

# THE CONCORD TIMES.

THE FLOWERS CONNECTION  
J. T. WYATT, R. F. D. No. 3

John B. Sherrill, Editor and Owner.

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## The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company

OF NEWARK, N. J.  
The Leading Annual Dividend Company of the World.  
It has an unrivalled record in the history of

### Life Insurance,

and gives its Policy Holders a Dollar's worth for every dollar of cost to them.

If you want the best policy on the market, call on  
**Jno. K. Patterson, Agent,**  
CONCORD, N. C.

### PRICE LIST

**D. J. BOST & CO.**

Corn, 70c per bushel.  
Peas, 70c per bushel.  
Eggs, per dozen, 20c.  
Chickens, 20 to 30 cents.  
Butter, 12 1/2c to 15c per pound.  
Sweet Potatoes, 35c to 40c per bushel.  
Irish Potatoes, 75c to 90c per bushel.  
Onions 90c to \$1 per bushel.  
Peanuts, 75c per bushel.  
Pork, 8c per pound.  
Partridges, 8 1/2c to 10c a piece.  
Rabbits, 5c to 7 1/2c. Rabbits must be cleaned and skinned, with head and feet left on.  
Will give you the highest market price for Hides.

D. J. BOST & CO.

### JEWELRY DIAMONDS

Watches and a complete line of the GENUINE "1847 Rogers Bros." Knives, Forks, Spoons, etc.

Eyes carefully examined and properly fitted to the best grade of glasses.

W.C. CORRELL, Jeweler.

### THE CONCORD NATIONAL BANK

Concord, N. C., July 25th, 1904.  
This bank has just passed the sixteenth anniversary, and each one of these sixteen years has added to its strength, thus proving that it is worthy the confidence of its patrons and the general public.

Paid in Capital \$50,000  
Surplus and Undivided Profits 36,000  
Shareholders Liability 50,000

With the above as a base for confidence and an unusually large amount of assets in proportion to liabilities as a guarantee of conservative management, we invite your business. Interest paid as agreed.

J. M. ODELL, President,  
D. B. COLTRANE, Cashier.

G. G. Richmond, Thos. W. Smith  
**G. G. RICHMOND & CO.**  
1882-1904.

### GENERAL INSURANCE OFFICE.

Carrying all lines of business. Companies all sound after Baltimore fire.

We thank you for past favors, and ask a continuance of your business.

Rear room City Hall.

**DR. J. A. WHITE,**  
DENTIST.  
Office over Correll's Jewelry Store  
CONCORD, N. C.

### Notice of Election

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Concord National Bank will be held in the office of said bank, Tuesday, January 10, 1905, at eleven o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing seven directors to serve one year; to consider the proposition to increase the Capital Stock from \$50,000 to \$100,000, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

J. M. ODELL, President,  
D. B. COLTRANE, Cashier.

### PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.  
Best Cough Syrup. Taste Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

### NO REASON FOR A PANIC.

The South Has Faced Worse Conditions Before and Emerged Triumphant.

A special dispatch from New York to The Manufacturers' Record says:

"To judge by the wild dispatches about the South's burning cotton and equally wild reports that would create the impression that the break in cotton is going to cause a wreck of matter and a crush of worlds in the South, one would be led to imagine that the whole South is staggered by the cotton slump. The decline is deplorable, and, of course, means a heavy loss to many, but it should not be forgotten that about 6,000,000 bales were sold at an average of probably 9 1/2 cents and that if 7,000,000 bales more should average only 7 cents, the total value of the crop, including seed would be over \$500,000,000 which has never been exceeded but a few times in the South's history. Moreover, the great increase in the production of grain and other diversified crops last year adds a gain of over \$1,000,000 to the value of the South's diversified agricultural products as compared with 1902 and this year's diversified crops will be equally as great, reaching an aggregate value of about \$1,000,000,000, or double the value of the cotton crop.

"But there is no reason for the South to become panicky over the cotton situation. It has many a time faced far worse conditions and out of apparent defeat, won victory. Even 13,000,000, should the crop prove that large, and many good authorities still doubt such a yield, are not as unduly heavy, all things considered, as were 11,250,000 bales in 1898. Then the world was carrying a great surplus stock accumulated through several successive years of large production, and the South was poorer, with comparatively little surplus money in its banks and with many of its farmers burdened with debts. Now the world has but little stock of cotton outside of this crop, the increase in demand has gone on for six years and the South is rich with ample capital to finance a large part of its cotton, while the farmers are less in debt than since the war. The present price is almost as unduly low as 16 and 17 cents were unduly high, and as The Manufacturers' Record warned the world against such speculative prices, so it would warn the South to-day against undue fright. On a declining market people are always more disposed to sell than on advancing prices, and in this is the danger that, frightened by the decline, farmers will crowd their cotton to market and cause a further break.

"Cotton is intrinsically worth more than it is selling for, and that there will be a reaction in price is just as inevitable as it was that 17 cent cotton would decline. A staple that does not deteriorate in quality, that, like pig iron, is as good twenty years hence as now, when below the cost of production, as it is to-day, needs only to be held long enough to make certain of higher figures. Just how soon the tide will turn no man can say, nor can any one say that it will not go lower temporarily. But the South's policy to-day should unquestionably be not to burn cotton, not to crowd it to market, but to store it and hold for the inevitable swing of the pendulum, and in the mean time to plant less acreage in cotton and more in diversified crops. The situation is in this way absolutely in control of the South itself, and will have no one but the South to blame if it does not hold back permanently a million or more bales and then reduce its acreage about 10 per cent, compared with last year. The South holds the dominating position. If it will only use its opportunity and market its cotton on business principles, then it will secure a fair price.

Outside of a few speculators nobody wants such low prices. The spinner is no more pleased at this terrific break than the farmer. Now let the South pull itself together, show that it can, and will protect its own interests and it will receive the world's applause."

### Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Absolutely Harmless.

The fault of giving children medicine containing injurious substances, is sometimes more disastrous than the disease from which they are suffering. Every mother should know that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is perfectly safe for children to take. It contains nothing harmful and for coughs, colds and croup is unsurpassed. For sale by M. L. Marsh and D. D. Johnson.

A notable instance of longevity was brought to light in the death in Charlotte Friday of Mrs. Lucy Parmenter, at the age of nearly 104 years. She had been married over 80 years, and leaves a husband whose age is 98.

Had Mother Eve been up to date what a fool she'd have made of that serpent!

### "PETRIFIED WOMAN" FOOLED WISE MEN.

Body of Cement Eaten, Titled a Wise Professor of Dartmouth College.

Rutland, Vt., Dispatch.

Several thousand Vermonters who have paid their hard-earned money to view what they supposed to be a petrified woman dug up in a village of Washington, are greatly incensed to discover that the "woman" is made of Portland cement, and that another "Cardiff giant" hoax has been sprung.

The body was unearthed by Willard Crough, August 1. It was found in ground that had not been disturbed in many years, and Crough was perfectly innocent of any hoax when he sold it to parties who wanted it for exhibition purposes. Prof. Charles H. Richardson, of the Department of Mineralogy and Geology of Dartmouth College, made an examination and was completely fooled. He subsequently gave the exhibitors a certificate attesting to the genuineness of the "body" and a neat sum of money was realized before the professor became suspicious and demanded an arm for the purpose of making a microscopic examination. This he had failed to do at the outset. In a recent report Prof. Richardson says:

"My microscopic and chemical analyses reveal the material used to be neat Portland cement. The freshly broken surface shows fragments of fine shavings thoroughly filled with resin and fresh as though cut from finished lumber to-day; also fragments of ash, presumably from the staves of the barrels in which the cement was stored. The right arm was broken at the wrist before its assignment to me, but subsequent to its exhibition. To make the fresh fracture appear more natural, a coating of light yellow paint was applied over the area that would have been occupied by the normal bone.

"The surface of the body presented many warty protuberances, perfectly natural to long interment. These, also, are Portland cement. The body was manufactured by casting, modeling and sculpturing. The head was never attached to the body; therefore, never severed from it. The left arm was carved, and, like the body, coated over with a wash of cement. The broken foot, designed to show long continued solution or decomposition, results easily from moulding the plastic cement. The most clever part of it all is the perfect form of the left leg.

"This clever fake of 1904 must now be relegated to the category of the Cardiff giant, carved in gypsum and buried in New York in 1899; Hull's second fake, made of clay and human bone, baked in a furnace and buried in Colorado in the early '70s; Ruddock's elly of cement, found in Michigan in 1876; the petrified man in Balhurst, Austria, 1889, and the Rune Stone in Southern Michigan, 1899."

Neither Prof. Richardson nor any one else can explain how the body got in the ground. It is certain that the spot was not disturbed for half a century and that Mr. Crough knew nothing of the matter until he accidentally ran upon an arm, in digging an ice pond. Some one, however, buried it there. Possibly it was later forgotten.

Not only was the Professor and general public fooled, but many astute physicians as well. They came from miles around, and one and all agreed that the body was that of a woman living many thousand years ago. Many addresses have been delivered on the subject, and now the wise doctors seem pained when the matter is referred to.

### Texas to Take Care of All the Surplus Cotton.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 3.—E. S. Peters, president of the Texas Cotton Growers' Association, who arrived here to-day, says that Texas is prepared to take care of every bale of her surplus cotton. This was done on a basis of 5 per cent. interest, declared Mr. Peters. "An advance of 25 per cent will be made and every bale of surplus cotton in Texas and the Territories will be taken on this basis, no matter what the price goes to. This has been arranged for by a syndicate capitalized for that purpose." Mr. Peters issued a note of warning to cotton-growers to hold on to their surplus stocks, which he said that the spinner, were now trying to acquire.

### Brutally Tortured.

A case came to light that for persistent and unmerciful torture has perhaps never been equalled. Joe Golobick, of Colusa, Calif., writes, "For 15 years I endured insufferable pain from Rheumatism and nothing relieved me though I tried everything known, I came across Electric Bitters and it's the greatest medicine on earth for that trouble. A few bottles of it completely relieved and cured me." Just as good for Liver and Kidney troubles and general debility. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by all Druggists.

### BOY RAN ALL NIGHT TO KEEP FROM FREEZING.

New York World.

Half delirious, nearly frozen and hungry, Charles Brantjen, ten years old, was found by two boatmen on the Hackensack Meadows, near Secaucus, yesterday afternoon. The boy, who lives at Hudson City, had been exposed to the cold for twenty-four hours. Only his appreciation of his danger saved him. Shaking off the drowsiness that almost overcame him, he never ceased to trot up and down along a path he wore through the tall meadow grass.

Brantjen and four other boys started Thursday across the icy waste of the meadows to go to the elderberry swamps near Secaucus. The oldest boy was guide along the intricate footways. Twice young Brantjen strayed from his companions, and each time they found him. When Brantjen wandered from them the third time, the other boys called him, but, although they heard his faint halloos, they could not locate him. They went home and notified his father, Carl Arantjen.

He organized a searching party which scouted the meadows all Thursday night. They abandoned the search at daybreak yesterday. Every boatman along the Hackensack was then warned to look for the boy, and soon one hundred men were searching for him.

Fred Solider and Edward Mark, boatmen, near Secaucus, found Charles. He was running slowly back and forth in a clearing. He said he had wandered about until dark, realized he was lost, and made up his mind that if he did not keep moving he would freeze to death.

### Statistics for Railroads and Other Corporate Bodies in North Carolina.

The corporation commission recently gave out its report to Governor Aycock for the present year. The report says that during the year there were 3,803 09 miles of main line of railroad in operation.

The gross earnings were \$20,887,940; operating expenses, \$12,488,920; net income for operation \$7,530,011; net increase \$1,065,137 over last year's operations.

The railroads employed 15,205 persons.

One hundred and twenty persons were killed in the movement of trains; of these, eighty one were passengers and thirty-nine employees; 4,930,095 passengers were transported; 335 complaints were made to the commission, nearly all of which were disposed of.

North Carolina is the only state in which railways are required to furnish first-class and second class fares for passengers, and if the law were so amended as to require only one fare it is thought the rate could be made lower than the present first class fare of 31 cents.

The average rate per passenger mile on the leading roads in the state was about 23 cents.

The number of banks has increased from 150 to 192. Four banks were put in receivers' hands.

### Walter George Newman to the Front Again.

Salisbury Cor., Charlotte Observer.

Mr. Walter George Newman is again in the city and has stayed the execution under which the Gold Hill mining property was to have been sold. He was in the best of spirits, having settled more than \$30,000 in claims against his corporation. He said to-day: "I am making settlements of every just claim against the company and it is my purpose to resume active operations at the mine next Tuesday morning. I have deposited in a local bank sufficient money to meet all expenses involved in the work now contemplated. I still regard this as one of the most valuable mining properties in the country and it will be worked with a profit to all interested in it during the next year." While here Mr. Newman is visiting the mine. He has purchased a large lot of mules to begin working about the place.

### No Pitty Showed.

"For years fate was after me continuously," writes F. A. Guididge, Verbena, Ala. "I had a terrible case of Piles causing 24 tumors. When all failed Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me. Equally good for Burns and all aches and pains. Only 25c at all Druggists."

The crews of three life-saving stations in the vicinity of Hatteras, on the North Carolina coast, did magnificent work Thursday in rescuing the crew of an oil steamer which had ran into the deadly sands of Diamond Shoals.

The stranded steamer Northeastern, bound from Port Arthur, Texas, to New York, which went ashore on Diamond Shoals, and from which the crew were rescued with great difficulty, broke completely in two Saturday and the cargo of Texas oil ran into the ocean.

### PARAGRAPHS.

The Governor of Colorado is not sure of the governorship yet, but still claims the Supreme Court.

It is being urged in behalf of Chauncey Depew that New York will have to send him back to the Senate or impose upon the latter the necessity of buying a joke-book.

Senator Mitchell, who is accused of participating in land frauds in Oregon, finds that juries do not respect persons or offices.

At the present time the Czar can take his choice between reform and revolution.

The poor little innocent mail carriers are being severely dealt with by the government for political activity. The big corporations that run the government are never touched.

An Ohio parson wants dancing stopped; he says it is merely hugging set to music. The most popular way would probably be to cut out the music.

The "territories" hung up their stockings as usual, hoping old Santa (Roosevelt) would drop statehood into each one.

A recent writer has accused the late Bob Ingersoll of being conceited. Probably so, for he never recognized a superior being.

### Some of a Year's Wastes.

New York World.

Men killed in the wars of the world in 1904 made up a waste of 400,000 lives, according to the Chicago Tribune's statistical estimate.

Russia's contribution in money alone to the war waste of the year was \$364,000,000.

Waste by fire in the United States and Canada amounted to \$245,000,000. We lead the world in the production of great ash-heaps where homes and business blocks have previously stood.

Defalcations, embezzlements, forgery and bank wrackings in this country in 1904 led to the waste of \$4,742,507.

Waste of life by violent causes other than war—such as the Slocum horror, various railroad accidents, explosions, &c.—approximated 20,000. There were more than 7,500 homicides in the United States and eighty-seven lynchings.

The amount of human activity in the aggregate that goes for nothing and worse than nothing is astounding.

### DON'T SWEAR OFF.

Springfield, Mass., Patriot.

Don't swear off drinking, smoking, swearing or any other vices unless you feel that you are able to carry out the pledge. Don't prove to yourself that you are weak; you probably know it already and need no corroborative evidence. If you have a vice that you can conquer, that you feel certain you have the power to overcome, try to accomplish that end. But don't tell any one about your good resolution. Just try it all alone, and no one can laugh at you if you fail.

Smoking is expensive, drinking is often fatal and always bad and swearing is contemptible. If you try to overcome one or all of these, we wish you success. But there is one vice that we all have that is greater than all of these. It is the disposition to berate others, to believe the foul stories and doubt the good ones.

If every man and woman will swear off gossiping, will decide to doubt the bad reports and believe the good ones, we can have a heaven right in this section. The one thing that causes the greatest worry and the most lasting sorrow is the circulation of reports that injure.

Incidentally, we shall all do well to determine to try to live that had reports of us must be false ones.

### Stomach Troubles and Constipation.

"Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are the best thing for stomach troubles and constipation I have ever used," says J. R. Cullman, a druggist of Pottsville, Mich. "They are easy to take and always give satisfaction. I tell my customers to try them and if not satisfactory to come back and get their money, but have never had a complaint." For sale by M. L. Marsh and D. D. Johnson.

### FREY'S VERMIFUGE

A FINE TONIC FOR CHILDREN

Do not take a substitute. If your doctor says you need it, send twenty-five cents in stamps to:

**E. & S. FREY**  
Baltimore, Md.

### CORN FIELDS ARE GOLD FIELDS

to the farmer who understands how to feed his crops. Fertilizers for Corn must contain at least 7 per cent. actual

## Potash

Send for our books—they tell why Potash is as necessary to plant life as sun and rain; sent free, if you ask. Write to-day.

GERMAN KALI WORKS  
New York—93 Nassau Street, or  
Atlanta, Ga.—27 1/2 South Broad St.

## KELLUM

### SURE CURE

.....FOR.....

## INDIGESTION!

### THAT'S ALL...

SOLD BY

### Gibson Drug Store

Retail Grocery Business for Sale

We now have for sale one of the best retail grocery businesses in Concord. Will trade it for real estate or sell on reasonable terms to the right party. It is a thing to make money.

JNO. K. PATTERSON & CO.

### PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and only Genuine.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, GRAVEL, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, BRUISES, SWELLINGS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE BONES AND JOINTS. Take no other. Refuse cheap imitations and do not allow your doctor to send you to the hospital. Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter to receive. Mail 10 cents for same. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., 211 1/2 Madison Square, N. Y. City.

## Newbro's Herpicide

The original remedy that "kills the dandruff germ"—An exquisite hair dressing.



### Herpicide Girls

THE LADIES OBJECT to a gummy and sticky hair dressing or one that is full of sedentary chemicals intended to dye the hair. The marked preference for a clean and dainty preparation, particularly one that overcomes excessive oiliness and leaves the hair light and fluffy, is reflected in the enormous sale of Newbro's Herpicide. Discriminating ladies become enthusiastic over its refreshing quality and exquisite fragrance.

A WOMAN TO BE PRETTY must have pretty hair. The features may be quite plain or even homely, yet if the head is crowned with an abundance of beautiful hair, attractiveness will not be lacking. The poet says: "Fair tresses man's imperial race ensure." Herpicide give the hair a charming distinctiveness that is characteristic of no other hair dressing.

DISEASED HAIR A MISFORTUNE. Unhealthy or diseased hair is a misfortune in more ways than one. There is the actual injury to the hair follicles, and the consequent loss or thinning of the hair; this may cause diseases that sometimes follow a removal or thinning of nature's protection to the head. A diseased condition of the hair affects a woman's disposition to a marked degree. If the hair is dull, brittle and lifeless, owing to the presence of a microbic growth, the effect is to dampen one's spirits and cause a loss of interest in personal appearance. The use of Newbro's Herpicide overcomes the ravages of the dandruff microbe, after which the natural beauty and abundance of the hair will return as nature intended. Almost marvelous results follow the use of Herpicide. Gentlemen will find Newbro's Herpicide in use at all important barber shops.

IT'S ITCHING OF THE SCALP INSTANTLY.

Stopped Falling Hair.

I thank you Herpicide is fine. It stopped my hair from falling out and cured me of dandruff. I will recommend it to my friends.

(Signed) MRS. C. T. STRONG,  
Syracuse, N. Y.

First Used Herpicide in Far off Japan.

I made the acquaintance of Herpicide in Yokohama, Japan, was made comfortable and happy with its use and recommended it to all my friends. (Signed) Registrar, N. Y. G. L. LONG.

### M. L. MARSH, Special Agent,

At Drug Stores \$1.00. Send 10c in stamps for sample to Dept. L, THE HERPICIDE CO., Detroit, Mich.

A Healthy Hair. "DESTROY THE CAUSE—YOU REMOVE THE EFFECT." An Unhealthy Hair.