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THE CONCORD TIMES.

JOHN B. SHERRILL, Editor. "BE JUST AND FEAR NOT." $1.00 a Year, in Advance.
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Our Job Printing Departments with every necessary equipments is prepared to turn out every variety of Printing in first-class style. No botch-work turned out from this office. We duplicate the prices of any legitimate establishment.

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People often wonder why their nerves are so weak; why they get tired so easily; why they start at every slight but sudden sound; why they do not sleep naturally; why they have frequent headaches, indigestion and nervous
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The explanation is simple. It is found in that impure blood which is continually feeding the nerves upon refuse instead of the elements of strength and vigor. In such condition opiate and nerve compounds simply deaden and do not cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla feeds the nerves pure, rich, red blood; gives natural sleep, perfect digestion, is the true remedy for all nervous troubles.
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Is the One True Blood Purifier. $1 per bottle. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.
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CHILLS
W. H. Haldeman, President of the great Louisville Courier-Journal Company, says "Dr. Wintersmith's Chill Tonic cured two cases of chills in my family after many other remedies had failed."
Mr. G. K. Carr, the leading druggist of Clarksdale, Miss., says: "I have a good sale for Dr. Wintersmith's Chill Tonic here, and the leading physicians of the town prescribe it largely."
"Our family physician recommends it highly," says Miss Annie May Broach, Fordyce, Ark.
"My family of six children cannot live without it," says Mr. Geo. W. Kirby, Forest City.
WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC
Sold by Ramseur & Graham, China Grove.

MOTHERS
We have a book, prepared especially for you, which we mail free. It treats of the stomach disorders—worms, etc.—that every child is liable to and for which
Frey's Vermifuge
has been successfully used for a half century.
One bottle by mail for 25c.
D. S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.

CLOTHING
I have opened out in the room next to Dr. Smoot's office a good line of
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Overcoats and Suits.
at right prices. Come to see me.
C. M. LORE.
oct. 31—tf

You Can Get A Genuine American Stem-Wind Watch,
fully warranted for $2.50 at
Correll's Jewelry Store,
Opposite Postoffice.

WHY THE COMING WOMAN?

Correspondence of THE TIMES.

MR. EDITOR:—Ever since the "coming woman" was announced she has been universally condemned. Those to whom she naturally looked to for protection have branded her as an adventuress, a pitiable specimen of humanity possessing more sentiment than brain—a woman who had lost the attractive charms and gentle manners to which chivalrous knights of old did homage, making her the shrine of his adorations. Vile epithets are flung at her as she spins around on her bicycle—a gift of her own industry and economy—or as she busies herself in the thousand haunts of men, places once occupied by them, but know them no more. When she steps across the threshold of any calling that particular calling feels her presence, the magic of her touch, and in spite of all that has been said she has remained. When the hour for business opens she is always at her post of duty. No headache from a night's debauch, no fumes or odor of tobacco, but with a bright smile and willing hands she has in many ways demonstrated her superiority to man.

Gladly would she have remained in her legitimate sphere and continued what poetry, sentiment and custom has painted, "goddess of the household," but she lives in a new era and must do or die. For long, long years she has waited for a change and during the waiting her quick perception has discovered that she is treated with less consideration and courtesy to-day than formerly, not only in the thoroughfares and busy haunts of industry but at home. She has seen her fondest hopes decay and her ambition is ground finer and finer. While she practices the strictest economy she has observed that the sterner sex drink whiskey and go bountifully supplied with tobacco as her individual poverty becomes more apparent each day. And oh! the blighted hopes as she glances into the almost empty larder, or surveys the general dilapidation of the home or farm, as these lords of creation are sitting around chewing and spitting at the rate of 16 to 1. Should company drop in she is afraid that she will be charged with a bad dinner or be accused of looking slovenly, so every resource at her command is developed. The nice fresh eggs are carefully laid away, and at the proper time are placed under the old hen, hoping that the increase disposed of at the store will save her reputation as a housekeeper and provide the many little things which are so necessary for the home and which costs so little. The indolent are easily fatigued and retire early. Soon after chanticleer has ceased his warbling these lords repair to the airy rooms and comfortable beds which she has provided; then with characteristic modesty she brings out the dress she is making for the colored woman.

Time passes. Her efforts are not only not appreciated, but her burden gets heavier and heavier, so at last she has burst the cerements of her environments, not to go into politics and vote and manage affairs of state, as is charged, but to do the work which man will not do, thus enabling her to reap the reward of her own industry. She knows many cases where man has lost his job on account of a spree, and others wandering aimlessly about with nothing to do, while she keeps her home intact—chops wood, prepares and cultivates the garden and does the many things around the home which should receive the attention of man.

Do not misjudge the "coming woman." She is by no means a "man hater." She knows there are many upright, hard working men whose first thought is of wife or sister, but when she looks around and sees the disgust for home, the delight in a cigarette, the joy in a drink, she is forced to the conclusion that the few good men are the exception. She looks with disgust upon the dude clad in the conventional "yellow shoes." He may be all that he should be, but he belongs to that class of nonentities whose chief occupation in life is to wonder why his charms and accomplishments are not recognized.

This woman is patient. She is not given to fault-finding. Her services are considered at least equal to man's, yet she receives about half the remuneration—an unjust discrimination—though she manages to save more than her brother, and too often the entire responsibility of the family rests upon her.

Country boys are leaving the farms and town boys are becoming proficient in all the vices of the day, while woman is left to solve the great problem of home. If man would exercise the same industry and frugality which has characterized woman want would be banished from the land, and the Ponce de Leon springs would gush from every household. It is unnecessary to consult statistics; observation is sufficient proof that there to-day a larger per cent. of women making honest livings than men. Then whose business is it if she does ride a bicycle, or even wear bloomers? And as the care of the family is gradually being shifted to her shoulders should she ask for suffrage, who will say she is not entitled to it?

Give her what the Creator intended, and she would be only too glad to quit the thousands of positions which she holds against all comers, and again reenter and grace her legitimate sphere.

SARAH C.

Charlotte, N. C., Feb. 12, 1895.

Covington Confesses.

RALEIGH, N. C., February 8.—Governor Carr recently issued his warrant for the execution of Thomas Covington, a white man, at Newton, for the murder of the cotton mill superintendent, James Brown. Covington has just made a full confession, in which he says that he lied in order to induce Govenor Carr to commute his death sentence, and that the state's witness, Elam Josey, now in the penitentiary, told the truth. He describes the murder by saying that he and Josey were in Brown's store at night to steal; that Brown found them there, got between them and the door and then put down his pistol in order to light a lamp, when Covington says he sprang on him and threw him down and then Josey shot him three times.

THE INDEPENDENT MOVEMENT FOR FREE SILVER.

An Independent free-coinage party is a factor whose influence in the coming Presidential campaign political journals are attempting to estimate. The Populist convention and a national free-silver convention will be held in St. Louis on the same date, July 22, a few weeks later than the national conventions of the old parties, and a coalition of silver forces is expected as a result unless one of the old parties should declare for free silver.

The call for the free-silver convention was issued by a conference of prominent free-silver men of all parties held in Washington last month. Dr. J. J. Mott, of North Carolina, formerly a Republican, was elected chairman of the National Executive Committee. Representation in the convention will be based on the silver-voting strength as ascertained by the American Bimetallic Union. For example, Colorado will have 70 delegates, Georgia 50, Missouri 45, Pennsylvania 45, New York 44.

The resolutions of the silver conference demand "the immediate return to the constitutional standard of gold and silver, by the restoration by this Government, independent of any foreign power, of the unrestricted coinage of both gold and silver into standard money, at the ratio of 16 to 1, and upon terms of exact equality, as they existed prior to 1873; the silver coin to be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts and dues, public and private." They also declare for issues of legal tender by the Government only.

The conclude with this declaration:

Over and above all other questions of policy, we are in favor of restoring to the people of the United States the time-honored money of the Constitution—gold and silver, not one, but both—the money of Washington and Hamilton, and Jefferson and Monroe, and Jackson and Lincoln, to the end that the American people may receive honest pay for an honest product, the American debtor pays his just obligations in an honest standard and not in a standard that is appreciated 100 per cent. above the great staples of our country, and to the end, further, that silver-standard countries may be deprived of the unnatural advantage they now enjoy in the difference in exchange between gold and silver—an advantage which the tariff legislation alone can not overcome.

We therefore, confidently appeal to the people of the United States, that, leaving in abeyance for the moment all other questions, however important, even momentous they may appear, and sundering if need be their former party affiliations, they unite in a supreme effort to free themselves and their children from the domination of the money power—a power more destructive than any which has ever been fastened upon the civilized men in any race and in any age. Upon the consummation of their desires and efforts we invoke the gracious favor of divine Providence.

Contemporaneous with the free-silver conference, Republican silver Senators issued a declaration for signatures, embodying a demand for a plank in the national Republican platform for 1896. It calls for free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 in order to obliterate the difference in exchange alleged to operate as a bounty to Oriental silver-basis countries, and it favors a tariff which shall equalize the difference in the cost of labor between this country and the countries of Europe and Asia.

Both Republican and Democratic journals in the East as a rule insist that their respective national conventions must make clear-cut "sound-money" platforms. The New York Tribune (Rep) the Times (Dem.), for instance, consider the independent free-silver movement less formidable than in any other form, and they welcome it as unmistakably determining the attitude that the old parties will take on the money questions.

The Tables Changed.

News and Observer.

During the session of the last Congress the Republicans goaded the Democrats by continually asking" "Why don't you do something? When we are in we act and always act promptly." Result: the people put the Republicans in power in both Houses of Congress, and now all the people cry out: "Why don't you do something? You are as badly divided as the Democrats. Do something or we will turn you out."

A Query.

Atlanta Journal.

We would like to have some able advocate of the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, tell us what he believes would have been bid for the pending bond issue if both houses of congress had passed and the President had signed a bill for the free coinage of silver, and a resolution declaring that all the obligations of the government were at its option payable in either silver or gold.

Replies are patiently awaited.

The Time for Building

Up the system is at this season. The cold weather has made unusual drains upon the vital forces. The blood has become impoverished and impure, and all the functions of the body suffer in consequence. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great builder, because it the the One True Blood Purifier and nerve tonic.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with all who use them. All druggists. 25c.

A Rooster Attacks a Boy.

MONROE, Feb. 8.—A remarkable thing occurred here yesterday. A little 5-year-old boy went out to feed the chickens. Among them were some very gentle hens which he was in the habit of playing with. He caught one of these and was playing with it, when he was attacked by one of the roosters. The vicious fowl jumped at the boy's head several times, striking hard every time, and making three or four painful wounds, one just under the little fellow's eye, which only by chance did not put the eye out.

—The season is almost here to engage in the annual planting and cultivating of tender-eyed potatoes, blushing beets and other such sweet spring things.

PROPERTY AND THE GOLD STANDARD.

The free silver organs and orators are continually ranting about the depreciation of property under the gold standard. The fallacy of this contention was clearly set forth by Hon. Josiah Patterson, of Tennessee, in his speech in the house of representatives last Friday. He said:

"Sir, it has been stated time and again that we have had a very great appreciation of gold since 1873 and a very great decline in values. It is not my purpose to enter upon a critical discussion of this question. I propose to call the attention of the committee to one great fact in our history, which, in my judgment, refutes the proposition. It is logically and ridiculously absurd to argue that the decline in the prices of commodities, brought about by the marvelous inventions and improvements of the ages is the result of the fall in the price of silver. The truth is that silver itself is a commodity, and, like all other commodities under modern conditions, it can be produced at less cost than formerly, and it has declined for the same reason that wheat has declined and manufactured products have declined. But the great fact which stands out in our history is that during the very period referred to we have had marvelous accumulations of wealth in the United States. It must be conceded by every thoughtful student of the history of his country that the United States was practically on a gold standard from 1850 to 1860. Leaving out the decade in which the war took place, we had from 1870 to 1880 another period of ten years when the country was on a depreciated paper basis. Then another ten years, from 1880 to 1890, when we were admittedly on a gold standard.

"Now, Mr. Chairman, the very important fact to which I desire to call the attention of the committee is that in 1850 we had a population of 23,191,876. In 1860 it had increased to 31,443,321. In 1850 the wealth of the United States amounted to $7,135,780,228. In 1860 it had increased to $16,159,616,068. Now, during the period we had 35 per cent. increase of population and 126 per cent increase of wealth. This was under the gold standard.

"In 1870 the population of the United States amounted to 38,558,371, and in 1880 to 50,155,783, showing 30 per cent increase in population. In 1870 the wealth of the United States amounted to $30,088,518,507, and in 1880 amounted to $43,642,000,000, showing only 45 per cent. increase. Now, in 1890, our population amounted to 62,622,250 and our wealth to $65,038,091,197, showing an increase of wealth amounting to 49 per cent. Now, these two decades, from 1850 to 1860 and from 1880 to 1890, being the decades in which we had not only the gold, standard, but the greatest public confidence in our currency, were the decades in which we have had the largest increase of wealth during our national history.

"I do not pretend to say, Mr. Chairman, that this wealth was justly or equally distributed. I contend that under the operation of unjust tariff laws and other legislation it was not distributed as it would be under just and equal laws. But this is not the fault of the currency. The currency affects alike all section and classes of our people."

The silverites will have a pleasant time getting over the facts which are thus presented. Very often in unguarded moments they admit that they do not believe what they say about the depreciation of values under the gold standard. A free silver paper in this vicinity which has had a great deal to say on this subject, a few days ago exulted over the sale of a piece of property in Atlanta at nearly $1,500 a front foot, or about $52 a square foot. The property was bought for $175 in 1847 and last week $23,258. The same paper frequently refers to the steady increase in the value of Atlanta property.

Mr. Patterson's figures are a complete answer to the plea that the gold standard is reducing the value of property in this country.

President Cleveland Was Quick to See the Full Effect of the Heavy Bond Subscription.

WASHINGTON, February 12.—The day after the opening of bids for bonds at the treasury department, a cabinet meeting was held. While the president and his advisers were discussing the enormous over-subscription and the general good effects of the issue, the president said:

"Gentlemen, there is one feature of the transaction which strikes me particularly, and which you seem to have overlooked. It is the effect which this patriotic confidence shown by the American people in their own institutions will have on our 'English cousins.' I have doubted before that we could bring the Salisbury government to our contention which is the right to interfere in the affairs of the republics on this continent. I haven't a doubt of it now, and my belief is that the tory government will not only submit its case to the American commission, but will assent to arbitration on a fair and equitable basis."

Just how well the President understood the situation, this morning's English cables tell. The feeling in Congress to-day is that the administration has won a diplomatic victory of far reaching moment; that there is not only no longer fear of war, but that a precedent has been established for all time that no foreign power can seize or acquire territory on the American continent.

Cure For Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at P. B. Fetzer's Drug Store.

First Author—Have you heard that our chum, Smithers, has married?

Second Author—Yes, he wanted to double his circle of readers!

THE BOND ALLOTMENT.

Baltimore Sun.

The allotment of the $100,000,000 of bonds of the new issue, just announced by Mr. Carlisle, completes a transaction which promises excellent results in various ways. The average price of the issue being close to 111, the addition made to the gold reserve will be about $111,000,000. The addition will suffice, it is believed, in the absence of jingo war messages, to keep the reserve at a safe figure and insure sound money till the close of the present administration. The distribution of the bonds cannot be accurately stated, since banks and individuals in all parts of the country would, in the ordinary course of business, make their purchases through New York. European subscriptions would be made through agencies in the same city, so that the ultimate destination of allotments is but roughly indicated by the facts given to the public. But the announced geographical distribution is this: The Southern States get $1,250,000 of the bonds; the Central $3,000,000; the Western States $3,250,000; the Eastern States, other than New York, $5,500,000, New England $9,000,000, and New York $78,000,000. Of the amount obtained by New York about $33,170,000, it is stated, was alloted to the Morgan syndicate, their bid being better than that of a great majority of the bidders. The actual number of accepted bidders was 781, and the rate of interest they will realize on their investment will be about 3⅝ per cent.

The moral effect of the success of the loan has already been seen to be good. Business men, it is seen, are confident that free coinage is not to prevail in the United States. In subscribing for a 4 per cent. loan of $100,000,000 five times over they, in effect, bet $500,000,000 that the gold basis will be maintained. On a silver basis a 4 per cent. bond would pay, in effect, but 2 per cent., and would not be an altogether desirable investment, but the success of this issue shows that the bragging of the silver men has been discounted. They make a great deal of noise at Washington. Demagogues of both parties talk and vote to capture the silver minority in their constitutions; but free coinage has not been inscribed on the platform of any party but the Populists, and is not likely to be. The success of this latest loan—an exhibition of popular confidence in the continuance of sound money—has amazed the silverites. Had the loan failed they would have been delighted. They did their best to darken the future and make bidders timid. Its success disconcerts and discourages the potters, and from an attitude of absolute confidence they have passed to that of petitions. In the debate in the House Saturday the burden of the Republican silverite speeches was an appeal to the Republican party to "do something" for silver. Not long since the silverites made the mistake of proposing to hold a convention of silver men from both parties at St. Louis while the populist convention was in session there, create a new party and nominate a presidential ticket on the single issue of silver, in case neither the Republican nor Democratic party would accept absolute free coinage. It was a mistake from their point of view because, as a noisy minority, they have exercised a larger influence in both parties than their numbers entitled them to. When they stand forth to be counted their weakness is betrayed.

Sarcastic Judge.

Judge Walton, who Presides over a court at Washington, is a man of grim humor. He had once imposed a sentence on a man who was well along in years and not very strong—a sentence which the prisoner's lawyer regarded as unduly severe. But the man had been convicted of a flagrant offence.

"Your honor," said the lawyer, "my client will not live a quarter of that time."

"Well," said the judge, "I do not wish to be unduly severe. If you prefer, I will change the sentence to imprisonment for life."

The Counsel did not "prefer."

One time, in the lobby, a member of the bar was seeking to convey the impression to a group, of whom Judge Walton was the centre, that his income from his profession was very large.

"I have to earn a good deal," the lawyer said· "It seems a large story to tell, judge, but my personal expenses are six thousand dollars a year. It costs me that to live."

"That is too much, Brother S.," said the judge; "I wouldn't pay it—it isn't worth it!"

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr, G. Cailouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Fetzer's Drug Store.

Lynched for a Crime He Did Not Commit.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 3.—A special from Knoxville, Tenn., says that Lizzie Hickman, a notorious woman, who died there yesterday, left a confession that Lee Sellers, lynched there eleven years ago for the robbery and murder of a drummer named Ed Means, was innocent. She said she lured Means, to an isolated spot where Ike Wright, an outlaw, killed him Wright disappeared at the time, and all efforts to locate him have falled.

The anti-prize fighting bill, putting a heavy penalty upon those who engage in fistic contests for money in any of the territories or in the District of Columbia, gave the country an excellent idea of how easily and how quickly Congress can act when so disposed. This bill went through the House and Senate without a dissenting vote and was promptly signed by the President all within forty-eight hours.

Mice are very fond of pumpkin seeds. Try using them to bait your traps.

THE SOUND MONEY CAUSE GOES MARCHING ON.

Charlotte Observer.

The New York Herald has made an attempt to gather from members of Congress and other politicians in Washington, from local newspapers and all other available sources, data from which can be derived an idea how the next national Democratic convention will stand on the coinage question. Figuring upon the basis of the electoral vote, and publishing a table showing its calculation for each State, it reaches the following footing: For sound money, 269; for free silver, 175.

The Washington correspondent of the Louisville Courier-Journal taking the vote in the Senate as some index to Democratic opinion upon the question, and supplementing this with such accurate information as it can get from other sources, makes an estimate as to how the convention will stand, taking as his basis the convention vote, with this result: Total vote in convention, 910. for sound money, 573; for free silver, 373.

The result in both cases is approximately the same, the Herald's figures being a trifle more favorable to the sound money men. In both calculations North Carolina is of course counted for free silver. There is every reason in these figures for the encouragement of sound money men. There has never been any reason to doubt that the national convention of this year would reaffirm the immemorial principles of the Democratic party upon the financial question. In the forcible language of the Greenville, S. C., News: "The Democratic party will insure defeat for itself and will probably put itself in subjection for ten years if it ties itself to the sage bush and silver combination. On a sound money basis it may lose, but it will have a fighting chance, and it will be on an enduring foundation and will retain the respect and confidence of the country."

Why Latin is Used.

"Why doesn't the doctor write his prescription in English instead of Latin?" asked a man of a druggist, whose reply the New York Herald publishes:

In the first place, Latin is a more exact concise language than English, and being a dead language, does not change as living languages do.

Then, again, since a very large part of all drugs in use are botanical, they have in the pharmacopœia the same that they have in botany—the scientific names. Two-thirds of such drugs haven't any English names, and so couldn't be written in English.

But suppose a doctor did write a prescription in English for an uneducated patient. The patient reads it, thanks he remembers it, and so ties to get it filled from memory the second time. Suppose for instance, it called for iodide of potassium, and he got it confused with cyanide of potassium. He could safely take ten grains of the first, but one grain of the second would kill him.

That's an extreme case but it will serve for an illustration. Don't you see how the Latin is a protection and a safeguard to the patient? Prescriptions in Latin he cant read, and consequently does not try to remember.

Now for a final reason. Latin is a language that is used by scientific men the werld over, and no other language is. You can get a Latin prescription filled in any country on the face of the earth where there is a drug store.

We had a prescription here the other day which we had put up originally, and which had since been stamped by druggists in London, Paris, Berlin, Constantinople, Cairo and Calcutta. What good would an English prescription be in St. Petersburg?

A Populist Solomon.

Salisbury Herald.

The Populists are always doing strange things and making new discoveries, but nothing that we have yet seen beats the performance of a Populist magistrate in this county. A negro who threatened to kill another was brought before this magistrate Saturday upon a peace warrant. Instead of requiring the negro to give a bond to keep the peace, as is customary, this modern Solomon sentenced the offender to the county roads for six months and sent him by a constable to Sheriff Monroe, who was instructed to see that the sentence was carried out. The committment stated that after the sentence imposed had been served the prisoner was to be taken back to the magistrate, who would discharge him after the costs were paid.

Sheriff Monroe has the negro in custoday, but will not carry him to the chain gang, as the sentence is clearly without warrant of law.

Cheaper Telephones.

A dispatch from Washington last night says: In the Supreme Court of the United States the solicitor-general moved for the advancement on the docket of the telephone case involving the validity of the Berliner patent. The solicitor-general contends that the Bell telephone receiver having become public property, the Berliner and Edison patents are the only obstacles which stand in the way of the free use of the microphone transmitter in practical form, and that with these patents out of the way the telephone would become so much cheaper that its use would be widely extended. The ground upon which it is sought to conceal the Berliner patent is that of a fraudulent conspiracy in the patent office with the Bell Company.

Shot By a Sanctified Man.

OWENSBORO, Ky., Feb. 9.—Sach Davis, a colored farmer, was fatally clubbed and shot last night at 9 o'clock at Lewis' Station, this county, by Lee Crutchfield, a white "sanctificationist." They were discussing Scripture and Davis could not agree with Crutchfield, who has a reputation of being a crank. At this the latter became infuriated, and seizing an axe handle dealt the negro a blow on the head, which broke his skull. He then drew a revolver and shot him once through the body, and fled.

If you would always be healthy, keep your blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla, the one True Blood Purifier.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

A year ago the Treasury could get no more than 104.4909 for fifty millions of these bonds, for the reason that the possibility of maintaining gold payments was at that time more than questionable and Congress had refused to authorize the distinct promise of gold that would have commanded the higher rate. The experience of the year, with the generally improving conditions of the Treasury, has gone far to re-establish confidence, and the country will get the advantage of improved credit in a greatly reduced interest charge.

Senator Tillman said in his recent pitchfork speech: "I am the only farmer in the Senate, pure and simple." What does farmer Butler of North Carolina say to this? He has taken occasion when the opportunity has offered to inform the country that he is a farmer, but not showing so much familiarity with the pitchfork, the curry comb, and the grubbing hoe, as the Senator from South Carolina, the people in Washington may have become as ignorant of his profession as are the people of Sampson county.—Clinton Democrat.

The clergyman of one of the churches of this city recently delivered a sermon in which he scolded his congregation for their failure to support him in proper style. He argued that his salary of $5,000 a year did not represent the value of his services, and that it ought to be at least twice as much as that. He told his people that he could make more money if he were to take up some other business, and he spoke words of warning to them which are said to have had an effect upon the authorities of his church. This particular preacher belongs to the class known as "sensationalist," and we infer from what we have heard about his sermons that it would be well for him to look for a job outside of the pulpit, more especially if he can get higher pay elsewhere.—New York Sun.

The New York Sun on Mary Ann Butler.

In an issue of last week the New York Sun has the following references to Senator Butler:

"There is a regretable dispute in North Carolina as to which of the Senators in Congress from that State loves silver the more and has done the more for it, the Hon. Jeter Columbus Pritchard, Republican, or the Hon. Marion Butler, Populist, better known as the Endless Chain of Honeycutt's. Both these lovers of the large, white dollars of our sires and the buzzard will thus be inspired not to greater efforts, for that is impossible, but to longer; and in the case of the Endless Chain of Honeycutt's that, too, is impossible. He cannot very well talk more time then than there is, and all that he fully occupies already. It is entirely in harmony with the best Populist thought, however, to bring in a bill increasing the number of hours in the day to sixty of six hundred minutes each; and even if such a bill should become a law, the Hon. Marion Butler would have on his hands several thousand ages of speeches more than he could use."

"The Hon. Marion Butler, the Endless Chain of Honeycutt's, seeing the impossibility of uttering within finite space and time the thoughts that arise in him, has taken to the pen. An address of his, calling on the North Carolinians to organize a separate silver party, is now burning over the State. But a new party would be only a temporary relief to Mr. Butler. If he had a hundred new parties a week to write and make speechess, addresses, warnings, resolutions, and essays to, he would still feel a constriction of the brain and throat; be conscious still that most of the load of wisdom under which he bows must remain unbelivered, and that he must die with most of his music in him, although the years of Methusaleh should be his. Wonderful but tangled Endless Chain!"

One reason why women are so generally troubled with some derangement of the distinctly feminine organism is that as girls they learn nothing about their own physical make up. Parents are waking up to the importance of education of this kind, and young women are becoming more and more able to take care of their health.
Carelessness in girlhood causes the greatest suffering and unhappiness in after life. Little irregularities and weaknesses in girls should be looked after promptly and treatment given at once. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription promotes regularity of all feminine functions, makes strength and builds up a sturdy health with which to meet the trials to come. The "Favorite Prescription" is not a universal panacea. It is good for but one thing. It is directed solely at one set of organs.
"I have been a sufferer from 'female weakness' for six years. I grew worse; had severe cutting pains in left ovary, also in left side and stomach. The pain in left side was constant. I would have light spasms previous to monthly period and when the spasm would leave I would suffer from severe soreness all over and could bear nothing to touch me. I also suffered from severe headaches; burning pressure on brain which almost caused me to be insane. I could not lay my head down without smothering. My face was poor; eyes looked dead; wasted in flesh. I was constipated and suffered severe pain when bowels would act. I could not eat for the fullness in region of stomach. I had tried three of the best doctors here but they only gave me temporary relief. I had given up all hope of ever getting well again. At last I concluded to give Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription a trial. I have taken two bottles, one of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and one of 'Pellets.' I have not felt any signs of my old disease; headache all gone; menses regular without ache or pain. Indeed I feel like a new person." Yours truly.
Lillie M. Parris
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