

THE CONCORD TIMES.

John B. Sherrill, Editor and Owner.

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NUMBER 59.

Has Twice
the
Circulation
of any Paper
Ever
Published in
the County.

VOLUME XXI.

Miles on Miles

Are walked by the billiard player, as he moves around the table. That is the only exercise many a city man gets. It is this lack of exercise in the shut-in-life of the city, combined with irregular eating and indigestible dishes which tend to make the city man the victim of "stomach trouble."

When there is undue fullness after eating, sour belching, sour risings and other distressing symptoms, a prompt use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will effect a speedy cure. In the most extreme cases of disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, the persistent use of the "Discovery" will result in a complete cure in nine to eight cases of every hundred.



"The praise I would like to give your 'Golden Medical Discovery' I cannot utter in words or describe with pen," writes James H. Ambrose, Esq., of 1206 1/2 Millin Street, Huntington, Pa. "I was taken down with what our physicians said was indigestion. I doctored with the best around here and found no relief. I wrote to you and you sent me a question blank to fill out. I did so and you then advised me to use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took three bottles and I felt so good that I stopped—being, as I think, cured. I have no symptoms of gastric trouble or indigestion."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send at once—cent stamps for paper covered book, or 31 stamps for cloth bound. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Cabarrus Savings Bank

Concord and Albemarle, N. C.
CAPITAL, \$50,000.00.
Surplus and undivided profits, \$22,000.00.
Resources Over \$300,000.

General Banking Business Transacted. Accounts of individuals, firms and corporations solicited. We cordially invite Every Man, Woman and Child who wishes to "lay by something for a rainy day," to open a Savings Account with us. 4 per cent. interest paid on savings deposits and time certificates.

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Livery, Sale and Feed Stables
Will keep on hand at all times Horses and Mules for sale for cash or credit. Our livery will have good road horses and a nice line of Carriages and Landaus as can be found in this part of the county.

NOTICE

We have opened
A Fine Confectionery.
Homemade and all kinds of Candies, Lowrey's Chocolates and Bon Buns.

Also a nice line of California and Florida Fruits.

Olympia Candy Works

Phone 270. 18 S. Union St., Concord, N. C. Jan. 22.

THE Concord National Bank.

With the latest approved form of books and every facility for handling accounts, offers a first-class service to the public.

Capital, \$50,000
Profit, \$22,000
Individual responsibility of Shareholders, 50,000

KEEP YOUR ACCOUNT WITH US.

Interest paid as agreed. Liberal accommodation to all our customers.

J. M. ODELL, President.
D. B. COLTRANE, Cashier.

G. G. RICHMOND & CO.

1882-1904.

GENERAL INSURANCE OFFICE.

Carrying all lines of business. Companies all sound after Baltimore fire.

We thank you for past favors, and ask a continuance of your business.

Rear room City Hall.

100 to California and Return.

DR. THACHER'S
LIVER AND BLOOD
CURE FOR
DISEASE
Caused by
Constipation 80%
Through other 20%
Causes
100%

THE DISAPPOINTING NEGRO.

Chicago Chronicle.
There has been a wonderful reaction in this country with relation to human rights and human equality since the days when the emancipated slaves were clothed with citizenship and given the ballot.

We now govern twice as many people in the Philippines as there were blacks in America at the close of the civil war without giving a thought to the curious place which they occupy in our system. Thirty-five years ago a large majority of the people of the northern states had no doubt that the negroes were entirely capable of self-government. Many believed that they were capable of governing white men. Some there were who were fanatical enough to believe that as matters stood at the south they were in some respects superior to the whites. It was believed, at any rate, they were devoted to the Republican party and to the union. Time has shown that they are not particularly mindful of either.

No doubt if the blacks at the south had fulfilled expectations the attitude of the government and people toward the natives of the Philippines would have been different. We accepted the Filipino as a subject rather than as an equal, because we had learned by experience at home that our own blacks were not of the stuff that freemen are made of.

The men who dominated the reconstruction period and by main strength elevated the negro as a race to a position for which he was never fitted would be amazed, if living to-day, to see him disfranchised in many of the states where he is most numerous without so much as making a protest.

Probably such a disillusionment, national in its scope, never was witnessed anywhere on earth before. It is not necessary to recount the hopes that were centered in the freeman by the enthusiasts who made him a citizen. He was expected to take care of himself and of the political party which, in the face of protests and warnings, had clothed him with political rights. He did neither. He did nothing for himself and little for his party.

Considering these things, it is necessary to ask why it is that in spite of this submissiveness there has grown up all over the country, in the north as well as in the south, a hostility to the colored race which in numerous instances denies to it the protection of the laws. We not only disfranchise the negro and in effect reduce him to the position of a subject, but when angry we treat him in some respect like a wild animal or a mad dog and in cooler moments we undertake to justify our violence by pleading exasperation and prejudice.

Some of the most ferocious mob attacks upon negroes, signifying by their fury the deep-seated and long-nourished wrath of the whites, have taken place in towns at the north where a generation ago the blacks were welcomed with sympathy and where fifty years ago the anti-slavery agitation had made practically the entire population strongly predisposed in their favor. Can it be that intimate acquaintance with the race serves only to intensify the natural antipathy of the white man and to reproduce in communities once negrophobic all the wrath of the negrophobes?

There is much in all this for blacks as well as whites to consider with such reason and patience as they can bring to the study of the problem. One thing is certain and that is that we are making no progress in the solution of the race question as it was bequeathed to us by the reconstructionists. We have more than undone all that they in their blindness, fanaticism and vengeance attempted to do. We have not re-enslaved the negro, but we have invaded rights conferred upon him by the same authority that gave him freedom and guaranteed it. We have a subject race at home, and because we have a subject race at home we have lately acquired subject races abroad which it is manifestly our purpose to retain in subjection.

We may read if we will in the records of ancient republics what happened as a result of this policy. It is a solemn and a tragic story.

In the present temper of the people it would not be strange if the prejudice now manifested toward one race would in the course of time develop with relation to others. The old ideas of equality are held with less and less vigor in practically every walk of life. From the highest and most favored to the humblest and most wretched there is a disposition to single out some element, race or class for proscription.

The pendulum swung too far in the days following the civil war. We must have a care that it does not go too far in the other direction now.

If troubled with weak digestion, belching or sour stomach, use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and you will get quick relief. For sale by M. L. Marsh.

THE SERVICE PENSION BUSINESS

Charlotte News.
The service pension means a pension for services rendered during the Civil War. You may have been a tramp and received a larger salary than was ever known before on the pay-roll of the army; you may have done nothing nobler than guard the hen-roosts of a neighboring town; you may have improved in health, drawn your pay, gotten elected to office on the strength of your military record, grown rich and prosperous. But if you served, and are sixty-two years old, you are entitled to a service pension.

When the scheme was first broached by the Roosevelt administration, it was thought to be a little hazardous to try to pass a service pension bill. The leading papers of the Republican party set their faces against the thing. But Roosevelt had to make himself solid with the G. A. R. at whatever cost. So they discovered an old law that allowed a service pension for the veterans of the Mexican War, and Roosevelt, by a high-handed proceeding as he has yet been guilty of, which is saying a good deal, ordered the law applied to veterans of the Civil War.

The fact is that the Mexican War pension bill was passed to balance things a little bit. The South won the Mexican War, and most of its veterans were in the South. Of course the Northern Veterans of the Civil War were in the North. And it was thought kind to let a little of the pension money that the South has been paying so heroically as a war indemnity from a defeated people trickle down South. Now Roosevelt the Lawless, reverses even the design of that small measure by adding thousands of names to the pension rolls and millions of money to taxation, in order to throw another sop to the G. A. R.

Of course it is in defiance of the constitution and of the law. A President was impeached for less than that. But the Republican Congress is pretty well tamed by the broncho buster. He slips the restraints on his side, and it equals a little, as it did over the Bristow spur, but presently it goes along as the Rough Rider directs. The President has Congress not "on his hands" but "well in hand."

Never Saw His Daughter for 13 Years
Charlotte Observer.
Rev. C. L. Hoffman, formerly rector of St. Peter's Episcopal Church here, and now living in Lincolnton, tells of a strange tribute that is paid to "Big" John Heavner, a farmer who was killed a short time ago on his farm near Lincolnton, by the falling of a tree. It is declared that for thirteen years he never saw the face of his oldest daughter, for thirteen years after her birth Mr. Heavner pursued, each day, his habit of arising before daylight and not returning until after dark. One night his daughter dressed carefully, sat up late and was introduced to her father. All persons who have doubts about this matter are respectfully referred to Mr. Hoffman.

The Manliness of Labor Should be Impressed on the Young.
Monroe Enquirer.
"The man who is ashamed to do honest work," said Rev. Dr. J. C. Rowe, "has something wrong with his head. He needs to be taken all down and put together again. No one needs to be ashamed of having walked between the plow handles. If there is any one occupation of man that God directly instituted it is that of farming."

Now that is what the public schools ought to teach the children—the dignity and manliness of honest, intelligent work, however hard, however humble. Teach them that education is for the purpose of making us better and more capable workers, not to help us escape work.

A Favorite Remedy for Babies.
Its pleasant taste and prompt cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a favorite with the mothers of small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds and prevents any danger of pneumonia, or other serious consequences. It not only cures coughs, but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears will prevent the attack. For sale by M. L. Marsh.

The War.
Russian military authorities frankly admit there will be no invasion of Korea. General Kuropatkin hopes to force the Japanese to act on the offensive.

Japanese spies are reported to be swarming in Manchuria.

It is reported that the Japanese intend to land troops on Chinese neutral territory.

Reporting the last attack on Port Arthur, Admiral Togo, in command of the Japanese fleet, says none of his ships were injured.

What is Life?
In the past nearly nobody knew, but we do know that it is under strict law. Abuse that law even slightly, pain results. Irregular living means derangement of the organs, resulting in constipation, headache or liver trouble. Dr. King's New Life Pills quickly re-adjusts this. It's gentle, yet thorough. Only 25 cents at all drug stores.

The proposed impeachment of Federal Judge Swayne, of Florida, is worrying republican senators. They fear the proceedings will keep them in Washington during the summer.

LAW SUIT IS 21 YEARS OLD.

It is Over a Bull Killed by Railroad Train in Missouri.
American Legal News.
The famous case of Thomas E. Sublette against the Iron Mountain and Southern Railroad Company for injury to a bull, which has been in all the courts of Missouri since its institution over twenty years ago, came up again at Clayton. It was presented to Judge McElhinney, of the circuit court, in the form of documentary evidence, and was taken under advisement by him.

Twenty-one years and one month ago Mr. Sublette obtained judgment in a justice of the peace in Adair county for \$75. The suit was brought to recover damages to a young bull belonging to the plaintiff, which was struck by an engine of the railroad.

The railroad company took an appeal to the circuit court of Adair county, where the suit was dismissed.

After the dismissal from the circuit court in 1883 Mr. Sublette took it to the Supreme Court of Missouri, which transferred it to the Kansas City court of appeals. This body sent the case back to the Adair county circuit court, where a new procedure was begun to recover the amount of judgment given by the justice of the peace court.

In 1894 the case was transferred from Adair county to St. Louis county, and from Clayton it went to the St. Louis court of appeals. It was sent back for retrial on reversal of judgment.

An execution was issued, and injunction was taken out to stay the execution, which was also taken to the court of appeals, and which was sustained.

A new suit was then brought on the original judgment, was mistried once and was brought back into court again by Judge McElhinney granting a new trial.

The matter of granting a new trial was also taken to the higher courts and sustained. This was the proceeding which brought it up to October 30.

The bull has long since died and many of the witnesses have passed away out of the courts. The suit was originally for \$125.

Political Psychology.
Thomasville, Ga., Times Enterprise.
A stranger walked into the lobby of the Masury Hotel yesterday afternoon and began to decant on the wonders of psychology. He said he was a specialist in that branch of science, and talked for some time about the effect of man's opinions upon his personal appearance. "Why," he continued, "I can look at a man and tell his political preference. It is a very simple matter to tell a Democrat from a Republican. Down here you are all Democrats, but though it is a hard task I can tell a man's favorite for the Presidential nomination by looking at him."

"Cigars for the crowd that you can't," said a bystander. "Done," said the mind reader. "You yourself are for Cleveland." He was right, but the scoffster muttered "an accident."

"You," he said to another, "prefer Parker." He was right again, and "Wonderful," said the crowd.

Turning to a third, he said, "and you are for Hearst." "You are a liar," was the unexpected response. "I have been sick; that is the reason I look this way."

Letter to W. J. Hill, Concord, N. C.
Dear Sir: A gallon saved is \$4 or \$5 earned.
Two gallons saved is \$8 or \$10 earned.
Three gallons saved is \$12 or \$15 earned.
Four gallons saved is \$16 or \$20 earned.
Five gallons saved is \$20 or \$25 earned.

It costs \$3 or \$4 a gallon to paint, besides the paint; as much to brush on a gallon of worthless paint as Devoe.

Mr. Ezra Rathmell, Williamsport, Pa., always used 11 gallons of mixed paint for his house; Devoe took 6. Yours truly, F. W. DEXTER & Co., New York.

The Girl Who Could Compromise in a Pinch.
George Ade.
"The Man who wins my cardinal Regard must be Tall and Dark, with Raven hair tossed back from a Brow of Alabaster Whiteness," she said as she reached for another Olive. "He must be Brave, yet Gentle. I would have him a Chesterfield as to manners, and as bright as Winston Churchill. In Thought and Speech he must be pure and unadorned. Withal, he is to be Strong and Manly. He would hold down my Rocking Chair must be a Chivalrous Gentleman, and don't you forget it."

That evening a Red-Headed Boy, wearing striped Flannels and smoking a Bulldog Pipe, came to the Front Gate and Whistled. She upset four Flower Pots in getting to him.

Choosing a Wife.
A Man Can't Pick His Mother, but He Can Pick His Son's Mother.
George Horace Lorimer.
I suppose I'm fanning the air when I ask you to be guided by my judgment in this matter, because while a young fellow will consult his father about buying a horse he's cocksure of himself when it comes to picking a wife. Marriages may be made in heaven but most engagements are made in the back parlor, with the gas so low that a fellow doesn't really get a square look at what he's taking. While a man doesn't see much of a girl's family when he's courting he's apt to see a good deal of it when he's housekeeping, and while he doesn't marry his wife's father, there's nothing in the marriage vow to prevent the old man from borrowing money from him, and you can bet if he's old Job Dashkam he'll do it. A man can't pick his own mother, but he can pick his son's mother, and when he chooses a father-in-law who plays the bucket-shops he needn't be surprised if his own son plays the races.

Never marry a poor girl who's been raised like a rich one. She's simply traded the virtues of the poor for the vices of the rich without going long on her good points. To marry for money or to marry without money is a crime. There's no real objection to marrying a woman with a fortune, but there is to marrying a fortune with a woman.

While you are at it, there's nothing like picking out a good looking wife, because even the handsomest woman looks homely sometimes, and so you get a little variety. But a homely one can only look worse than usual. Beauty is only skin deep, but that's deep enough to satisfy any reasonable man. (I want to say right here that to get any sense out of a proverb I usually find that I have to turn it wrong side out.) Then, too, if a fellow's bound to marry a fool (and a lot of men have to if they're going to hitch up into a well matched team), there's nothing like picking a good looking one.

I believe in short engagements and long marriages. I don't see any sense in a fellow's sitting around on the mourner's bench with the sinners after he's really got religion. The time to size up the other side's strength is before the engagement.

Some fellows propose to a girl before they know whether her front and her back hair match and then holler that they're stuck when they find that she's got a cork leg and a glass eye as well.

No Library Needed.
When Senator "Joe" Blackburn went into the office of a celebrated lawyer in Kentucky to study law he was surprised by the absence of a library.

"Where's the library?" he asked.

"Now, Joe, if you want to study law don't begin by asking questions," the old lawyer told him. "There isn't any library. You see that book. That's the statutes of Kentucky and it's all the library any lawyer needs. Don't get a library if you want to become a lawyer; it will only worry you."

"I've found that advice was the best I ever received, too," the Senator added.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
Has world-wide fame for marvellous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for cuts, corns, burns, boils, sores, fleas, ulcers, tetter, salt rheum, fever sores, chapped hands, skin eruptions; infallible for piles. Care guaranteed. Only 25 cents at all drug stores.

CHOOSING A WIFE.

Washington Dispatch.
Fuller E. Galloway manager of a cotton mill at La Grange, Ga., appeared before the house committee on labor in opposition to the eight hour labor bill. Mr. Galloway gave an interesting description of the labor condition in the south and kept the committee in an almost constant roar of laughter by his many witty sallies at the expense of labor unions.

The employees of the cotton mills in the south worked sixty-six hours a week, and this is one of the reasons why the cotton manufacturing is being transferred from New England to the south. His employees were perfectly well satisfied with their present condition, he said, and are glad to have work enough to keep them busy eleven hours a day. Labor unions had attempted to break into the south, but had met with little success, and there was no demand for such legislation.

Mr. Galloway was questioned as to the negro problem. He said that few negroes were employed in the cotton mills. The droning of the machinery, together with the heated air of the work rooms, was too much for the negro, he declared. "He sits down at the loom, and in a few moments is fast asleep," he said. "He can't help it, it's his nature."

Mr. Galloway did not believe in the "higher education" for the negro, but thought his future lay in manual training. His company under takes to educate the children of its negro workmen in sewing, cooking, farming, carpentry, etc., after the manner of Booker Washington. "The people of the north do not differentiate," said Mr. Galloway, "between friendliness toward the negro and social equality. The negro has no truer friend than the southerner. I have a negro coachman, a negro cook and a negro nurse for my baby, and they are devoted to me and I am devoted to them; but," he continued with a smile of mock-gravity, "Good Lawd, a Massy, you can't tell me that you can take a corn field nigger and by putting good clothes on him make him as good as you gentlemen sitting around this table." If let alone he was confident the south would work out its own salvation, but he did not think anything should be done at this time to limit its productive capacity.

Wanted to Prevent Use of Church by Injunction.
Hickory Press.
There was an unusual case heard Monday in the municipal building by Judge Council, the matter being a restraining order asked by J. M. Huffman, Rufus Mosteller, Ephraim Block and others, a part of the membership of the St. Stephen's Lutheran Church, three miles from Hickory, against W. D. Echar, Monroe Miller, and others to prevent their use of said church. Judge Council, after hearing the testimony, decided that the plaintiffs and those they represented could have the use of the church in the mornings, and the defendants and those they represented could have the use of the church in the evenings, until the case was heard and decided upon its merits by the Superior Court.

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured.
William Shaffer, a brakeman of Denison, Ohio, was confined to his bed for several weeks with inflammatory rheumatism. "I used many remedies," he says. "Finally I sent to McCarw's Drug Store for a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, at which time I was unable to use hand or foot, and in one week's time was able to go to work as happy as a clam. For sale by M. L. Marsh.

A Quick Reply.
Attorney-General Knox is an enthusiastic fisherman as any man in public life in Washington has been since Grover Cleveland left the White House. The other day he was talking fishing to a friend, who described the merits of a trout stream "up in Maine, where a friend of his had hooked one hundred fish in a single day. "But," but added the friend "that isn't real sport."

"Well, I don't care myself to catch 'em on the whole sale plan," returned Attorney-General Knox, "but, nevertheless, when I drop a line I like to get an answer right away."

Real Fame.
Town Topics.
"He is said to be a famous man."

"He is. So famous that when you tell who he is you don't have to tell what he is."

Admiral Schley, who was a guest of Shriners at Richmond Thursday, was urged to enter the race for the presidency. He declared it would be a mistake for a navy man to get into national politics.

DR. THACHER'S
Liver and Blood
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CURES BY REMOVING THE CAUSE
A THREE-FOLD REMEDY for all the most dangerous troubles. Acts on the Liver and Kidneys and Purifies the Blood.

Thousands have used this reliable remedy with perfect confidence and success for 52 years, because they know that it contains the formula consists of Buchu, Hydrangea, Manchineel, Yellow Dock, Dandelion, Sarsaparilla, Gentian, Senna and Iodide of Potassium. Any doctor or druggist will tell you that this is a scientific and reliable combination of great merit for all diseases having their origin in the Liver, Kidneys or Blood. After years of experience and patient experiment, Dr. Thacher so perfected the process of manufacture, that it never fails to bring the expected relief when taken according to directions.

Thousands of sick ones to whom life has been a burden have written grateful letters of thanks.

SPEED, MISSISSIPPI, Oct. 17, 1902.
"I have suffered greatly with indigestion, constipation, also a severe liver trouble, with loss of appetite. Could not rest well at night, in fact, had no energy to work or to walk around. I felt like I was packing a heavy load, and was easily exhausted, until I took Dr. Thacher's Liver and Blood Syrup, which helped me almost from the first dose. When I had taken one and one-half bottles I felt like a different man, and I knew that I was cured. At this time my appetite is good, I sleep well, and feel strong and refreshed on arising in the morning."

If you need a medicine write today for a Free sample bottle and "Dr. Thacher's Health Book." Give symptoms for advice. We simply ask you to try it on your expense. We know what it will do. At all druggists. 50 cents and \$1.00. Thacher Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

NEGRO NO GOOD IN COTTON MILLS

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SPEED, MISSISSIPPI, Oct. 17, 1902.
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