

THE STANDARD.

THIS 4-PAGER HAS A BIGGER CIRCULATION AT EVERY POSTOFFICE IN THE COUNTY, SAVE ONE, THAN ANY OTHER PAPER.

VOL. V.—NO. 23.

CONCORD, N. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1892.

WHOLE NO. 230.

THE STANDARD.

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ONLY TWICE AS MUCH READING MATTER AS ANY PAPER EVER OR NOW PUBLISHED IN THE COUNTY. TUCKLE US WITH \$1.

STANLY HAS

A LYCHING.

ALEX. WHITLEY, OR BARRIS, SWUNG TO A TREE.

Masked Men Break into Alhambra's Jail and Take Alex. Whitley and Swing Him to a Tree—The Sheriff Overpowered—He Makes No Confession.

ALBEMARLE, N. C., June 9.

At 1:30 o'clock this morning a band of masked and disguised men (about 75 in number), appeared at the jail here and demanded prisoner Alexander Whitley. Sheriff Snuggs had small guard on the lookout for the mob, fears of lynching being entertained by some.

The men came with their bloody shirts on, and fully determined to have Whitley or shed blood in the attempt to get him.

The mob demanded the keys of Sheriff Snuggs. He stood his ground bravely and held on to the keys. Failing to get the keys, the mob broke through all the doors, reached Whitley, cut the shackles, secured the prisoner and hastened off to the west side of Alhambra across the creek which borders the town, and there swung him to the limb of a tree.

Whitley pleaded innocent and made no confession to any other crimes, but he said that Tucker was killed in his (Whitley's) house in Arkadelphia, Ark., but by another party.

Everything passed off quietly and Whitley's lifeless body hangs in the breeze this morning. J. D. B.

Whitley stood charged with the murder of D. B. Tucker sometime in February last, the deed being committed in Arkansas. This is the first murder, by lynching, ever committed in Stanly. It is a genuine sensation.

That mob has done wrong if law be right. They stand today guilty of a crime that is more heinous than the one with which Whitley was charged. But in this day when justice miscarries and our courts fail to do their duty, there is no surprise at some people taking the law in their own hands.

Both Whitley and Tucker were Stanly born men. Tucker attended school at the college at Mt. Pleasant, and while known as a bright and intellectual man, he was considered a man of bad character, and when it was known that he was gambling, Tucker was expelled from college. He was one time considered the best public school teacher in Stanly, but his association was such as to bring him into evil repute. This Whitley has never been conspicuous for noble deeds.

The Standard learns from a reliable source that it was the purpose of a band to mob Whitley on Tuesday night but their plans miscarried.

Quite a number from Cabarrus had promised to go, but their wives persuaded them not to go and the matter was frustrated for that night. The Standard believes that one of the mobbers is now in Concord, and if the insinuating remarks made by a passenger of the noon train, Thursday, mean anything.

Organ of State Alliance.

The Progressive Farmer has done much valuable service for the cause of reform and we regret that it has seen fit to resign as the Organ of the State Alliance. In an editorial headed "Freedom" it says: "We were willing for the Alliance people of North Carolina to dictate the policy of the paper while it was their Organ, but no man, no dozen men can do it."

We think the above was uncalculated. "No one man, no dozen men," have attempted to do any dictating. Any paper that is the Organ of the State Alliance must be under the direction of the State administration representing the Alliance, or else it would not in fact be the Organ. This is what the administration of the State Alliance insisted on and it would have been untrue to the organization if it had done less. In fact the Organ of the Alliance should be the property of the Order, and its policy must be directed by the State officials.

Sam Small runs for Congress on the Prohibition ticket.

SEVEN CHASTLY RELICS.

Skeletons of Confederate Soldiers Unearthed on South Mountain.

One day recently, says the Boonsboro, (Md.) Valley Register, while Mr. Clayton Smith was ploughing on the Daniel Bent farm, now owned and occupied by Mr. Luther Warrenfeltz, and situated about one mile north of Mrs. M. V. Dahlgren's summer home in "Turner's Gap," on South Mountain, and about six miles west of this place, he ploughed up the skeleton of a Confederate soldier.

On Thursday evening of last week Mr. Warrenfeltz went to the spot to make further investigation, and in a short time succeeded in unearthing the bones of two more soldiers. He was confident that there were still more bodies to be found, but night coming on he ceased his search. The following morning Mr. Warrenfeltz informed the Register by letter of his ghastly find, and requested us to notify the Confederate Memorial Association of Frederick which was done.

The finding of the bodies was soon noised about, and on Sunday afternoon, last, a number of persons visited the scene, and while there they uncovered four more bodies, making seven in all. The bones were not much over a foot below the surface of the ground, and several of the skulls were remarkably well preserved, even to the teeth. The soles and uppers of some of the shoes were found; also small buckles, shirt buttons, fragments of clothing, etc.

Several of the skeletons revealed in a very forcible manner the cause of death. Firmly imbedded in one of the skulls were three bullets—one in the jaw and one in the back part of the skull. Two breast-bones each contained a bullet, and there was also a leaden missile in one of the thigh bones. In all fourteen bullets were found in the seven bodies, but some of them had never been fired, and were presumably in the pockets or cartridge boxes of the men when killed. A tooth was picked up that had a gold filling in it that was as bright as the day it was placed there. One strange thing, however, was the fact that no coat buttons could be found. This at the time the remains were exhumed, was commented upon, but could not be explained.

About People We Know.

The Rutherfordton Banner takes time to write this about some people we know:

There is a nicely fitted boat on Broad river, which makes regular voyages at irregular intervals between a point romantically named "Furtle Hole," and the ford on Broad river known as Twitty's Ford. The officers of the boat are Captain W. M. Worrell and Pilot John C. Twitty. The passengers are Dr. and Mrs. T. B. Twitty, Captain and Mrs. J. W. Clark, and Miss Mary Waller Camp. The cargo, going north, consists of bait, tackle, lunch and the usual appurtenances; going south, of fun, fish and an occasional turtle. We have been trying to figure up just what it would cost to move the Banner office on board the boat for renovation.

Ten Trenches of Snow at Deadwood.

St. Paul, Minn., June 8.—A great snowstorm is raging west of the Missouri river, in South Dakota. At Deadwood snow has been falling steadily for ten hours, and lies on the ground to the depth of about six inches. Traffic is almost suspended and the temperature has fallen below the freezing point.

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Sam Small runs for Congress on the Prohibition ticket.

A BIG ENGLISH BANK SUSPENS.

Refused Assistance by the Bank of England—Causes of the Suspension A Sensation in Banking Circles.

London, June 8.—The new Oriental bank applied to the Bank of England today for assistance to tide over its troubles but was refused. It accordingly suspended. It has branches at several points in India, Australia and Japan, and in New York and San Francisco. The circular issued by the directors gives the liabilities as £7,350,000 and un-called capital as £6,000,000. The directors recommend to the depositors to withdraw only twenty per cent. of their deposits in order to allow the successful reconstruction of the bank. The suspension in the value of silver, to the consequent increasing distrust in Great Britain of investments in silver countries, and to the withdrawal of capital in the East, coupled with the unprecedented condition of trade in China, Japan and Australia, and losses incurred through the hurricane at Manritina. The report concludes with the statement that steps will be taken to protect the assets of the bank. Immediate liabilities are believed to amount to \$5,500,000. The failure has caused a great sensation.

The question of our subject is a very important one, though some may think it a quiddy not deserving attention. When we set down to write it was simply to bring the enquiry to view. But down, we often have but little idea what the trembling mountain will bring forth—a ridiculous mouse or a roaring, rumbling, dashing train of cars with its puffing, smoking engine and screaming whistle. We believe man is higher than angels, because (1) He was made at the creation. When this was done, God as the Divine Three in unity, said: "Let us make man in our image, after our likeness." Such an image and likeness would, of course, be higher, nearer and more like God than any angel he ever made. So man was made as the Trinity prepared.

Horses That Must Be Killed.

Mr. Wilson Wallace, of Crab Orchard township, came into the city yesterday and reported two horses in that township that are suffering from a disease that is to all appearances glanders. The law of this State is that horses afflicted with glanders must be killed. Glanders is invariably fatal, and is contagious. The law is to be found in section 2,489 of the code and says: Every animal having the glanders or farcy shall at once be deprived of life by the owner or person having charge thereof upon discovery or knowledge of its condition, and any such owner or person committing or refusing to comply with said section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

The matter was called to the attention of the commissioners and a veterinary surgeon was ordered to examine into the condition of the horses.

The veterinary surgeon returned this afternoon. He reported that the two horses belonged to Mr. Bartlett, near Newell's. He found one horse already dead and the other in the last stages of glanders. The commissioners ordered Mr. Bartlett to kill the sick horse.

A Mistake.

Mr. Editor: I copy the following, which does me an injustice, from an item in your last week's issue from "Boss's Mill Items":

"The postoffice authorities are weekly inquiring into an offense against the postal laws, committed at Mint Hill, N. C., in November, 1891."

Now, I have to say, that the "non de plume" is not taken, or has made a misrepresentation. If there ever has been an offense committed at Mint Hill, against the postal laws of enough importance to command the attention of the authorities, it has never come to my knowledge; neither has there ever been a letter of inquiry sent to this office—inquiring into said offense.

Yours respectfully, J. B. Thompson, P. M. Mint Hill, June 8, '92.

Chalet Observed.

That is a very pretty story from Minneapolis about an unsuccessful attempt to buy for \$1,000 the vote of "W. C. Henderson, a delegate from North Carolina." The person referred to is W. E. Henderson, the colored deputy collector of internal revenue for the division which includes Charlotte, and the only thing that matters with the story is that he is not a delegate at all, but an alternate from the seventh district, and therefore has no vote, either to sell or to give away. This is not an intimation that he would sell if he had a vote, for he is a colored man of unusually excellent character.

Dr. Vetterlein Resigns His Charge.

Raleigh, June 8.—Rev. Dr. T. H. Pritchard, pastor of the First Baptist church of Wilmington and one of the most eminent divines in the State, has tendered his resignation as pastor of that church. His health has for some time been declining.

A Protection Organ Remarks that

although "England has no robber tariff," her 18,000 landlords take rent from 38,000,000 tenants." If she had a robber tariff in addition to her 18,000 landlords, here 38,000,000 of people would be in a terrible plight.

WHICH ARE HIGHER, MEN OR ANGELS?

BY REV. J. E. PRESLEY, D. D.

CODDLE CREEK, N. C.

We have been thinking a good deal recently about both men and angels. With prayer for direction the conclusion reached is, that man is higher in position, honor and privilege than angels. After some thought and research it might be safe before settling down to say something about our first impressions. As the foundations are now being tampered with all about, we do not wish to fall into a Briggsism; neither do we wish blindly, not to comply with what we solemnly promised when ordained, namely, that we would "not follow any divisive courses by complying with the defections," etc.

Our subject, however, conflicts very decidedly with what had been sung and read in the Bible according to the authorized version of King James, long before our day. In just about one score of years more that version will have existed for three hundred years, or since 1610.

The question of our subject is a very important one, though some may think it a quiddy not deserving attention. When we set down to write it was simply to bring the enquiry to view. But down, we often have but little idea what the trembling mountain will bring forth—a ridiculous mouse or a roaring, rumbling, dashing train of cars with its puffing, smoking engine and screaming whistle. We believe man is higher than angels, because (1) He was made at the creation. When this was done, God as the Divine Three in unity, said: "Let us make man in our image, after our likeness." Such an image and likeness would, of course, be higher, nearer and more like God than any angel he ever made. So man was made as the Trinity prepared.

Angels were never made so near to God in their creation, neither were they made with the power of procreation, and hence have never increased since made directly by God. Man was so made, and thus through him the habitable earth was to be filled with human beings. So it was that this wonderful world was to be for thousands of years a place, where would be developed the most amazing possibilities and the most glorious results.

We believe man higher, as appears in connection.

(2) With his being involved in the sin of Adam and his causal and occasional results.

As to liability everything threatened was deeply felt to be true. But God opened up a way of deliverance out of the estate of sin and misery to those thus involved, by faith in the promised seed, who as the great Redeemer of those the Father gave to Him, would thus bring them into an estate of salvation.

When angels fell and rebelled in heaven there was an entirely different state of things. There was no great plan devised through covenants, promises and oaths. There was no great mystery of God's manifesting himself in the nature of man for redeeming these rebels by his obedience to law, by His suffering and the shedding of blood divine.

Nay, verily, the angels thus sinning were driven from their high abode of light and were, as Peter says, "Cast down to hell and delivered into a chain of darkness, to be reserved until judgement." There is not anything about all this which shows that angels are higher and more nearly related to God than man. We believe it, because of the divine procedure.

(3) In developing the plan of this salvation. In doing this, the Son of God assumed another nature conjoined with the Divine person only—two natures and one person. Hence, in the epistle of Hebrews it is said, more literally as the Holy Spirit has it: "He taketh not hold of angels, but of the seed of Abraham he taketh hold."

The assumption of humanity by any supposed number of angels, and their being offered as a sacrifice for man's benefit, would have been of no avail to satisfy divine justice, make reconciliation for iniquity, or procure a righteousness that would secure for man acceptance in God's sight. All this, however, and more, was accomplished by God's Son taking hold of the seed of Abraham, thus assuming the nature of man, or taking to himself a true body and a reasonable soul. We believe it, because of his being brought

(4) Into a union with Christ and close relationships with God, into which it is not possible for angels to be received.

Of Christ and the individual or the church collectively, it is distinctly stated that they sustain to each other the relation of husband and wife, bride and bridegroom. Hence, Paul says of believers: "Ye are married to another, even to Him who was raised from the dead." Jesus himself assumed Bride and Bridegroom as a title which He bore, and a character he sustained to His chosen ones when he asked His disciples: "Can the children of the bridechamber mourn while the bridegroom is with them? The end and object of the union Paul distinctly announces when he says: "That we should bring forth fruit unto God. Believers are members of His body, of His flesh, and of His bones, and that he who is joined unto the Lord is one spirit."

Paul draws at length a parallel between the duties of the marriage relation as subsisting among men, and those we owe to Christ, as the husband of the church; and he adds: "This is a great mystery, but I speak concerning Christ and his church." Jesus is also the elder brother of believers, and He is not ashamed to call them brethren. Now, is it possible for angels to be received into such a union with Christ and such a close relation with God himself?

Again: the Old Testament Scriptures are just as clear on this point as the New Testament. Indeed, they go more into detail about the duties between God as the husband and His people as His bride and wife. He is never unfaithful; she often is. Hence she is represented as put away for unfaithfulness, as a forsaken and restored wife. There is also a mutual pledging of faithfulness to each other, when to His chosen people He says, "I will even betroth thee unto me in faithfulness." * * * Thou shalt not play the harlot, and thou shalt not be for another man; so will I also be for thee."—Hosea 2: 20; 3: 3.

Hence unfaithfulness or defection from God, in the Scriptures is called adultery.

But more, Isaiah (54: 5) says to God's people: "The maker is thine husband. The Lord of hosts is his name," etc.

Here His people are reminded of the Trinity as the Maker of man; and also when it is said, "Remember thy Creator," the Hebrew in each place is plural—Makers, Creators. This should impress those in such relationship with God of the importance of faithfulness, and of the relationship as having been originated by thy Triune of God.

NEWS OF GENERAL NATURE.

It is said that some of the engraved stones in the British museum show that the fashionable female attire in the days of the flood was similar to that worn now, something on the bathing suit order, as it were.

There is a good deal of talk of California's good yield, but it can't hold a candle to her fruit crop, which is worth \$50,000,000, while her gold pans out only \$15,000,000.

Senator Ingalls still declares that this Government owes the soldiers in back pensions \$1,000,000,000, every dollar of which ought to be paid. Ingalls ought to pool his issues with the third party fellows, and get in that 12th plank.

Denton Cowles, of Beloit, Wisconsin, showed his thoughtfulness by presenting his wife on her 87th birthday with a coffin which he had made himself. As an evidence that she appreciated the gift the old lady died shortly afterwards, and was buried in it.

A bicycle insurance company has been organized in New York, to insure bicycles against damage by accident. It repairs the damaged bicycle, or if too badly stove up gives a new one in its place. This is all right; but what is really wanted is an insurance company to insure amateurs against headers and consequences.

Census very frequently saves the lives of their clients who are tried for murder, but it is not often that they do it in spite of themselves, as was the case with Henry Fanning, of New York, who was convicted and sentenced to death for the murder of a woman. His sentence was commuted by Governor Flower, the jury that convicted him signing a paper declaring that he was wretchedly defended by his lawyers.

The United States Fish Commission has been for some time engaged in working out the problem of a boneless shad. It is experimenting by cross-breeding the shad with the flounder and an edible Japanese jelly fish. The first experiment resulted in a jelly fish with the full shad compliment of bones, but it is getting it down fine now, and has several hundred of the new combination had with less than 18 per cent of the bones of the original shad.

A Man in the House.

He was Jim among the boys Jeems to his grandfather, Jimmy to his mother, James to his father, and "Bub" to his sister. He thought if the time ever came when he would be Mr. there could be no greater happiness beyond, says an exchange.

His father overlooked him, his mother coddled him, his sisters snubbed him, but there came a day when he had his revenge. The day was like any other ordinary day to the rest of the world, but to our James it was the dawning of a new era. If anybody has said that before, the writer forgives them.

The family were seated at the breakfast-table when James plunged down stairs, opened the door of the breakfast room, and threw this bomb in among them:

"There's a man in the house?" "Goodness gracious me!" gasped his mother, running to hide in the china closet.

"Where is he?" gasped the sisters, crawling under the table.

"Don't be goose!" chuckled the father. "Who's afraid?" and he seized the carving knife and rose to the occasion.

Meanwhile James had kept on to the kitchen, where he continued shouting. "There's a man in the house!"

"Lawd a massy, we're be all killed dead!" quavered the cook.

"Then she rushed out and shouted 'Police!' and soon she had the patrol wagon at the door."

"Where is the man?" inquired the minion of the law when he had been informed that there was a man in the house.

"Here," cried James, as he winked at his frightened family, "I am 21 years old today, and if I ain't a man I'd like to know who is?"

Stanly on the Concord S. R.

The commissioners ordered an election to be held in Big Lick township on the Concord Southern R. R. \$10,000 is called for from that township and the people express great hopes in voting for the subscription. This railroad would be of untold benefit to Western Stanly and directly an interest to Concord. Our best wishes are with it, and we trust at an early day the road will be built.

The population of Rhode Island must be increasing very rapidly. This was suspected from the large vote polled at the last election, but is fully established by the fact that the petitions sent in against holding the Chicago Fair open on Sundays contain 50,000 more names than there were people in that bailiwick 50 years ago.

IT MUST BE GIDEON'S BAND.

Treasurer Sims, Desiring the Entire Facts in the Case, Writes a Letter and Gets One—He, in the Interest of Right, Wants the Light Thrown On.

Much has been said recently about the existence of Gideon's Band to control politics in different sections. It having been stated that such an order was exposed in Georgia, Treas. Sims desiring all the information that could be had for the interest of truth and the good of all, addressed the following letter to the Treasurer of Hart county, Ga.:

Concord, N. C., June 3, 1892. Treas. Hart Co., Ga., Dear Sir and Bro.:—I see a statement in the "Atlanta Constitution" and copied in the "Charlotte Observer" that one Rev. J. T. W. Vernon of Hart county, Ga., in a speech at Lenoir, Ga., makes a statement to the effect that he was a member of "Gideon's Band," a secret organization of the Alliance for the purpose of controlling the politics of the county &c.

Will you be so kind as to state whether the facts are reported correctly? Whether you know such a man and what about him; in short give any information you can. Being a member of the Alliance myself, I am interested in this matter and want to be able to get at the facts, whatever they may be.

By giving this matter your early attention, you will confer a favor. Yours truly, JNO. A. SIMS, Treas. Cabarrus Co.

Coming from the postoffice, (Saturday) morning, Mr. Sims called the editor of this paper and began reading a letter just received from Hart county Ga. in reply to the above printed one. It is:

Hartwell, Ga., June 9, 1892. County Treas. Cabarrus, N. C., Dear Sir:—Yours of the 3rd, inst., received and in reply will say that the statements you saw in the Atlanta Constitution are correct. I am well acquainted with Rev. J. T. W. Vernon and know him to be an honest upright gentleman.

There is no doubt about the "Gideon Band" being a secret organization to control the politics of the county. For further information will refer you to M. C. Jones, Raleigh, N. C.

Absence from town prevented me from answering sooner. Very Respectfully, T. H. BURTON, Treas. Hart Co., Ga.

Mr. Sims gave us a copy of his letter and the reply that they might be published, so that all may know that the published reports are correct. The Standard concurs with Mr. Sims in the belief that such an organization has not and does not now exist in Cabarrus county. Mr. Sims is in a position to know whereof he speaks, and his effort to find out the true inwardness of the Georgia affair for the protection of the noble organization of which he is an honored member, and making them known to the general public, is a service that will be highly appreciated.

As we say elsewhere, the Standard doubts the existence of such a band in the State. There are a class that are seeking to destroy every institution for the common good, but when it comes to the protection of these institutions none will be quicker to answer than Cabarrus bone and sinew.

They Want a Divorce.

The startling news comes from McDonough that Hiram Lester, aged 124, probably the oldest living man in the world, and his bride of a year, who is 50 years old, have had a row and both have entered suit for a total divorce.

Lester married Mrs. Mosely at the Edgewood Avenue theater in Atlanta last fall, just after the close of the exposition. It was a sort of show, and 25 cents admission was charged.

They are probably the oldest couple in the world, and it is a pity that with their marriage has proven to be a failure.

Concord Southern News.

Elections have been ordered for subscriptions to the Concord Southern as follows: Wadesboro \$25,000; Big Lick \$10,000; Goose Creek \$5,000; there are on two different routes. On Saturday the following townships will ask our County Commissioners to allow them an election: No. 8, \$20,000; No. 6, \$5,000; No. 11 \$5,000.

The management of the Concord Southern has decided to give a depot to each township through which the road runs. Its course now depends on the encouragement each line gives.

Legislator at 21.

Rev. Thomas Dixon, jr., the noted New York preacher has been arrested for criminal libel on account of certain expressions uttered in a recent sermon referring to Excise Commissioner Koch of New York City. The Doctor says, however, that he is ready for the light and has nothing to take back. In giving to a reporter a sketch of his career, as lawyer and minister, Dr. Dixon is reported to have made this singular statement:

"But I was a member of the legislature of North Carolina before that—that was in 1884-85—and I was only 20 years old when I entered the legislature."

"Did not your conscience trouble you when you became a legislator before you were of legal age?" The reporter asked.

"Oh, no; I did not have to take any oath."

We must think the Doctor has been wrongly reported. He must have been more than 20 years of age at the time he qualified as a member of the house, for he swore, as all members are required to do, "to support the constitution and laws of the United States and the constitution and laws of North Carolina not inconsistent therewith," and the constitution of North Carolina expressly provides that a member of the house of representatives shall be 21 years of age.

They Are Married.

On Thursday evening at Mt. Olivet Methodist church, in No. 4, Dr. A. L. Petrea and Miss Bettie Winecove were united in holy wedlock by Rev. J. J. Rann. The church was beautifully decorated. Miss Essie Fisher and Mr. Frank Gillan attended the bridal couple. The two flower girls, Gertrude Lafferty and Annie Goodman, did their parts handsomely. The wedding march was played by Milton Rogers.

Dr. Petrea is an excellent gentleman and enjoys a fine practice in Rowan county. He is a native of Forsyth. Miss Winecove is one of Cabarrus' noblest young ladies and in winning her Dr. Petrea has won a great prize.

They left on the evening train, Thursday, for Forsyth, Dr. Petrea's home. Many friends extend best wishes.

Bested Wide.

A Federal pensioner, living in this county, has been notified that it is impossible to pay until the treasury has something in it with which to pay. If this Federal pensioner lived in the North he might get it now. But really there is no surprise when a little editor becomes strapped, but it's awful for Uncle Sam to get on par with us.

A Good Time Coming.

The Salisbury Watchman treats us to this interesting item: At the request of Hon. John S. Henderson, member of Congress from this district, the United States Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries had 350,000 shad fry deposited in Catawba river at Morganton, and 250,000 in the Yadkin river at a point nine miles from Salisbury.

A Friend

Wishes to speak through the Register of the beneficial results he has received from a regular use of Ayer's Pills. He says: "I was feeling sick and tired and my stomach seemed all out of order. I tried a number of remedies, but none seemed to give me relief until I was induced to try the old reliable Ayer's Pills. I have taken only one box, but I feel like a new man. I think they are the most pleasant and easy to take of anything I ever used, being so finely sugar-coated that even a child will take them. I urge upon all who are

In Need

of a laxative to try Ayer's Pills."—Boothbay (Me.) Register.

"Between the ages of five and fifteen, I was troubled with a kind of salt-rheum, or eruption, chiefly confined to the legs, and especially to the bend of the knee above the calf. Here, running sores formed which would heal over, but would break immediately on moving the leg. My mother tried everything she could think of, but all was without avail. Although a child, I read in the papers of the beneficial effects of Ayer's Pills, and persuaded my mother to let me try them. With no great faith in the result, she procured

Ayer's Pills

and I began to use them, and soon noticed an improvement. Encouraged by this, I kept on till I took two boxes, when the sores disappeared and have never troubled me since."—H. Chipman, Real Estate Agent, Boston, Va.

"I suffered two years from stomach and kidney trouble, causing very severe pains in various parts of the body. None of the remedies I tried afforded me any relief until I began taking Ayer's Pills, and was cured."—Wm. Goodard, Notary Public, Five Lakes, Mich.

Every Dose Effective

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists Everywhere.