## Daily Standard.

JOHN D. BARRIER \&SON
Editors and Proprietors

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Editorial Correspondent

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## THE WEEKLY STANDARD

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FOR VICE PRESIDENT.
ARTHUR SEWALL.

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for associate justices,
A. C. AVERY, of Burke, Geo. H. BROWN, of Beaufort for congress from 7 TH congares sional district.
SAMUEL J. PEMBERTON.

CONCORD, SEPT., 5, 1896.

## winere cotton is kisg.

The Independent, a New York journal, on July 30th published an article over the name of Wallace $P$ Reed that reminds us of the Core Means episode.
This Mr. Reed puts quite gloomy face on Southern life in the cotton belt. He would have Northern and Western people to believe that in the cotton region you can raise nothing else; that you are forced to raise cotton as the only thing you can sell; that the cotton raiser soon finds himself a bond slave to a country merchant who is generally a shylock. That shylock makes him raise cotton on which he loses and keeps on losing from year to year and from generation to generation, never freeing himself from the merchant who holds him
in bondage. Mr. Reed wails about the mortgaged man's not being allowed to buy indefinitely on bis mortgage. It seems to hurt Mr. R $r$ ed's feelings that if a man felo niously sells mortgaged property, he may be put on the chain gang. Mr. Reed says that the miserable serf can do nothing under the circumstances and when bis shylock creditor speaks he must obey. He says there is no market for fruits and vegetables. If the merchant buys he will not pay anything but goods. He says Northern and Western farmers come here with an idea of superiority of methods and their ability to succeed better than their Southern neighbors and they are generally disappointed.
Mr. Reed's liver was evidently out of order when he wrote. We do not wish to say that everything he said was false, but what is not false is strained by pessimism or natural condition with the South as with any other regions is made to appear in the light of human wickedness
Mr. Reed should know and say that the Southern farmer has learned that his best way is to raise everything he needs to eat as far as he can and raise cotton for his ready cash. The time was when cotton was very highthat he could probably afford to make cotton his entire crop, but the low prices have driven him out of that.
As for the Southern farmers being a serf under his shylock merchant, Mr. Reed should know that our merchants like to deal with more reliable men than those who have to be watched and ordered, and Mr. Reed is evidently drawing his picture from the worst model he could find in the Soath. It is to the merchant's interests to have all classes prosperous around him, and it is not pleasant to him to wrap up a man with mortgages. It is much more pleasant to him to sell freely to the man whose word is his bond, and whose promise is sufficient assurance. It seems to us Mr. Reed gives himself away in picturing the Southern farmer as losing from year to year for generations. Mr. Shylock would surely let him drop when he had all that the Northern or Western farmer had brought with him. Why would he hold on to him when there was nothing to be made out of him but serfdom? If there is a profit in his services, why did not the farmer keep it himself and keep out of bondage? Mr. Reed draws a picture from a subject that will fail at other businesses than that of farming and in other regions than the South.
Mr. Reed's wail about the mortgaged man's inability to continue buying, even necessaries of life, when his mortgage security is exhausted, sounds like a mortgage is not to be a contract for the protec tion of the wife and children of the man who furnishes him with the thingș recessary to make his wife and children happy
Mr. Reed gets dangerouslv near the truth when he speaks of the Northern and Western man's idea of his superiority over the Southern farmer in methods. It takes a well balanced man to go to an entirely different locality and temper his science and his methods to the neem essary modification, as good common sense would dictate. Too many, instead of a due appreciation of the tact that the foremost minds will discover the most practical at the natives and in their headlong
way of trying to make Northern or Western metnods fit Southern climate and surroundings, soon find hemselves reduced in means and pleeny in temper as Mr. Reed serms to be.
Mr. Reed complains of no mar sets for fraits and vegetables. He should refer to statistics to see the immense traffic of our rallroads in rushing fruits and vegetables from places of surplas to places of lack. Of course those who live at great distances from the railroads and factories cannot enjoy these advantages North, South, East or West, but fruits and vegetables are a
right good thing to bring a railroad, and there are always plenty of capitalists looking out for a place to invest.
Mr. Retd, with prophetic ken, sees the southern cotton mills closa ing down but the cotton rasing serf plodding $o^{\prime}$ to make the world's chief supply.
What's the matter with the soathern cotton mille? and who is going to manufacture cotton when it is no longer a profitable industry in the Southe'
Mr. Reed could not find it in him to say that the Southern people are unfriendly or unkind. It is a wonder. He seems to sigh over the deplorable drawbacks where cotton is king and thinks it would tax the greatest miads to find a remedy. Give the South a fair chance and she asks no fayors. She has survived her war wrecked condition. She has beat her way against legis lative abuse and mach of circumgoing advancement all the she has room for more development that will still increase her prosperity, and in her onward march Mr. Reed and his like must catch a new wiration or be left here as the spirited progressive people.


Fifty Years Ago.

## This is the way it was bound to $100 k$ When grandfather had his "picter too <br> These werre the shadows cast before

The coming of Conjurer Daguerre
And his art; like a girr in a pinafore
Soomed day to bloom to a goddess fair.
Men certainly were not as black, we kno
As they pictured them, 5o years alo
Ayer's Sarsaparilla began to make new men, just
as the new piotures of men as the new piotures of men began to be made. Thousands of people fronted the camera with skins made clean from
blotch and blemish, because they had purified the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is as powerful now as then. Ite record proves it. Others imitate the remedy; they

50 Years of Cures.

## T'he Reacket

STATIONERY
See our No. 80 fine bleached Cambric, same as Lonsdale Co.'s, at 10 c
Crinoline, grass cloth and

Hose supporters, silk elas tic at $10 \mathrm{c} y \mathrm{y}$, good cotton at co yd
Belt pins 2c up, Jet black lace pins 10 and 15 c

We sell as good Tinware as any house in Concord, Our prices are the lowest to be had. Recently one of onr customers tried to exchange produce for a gallon bucket They asked 15 c , and when he spoke of the Racket selling cheaper he was told they did not handle cheap shoddy stuff like the Racket handled Theirs was trıple plated be sider. The man came to us we gave him 15 cents to buy the bucket, wishing to yin dicate ourselves. He brough us the bucket. It was the same size single plate and weighed 1 ounce less tha our 10c one. The party took our bucket and left us the 15c" one. See our extra heavy stamped dish pans a
35 c . 35 c .
'Granite Dippers 15 c.

Safety pins 2, 3 and 4 c doz
1 uc fast black seamless hose thread heel and toe for $10 c$

Hermsdorf black, good val ue at 25 to $37 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$
Handkerchiefs. We hav by far the largest assortmen in town from 2 c to $37 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$

60 inch heavy bleached ta ble linen at $47 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$
3 pound feather pillows onl 0c each

## Feather dusters 15c

Crib counterpanes at 48c
2 spools Coats' capital threa or 5c. Colors only.

Percale at 61.4 to 8 s C

Just received 200 standard ovels at 10 c .
50 Seaside Novels at 5 c
Cloth bound Novels 15c
A big lot of Ink Tablets orqh 5 c to go at 3c
First class steel p ins, at 4 c er dozen.
Ink and mucilage at 3 c , orth 5c
Good Shee Blacking at 1 c . c French blacking at 5 c
3 plain cedar lead pencils or 1c
5c colored envelopes at 2c
Our 1c lead pencils are as good as any 5 c pencil to be had.
25 c box paper to go at 10 c .

## Ladies'

## Furnishing

$\$ 50$ Wheeler \& Wilson Sew. ing Machine for $\$ 35$. Extra value in white and
colored shirts; white ones at colored shirts; white ones a
15c White Collars at 10 c
2 cakes of Turkish bath Soap for 5 c

Lace curtains at 48 c to $\$ 3$, extra value.
Gingham at $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to $8 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{c}$
30 inch cotton plaids at 5 c good value.

## 25c at 9c

Chenille curtains at $\$ 3.25$ Chenille table covers at 98 c
Embroidery silk at 1-2c per skein
Turkey Red or Navy Blue doz.
Colored linen floss 20 c per
Gold embroidery 3 c per skein
Shaded crochet cotton 200 yard bolls at 5 c
Embroidery scrim 12c yd
Bleached butchers' linen 25 c
Ladies' home made muslin underwear cheaper than you can have it made.

Home made percale shirt waist at 50 c . Bonnets for 25 New line of embroidery in few days 25 c 25 c white cuffs at 18 c
Solid Silver Shirt Waist the same.
Swansdown

Redunced Rallroad Rates.
Reduced
Reduced rates have been author zed for the following occasions: Annual me eting of the Concatenated Order of Hco Hoo, Nashfor round trip one first class limets fare round trip one first class limited tember 7 to 8 , final limit, Sept. 15.

