THE CONCORD TIMES.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
—BY—
CONCORD, N. C.
BY JOHN B. SHERRILL,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

Bryan's Commoner is the biggest disappointment of the season. It is a small eight page paper, three colums to the page, and is filled with articles of barely mediocre calibre. Sam Jones says "it is small in size and light in weight," and that he was astonished when he looked over its columns. As usual he has sized up the case pretty well. Hundreds, thousands even, were attracted by curiosity to subscribe for Mr. Bryan's paper, but we will undertake to predict that its circulation during its second year will not be one tenth as much as the first year.

Curtailment by the Cotton Mills.

The New York Commercial recently sent out inquiries to all the Southern cotton mills concerning the amount of production each would curtail in accordance with the recommendation of the Southern Cotton Spinners Association. The replies received show that the curtailment will be more than the most sanguine expected. In fact, nearly all the yarn mills of the South, except those which have contracts ahead for so much delivery per week, will curtail from 33⅓ to 50 per cent. for about four months. Among the mills in this section we note the following:

Efird Manufacturing Co., discontinued night work, and will curtail production one-half.

Lippard Yarn Mill, shut down for 60 days.

Kesler Manufacturing Co., running 5 days in week and may curtail further.

Odell Manufacturing Co., have curtailed.

Wiscassett Mills, have curtailed and will curtail further.

Bala Mills, shut down night work for 4 months.

Salisbury Cotton Mills, will probably shut down during July and August.

Vance Cotton Mills, will curtail as per schedule adopted.

Tuscarora Mill, will run 4 days a week for 4 months.

Patterson Manufacting Co., shut down night work, and will curtail as per schedule adopted.

The Monroe Cotton Mills, which have stopped night work and will run 5 days a week for 4 months, write the Commercial the following letter, which will give a pretty good idea of the general situation:

"We have been running our mill constantly both day and night for the past six years, but owing to the apparent condition of the market, we shut down the night work three weeks ago, and on March 1st will act in accordance with the resolutions of the Southern Cotton Spinners' Association. It is our intention now to never resume the night work again, as we are of the opinion that the night work is one of the greatest causes now of our present congested condition. We are of the opinion that all of the yarn mills of the South realize the conditions and have determined to curtail, and we are informed by a great many of the mills that they intend to curtail even to a greater extent than night work entirely and one day weekly. The prices at which yarns have been offered for the last six weeks on all numbers from 8s to 30s are from 1½ to 2½ cents below the costs of production, basing spot cotton at about 9½ cents. This being a true state of facts, it would appear that the Southern spinners are not so blind as to continue to pile up their products at an actual loss."

New Election Law.

Raleigh News and Observer.

The sub-committee that has been preparing the new election law has now completed its work and the bill will this week be introduced in the House.

In view of the fact that the amendment, eliminating the ignorant negro vote, goes into effect before the next election, the committee has endeavored to frame such a law as will not only be absolutely fair, but such a law that it cannot even be charged that it is otherwise.

The bill, as now drawn, provides for a State board of elections composed of three men, of whom not more than two shall be of the same political party. The county boards, likewise, shall be composed of three persons, only two of whom can be of the same party.

The registrars must be men of good repute and standing in the community in which they live.

Of the four judges of election, not more than two can be of the same political party and these two must be selected from lists of five furnished by the county chairmen of their party.

The clause in the present election law taking away the right of a writ of mandamus is stricken out.

These, in brief, are the main features of the new law, as drawn by the subcommittee.

Dissatisfaction With The New Congressional Districts.

Salisbury Cor. Charlotte Observer.

If the proposed ninth congressional district, which includes Mecklenburg, may be Republican, according to the editorial in today's Observer, the proposed eighth, which includes Rowan, is in a much worse way. It stretches from Stanly to Ashe and includes half of the whole number of Republican mountain counties. It looks to people at this distance as though the Legislature has wilfully determined to bunch together piedmont and western North Carolina and turn the whole thing over to the Republicans. Why it is pursuing this course is a matter about which there are various conjectures, but general resentment is felt. The counties composing the proposed eighth district gave Overman, Bryan elector, 16,365, and Price, McKinley elector, 17,987; Republican majority 722.

Paul Teeter Runs Away From Home.

Correspondence Charlotte Observer.

CONCORD, Feb. 28.—Paul Teeter, a young man about 16 years old, and son of Mr. Frank Teeter, left home last Monday, and, not returning, his family is afraid he is making his way to Cuba. He had only $15 in cash when he left home, and his friends, who are on the search, hope to overtake him somewhere about Savannah. Mr. Frank Teeter lives near Pharr's Mill, in this county.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY IS INAUGURATED

Enters Upon His Second Term as President.

MAGNIFICENT CEREMONY

Wonderful Development of the Great Republic Strikingly and Impressively Illustrated—Inspiring Scenes and Incidents.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—William McKinley of Ohio today was inducted into the presidential office, being the eighth in the illustrious line of presidents of the United States thus honored by the American people with the second term. Simultaneously Theodore Roosevelt of New York became vice president of the United States. The ceremony that marked this second assumption by President McKinley of the cares of state was impressive and full of sugrestion of the development of the republic during the past four years.

The weather is always a source of apprehension on inauguration day, and it has become almost a truism that never can a president expect on two consecutive inaugurations to have even fair weather. A long spell of remarkably fine weather added to the probablities that a change must soon be expected. But the weather bureau, beginning Saturday last, insisted on declaring for fine weather, and the special bulletin issued last night expressed absolute confidence on that point.

At 3 o'clock a. m. a drizzing rain was falling, and at sunrise the clouds hung so thickly that the orb of day was scarcely visible. But about 8 o'clock the clouds began to break, and in the course of an hour broad beams of sunlight swept the avenue, the variations from light to shadow, as the clouds scudded rapidly over the sky under the influence of a northwest wind, adding variety to the pictures. On the whole, the weather promised to redeem the pledge of the weather bureau that the weather would be glorious, the temperature being mild and broad stretches of blue sky appearing as the sun forced its way through the clouds.

Magnificent Parade.

The parade that followed President McKinley today on his return from the capitol to the White House and passed in review there before him was different from all its predecessors in the majestic predominance of the military feature. The civil contingent was quite up to the average in numbers, yet by actual count made by the marshals the soldiers outnumbered the civilians in line by more than three to one. In blue were many soldiers who had carried the country's flag far out into the world and had waged a war which was all in the future when the last inaugural procession marched along Pennsylvania avenue.

With these young veterans, and in the place of honor, as the president's escort, marched another contingent, made up entirely of soldiers of the civil war. At their head marched the Rough Rider band.

For the first time in a quarter of a century, the president rode from the White House to the capitol without a successor beside him in the carriage. Grant was the last of the presidents of the United States up to his time to occupy a similar position. President McKinley had for his companions in his carriage members of the committee specially chosen by congress to take charge of the inauguration, headed by Senator Hanna.

The nations of the world, great and small, paid their tribute to the president in attendance at the ceremonies at the capitol and in reviewing the great parade.

The navy was represented in the ceremonies more numerously than ever before. Half a dozen warships, more than have assembled in the Potomac since the civil war, contributed through their sailors and marines one of the most unique and enjoyable features of the ceremony, marching over 1,000 strong. Down on the water front lay the famous old flagship Hartford, while at the navyyard floated the double-turreted monitor Puritan. Further down the Potomac lay other vessels unable to get up the river to Washington, but whose crews swelled the list of paraders.

From White House to Capitol.

It was 10:30 o'clock when the president entered the White House carriage. With him were Senator Hanna, Representatives McRea and Cannon. Secretary Cortelyou and the members of the cabinet took their places in their own carriage, and with a trumpet blast the procession started. In one of the carriages Admiral Dewey and General Miles were seated together, in full dress uniform. The carriages turned west upon Pennsylvania avenue to reach the rear of the escort column, and then countermarched, passing the White House again at 10:50 o'clock. Grand Marshal Greene and staff were at the head of the line.

One of the most notable and impressive features of the whole day's ceremonies was when, like veterans at the word of command, the Porto Rican battalion swung into the line of march. They had been resting on Pennsylvania avenue, near Eleventh street, and as the redcoated artillerymen passed them, they wheeled with beautiful precision to their place, without causing a second's delay in the marching line. The crowds sent up a mighty cheer as these soldiers stepped briskly along, showing their pride and pleasure by smiling faces.

It was 11:40 when the president, his cabinet and the escort reached the capitol. Mr. McKinley was conducted to the president's room, off the present lobby, where he was immediately joined by the joint committee of congress. The secretary of the navy, generals of the army and their immediate officers entered and exchanged greetings with the commander-in-chief of the army and navy.

After the greetings, the president signed the bills which the dying congress had passed. A great pile of them awaited him. Several bills of minor importance failed. There was some doubt about the St. Louis exposition bill. Chairman Tawney of the house committee anxiously stood by until the president affixed his signature. It was among the last bills signed. A few minutes before 12 o'clock the last bill was signed and the president and the members of the cabinet entered the senate chamber

A Good Cough Medicine for Children.

"I have no hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says F. P. Moran, a well known and popular baker, of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold by M. L. Marsh.

Gold's Highwater Mark.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The amount of gross of gold in the Treasury today was $498, 412,159, the highest point ever reached in the history of the government. This amount includes $150,000,0000 held as a reserve, $276,019,989 held against gold certificates and $63,392,169 in the general fund.

The Seaboard Air Line has just purchased twenty-five large new freight engines.

THE LEGISLATURE.

RALEIGH, N. C March 2.—The Senate passed the bill revoking liquor dealers license, upon conviction for gambling, also making a policeman knowing of gambling, but not acting, ineligible to hold future office.

Bills passed regulating employment of counsel for State institution, and to promote public libraries in rural districts.

London's constitutional amendment to allow either race to the assignment of its regular school fund by special tax on that race for its schools, was referred to the judiciary committee.

The House passed the Senate bill apportioning members of the House without change and took up the revenue bill.

By mutual consent the Senate committee on elections will hold a special meeting at four o'clock Monday afternoon to consider the Charlotte primary and election bill.

Mr. Rountree moved to tax theatres in large towns $150 instead of $200. Willard and others opposed, and the amendment was defeated.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 4.—Bills were introduced in the Senate today, reducing the judicial district to fourteen and providing state inspector for illuminating oils and fluids.

Rountree offered a bill to allow Senators $4 a day as court of impeachment, House not to remain in session. Discussed and referred to committee.

The Congressional reapportionment bill passed both Houses.

The machinery bill introduced in the Senate, passed the House bill for three commssioners to investigate state institution passed. House consider the revenue bill; bicycle dealers taxed $10 and $5 according to population of town. Collecting agencies, steam laundries and second hand clothiers, $25. Roundtree opposed corporation loan section. Word "dividends" striken out and adopted.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 5.—The Senate recalled from the House the bill to elect three supervisors of education for the state and referred it again to the committee.

The House bill, authorizing Mecklenburg, Gaston and Lincoln counties to build a bridge over the Catawba river, passed.

Bills passed Senate: To protect game in Mecklenburg; to provide for two additional tax collectors of Mecklenburg.

The school bill passed the House, ninty to three.

In the debate on the education bill, Blount denounced the "teachers trust."

Winston's amendment to make four years a limit of superintendents eligibility defeated 49 to 30, Jenkins paid an eloquent tribute to the work of the lady teachers of public schools.

A resolution was introduced to expunge from the record the expulsion of Josiah Turner.

The Judges charged with high crimes will make answer March 6 The Senate will try them after usual time of adjournment. Whether Senators shall receive pay for extra time is yet undecided. It is reported that Governor Aycock will not call extra session.

It is greatly to be regretted that the Legislature of 1901 comes to its last week with nine-tenths of its important work undone. The bills of State importance have all to come up this week; and in the general rush there will be no time to hear from the people after they are made public.

All the appropriation bills are to come up this week. One strong hand has done much courageously to hold them back until the free schools should have been provided for. Probably this accounts for the delay in providing for them: There has been a battle; and it has yet to be won for them.

Likewise the School Law has to come up, though it has passed second reading in the Senate.

Reappointment of Congressional, Judicial and Legislative districts has been agreed upon by caucus. The bills will pass this week.

Much of the Revenue Act has yet to be considered.

The new election law has not yet been offered.

Clearly, then, the remaining day of the General Assembly will be more important than all the rest of the session.

Raleigh, N. C., March 6.—At noon today the high court of impeachment was called to order.

Governor Jarvis presented the answer of the defendants.

The answer recites in full the history of the case; denies that the court ordered, payment out of the Treasury of money not appropriated, holding that the office of Shell Fish Commissioner was created and the money appropriated to pay his salary, therefore the mandamus was not against the law and the constitutition.

In the doctrine of Hoke vs. Henderson the legislature cannot deprive a man of his lawful salary by destroying the appropriation previously made.

They deny disrespect to the Legislature, or any impure motives. The history of office-holding cases was recited, showing by the case of Wood against Bellamy that the decisions were not partisan.

No man can say when the Legislature will adjourn. No man knows. It seems that the duration of the session is contingent upon the length of the impeachment trial, for the House has to stay in session, a quorum at least, until the Senate has done. May be it will be March 21st. The popular impression appears to be that the trial will last ten days. Of course it is mere guess work.

GENERAL NEWS.

E. N. Culloon, a prominent banker of Birmingham, Ala., who has just returned from a trip to Cuba, expresses great surprise at the anti-American feeling which, he says, exists in Havana. He states that he did not meet a single Cuban who was friendly toward the United States.

Birmingham, Ala., has a sensational murder case. Mrs. Foote was found dead in her kitchen ten days ago. Suicide was a theory for awhile but latterly her son, of 18 years, is believed to be the perpetrator and the husband an accessory. There was an insurance policy of $2,000 on her life.

William Maxwell Evarts, former United States Senator and one of the foremost jurists of the country, died in New York on the 28th alt. Mr. Evarts was 83 years of age. He had been sick sometime with the grip and owing to his advanced age, he failed to rally from its depressing effects. Pneumonia was the immediate cause of death.

Curtailment of production by Southern yarn mills has become general and at Fall River there is much discussion of the advisability of reducing output, or lowering wages. Loss in domestic consumption of raw cotton seems assured, and foreign buying is far from satisfactory. The position of this staple is not made firmer by news that sales of fertilizers surpass all records in any of the Southern states.

From Last Week's Albemarle Enterprise.

Mr. Killis Almond, at Shankle post office, cut his last watermelon of the season on the 17th inst., and those participating pronounced it good.

We were told last week that Mrs V. Mauney at Yadkin Falls, has begun setting out cabbage plants.

An Albemarle lady has a hen that laid an egg one day this week that weighed three and three-fourth ounces, measured six and a quarter inches round and was eight inches in length. This is no egg story but an actual fact.

A son of Mr. Jackson Helms, 3 miles from Albemarle, was cutting down trees yesterday, when one fell on him, breaking one of his legs.

Representative Wright will be asked to introduced a bill in the Legislature providing for the definite establishment of the line between Rowan and Stanly counties where it borders Morgan township. This has long been a matter of controversy.

Last Week of Congress.

Mr. McKinley was inaugurated March 4. On that day the term of the present Congress expired. The last ten days have therefore been busy days with that body. The one sensation was the disclosure that a speech by Mr. Lentz has been withheld from the Record. It was so bitter. But it has since been printed. The most important matter, the Ship Subsidy, having been defeated, was the temporary arrangements, for control of Cuba and the Philippines. Elsewhere we print the terms for Cuba. The Philippines will be in the hands of the President, who is expected to institute civil government as rapidly as possible. Judge Taft is reported to be sure of appointment as first civil governor. Of more interest, perhaps, is the list of appropriations of the present Congress. The total of the appropriation bills for this session of Congress shows $694,118,595, omitting the $53,000,000 sinking fund. This grand total is $26,256,209 below the estimates.

Strikes a Rich Find.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by P. B. Fetzer druggist.

Simmons Sworn In.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—F. M. Simmons was sworn in as United States Senator from North Carolina today without objection. He was escorted to the Vice President's desk by Senator Pritchard and took the oath in company with Messrs. Tillman, Warren and Wetmore.

A Horrible Outbreak

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head" writes C. D. Isbill of Morganton, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica Salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25c at P. B. Fetzer's drug store.

Killed Because He Couldn't Pay Twenty Cents.

George Gale, was beaten to death last week in a restaurant, on the Bowery, New York City. He had eaten breakfast, for which he was unable to pay. When he announced his inability to pay for the meal the waiter called the manager of the place who struck Gale with his fist.

The dish washer, attracted by the row, interferred and knocked Gale down. He fell with his head against the railing and died within a few minutes. The police made ten arrests. The price of Gale's meal was twenty cents.

The New Congressional Districts.

Ten congressional districts have been made by the State Legislature, as follows:

FIRST DISTRICT.

Currituck, Camden, Gates, Pasquotank, Hertford, Perquimans, Dare, Tyrrell, Washington, Martin, Pitt, Beaufort, Hyde, Chowan.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Warren, Halifax, Northampton, Bertie, Edgecombe, Wilson, Lenoir, Greene.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Carteret, Craven, Jones, Onslow, Pender, Sampson, Duplin, Wayne.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Vance, Franklin, Nash, Johnston, Wake, Chatham.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Granville, Person, Durham, Orange, Alamance, Caswell, Rockingham, Guilford, Stokes, Forsyth.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Harnett, Cumberland, Bladen, Robeson, Columbus, Brunswick, New Hanover.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Union, Anson, Richmond, Scotland, Moore, Montgomery, Randolph, Davidson, Davie, Yadkin.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

Stanly, Cabarrus, Rowan, Iredell, Alexander, Wilkes, Surry, Alleghany, Ashe, Watauga, Caldwell.

NINTH DISTRICT.

Mecklenburg, Gaston, Cleveland, Lincoln, Catawba, Burke, Mitchell, Yancey, Madison.

TENTH DISTRICT.

Rutherford, McDowell, Polk, Henderson, Buncombe, Haywood, Transylvania, Jackson, Swain, Macon, Graham, Clay, Cherokee.

Headache often results from a disordered condition of the stomach and constipation of the bowels. A dose or two of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will correct these disorders and cure the headache. Sold by M. L. Marsh.

From the Mooresville Enterprise.

Mrs. Weddington, an aged lady of the Coddle Creek neighborhood, died last Thursday and was buried at Bethpage on Friday.

Mrs. M. G. Deaton is slowly improving from the effects of the grip.

Mr. M. F Nesbit is able to be on the streets again after three weeks confinement at home.

Mr. John Mills moved with his family to Concord on Wednesday. They will work at the Odell mills at that place.

Two hundred bushels of potatoes remove eighty pounds of "actual" Potash from the soil. Unless this quantity is returned to the soil, the following crop will materially decrease.

We have books telling about composition, use and value of fertilizers for various crops. They are sent free.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St.,
New York.

A NICE SPRING SUIT OF CLOTHES will be given free to any one who will sell only 100 packets of seeds for us at 5c. each. No money required in advance. Write us a postal saying you accept this offer, and we will mail the Seeds to you at once.

T. J. KING, Seedsman,
March 7—4t. Richmond, Va.

1847.—1091.

THE PENN MUTUAL LIFE

OF PHILADELPHIA,

can give you the most profitable policy. Rates 10 to 20 per cent lower than other companies. All policies from date of issue without restriction as to residence, travel, occupation, cause or manner of death.

Contains Cash, Surrender, Loans, Paid-up, and Automatic Extension Values. Non-forfeitable after three payments.

Will be pleased to give fuller information to any desiring to consider a contract of Life or Endowment insurance.

Correspondence solicited.

Thos. W. Smith,
AGENT,
AT CONCORD, N. C.
March 7, 1901.

THE HUESTIS

431 Fourth Avenue, Between 29th and 30th Streets.

NEW YORK CITY.

A strictly First-class Family Hotel. Entirely new.

Fifty Rooms with Private Bath, $1.50 per day. Suites of Rooms with Private Bath, $3.00 per day.

Special Rates by month or year. Located in center of City, five minutes from Grand Central Depot, via Fourth Avenue Cars. Transfers to all points, at 29th St. Within walking distance of Shops and Theatres. Restaurant charges very moderate. A la Carte at all hours. Table d' Hote Lunch, 35 cents. Table d' Hote Dinner, 60 cents. All modern improvements and comforts of a Home.

A. HUESTIS, Proprietor.

Trembling Nerves

Are hungry nerves—nerves that are starved until they have no vitality left. They have lost all power to regain their natural strength and steadiness. You who are restless, nervous, fidgety, depressed in spirits, worried, worn-out and sleepless, should feed your nerves. Build them up and give them new life and strength before they fail you entirely. Now is the time to do it; and the best food you can use is

"My nervousness began in childhood, grew worse at college, and after being in the ministry some time I got so bad that the least noise or excitement would make me tremble all over. I had sour stomach, constipation, much severe headache and was trembly most of the time. Dr. Miles' Nervine cured my nervousness and made me stronger in every way.

REV. B. P. SEARCY, La Grange, Ga.

Dr. Miles' Nervine.

It is a brain-builder and nerve-strengthener of remarkable power, and a speedy remedy for nervous troubles of every description. Buy a bottle to-day.

Sold by all Druggists on a guarantee. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

It's Easy To Take

Thin, pale, anæmic girls need a fatty food to enrich their blood, give color to their cheeks and restore their health and strength. It is safe to say that they nearly all reject fat with their food.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA

is exactly what they require; it not only gives them the important element (cod-liver oil) in a palatable and easily digested form, but also the hypophosphites which are so valuable in nervous disorders that usually accompany anæmia.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is a fatty food that is more easily digested than any other form of fat. A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health. You can get it in this way.

We have known persons to gain a pound a day while taking it.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Pearls Found in Vermont.

Everyone is talking about the "Green Mountain Pearls." Did you know that they cure liver troubles, constipation, bad digestion, nausea, dull headache, dizziness and foul breath? There never was a pill sold which acted so quickly and gently, and they don't gripe one bit. A trial is all we ask—we know what the result will be.

D. D. JOHNSON.

Concord Markets.

Corrected weekly by D. P. Dayvault.

COTTON MARKET.

Stained	8
Low Middling	8
Middling	8
Strict Middling	8¼
Good Middling	9

PRODUCE MARKET.

Corrected weekly by Jno. C. Smith.

Bulk Meat, Sides	10
Beeswax	20
Butter	10 to 15
Chickens	10 to 25
Corn	75
Eggs	15
Lard	10 to 12½
Flour, North Carolina	2.00 to 2.40
Meal	75
Peas	1.10
Oats	40 to 50
Tallow	4 to 5
Salt	75
Sweet Potatoes	70 to 100
Irish Potatoes	80 to 1.10

Annual Report

to the Corporation Commission of the

CONCORD PERPETUAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION

of Concord, N. C., for the year ending December 31, 1900.

ASSETS.

Loans on Bond and Mortgage (face value)	$ 65,620 00
Loans on other securities	1,272 00
Cash on hand and in Bank	26 67
Installments due and unpaid	377 10
Bills payable	9 00
	$67,304 77

LIABILITIES.

Due shareholders, due installments paid	$48,987 00
Due shareholders, installments paid in advance	267 50
Due shareholders, earnings not credited	6,050 27
Borrowed money	12,000 00
	$67,304 77

Report for the Year Ending December 31, 1900.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand January 1, 1900	$1,948.02
Subscriptions on shares	19,402 40
Mortgages redeemed (in whole or in part)	8,586 00
Other loans redeemed	10,879.00
Interest received	4,410 94
Fines received	74 73
Entrance fees	46 25
Sundries	2 00
Borrowed money	15,000 00
	$60,348 74

DISBURSEMENTS.

Loaned on Mortgage	7 535 00
Loaned on other securities	7 226 00
Paid on withdrawals, due	4 844 50
Paid on withdrawrls, dividends	270 13
Salaries	250 00
Advertising and printing	7 00
Other disbursements, in detail, for U. S. C.	50
Taxes	335 66
Corporation Commission fee	5 00
Stamps	1 70
Insurance	9 00
Interest	197 58
Matured stock, 11th series	5,700 00
Matured stock, 12th series	31,000 00
Borrowed money repaid	5,000 00
Cash on hand	26 67
	60,348 74

Amount of authorized capital	$500,000 00
Par value of each share	100 00
Number of shares sold during year	195
Number of shares cancelled and withdrawn during the year	583
Number of shares in force at the end of the year	1,287

In conformity with law, I hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the sworn statement of the Concord Perpetual Building and Loan Association, on December 31st, 1900, now on file in the office of the North Carolina Corporation Commission.

This the 1st day of March, 1901.

FRANKLIN McNEIL, Chairman.
H. C. BROWN, Clerk.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, Cabarrus County. } ss.

Robt. S. Young, President, and H. I. Woodhouse, Secretary of the Concord Perpetual Building and Loan Association, being duly sworn, each for himself says, that the foregoing statement and report are true in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

ROBT. S. YOUNG.
H. I. WOODHOUSE.

Sworn to before me, this 27th day of February, 1901.

JNO M. COOK,
Clerk Superior Court.

Spring Needs.

By right you look to us to meet the season's demands made upon you. By experience you have always found us prepared. For the past ten days our Mr. Parks has been in New York, the fountain head of fashions and manufactured goods, making purchases for the spring needs. Large stocks for every department have been bought, and already the bright new goods are beginning to come. In our spring buying every garment, every fabric and every article must bear the individuality of quality, style and appearance. Quality and style are the two first considerations. We want your trade and confidence, and you can always feel that you get a little more here for your money than elsewhere. The large trade during the past winter and an always crowded house, speaks for itself.

Spring Suits.

They are here, all the new styles and the best fitting Shirts, all sizes 1.00

Extra value in soft bosoms, all kinds, were made up to sell for 75c, but party failed before shirts were shipped, we offer them to you for 50c

Full dress, white stiff bosom Shirts, all sizes 75c and $1.00

Neckwear, Suspenders and Handkerchiefs.

These little things are a very important make up of your appearance. Every man wants a tie of superior quality and exclusive style. Easter styles are making their appearance here. A large showing of the narrow Four-in-hands. Bat Wings and Puffs, at 50c

We are showing the largest and best variety in Neckwear to be found for 25c

Extra quality and exclusive styles in the new Four in hand 75c

Large showing on Gent's Handkerchiefs from 5 to 25c

Trousers.

Space will not allow us to make full mention of our Men's Fine Spring Trousers. We just want to say that in this stock you will find the newest styles in stripes and solid colors. We can fit anybody, no difference how small or how large. The shape and cut is correct and the fabrics the very best. The prices are $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $5.00

100 pairs of Boy's Corduroy Knee Pants, sizes 7 to 12 years old. Be quick, they will soon exchange owners at per pair 50c

H. L. Parks & Co. DEPARTMENT STORE H. L. Parks & Co. DEPARTMENT STORE

The Racket Store.

EXTRA SPECIAL.

Last week a manufacturer came to us with a lot of cotton towels and toweling that was not made according to orders. In some cases everything was o. k., but no fringe, and on other pieces the weaver made a fringe and border when he started the cut and no more until he finished his 30 to 40 yards. This we cut in any length for you for single towels or roller towels. It costs you 25c per lb, or about 4c to 5½c per yard.

Cotton Torchon lace, ¾ to 2½ inches wide at 3 and 4c per yard. This line is usually sold at 5c around. We also have a line of heavier cotton Torchon Lace at 4c per dozen yards up.

White Goods.

Dimities at 7½c to 19c.
India Lawns 6¼c to 24c.
36 inch Long Cloth 8 1-3c to 18c per yard.

Theses good are from ½ to 2½c per yard cheaper than you can buy them.

Hamburg Edging 4c to 25c per yard. We have it 4 inches wide at 6¼c per yard. This is by far the cheapest line ever offered. You save from 1 to 3c per yard. We often sell it to customers who have just bought what they want elsewhere.

White Barred Muslin remuants, at 40c per lb.

Spool Cotton at 2c and 4c per spool. Why pay 5c for every spool of thread you use when you can buy it of us for 4 cents.

Pearl Buttons at 4c per dozen, worth 5c.

Seam Braid at 2½c per 4 4 yard bunches.

Homemade Comforts, 6x7 feet, weighing 5 lbs, at $1.25, worth 2.00.

Dark Calico at 3½c per yard, light Calico, 4¼c. Short remnants of Calico at 20c lb.

Percale in good lengths, at 25c lb.

Curtain Scrim, at 40c lb.

Men's colored bordered Handkerchiefs, worth 10c, for 5 cents.

Mandolins at $2, worth 2.50.

7.50 Guitar for 5.00. All steel strings at 2½c.

Plates, Cups and Saucers by the set or single. Table Knives with or without forks. Spoons 5c per set. Wash Pans 5c. 3 tin Cups for 5 cents. Shoe Blacking 1c,

D. J. BOSTIAN.

26—HEAD—26

MULES AND HORSES!

3 Teams Large Wagon Mules

Several good driving horses.

We have not yet failed to please a single customer, and this is our second car load.

Give us a trial. TERMS CASH OR ON TIME with good note or mortgage.

F. B. McKinne & Co.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as the administrator of the estate of D. C. Furr, deceased, all persons owing said estate are hereby notified that they must make prompt payment or suit will be brought. And all persons having claims against said estate must present them to them to the undersigned, duly authenticated, on or before the 30th day of February, 1902, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. D. M. FURR, Admr.

Feb. 8, 1901.
Montgomery & Crowell, Attys.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of the estate of Dr. S. L. Houstony, deceased, all persons are hereby notified that they must make prompt payment or suit will be brought. And all persons having claims against said estate must present them to the undersigned, duly authenticated, on or before the 1st day of February, 1902, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. DR. W. C. HOUSTONY, Administrator.

Jan. 31, 1901.
By Montgomery & Crowell, Attorneys.