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GOOD PRINTING ALWAYS PAYS

THE CONCORD TIMES.

John B. Sherrill, Editor and Owner. "BE JUST AND FEAR NOT." $1.00 a Year, in Advance.

VOLUME XVII. CONCORD, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1900. NUMBER 41.

THE CONCORD WEEKLY TIMES
Leading Paper in This Section.
LARGE AND ESTABLISHED CIRCULATION
ESTABLISHED IN 1875.
If you have anything to sell, let the people know it.

Wild With Eczema

Fire Could Not Have Been More Painful.

"After spending two years in taking all kinds of medicines that were suggested for eczema, but without avail, my mother was induced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The result was wonderfully gratifying. Her limbs had been terribly lacerated by the disease, and there were times when fire could not have been more painful. She was, in fact, almost wild. Two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured her, and not a trace of eczema was left." E. W. DECKER, Gardiner, N. Y.

Eat Well, Sleep Well.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has been a great blessing to me. I was weak, irritable, tired and nervous; had no appetite and was always sad and despondent. One day I got hold of a little book about Hood's Sarsaparilla. I looked it over and resolved to try a bottle. I was better before it was gone, so I kept on until I had taken five bottles. I can now sleep well, feel cheerful and can do all my work, including plain sewing, and I can walk two or three miles a day. I am 55 years old and now feel that life is worth living." MRS. EMMA SMITH, 68 E. Mitchell St., Oswego, N. Y.

Critical Period of Life.

"I took Hood's Sarsaparilla during the critical period of my life, and now, at the age of 60 years, I am strong and healthy. It is a great medicine for the blood. I find Hood's to be the best." MRS. H. POMROY, 22 Lansing Street, Auburn, N. Y.

You can buy Hood's Sarsaparilla of any druggist. Be sure to ask for Hood's and do not accept any substitute.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. H. C. HERRING, DENTIST,
is again at his old place over Yorke's Jewelry Store,
CONCORD, N. C.

DR. W. C. HOUSTON
Surgeon Dentist,
CONCORD, N. C.
Is prepared to do all kinds of dental work in the most approved manner.
Office over Johnson's Drug Store.

L. T. HARTSELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
CONCORD, NORTH CAROLINA
Prompt attention given to all business. Office in Morris building, opposite the court house.

W. H. LILLY, M. D. S. L. MONTGOMERY, M. D
DRS. LILLY & MONTGOMERY,
offer their professional services to the citizens of Concord and vicinity. All calls promptly attended day or night. Office and residence on East Depot street, opposite Presbyterian church.

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MONTGOMERY & CROWELL,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law,
CONCORD, N. C.
As partners, will practice law in Cabarrus, Stanly and adjoining counties, in the Superior and Supreme Courts of the State and in the Federal Courts. Office on Depot street.
Parties desiring to lend money can leave it with us or place it in Concord National Bank for us, and we will lend it on good real estate security free of charge to the depositor.
We make thorough examination of title to lands offered as security for loans.
Mortgages foreclosed without expense to owners of same.

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BUYS AN
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Walnut or Oak,
Fully
Warranted,
FOR 12 MONTHS,
AT
W. C. CORRELL'S.
Fine Watchwork and Engraving a Specialty.

Mrs. Grier's Real Hair Restorer,
FOR
Dandruff, Eruption and Falling Hair.

Mrs. Grier's Hair Restorer is the best thing I ever used for keeping the scalp clean, and for preventing the falling out of the hair. MRS. J. M. ROGERS, Winston, N. C.

Mrs. Grier's Real Hair Restorer cleansed my scalp from dandruff, prevented the hair from falling out, and before I had used all of the first bottle there was a fine growth of new hair all over my head. ELIZABETH MCIVER, Winston, N. C.

Fifty cents per bottle at any drug store. Wholesale houses in Richmond, Baltimore, Charlotte, Wilmington.
March 1, 1y.

LEARN ALL YOU CAN.

Bill Arp Adds to His Knowledge Store Daily, He Says.

Store away knowledge; get all you can. There is comfort in is. Goldsmith says of the village schoolmaster and his pupils:

"And still they gazed and still the wonder grew,
That one small head could carry all it knew."

I remember how I used to wonder how our Professor Charles McCoy learned all that he knew about mathematics and astronomy. Some years ago I heard Professor Proctor, who was then the greatest living astronomer, lecture for three nights at Lake Weir chatauqua in Florida, and he lifted me up to the seventh heaven, as it were, and I had to strain my mind to soar with him amongst the stars, but the magnified the creation and the universe and the Creator in such a way that I have not forgotten it and my reverence and awe and love for the Supreme Being has been greatly increased.

I was ruminating about this because I have received a letter from a learned friend who thinks I should have told a little more about leap year and how the Julian calendar got behind time ten days in 1,582 years and Pope Gregory's astronomer, Clavius, made a new one called the Gregorian calendar. And how it says that all years whose date number is divisible by four without a remainder are leap years unless they are century years. These are not century years unless they are divisible by 400 without a remainder. Therefore, the year 2000 will be a leap year. But even this allowance will not exactly even up the march of time and we will lose another day in 3,524 years. Sir John Herschel corrected this by making every 4,000th year a leap year and this would keep old Father Time all right for 28,000 years—nuf sed—we will not figure beyond that.

Another respected friend writes an interesting letter about Hugh Lawson White, once a candidate for the presidential nomination, and says although he was reared and lived and died in Tennessee he was born in Iredell county, North Carolina. His mother was a Lawson, daughter of Hugh Lawson, and from that Lawson ancestry more distinguished people have sprung than from any other we read of. Among their descendants are the Whites, of Tennessee; Mrs. Stonewall Jackson, Mrs. General W. T. Sherman, Mrs. General A. P. Hill, Mrs. Adlai Ewing Stevenson, the Ewings of Ohio and Tennessee; General Ewell, General Henderson, of Virginia; the Lawsons, of Georgia, and Governor Jared Irwin, of Georgia. All of these were lineal descendants. Just think of it! What a divergence of fate and fame and fortune that made of one blood Mrs. Stonewall Jackson and Mrs. A. P. Hill. Mrs. General Sherman was a Ewing and Mrs. Stonewall Jackson was a Morrison. The writer says he has a copy of Hugh Lawson's will that was executed in 1766, and that his grave is in an old churchyard between Salisbury and Charlotte, and the headstone still shows the initials, "H. L." Verily, verily, there is something in the blood that transmits character to several generations.

But the trouble is that this ancestral blood becomes crossed and recrossed so often that it is apt to lose its virtue and becomes contaminated with the blood of some vicious ancestors. This could only be prevented by what is called "in and in breeding," as marrying cousins or second cousins, but the doctors say that produces physical degeneracy in the offspring and so what can a man do but try to elevate himself and not bank on his ancestors. Colonel Campbell Wallace was a noble man and made his own fame and fortune and he told me that when he was a young man he took a notion that maybe he was a descendant of Sir William Wallace, the great Scottish chief, and as his father died when Campbell was a boy and told him nothing about it, he rode a hundred miles over the mountains of Tennessee to see a great uncle who was old enough to know about his ancestors, and the old uncle said: "Now, Cam', you had better let that pedigree business alone, for your great-grandfather was a powerful sorry man, and one day he stole some taters offen a flatboat and they cotched him and took him down to the canebrake and whipped him—they did shore." "Since then," said Colonel Wallace, "I have taken Pope's couplet for my pedigree."

"Honor and shame from no condition rise.
Act well your part. There all the honor lies."

But I do like good stock whether in man or beast or fowl or fruit or flowers. I liked the Adams family and the Randolphs and Breckinridges and Holts and many others because they held up so long. My wife came from that Pocahontas-Randolph-Holt stock that had coal black hair and dark hazel eyes, and wore No. 2 shoes and stepped like a deer, and it was a good cross she made breeding back upon the Anglo-Irish that my ancestors came from. There is not quite so much "injun" in our children as there was in her, but still there is enough to make them love their friends and keep one eye on their enemies if they have any.

I was ruminating how little we know of what is going on in many parts of this great country. Here is a letter from an Alabama friend who has been living in Texas for twenty years and has charge of a cattle ranch in the panhandle, the staked plains region, and he says he has 8,000 head of cattle to look after and their grazing ground covers 170,000 acres. About half of it is infested by prairie dogs and they have become destructive and omniverous and are multiplying like the rabbits of Australia, and so this fall the owners declared war upon them. They mixed 500 bushels of wheat with 100 pounds of strychnine and scattered it around their little funnel-shapped ground holes and it effectually destroyed them. Just think of it—strychnine costs $1.75 an ounce, or about $25 a pound, and that made $2 500 besides the cost of the wheat. These cattle kings do things on a big scale. But it does look cruel and selfish to exterminate such pretty innocent little creatures. I wish the children could see them. They are about as large as fox squirrels and look like them excepting the lack of a long tail. They burrow in the ground and make tunnels that communicate with their different homes. They throw up little circular rims or banks around their holes like the ants do, and you can see them from the trains perched upon the tops of the rims like little sentinels and suddenly they pitch down in the funnel like boys jumping off a springboard into a mill pond. There were some clever, good-natured Michiganders and Michigeese at my house not long ago, and we were asking conundrums and no one was to ask a question that he or she couldn't answer when it was given up by the rest of the party, and so I asked a lady how a ground squirrel dug his hole in the ground without leaving any dirt around the top. When they all gave it up, I said: "Why, he begins at the bottom." But how does he get there?" she asked. "That is your question," said I, "and you must answer it." My next conundrum was why is it that when you hold up a guinea pig by the tail his eyes will drop out? The ladies all wondered and asked if it was so. "Certainly," said I; "it is a fact, but the trouble is that a guinea pig hasn't got any tail." Of course I put in these little jokes for the children. They are writing to me now; every mail brings letters wanting compositions or some help to write them, for school will soon be out. I wish I had time to help them, but I haven't, and I don't know what they will do. My parents used to help me and I got along pretty well and I have helped our children. It is an awful task, but the girl or boy should try it. Write a few lines and then go to mother. My wife still has the first composition that our oldest daughter wrote. It was on "Snakes," and the first sentence was: "A snake is a very long insect." But don't give up and cry about it. Try and try again and you will feel so happy when it is done.

BILL ARP.

Populist Committeeman Sends in His Resignation.

George E Boggs, of Haywood, one of the prominent men in the councils of the Populist party of North Carolina, writes to Dr. Cy. Thompson:

"I herewith tender my resignation of membership of the State Executive Committee. I do so with regret. I helped to organize the party in this State, and took a somewhat active part in the memorable campaign of 1892, and have since given more of my time, means and strength to advance its interests than I could afford, and entirely without any pecuniary reward directly or indirectly.

When fusion was inaugurated in this State in 1894, I opposed it to the utmost and refused to take any part in it. I urged that whatever apparent gain might be secured by it such a sacrifice of principle would divide and diminish our forces and, deservedly forfeiting the respect and confidence of our fellow-citizens, cut off recruits and, therefore, sooner or later, destroy the party.

I was for a long time encouraged to continue in my allegiance to the party organization by promise of reform and by the hope that those in control of the party would see the unwisdom of any farther continuance in such conduct, and returning to the defense of our principles refuse any affiliation with any who opposed them.

In the meantime the majority of the party has abandoned the organization and left it in the main, if not entirely, to those who seem bent on continuing in their course. Despairing of any reform inside the present organization of the party, I have determined to abandon it and become one of this outside majority.

I am as earnestly devoted to the principles of the People's party as I ever was. There are thousands in the state who are of like mind—in fact, Populism is more widely accepted today than at any time in the past, but without organization nothing can be done to secure the adoption and enforement of these principles. If I was otherwise qualified to take an active part in organizing this latent sentiment my poor health would prevent me from undertaking it. I can only watch the current of events."

A Complete Answer to the Talk of Republicans About the Fifth Section.

Q.—The Republican politicians say the court will hold the 5th section or the grandfather clause, so-called, of the amendment unconstitutional, and the 4th section, or the educational qualification, Constitutional. Is there any truth in this statement?

A.—Absolutely none whatever. This is altogether the most absurd position the Republican politicians have taken against the amendment. Every tyro in the law knows that when several sections or provisions of a law constitute parts of one general scheme of legislation, so that those voting for it would not likely have voted for one part or section without the other parts or sections, the whole must stand or fall together. Moreover the people are going to vote for one amendment, nor for two or three separate amendments. They are going to vote for the whole amendment, and not for detached parts or sections of the amendment. The courts cannot say to the people: "We will make you take half of what you have voted for, but we will not let you have the other half, though you voted for it as a whole, though you might not have voted for one half without the other half, indeed would have voted down the half we force upon you, without the half we deny you." That would be the court amending the constitution and not the people, and no court has the authority to amend the Constitution. So it is too clear for argument that these two sections of the amendment must stand or fall together.

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frostbites, quinsey, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price, 25 and 50cts.—For sale by M. L. Marsh, druggist.

MR. CLEVELAND QUOTED.

Unselfish Policy as the Proper American Attitude.

A dispatch to the New York Herald from Princeton, N. J., says:

"Ex-President Grover Cleveland has clearly defined his position in regard to the Nicaraguan canal question. In spite of the criticisms of his enemies Mr. Cleveland has upheld and will continue to uphold the high ideals which characterized the sentiments contained in his message to Congress on this subject. He takes the standpoint of high-minded, unselfish patriotism. Mr. Cleveland believes that the United States in all her dealings with other nations is to adhere first and foremost to an unselfish policy. 'Do unto others as you would have others do unto you,' should be the rule for nations, Mr. Cleveland says, as well as for individuals.

"The Philippines, he thinks, should be self-governing because they were independent in the first place. Puerto Rico should be a self-governing nation when her ability for independence is shown. In the meantime the United States is to be in the position of a kind father, giving help and advice where advice and help are necessary.

"Mr. Cleveland states as proof of the fact that unselfishness is the best policy for nations the tendencies of modern ethical schools. Evolutionary ethics and the latest sociological themes built on the basis of freehandedness and kindness have proved themselves to be the best solution up to date for the lifting up of the down-trodden and oppressed. Mr. Cleveland's idea is, in brief, the doctrine of the golden rule. The Philippines and West Indies alike are to be treated as brothers.

"The ex-President is well known as a conservative in politics. Conservatism he takes to be temperance through the golden mean in seeking a state of perfect peace and harmony as the ideal toward which all nations are arriving. Why not, says Mr. Cleveland, crown the work as soon as possible by applying its principles to modern political and social movements, and give the principle of ideal justice a chance to show its efficacy? This is Mr. Cleveland's policy in regard to the Philippines and Puerto Rico, the policy of justice to the inhabitants of the islands, an ideal justice which shall place the United States in a unique position among the nations.

"In regard to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty Mr. Cleveland said in an interview this evening:

"'I have always been an enthusiastic supporter of the furtherment of the canal's construction. My position has not changed since my reference to it in my first message to Congress, which has been recently quoted to a large extent. I appreciate more than I can express the importance of the Nicaraguan canal project. I am heartily in favor of its consummation.

"'Any right-minded man should have no hesitation whatever in coming out strongly on the side of Mr. Hay. It seems to me that the only debatable questions are the details relating to the consummation of the canal, its subsequent management and the general policy of the nation.

"'To me it is an agreeable and attractive sentiment that the United States should occupy a unique position among the nations of the earth as being the altruistic and unselfish brother. It is especially fitting, in view of the ideals upon which our Government was founded, that the whole position of the Administration should be that the canal is in the nature of a gift to the world and a contribution to advancing civilization.'

"Here Mr. Cleveland defined advancing civilization as applying the philosophy of unselfishness and even-handed justice to all, even to the lowest.

"'Our nation,' he continued, 'is not to be either a land-grabber or a money-grabber. Our ideal must be to bring about a higher development of the human race. The opening of the canal to all nations could not help but diffuse a spirit of unselfishness abroad over the world, along with commercial expansion resulting. A beautiful sentiment of altruism would be diffused from this great country as a sun in the celestial system. I wish to emphasize this point.

"'I understand the Hay-Pauncefote treaty to be modeled in accordance with the general idea of absolute and unadulterated neutralization, which is beyond all question essential to the consummation of this great project. The United States must insist on a policy of disarmament. There must be no fortifications; everything must be along the lines of universal peace.

"'Our nation must better its political life. Unless that commercialism which is rampant in American politics at this hour is soon checked and crushed under foot the future will wrap in the coils of darkness around our cherished life, and we will settle down to the same dwarfed standards common among the imperial nations of the past before absolute disintegration occurred.

"'What is urging on the United States at this moment to the possession of new lands but the grasping spirit of economic plunder, the curse of every nation which has gone down to the yawning gaps of oblivion? Therefore I am in favor of the ratification of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, the construction of the canal and its maintenance as a free highway to all the nations.

"'The views I held in 1888 and gave forth in my message to Congress are in principle what I believe at this time. The same larger political and expansive, abundant national life sweeps through the principles, which I believe ought to be proclaimed today in even stronger tones. America is the flower garden of the world to sweeten with the wafts carried from our shores the dreariest, darkest spots of the earth. We have enough aroma in the way of benefits to go around the globe, like the loaves and fishes of an ancient but true parable of the world's greatest teacher. I am convinced that the nation which does the same thing grows larger when this giving is done with intelligent direction.

"'I detest the flamboyant methods of the war party of a nation, but I have as great a disgust for the namby-pamby dwarfs who are afraid to face the lion of war when that war is just. A nation like Venezuela, for instance, ought to have the support of a stronger country when the righteous cause of the weaker is imperiled and their liberty is endangered by the unjust assaults of a greater and tyrannical power.'

"Mr. Cleveland," concludes the Herald's correspondent, "is ready for his two speeches on public themes to be delivered on the evenings of April 9 and 10. He will probably touch on the Puerto Rican and Philippine questions."

Prohibitory Policy Pays.

Topeka Capital, Sheldon Edition.

One of the arguments the prohibitionists have constantly to meet is the financial argument. The claim is constantly advanced that saloons are of great financial value to a city, provided they pay a license.

Topeka, the capital of Kansas, in Shawnee county, has for fifteen years refused under any circumstances to accept a whiskey revenue, and during most of that time the prohibitory law has been well enforced.

Leavenworth, situated on the Missouri border, has always, except during the administration of Governor Martin, ignored the constitution and pursued a policy of license.

During most of the time since the prohibitory law went into effect Leavenworth has had all the open saloons it could support, all paying part of their profits to the city.

Under the auspices of the State Temperance Union tables have been prepared which throw some light upon the comparative values of the two policies.

From these tables it appears that Leavenworth receives a revenue from the saloons (collected as fines), $36,500 where Topeka receives only $400 legitimate fines. Yet the rate of taxation for city purposes in Leavenworth is a half larger than the rate in Topeka. Topeka spent more for public improvements than Leavenworth, employed more teachers in the public schools, paid them better wages, enrolled more churches and ministers and charities than Leavenworth, both in gross and per capita.

The information upon which this statement is based is from the published reports of the United States labor commissioner, Carroll D. Wright.

Caught a Dreadful Cold.

Marion Kooke, manager for T. M. Thompson, a large importer of fine millinery at 1658 Milwaukee Avenue Chicago, says: "During the late severe weather I caught a dreadful cold which kept me awake at night and made me unfit to attend my work during the day. One of my milliners was taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for a severe cold at that time, which seemed to relieve her so quickly that I bought some for myself. It acted like magic and I began to improve at once. I am now entirely well and feel very pleased to acknowledge its merits." For sale by M. L. Marsh, druggist.

"Good morning. How do you do this morning?" said the duck, meeting the hen.

"None of your business," replied the hen. "You are no doctor."

"Quack!" squawked the duck, angrily.

"That's what I said," cackled the hen.

"James," whispered the good woman, "there's a burglar in the parlor. He stumbled against the piano in the dark. I heard several of the keys strike."

"All right," said James, "I'll go down."

"Oh, James, you are not going to do anything rash?"

"Certainly not. I'm going to help him. You don't suppose he can get that piano out of the house without assistance, do you?"

DECLINE OF THE CHURCH.

Its Causes as Described by a Methodist Minister of Ohio.

Cleveland Plain Dealer.

At the Glenville Methodist Episcopal Church last evening the Rev. John F. Fisher, presiding elder of the Cleveland district, spoke upon the general topic of the decline of the Church. "A grave condition," he said, "confronts the Methodist Church. There has been a decline of 21,000 in membership during the past year. We congratulate ourselves that in the Eastern Ohio Conference there has been a gain of 2 per cent. and in the Cleveland district a gain of 4 per cent.

"The reason for this condition of affairs is a spiritual famine in the churches. The gulf between capital and labor threatens us on both sides. On one side 'not many mighty, not many noble are called.' On the other strange forces are alienating the poor. The labor unions organized most compactly are much influenced by men hostile to the church. Their gatherings are generally on the Sabbath, thus keeping the men out of our reach. The submerged tenth has been allowed to pass out to other agencies.

"We seem in some places above our business. One border of this Church has been frayed by thin speculations and vagaries of Christian science. The powerful camp meetings of our forefathers have been superseded in many localities. The literature found in our homes is too often too light to nourish strong religious character. Books that furnish the reading for our youth are not selected with the same care with which we choose their friends. Amusements are sought after as if they were a necessity. Like little children, people of all ages think they must be amused.

"The moral and spiritual forces of the church necessary for the building of great and Christlike characters seem to be side-tracked. In many places the spirit of the world is dominant instead of the spirit which is of God. With some of our people the services of God's house seem to be attended when it is convenient. This has been brought about by self-indulgence. The spirit of self-indulgence which characterizes France has struck this country, and there is no use of denying this fact.

"What we must do is to hold to the Word of God as the law of the Nation, and when sin threatens stand firm against it."

Baby's Wireless Telephone Plan.

Chicago Inter Ocean.

The Rev. Case Davis, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church at Warren, Ill., has a daughter nearly three years of age who is very particular about saying her prayers before retiring each night. One evening last week her mother was detained from hearing her prayers at the usual hour and little Louise waited patiently some time. Finally patience ceased to be a virtue with her, and she climbed upon a chair and taking down the receiver of the telephone, shouted into it:

"Hello, Central! dive me heaven. I want to say my prayers."

Placed.

The Court—Was there nothing about the dead man to identify him?

Officer—No, sir. All that we found was a few dollars, an empty flask, a six-shooter and a dirk.

The Court—Um! Undoubtedly from Kentucky.

ROYAL
Baking Powder

The strongest, purest, most efficient and wholesome of leavening agents. Not lowest in price, yet the most economical; indispensable to all who appreciate the best and most healthful food.

Our country is enjoying prosperity almost unsurpassed in its history.

For every one there is money enough to buy that to eat which is pure, sound, good, wholesome.

Why should we use cheap, impure, unhealthful articles of food? There is no economy in them; they endanger the health, they may cost life. There are reported almost daily cases of sickness caused by eating cake, puddings or biscuit made with the cheap, alum baking powders.

In all articles for food buy and use only the best. The good health of the family is of first consideration.

Alum is used in many baking powders because it makes them cheap. It costs less than two cents a pound. Alum is a corrosive poison. Think of feeding it to children! Yet the manufacturers of well-known alum powders are actually denying that their goods contain it.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

DR. PEARSON'S RULES FOR LIVING 100 YEARS.

CHICAGO, April 2.—Dr. D. K. Pearsons, the octogenarian philanthropist, who has given away his entire fortune of $3,500,000 and who declined the other day to serve on the Dewey committee because it would involve the loss of his after dinner nap and possibly interfere with his plan to live to be 100, gives these rules for longevity:

"Most men dig their graves with their teeth.

"No pies or cakes, no pains or aches.

"If you overwork your liver it will tell on you to your brain by and by.

"Live like a farmer and you'll live like a prince.

"Men can live without eating ten days; they can't live without pure air five minutes.

"Don't get angry and don't get excited; every time you fret you lose a minute of life.

"Let a man abuse his stomach and he'll get fidgety, cross to his family and go to the devil.

"Doctors say, 'don't sleep on a full stomach.' I take my after dinner nap just the same and I'm 80 years old. You can't believe all the doctors say.

"I cured a man once by telling him he was a 'damphool' because he imagined he had a dozen ailments.

"If you catch a cold, lose your quinine and eat an onion.

"Give away your money; it's exhilarating and tends to longevity. The idea of giving while one's alive will become epidemic as soon as men discover what fun it is. I'm happier than any other man in the world.

"There a lot of fellows down town who tell me they want to live a short life and a merry one. I want to live a long life and a jolly one—in my own way. Some men like their clubs and society. That's all right. I don't belong to a club, and they couldn't hire me to wear a swallow-tail coat.

"A lot of men have a fine time with midnight banqueting and speech making. Let them go. I've a room up here on the hill, 200 feet above the city, with the windows open at the bottom, and it's as good as a picnic to me to go to bed there at 8 o'clock every night.

"I don't drink either tea or coffee; they enter the heart. A vegetable and a fruit diet will help a man to remain young. It's better than the fountain of life or the medicinal baths."

A Proposition to Regulate Marriages.

Charlotte Observer.

The Governor of Colorado is credited with a purpose to include in his next message to the Legislature a recommendation that there be established in each county a board with power to examine all persons contemplating matrimony, with authority to refuse license to such persons as it may find physically or mentally unfit to get married. We all talk more or less about paternalism, but this is government taking charge of the citizen right. All States, perhaps, have laws forbidding the marriage of insane persons under age, and this, of course, is altogether proper, but further than this the State has nothing to do with the purposes of those who may be matrimonially inclined. That is strictly the business of the contracting parties, their parents or guardians. If the right of government to regulate marriages to the extent suggested is conceded, there would be no limit to which it might not invade the rights of the individual. We believe that in years long gone it was a rule among the Moravians of this State that when a young man concluded that he wanted to get married he laid his case before the church council and it selected a wife for him. That was a large waiver of personal rights; at the same time the applicant made it voluntarily, or if he were not willing to make it he had the option of quitting the communion. Indeed, it is further told that a young Moravian named Waugh did not like the girl selected as a wife for him, and in consequence seceded from the church, and, after the fashion of Romulus and Remus, founded a city of his own—the present Waughtown. The Governor of Colorado would, however, arbitrarily forbid marriages in certain cases, though both parties were willing, and capable of making the contract, which is going a step further than was ever known before in history, civil or ecclesiastical.

Republicans Will Vote for the Amendment.

Western Republicans especially are showing independence. This week's Shelby Aurora contains this card from a life-long Republican:

Editor Aurora: I have been a Republican for twenty years and want it understood I am in favor of the amendment. I believe if we drop the negro our party will be strengthened in the South. I believe in white supremacy and the leading principles of the Republican party. I am a subscriber of the Aurora.

WALTER LANKFORD.

The Wilkesboro Chronicle says editorially:

"A Republican who has been prominent in Wilkes politics and has held office in the county, told us last week that he was not opposed to the amendment and would support it. He said that some of the revenues had tried to get him to join an anti-amendment club, but he told them that he would not do so, that there was enough of the hired revenues to run their clubs without him. That is the way to talk it. Let the revenues run their negro supremacy clubs and the white men will run theirs."

They are coming. It is time for white men who believe in white supremacy to unite to make it permanent.

A Horrible Outbreak.

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head," writes C. D. Isbell of Morganton, Tenn., "but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25c at Fetzer's Drug Store.

Doctors Failed.

"In August, 1893, I was attacked by neuralgia and nervous prostration. For six months I was confined to my room and most of the time to my bed. Five doctors were consulted without results. Dr. Miles' Nervine and Nerve and Liver Pills cured me. Today I am well and strong." Rev. W. H. Barff, Union City, Ind.

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is sold by all druggists on guarantee, first bottle benefits or money back. Book on heart and nerves sent free. Dr. Miles Medical Company, Elkhart, Ind.

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It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.
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