

THE SENATORIAL FIGHT.

The Senatorial contest at Raleigh is interesting and equally enigmatic. At the last Populist caucus nineteen men bolted and walked out of the caucus. They set forth that they have been gagged and that when they are wanted in the caucus again they must be fairly treated. The other side explained that there was no gag rule and no unfairness.

The great fight is between Senator Butler and Harry Skinner who it would seem were at daggers' points, but behold them at a down town restaurant eating quail on toast at the time that the nineteen walked out.

The News and Observer states that \$5,000 were offered to a Populist member of the caucus for his influence in behalf of Senator Pritchard. This is stated without fear of denial as the proofs are not wanting.

Senator Butler does not yield the election of Pritchard.

HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF.

F. W. Norris in the Atlanta Journal relates the history of Texas in its struggle against Mexico and finds it strikingly similar to the struggle in Cuba.

Henry Clay introduced resolutions in Congress in favor of Texas similar to those of Senator Quay for Cuba. The government was besieged by petitions and most frank appeals in behalf of the Texans, "fighting against tremendous odds with a heroic patriotism never equaled by our fathers at Lexington or New Orleans."

But President Jackson from the high pinnacle of statesmanship from which many, probably ordinarily his equal, did not see, viewed the situation in its every bearing and held with firm hand the ship of state in her true course that she could not command under the guidance of less able but more impulsive leaders.

Texas was worthy of freedom and able to maintain a wholesome government when victory was achieved. With genuine Spanish cruelty and treachery Santa Anna's troops massed 400 men, women and children that had surrendered in a small garison. Ere long Santa Anna found himself and part of his army prisoners at the mercy of the outraged but more generous Texans and was narrowly allowed to live.

Then as now, much effort was required to prevent organized squadrons from the United States from crossing the line. Many did cross and render aid as they do now for Cuba.

If President Jackson's course was right then, in preserving a strict neutrality, notwithstanding the pressure of Congressmen and constituents, may not President Cleveland also be right now?

INAUGURATION DAY.

The Senate and House each had its busy routine Tuesday morning before the inaugural, which was of course the great feature of the day. We notice in the Senate a bill by Mr. McGahey to establish a reformatory for young criminals, and by Mr. Smathers a bill to prevent delay in the trial of criminal actions. The conference committee agreed on publishing 500 copies of Gov. Carr's message.

In the House Mr. Sutton introduced a bill to repeal that part of chapters 135 and 159, of the acts of 1895 which allows judges upon petition to appoint two additional commissioners and which requires all candidates for office to file a sworn statement of their expenses incurred for election.

Mr. Hileman applied for amendment of chapter 161, acts of '95, by including Cabarrus and also applied for a charter for the Cabarrus Savings Bank. The former of these refers to the power of the deputy Superior Court clerk to probate wills, deeds, etc., now exercised by the clerk only.

After a resolution of thanks to Lieutenant Governor Doughton for his able and impartial rulings over the Senatorial proceedings, that body, led by him, repaired to the hall of the House where the votes were canvassed and the State officials were sworn in; Gov. Russell,

the last in order who then delivered his inaugural address.

Space in the paper forbids and the time and disposition of many readers makes useless the insertion as a whole, of this speech, which is not at all ordinary.

His first sentence is what Gov. Vance said twenty years ago, though it is not credited—"There is retribution in history." The Governor's first paragraph sizes up the author about like one would be impressed by his opponents in all parties in the late campaign and is far from magnanimity and seems the breathing of a man that might give the State a bitter rebuke for the change of parties to power. Indeed one knowing nothing of the late history of the State might arrive at the conclusion that the State had just thrown off the shackles of a tyrant or emerged from a condition in which freedom had been shrieking and writhing in expiring agony.

Much of the inaugural is temperate and may be wise enough, while parts are somewhat shrouded in mystery. The Governor urges that law should seek to prevent crime and added:

"With the centuries looking down upon us since the law was given 'honor shall, and thou shalt not,' we should have passed the period when a complainant could be told from the judgment seat, 'you have shown that the defendant is about to wrong you but you must wait until he does it and then get compensation.'"

What does the Governor mean? Is it that a man is to be punished for a crime that another makes a court believe that he is about to perpetrate? If so we need only to look back into the history of our State in its darkest days to find the rule demonstrated.

His fairness to railroads while regulating against any abuse seems to us one of the most meritorious parts of the address. There is one part though that seems to us as only in accord with Populistic views. He says:

"The time is approaching, if it has not arrived, for the adoption of a policy which, without wrong to their owners, shall look towards the conversion of them into public highways owned and controlled by the nation."

The Governor is quite emphatic on the subject of the lease of the North Carolina railroad, and reflects on Governor Carr as the almost sole author of the act and implied by charges what Gov. Carr denies that it was done hastily, secretly or unadvisedly. He urges the legislature to revoke the lease.

The Governor will seek to correct the evils of national politics in municipal affairs. In this practical relief would be a boon that would commend Mr. Russell's administration.

He is favorable to immigration and to veteran pensions. He is in harmony with his predecessor with reference to the maintenance of the State University.

In his last paragraph he says: "North Carolina has broken the solid South; has come back to the Union in fact, as well as in form."

Does the Governor mean that to be in the Republican column, politically, is one and the same thing? Is not a Southern Democratic State in the Union "in fact as well as in form"? If the Governor does not mean a slap at the Cleveland and Gresham policy with reference to the Hawaiian Islands, we are at a loss to comprehend his allusion, and if that is his object he would have the island annexed. His closing thoughts are probably obscured by the rosettes of rhetoric and the flowers of oratory.

Most Pleasant Items.

Mr. D. Luke Johnson, becoming sick, left for his home near Harrisburg, this morning.

Mr. Tise, our tall Freshman, left for his home in Winston on last Saturday morning. He gave no reason for deserting us.

Prof. H. T. J. Ludwig took his class in surveying and navigation, out Saturday morning and gave them some practice with the compass.

Mr. Ed Heilig, of Salisbury, has been in our town for a few days. Sheriff Bachman spent Sunday with his family in Mt. Pleasant.

There will be an oyster supper in our town on next Saturday night. It will be given by the Ladies Aid Society.

It is said that one of our Seniors has his finger cut in a very mysterious way. Can anyone give us some light?

We have often heard it said that small boys always choose large girls for their sweethearts, and when we observe how one of our little sub-freshmen is disregarding the ray, glances lavished upon him by some of the smaller girls, and is aspiring to gain a warm place in the heart of one of Mont Ammon's more matured seniors, we are led to believe that there is some truth in that old saying. Success to you Johnnie.

An epidemic has struck our town, which the doctors call La Grippe. The name is very appropriate. It has such a firm hold on some of our boys that they have been confined to their rooms for several days. If reports are true it has equally as firm a hold at the Seminary. One of our seniors was heard to remark the other day that he could bear for himself or his fellow students to be sick very well, but when his best girl is confined to her room, and he is not able to see her for several days at a time, it seems to him that Providence has wholly forsaken him.

ANTONY.

GOVERNOR CARR'S MESSAGE.

[CONCLUDED FROM FIRST PAGE]

ASTLEMS.

The Governor does not recommend the granting of all that is asked for by these institutions lest a higher tax be a necessary burden on the people, but he urges no change made in the Superintendents as they are prepared to be "more efficient than other new officials could be."

The cost of the insane Asylum at Morganton has been reduced from \$170.80 per capita to \$149.50.

During '96, 160 patients were received, and 96 were discharged as cured.

His Excellency endorses the recommendation of the Superintendent that the name of Insane Asylum be changed to The North Carolina Hospital for the treatment of Mental and Nervous Diseases.

There is an odium about the name that is depressing to the spirits of the subjects after treatment that would not attach to the better name.

The Institution for the whites at Morganton is greatly needing enlargement and that at Goldsboro for the colored will soon need enlarging. As our population continues to increase the application for admittance to such homes will increase.

THE DEAF, DUMB AND BLIND.

Two years ago the Deaf and Dumb white children were removed to Morganton, where the apartments are already full and the equipments are greatly in need of improvement. The Governor even expresses a fear of collapse in the building and urges action by the legislature.

For improvements of white department \$34000 is recommended and for the colored department \$23,000.

His Excellency would have accommodations enlarged and the education of the blind made compulsory.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

The Governor contrasts the old and the new methods of having the public printing done and finds the change very far from being economical, to the extent of about \$14,892.82 for the two years.

TENNESSEE CENTENNIAL.

A small appropriation to the Board of Agriculture for an exhibit at the Tennessee Centennial is favored.

BOUNDARY LINE.

The State gained 90 acres in the fixing of the boundary line between our State and Virginia.

The Governor is reminded by the accident at Cumcock that mining regulations are needed in the State.

CATTLE SHIPPING.

The Governor notes that the Federal law forbidding the shipment of cattle to Northern markets from February to November is a source of loss to cattle raisers and thinks the line of quarantine should be adjusted so as not to debar the Piedmont section of the State.

He commends the work of the Board of Health.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

The important work of the Board of Agriculture is reviewed; the institutes conducted for farmers commended; diversified farming approved; and the Board's recommendation of a reduction in the tonnage tax from 25 to 20 cents concurred in.

EXPERIMENT STATION.

The notable instance of progress in the State Experiment station have been the establishment of a poultry division and the establishment, with Horticultural Society of horticultural field tests near Southern Pines. The work of the fertilizing control station has saved millions of dollars and now saves thousands annually. It is wisely managed.

THE PENITENTIARY.

The Governor felicitates the people upon the fact that the penitentiary is self-supporting, warmly commends the management, and gives a summary of its operations. The Governor recommends the purchase of the lands now under lease to the State in Northampton and Halifax counties, except the "Halifax" farm, which is more likely to overflow than the others. The exchange of four per cent bonds for these farms is a plain matter of business if the State is to continue farming, and there seems no other alternative.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

There is warm commendation for the "able and efficient management of the affairs" of the Adjutant General's department, and an endorsement of the recommendations of that officer, to which is added a strong argument on the efficiency of the State Guard. An increase of the salary of the Adjutant General is advised.

The Auditors report as summar-

ized in the STANDARD, covers the finances of the message.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

The Geological Survey has been instrumental in bringing into the State large amounts of capital for investment. The State survey is now operating with the United States survey in the preparation of a topographical map. The work should be continued.

COLORED A. AND M. COLLEGE.

There are 63 students, and it is hoped that the colored race will take advantage of the facilities offered.

COLORED ORPHAN ASYLUM.

There are now 105 children, and many improvements are needed, for which an additional appropriation is needed.

THE FAIRS AT RALEIGH.

The Governor commends the Fairs of both races and recommends the appropriation of \$1,500 to the white and \$500 to the colored Fair.

CONCLUSION.

"Supposing that the Senators and Representatives, absorbed with their personal affairs up to the hour of leaving home might arrive here without detailed information as to the affairs of the State government, I have attempted to render you some service by placing these matters before you with such plainness as would enable you to proceed with your work, without delay; it being my object to furnish you with information in regard to the resources of the State's revenues and manner of expenditures for the past two years; the conditions and need of the charitable and penal institutions, and the reports from the various departments of the State.

I desire to call your attention also to recommendations contained in my last message to the General Assembly and to renew the same to you.

It gives me pleasure to testify to the faithfulness with which all the State officers, members of the various boards and commissions, with rare exceptions, have discharged the duties imposed upon them.

To the people of North Carolina and their representatives I desire to express my sense of obligation for their kindness and forbearance during my administration of the affairs of the highest office in the State. It is a great honor to be the chief executive of such a people and while my relations with the people in public and private life have always been pleasant, still at times the responsibilities of the office have been onerous, oftentimes perplexing, yet I have the proud consciousness of knowing I have never evaded a duty or imposed upon another a responsibility which I should assume myself, and I retire to private citizenship without any regrets.

The administration of the State government by the Democratic party for the past twenty years is now behind you. It is a grand record of great achievements for the up building of this Commonwealth and the promotion of the interests of the entire people. With my administration closes the series beginning under the illustrious Vance and continuing through the wise and economic administrations of Governors, Jarvis, Scales, Fowle and Holt. The party retires from the administration of the affairs of the State through the executives and other officers, feeling that North Carolina has had a series of years of good government, economically administered, which challenges comparison. Gentlemen of the General Assembly, you have been sent here to legislate for the good of the entire people of this State, and while a majority of you differ from me in a political sense, yet I am sure you will join me in expressing the hope that your deliberations may be wise, your term of service as a representative of the people pleasant, and the results of your legislation beneficial to the best interests of the State.

ELIAS CARR, Governor."

Not Too Much Executive Clemency.

"Justice on Both Sides" in the Charlotte Observer says some things well enough with regard to the petition to the Governor to commute the death penalty to that of life imprisonment in the penitentiary in the case of Monroe Johnston.

Our law makers did well to attach the death penalty to certain heinous crimes that are only committed by a class for whom any punishment short of death has little terror.

No amount of sentimentalism should work an insecurity to the citizens of the State when they are enclosed in their homes, all unconscious of the outer world, and gathering new strength for life's duties in Nature's own appointed way of quiet and undisturbed sleep. Executive clemency should guard well the sacredness of home security against night marauders who carry murder and every other crime in their train.

Increasing crime can hardly be checked by an effusion of executive clemency.

Fire in Lumberton.

A serious fire occurred in Lumberton at 9:30 o'clock Saturday night. Though early in the night the fire had a headway when the alarm was raised that could not be suppressed until it had destroyed nearly all of one block in the business part of town. For awhile the town seemed doomed. Everything in the office of the Robesonian was destroyed. This valuable paper had run for 27 years. Its loss is about \$8,000. Insurance \$3,000.

The energies are already bending toward re-building the fire-ridden town.

Simon Cooper Lynched.

Judge Green in sentencing Frank Howard, complimented the community in which the crime was committed, for its forbearance that did not take vengeance on him at once. It would be hard to compliment the community of Mayesville, S. C., if it had not expressed innuendo at the blood curdling crimes of Simon Cooper and not admitted the Divine principle that "Whoever sheds man's blood by man shall his blood be shed," in that short, terrific and terrorizing method by which society was rid of a monster that was a terror to every body. Cooper had shot and killed a negro by the name of Davis and wounded a number of others. On last Thursday he wanted the use of Mr. Ben Wilson's buggy. On being refused he split the head of the old man with an axe, then one by one he succeeded in murdering the son and his wife and almost killed a negro man that was coming to the rescue.

He was captured with great difficulty and was even shot in the tussle.

As the horrors of the tragedy and the enormity of Cooper's devil-like disposition the posse was resolved into a mob, overpowered the officers and executed Cooper by hanging and shooting.

It is said to be a source of joyous relief to white and colored that his wickedness is at last ended.

Happenings at Rimer town.

Miss Addie and Master John Barrier, of Concord, spent part of last week at Rimer.

Mr. W. D. Barrier is having a stoop built in front of his store room.

Miss Mattie Holshouser, of Rockwell, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. R. Faggart.

We are very much in need of a physician at this place, the nearest one being some eight miles distant. A lot in the most desirable part of the village will be given free of charge to a good physician who will locate here.

Wm. Blackweider, Esq., in taking down the smoke stack of an engine last Friday fell and severely sprained his ankle.

Mr. John Carter was returning from Concord last Saturday driving a turnout belonging to Mr. W. D. Barrier, when near Rimer the horse became frightened, ran away and threw him out of the buggy, breaking his arm near the wrist. Dr. Rose set the broken arm and it is now doing well. No damage was done to the horse or buggy.

The saw mill and engine purchased by Messrs. W. D. Barrier and L. W. Misenheimer is all on the grounds and a number of hands are busy putting it up. They contemplate having it ready for operation by next Friday. Messrs. John Saffrit and son are also arranging to put up a saw mill which will be in operation in a short time. So there will be no trouble about securing building material, to those who may want to locate at Rimer.

ARLENE

It Will Surprise You.

On receipt of ten cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate its great merits. Full size 50 cts.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York City. Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured me of catarrh when everything else failed. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, Ohio.

Items From Klutz's

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Oline, Rev. and Mrs. Steffy, and Mrs. Luther Beaver, spent last Tuesday pleasantly at Mr. J. W. Fells.

We are gratified to note that Mr. R. W. Moore is getting some better, also Mr. J. M. Faggart, is improving slowly.

Our neighborhood is on a building boom, new houses are being built in all directions. The matrimonial wave has again struck our neighborhood. This time it captured a good bachelor and widow.

On Sunday, January 10, Mr. W. C. Klutz was married to Mrs. Alice Hipp, at the home of the bride's father, Mr. James I. Basinger. Esquire Amos Pennington officiated. The parties were all of No. 6.

Rev. S. J. Steffy, of St. John's, is to preach at Mt. Olive church on the 5th Sunday in January, in the afternoon. We would be very glad to have the pleasure of hearing this noted pulpit orator.

A certain bachelor in No. 6, in order to avoid being serenaded by the band in the neighborhood, decided to marry on Sunday, but to his surprise at fifteen minutes after twelve that night the band began to play, arousing the whole neighborhood, even causing a panic among the dogs and a terrible uproar among the cattle. But it was all in fun, and we think no exceptions will be taken.

Alliance Resolutions.

At a meeting of the Rocky River Alliance, No. 164, held Saturday last, the following resolutions were adopted and forwarded to Representative Hileman at Raleigh:

Whereas, The time has come again to elect a Representative in the United States Senate and whereas we believe that a majority of the people of this State are in favor of at least one of the demands of the Alliance (namely, the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1) therefore be it

Resolved, That we call upon and demand of our Representative in the Legislature to vote for no man for United States Senator who has not ALWAYS been consistent in word and deed in the advocacy of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

Resolved, That the Secretary be instructed to send a copy of the above to the Representatives in the Legislature and a copy to the Caucasian and county papers.

Respectfully submitted, J. F. HARRIS, Sec.

One by One We're Gathering Home.

On last Thursday morning the angel of death came with his muffled oars and rowed Miss Alice Cruse gently over the mytic waters of the Stygian River. She was a victim of that dread disease, consumption, and though it was known that she could not live long the end was not thought to be so near. During her entire illness she bore her affliction with a calm and patient resignation that should teach a beautiful lesson to all who come in contact with her.

The funeral services were conducted by Rev. S. D. Steffy from Organ church, where amid a large concourse of relatives and friends her body was laid to rest. She leaves a sister, Mrs. Sophia Foil, of Concord, and five brothers, three in this county and two in Texas, to mourn her loss.

Alice will be sadly missed in the church, the Sunday school and the neighborhood, but most sadly in her home, where she leaves her brother Elam entirely alone. May her death remind us all anew of the fact that this life is not a finality, but given us of God as preparatory to that life beyond, for

"There is no death; an angel form Walks o'er the earth with silent tread. He bears our best loved friends away, And we, in our blindness, call them dead."

J. S.

Rimer, Jan. 12, 1897.

Frost in May, 1812-1816.

Misses Ida Weddington, and Alice Sims, who are engaged in transcribing the deeds from the old original books to the new indexed books at the Register's office, make some very interesting discoveries as they go along. On the last page in Deed book No. 1, the following memorandum is found: "May the 19th, 20th and 21st, 1815, the frost being seen in many places and in some particulars there were beans and several other things bit. At this place there were potato tops, cucumber vines and beans killed, etc."

"May 1816, on the 9th, there was frost and on the 16th a more severe frost, which bit several things—such as beans and vines and some corn."

N. B. 1816: This is also a locus year. This is for a memorandum about the locust to know how long before they are coming again."

(Signed) "JOHN BRINGER.

CONCORD MARKETS

COTTON MARKET.

Corrected by Cannons & Fetzler
Good middling..... 7.10
Middlings..... 6.85
Low middling..... 6.75
Stains..... 6.60

PRODUCE MARKET

Corrected by SWICK & White.
Bacon..... 12 to 14
Sugar-cured hams..... 12 to 14
Pork..... 6 to 7
Beeswax..... 20
Butter..... 10 to 15
Chicken..... 10 to 20
Jorn..... 45
Eggs..... 15
Lard..... 7
Flour (North Carolina)..... \$2.50
Meal..... 45
Oats..... 40
Tallow..... 30 to 35

COMING.

TWENTY-FIVE HORSES AND MULES.

To be sold at auction at M. J. Corl's stables, Concord, N. C. Saturday, January 23, 1897, at 11 a. m. rain or shine. I do my own buying and buy exclusively for the Southern Market, and in this shipment you can find good drivers, saddlers, and well broke farm horses. My motto is quick sales and small profits, and if you content late the purchase of horses at this time, be sure to avail yourself of this great opportunity.

EST. guarantees all representations made by my auctioneer on day of sale. Take one day off and come to this, the greatest auction of the season, and the last in Concord. C. R. Ellis, authorized State Auctioneer.

at 11 o'clock.

R. A. DODD.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF EVERY BOTTLE OF CASTORIA. Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C.A.P.T.O.B.L.A. The fac-simile signature of each bottle is signed by J. C. F. HITCHCOCK.

PATTERSON'S.

We invite you to call and get our prices from the largest stock of GROCERIES in Concord. We offer, the following at wholesale and retail:

- 100 barrels sugar.
- 25 cases Arbuckles coffee.
- 25 bags green coffee.
- 75 barrels kerosene oil.
- One car salt.
- One car lime and cement.
- 25 cases Star potash.
- 50 cases Mendlesons potash.
- 100 cases matches.
- 50 boxes soap.
- 50 boxes soda.
- 25 kegs soda.
- One car flour.
- One car shipstuffs.
- 25 cases "Rex" baking powders.
- 25 cases "Good Luck" baking powders.
- 100 Boxes Tobacco.
- 75 Boxes Snuff—Gail & Ax and Ladies Choice.
- 50 thousand Cigarettes.
- 10 " Cheroots.
- 100 thousand paper bags
- Two tons wrapping paper.

WOOL AND UNION.

Don't fail to come in and examine it.

Now's the Time to Select.

We have a large stock of BAGGING AND TIES both new and second hand and will make you some very low prices.

WE SEND IT FREE TO WEAK MEN, Young and Old Rejoice With Us in the Discovery.

When a man has suffered for years with a weakness that blights his life and robs him of all that really makes life worth living, if he can avail himself of a complete cure, why not possess the moral courage to stop the downward course.

We will send you by mail, absolutely free, in plain package, the all powerful DR. HOFFMAN'S VITAL RESTORATIVE TABLETS, with a legal guarantee to permanently cure lost manhood, self abuse, sexual weakness, varicocele, atopy forever night emissions and all unnatural drains. Returns to former appearance emaciated organs.

No C. O. D. fraud nor receipt deception. If we could not cure, we would not send our medicine FREE to try, and pay when satisfied. Write today, as this may not appear again. Address,

WESTERN MEDICINE CO., INCORPORATED. WANTED.

All the Hides, Wax, Tallow and Eggs we can get. Are paying today: Dry Flint Hide 10 cts, Dry Salt 75, Green " 5, Glue 5, Wax 22, Tallow 24, Eggs 16.

Only the freight deducted from the above price. Write to us, THE SHIPPERS' PRODUCE CO., Baltimore, Md., 61 Fidelity Building. d&w

WHEELER NO. 9 WILSON'S NEW HIGH-ARM. Forke & Wadsworth, Concord, N. C. Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some thing to do with the surplus of some things? Write to us, THE SHIPPERS' PRODUCE CO., Baltimore, Md., 61 Fidelity Building. d&w