as the Mayor shall direct, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined fifty dollars or imprisoned twenty days.

Sec. II. This ordinance shall be in full force from and after it is ordained.

Ordinance 49.

The Board of Commissioners for the town of Concord do ordain—
That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to injure or in any way to damage any of the electric light posts, lamps, wires or any other apparatus belonging to the Concord Electric Light Company. Any person or persons violating either of the foregoing provisions shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined fifty dollars or imprisoned for thirty days.

Ordinance 50.

The Board of Commissioners for the town of Concord do ordain—
That any person who shall use or shoot any sling-shot or javelin within the corporate limits of Concord shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined five dollars or imprisoned five days.

Ordinance 51.

The Board of Commissioners for the town of Concord do ordain—
That any person who shall use or shoot any sling-shot or javelin within the corporate limits of Concord shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined five dollars or imprisoned five days.

Ordinance 52.

The Board of Commissioners for the town of Concord do ordain—
That any person who shall use or shoot any sling-shot or javelin within the corporate limits of Concord shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined five dollars or imprisoned five days.

Ordinance 53.

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That any person who shall use or shoot any sling-shot or javelin within the corporate limits of Concord shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined five dollars or imprisoned five days.

Ordinance 54.

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That any person who shall use or shoot any sling-shot or javelin within the corporate limits of Concord shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined five dollars or imprisoned five days.

Ordinance 55.

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Ordinance 56.

The Board of Commissioners for the town of Concord do ordain—
That any person who shall use or shoot any sling-shot or javelin within the corporate limits of Concord shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined five dollars or imprisoned five days.

AT SWINK'S!

FRUIT JAR RUBBERS, Stone and Glass Fruit Jars,

FRESH SNOWFLAKE CRACKERS, Bunola Parched Coffee, 30 Cts. lb.

It is a better Coffee than Arbuckle's. Give it a trial.

WHITE WINE AND APPLE VINEGAR, GRAHAM MUFFINS ARE GOOD AND HEALTHY. I HAVE THE FLOUR AT 50c A POUND.

A LARGE STOCK OF JUGS, CROCKS AND JARS. Give me a call. Respectfully, W. J. SWINK.

TO RAILWAY CONTRACTORS' Bids are now wanted for building and equipping the Concord Street Railway, in accordance with the Profile and Specification on file in my office.

Contractors may bid for the entire work or upon any part of it. Bids from parties who are prepared to do the work at once will be considered most favorable.

J. P. ALLISON, President Concord Street Railway Company.

NOTICE. Having qualified as administrator of the estate of A. C. Alexander, deceased, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them to the undersigned on or before the 20th DAY OF APRIL, 1889, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

All persons owing said estate are enjoined to make immediate payment. J. P. ALLISON, Administrator.

Subscribe Now! THE SECOND SERIES OF STOCK OF THE CONCORD PERPETUAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION WILL BEGIN Saturday, June 8th.

Those who desire stock in this series may subscribe now, and it will be well for those desiring loans to file their applications at once as there is good demand for money at this season.

For full information apply to JOHN P. ALLISON, President, JOHN C. LESLIE, Secretary and Treasurer, my 24

Administrator's Notice. Having qualified as administrator of the estate of A. C. Alexander, deceased, with his will annexed, all persons indebted to the estate of deceased are hereby notified that they must make prompt payment; and all persons having claims against the estate must present the same before the 9th DAY OF MAY, 1889, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

R. C. WHITE, Admr. By W. G. Means, Att'y. This 9th May, 1889.

F-A-R-M-E-R-S, ALL OTHER MERCHANTS, WE ARE AFTER YOUR W-O-O-L!

REMEMBER WE BUY AT THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE, OR WILL SHIP IT AND HAVE IT MADE UP INTO

Cassimeres, Jeans, FLANNELS, BLANKETS, LINSEYS, SPUN YARN OR CARDED.

Study your interest by seeing us before you sell or ship.

BELL & SIMS, AGENTS, FARMERS' STORE.

W. J. MONTGOMERY, J. LEE CROWELL, Montgomery & Crowell, Attorneys and Counsellors at law.

Concord, N. C. As partners, will practice law in Cabarrus, Stanly and adjoining counties, in the Superior and Supreme Court of the State, and in the Federal Court.

Office on Depot Street.

TO THE

RETAIL TRADE:

We have added a full line of Staple Dry Goods, Shoes and Hats

to our stock. EVERYTHING, besides being new, was bought at the lowest cash prices, and we guarantee to sell you as cheap, and many things cheaper, than you can buy elsewhere.

Our rule is to buy in large quantities and pay the cash down, as soon as they come in the house, mark them at a small profit, and sell for CASH.

WE GUARANTEE PRICES ON SALT, SHIRTING AND PLAID, TO BE AS LOW AT THE LOWEST.

TO THE WHOLESALE TRADE: Our wholesale business has been very successful, and we thank our friends and customers for kind words of encouragement and liberal orders. Our stock is larger than ever, and our

Prices Lower.

Flowers, Tips, Ribbons, Trimming Material,

which will be offered at a SMALL ADVANCE ON COST

ESTRIVE TO PLEASE ALL, AND ONLY ASK A FAIR TRIAL.

Also have a beautiful assortment of LACE CAPS and BONNETS FOR CHILDREN.

Respectfully, Mrs. J. M. CROSS.

\$10 SAVED. ALL KIND OF REPAIRS FOR

Cook and Heating STOVES.

When you want Repairs bring me the name, number and maker's name of your stove and I can get them for you.

WE OFFER: 1 Car Load Kerosene Oil, 1 " " White Rose Flour, 50 Barrels of Sugar, 25 Sacks of Coffee, 25 Cases of Polash, 100 " Canned Goods, 50 Boxes of Tobacco, 50 Thousand Cigaretts, 250 Kegs of Powder, 150 Bags of Shot, 50 Cases of Matches, 100,000 Paper Sacks, &c.

Lightning Rods For Dwellings, Barns, &c. &c.

Tin Roofing And Guttering A Specialty.

RUBBER ROOFING PAINT for preserving Tin and Shingle Roofs and stopping Leaks.

Saddies and Harness Saddles, Harness, Bridles, Collars, Whips and everything in the Saddle and Harness line.

HAND MADE HARNESS OF THE BEST OAK TANNED LEATHER.

Highest Cash prices paid for Hides. Come and see me.

W. J. HILL, CONCORD, N. C.