

# THE CONCORD TIMES.

JOHN B. SHERRILL, Editor and Publisher.

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NUMBER 61

## The Times Covers Concord and Cabarrus Like the Dew.

### REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE CITIZENS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY

made in response to the government call at close of business December 31, 1907.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$145,115.03	Capital Stock	\$30,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	4,580.73	Undivided Earnings	3,355.00
Cash on hand and due from banks	30,460.24	Deposits	136,801.54
	\$180,116.00	Redeemables	15,000.00
			\$180,116.00

We solicit your banking business. Our increase in growth and patronage during the past year make us better prepared than ever to take care of the interests of our customers.

If you are not already a patron of this bank, we extend to you our invitation to become one.

#### Board of Directors:

C. O. Gillon	M. L. Marsh	W. D. Pemberton
W. A. Bost	Paul P. Stallings	Geo. L. Patterson
R. L. Umberger	W. W. Morrison	A. Jones York
A. N. James	Chas. McDonald	H. L. Parks
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A. JONES YORK, President. CHAS. B. WAGONER, Cashier.  
H. L. PARKS, Vice President. JOHN FOX, Assistant Cashier.

Citizens Bank and Trust Company.

## Tobacco! Tobacco!

We have just received 1000 pounds of Tagless Tobacco that we are going to sell to the farmers at wholesale price.

\$2.75 PER BOX.

The D. J. Bost Co.

Opposite the Court House and Gibson Mill.

### The Concord National Bank

Capital \$100,000

Surplus and Undivided Profits \$29,000

Your Business Solicited. Every Accommodation Extended Consistent with Sound Banking.

D. B. COLTRANE, PRESIDENT.  
L. D. COLTRANE, CASHIER.  
JNO. P. ALLISON, VICE PRES.

### SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Operating over 7,000 Miles of Railway.

Quick Route to all Points, North, South, East and West Through Trains between Principal Cities and Resorts.

Affording First-class Accommodations. Elegant Sleeping Cars on all Through Trains, Dining, Club and Observation Cars.

For Speed, Comfort and Courteous Employees, travel via the Southern Railway.

Rates, Schedules, and other information furnished by addressing the undersigned.

S. H. HARDWICK, Pass. Traffic Manager, W. H. TAYLOR, G. P. A.,  
C. H. GATTIS, Washington, D. C.  
R. L. VERNON, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.

### Wedding Invitations!

Printed or Engraved in the Very Latest Style.

We wish to say that we can furnish the most beautiful Wedding Invitations, either printed or engraved, that can be produced. Call and see our complete line of samples.

Prices: Engraved, \$9.00 for first 50 printed, \$2.50 for first 50.

The Times Printing Office, Concord, N. C.

Seaboard Interchangeable Mileage Books.

The Seaboard has placed on sale 1,000 interchangeable mileage books for \$2.00. These books are available only for local travel in North Carolina on the following routes:

Seaboard, Air Line, Railway, Southern Railway, Atlantic Coast Line, Carolina and North-western, Aberdeen and Ashboro, Norfolk and Southern, (Beaufort Division), Danville & Weldon.

Travelling Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

K. L. Craven & Sons

will buy all your cast and wrought iron, steel, brass copper and old rubber. Will pay you in

Cash or Smith Coal.

Two-story house on Franklin Avenue, Lot 26222. At a bargain. Jno. K. Patterson & Co.

### Can't Make a Mistake in Serving

Force Triscuit Egg-O-See  
Wheat Hearts Rolled Oats  
Rice Flakes Korn Flakes  
Grape Nuts Shredded Wheat  
Cream Oat Meal  
Cream of Wheat  
Royal Seal Oats  
Quaker Hominy  
Toasted Corn Flakes  
Flake Celery Food  
Fernell Oat Flakes  
Granola Mixed Grains  
Fernell Hominy Grits

DOVE-BOST CO.  
Phone 21. Pure Food Goods.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, as surviving partners in the partnership of Shims & Widenhouse, hereby notify all persons having claims against said partnership to exhibit the same to us within twelve months from this date and all persons owing said firm are expected to make prompt settlement.

This January 3rd, 1908.

GEO. C. SHINN,  
J. L. SHINN,  
Surviving Partners.

Jan. 3-4w.

For sale—40 acres near Bradford's mill 5 1/2 miles from Concord. Fine orchard of 600 trees. Two-story dwelling, new good buildings. Price \$1000 each.

Jno. K. Patterson & Co.

### LAST PROHIBITION ELECTION IN STATE HELD IN AUGUST, '81.

John Crouch in Industrial News.

RALEIGH, N. C., January 25.—Since we are to have an election on prohibition on the first Thursday of next August many people are recalling with interest incidents of the prohibition election in 1881, also held on the first Thursday of August. At that election which is the only election on prohibition ever held in North Carolina prohibition, was defeated by 116,972 votes.

One prominent feature of that election which will be eliminated from the election next August, is the negro vote, which was cast almost solidly against prohibition. Then, as now, the Republicans and Democrats were divided. It will be noted from the official vote by counties as given below, taken from the records in the office of the secretary of state, that only three counties gave a majority for prohibition—Cherokee, Clay and Transylvania. It will be noted also that in the counties of Mitchell, Madison, Buncombe and other counties where there was a large white Republican vote, that prohibition got its largest percentage of votes. It will be remembered also that Wilkes, Watauga, Surry, Stokes and other counties which are now Republican were then Democratic.

In a large measure the prohibition sentiment still predominates in the strong Republican counties of the west. In fact, the Republican counties as Mitchell, Madison, Watauga and Ashe are the pioneer prohibition counties of the State; made so through the efforts of representatives like Bowman, of Mitchell; Michael, of Watauga; Young, of Ashe, and the people of those counties sanctioned their action in this matter by repeatedly re-electing them when prohibition was an issue before the people.

Your correspondent spent some time in the State library looking over the files of the News and Observer and Goldsboro Messenger, two leading Democratic papers at that time, during the prohibition campaign of 1881. Both were strongly opposed to prohibition. From them it was learned that among the leaders for prohibition were such Republicans as W. W. Holden, Judge Reade, Maj. William A. Smith, Daniel L. Russell, Judge J. W. Albertson and Maj. H. L. Grant. H. A. Guider was chairman of the State prohibition committee and James C. McRae was chairman of the State prohibition convention held in Raleigh the latter part of April, 1881. Other leaders in the prohibition cause then were A. C. Avery, W. A. Montgomery, A. S. Merrimon, N. E. Broughton, T. E. Skinner and J. W. Bowman. The opposition to prohibition was led by Dr. J. J. Mott, Charles B. Aycock was also among those who opposed it.

The result of the election held on the 4th day of August, 1881, by counties, was as follows:

COUNTIES.	Pro Prohibition.	Against Prohibition.
Alamance	542	1,749
Alexander	337	652

Alleghany	49	720
Anson	687	1,959
Ashe	224	2,494
Beaufort	224	2,386
Bertie	449	1,986
Bladen	226	1,112
Brunswick	1,606	1,745
Buncombe	224	1,238
Burke	931	1,413
Cabarrus	245	871
Caldwell	105	688
Camden	405	983
Carteret	226	2,666
Caswell	876	1,305
Catawba	1,145	2,884
Chatham	270	2,894
Cherokee	139	1,057
Chowan	149	133
Clay	1,142	1,144
Cleveland	365	1,704
Columbus	610	2,653
Craven	184	2,577
Cumberland	113	529
Currituck	113	175
Dare	666	2,571
Davidson	377	1,433
Duplin	643	2,008
Durham	351	1,885
Edgecombe	454	4,296
Forsythe	663	2,214
Franklin	541	2,835
Gaston	946	1,174
Gates	143	1,124
Graham	79	125
Granville	633	2,735
Greene	351	1,249
Guilford	1,161	2,648
Halifax	484	5,075
Harnett	226	1,544
Haywood	655	676
Henderson	323	824
Hertford	253	1,708
Hyde	290	1,011
Iredell	1,291	2,358
Jackson	258	476
Johnston	423	3,720
Jones	88	1,196
Lenoir	339	2,785
Lincoln	653	1,116
Macon	257	558
Madison	719	917
Martin	139	2,320
McDowell	383	786
Mecklenburg	2,330	3,841
Mitchell	395	1,381
Montgomery	364	1,094
Moore	770	1,690
Nash	232	2,867
New Hanover	898	2,004
Northampton	631	2,915
Onslow	145	1,500
Orange	500	1,709
Pamlico	289	985
Pasquotank	278	830
Pender	303	1,542
Perquimans	254	1,059
Person	193	2,018
Polk	490	3,123
Pitt	142	460
Randolph	842	2,160
Richmond	864	2,024
Robeson	1,203	2,591
Rockingham	401	3,058
Rowan	562	2,519
Rutherford	862	1,890
Sampson	872	2,520
Stanly	471	1,245
Stokes	144	2,025
Surry	314	2,067
Swain	416	204
Transylvania	230	202
Tyrrell	72	673
Union	890	1,694
Vance	496	1,710
Wake	1,600	5,751
Warren	437	2,679
Washington	134	1,467

### A CASE OF TOO MUCH LOVE.

American Examiner.

Why, you never saw anything like it," said Mr. Arthur Kehr, having caught his breath after running away from his bride of sixteen days. "She would sit on my lap by the hour. She wanted to be kissed in the morning, kissed at noon and kissed at night. I could never get away from that passionate, despairing cry: 'Arthur kiss me!'

I felt that I was being kissed to death. I had to be with her all the time, getting loved. There was only one thing for me to do—run away; and I did it. I'm suing her for divorce. I wouldn't go back to her for worlds. I'd rather be led out and shot than loved and kissed to death."

Mr. Arthur Kehr is a musician, playing in a Chicago orchestra. He met Mary Rogers, a pretty young widow, and, finding her amiable and affectionate, at length married her—with the result as above stated by himself.

As Mr. Kehr was of a sociable disposition, inclined to have his old friends about him in his new home, he would not lack witnesses at the trial of his divorce suit to corroborate his evidence that he was in such grave danger of being kissed to death that he may say he barely escaped with his life. These witnesses have already added interesting details to the husband's statement.

"Well, darling, I'll have to be off to the theatre for an orchestra rehearsal," said Mr. Kehr, after three days of uninterrupted kissing.

Mrs. Kehr was back on his lap in an instant. "Oh, love me, Arthur. Kiss me—kiss me!"

He did. "But, you know, my darling, that I must do my work."

"Kiss me, Arthur, love me. You shan't go off to that wicked old theatre. Just stay here with your darling."

"And lose my engagement with the orchestra? Be sensible. We must live."

"Kiss me, kiss me, kiss me!"

Pale and dishevelled, his necktie awry, Mr. Kehr at length managed to break away and put on his hat.

"No, no! You shan't go," said Mrs. Kehr, winding herself about him again. "I won't have other girls looking at my precious Arthur and wanting to run off with him. Kiss me, love me!"

"For goodness sake, quit it!" exclaimed Mr. Kehr, struggling for breath as he waved her off. "Can't you think of nothing else but kissing?"

He rushed out, slamming the door. But as soon as the rehearsal was over he hurried back, fearing that she would give her heart out. That evening he had to telephone for a substitute to take his place in the orchestra.

With her arms clasped tightly about his neck his wife made him a prisoner in her house where they were spending their honeymoon.

On the following day when she got off his lap in order to smooth out her skirts, he made a dash for the door, collecting his hat on the way. But she caught him by the coat-tails.

"Where are you going, Arthur, love?"

"Across the street for a package of tobacco," he groaned.

"Tobacco! And with your little white here to kiss and love you? Why, Arthur?"

"Well, I need a smoke. If you really love me you'll let me have the comfort of my pipe—at least."

"Kiss me, darling. There! Now you stay right where you are; your little white will go out and get tobacco for her lovely boy."

When she came back to her prisoner with the tobacco, he had to show his gratitude by holding her on his lap for a full hour—sixty kisses to the minute. At the end of that period he couldn't have smoked if he'd tried.

At the end of the week, having broken away from his wife's clinging arms and lips, and entrenched himself behind the dining room table, Mr. Kehr confronted his wife at a safe distance and said:

"Do you know what I've earned this week?"

"Yes, darling, said, throwing him a kiss. 'You've earned eleven million sweet kisses, and there are eleven million million more waiting for you every week as long as you live.'"

Mr. Kehr groaned. "He got angry. 'See here, Mary, this thing's got to stop! While we've been kissing and loving like a couple of silly young idiots I've earned just \$4.20 in a whole week. Where are we going to land?'"

"You darling goose," said Mrs. Kehr, capturing him with a flank movement, "you're are going to land right in your little wife's arms, where you belong—and you're going to stay there. Oh, love me, Arthur."

### THE PULPIT UP NORTH.

Charleston News and Courier.

Nine Philadelphia congregations were exhorted by their pastors last Sunday to assault the legislature of Pennsylvania with a demand for local option as to the sale of liquor. A dozen or so others heard head-exhortations of the naval authorities for their wickedness in allowing the "Jackies" at the Philadelphia Navy Yard to continue to desecrate the Sabbath with dancing and other revelry—all of which, however horrifying, the good people who listened to the fervid discourses were utterly helpless to prevent. Another assemblage of worshippers were treated to a "lesson" from the Thaw case. The theme of still another Sabbath day discourse was found in the recent terrible theatre disaster at Boyertown, which the pastor solemnly alleged to have been "for the glory of God." At the same hour, so a Philadelphia paper informs us, the Rev. Charles Aked was telling his fashionable Fifth Avenue Baptist Church congregation in New York some things they had never before suspected about "Christ in Trade," and a little while later young Mr. Rockefeller might have been found giving his Bible class some advice about the "kiss-me."

It is interesting to note the losing of friends, which carried one to a celebrated passage in Hamlet. All of which is respectfully submitted as a few signs of the times.

### Slayer of Policeman Jones in Shelby Captured.

Cleveland Star.

Jim Lowry has been captured again—at least that is the belief of a sanguine Athens officer who wired Chief Jetton Friday that he had the elusive mulatto slayer of Chief Jones in custody. However, the wily desperado has been "caught" so often that his officers are very skeptical when they receive notices to the effect that Lowry has been captured for the reason that efforts heretofore to apprehend him have been futile. Chief Jetton wired the Athens officer to send photograph of the man he has in custody for identification purposes.

### Money Was Scarce.

St. Louis Republic.

"However scarce money may be at the present," said an old Missourian, "the oldest inhabitants will recall when it was almost unobtainable and other commodities had to be used as media of exchange. The wolf's scalp was worth \$1 because it was a state bounty upon the death of a wolf, and venison hams and deer skins also had a purchasing value. Skins of the fur beavers were likewise abundant and valuable. When the first sheriff of Audrian county, in 1837, went to Jefferson City to deliver the county revenue, he met an old friend on the way who, needing money, wanted to borrow the actual coin part of the county's revenue. The good-hearted sheriff lent it to him and went on to the capital and delivered only the 'salps.' By the time of the next settlement the loan was repaid and the sheriff made his next settlement complete. No note or other obligation than the mere word was given."

### How We Live.

Birmingham Age-Herald.

Pierced by the pin trust,  
Chilled by the ice trust,  
Roasted by the coal trust,  
Soaked by the soap trust,  
Doped by the drug trust,  
(Wrapped by the paper trust,  
Bullied by the beef trust,  
Lighted by the oil trust,  
Squeezed by the corset trust,  
Soured by the pickle trust.

### Mind Your Business.

If you don't nobody will. It is your business to keep out of all the trouble you can and you can and will keep out of liver and bowel trouble if you take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They keep biliousness, malaria and jaundice out of your system. 25c. at all druggists.

### A Tame Rattle Snake Belonging to a Arizona farmer sleeps every night on the front page of its owner's garden coiling himself around the gate and gatepost so that a lock and chain to keep out intruders are not necessary.

### FARMERS' COLUMN.

The Cropping System in the South.

Prof. W. F. Munn in Progress in Farming.

The cropper and the crop lien should both be abolished, for the cropper would be better off working for cash wages, the land owners would be better off in getting him removed from competition, and the land would be better off to grow up in pines than to be scratched in cotton year after year till even a darkey would not take it. Dr. Crawford was right in what he said a few weeks ago about the crop lien. The base of the whole Cotton Belt is the cropping system, and the sooner a permanent tenant is made to farm the land properly, the better it will be for all hands. Tenants with no capital for farming, who have to be carried by merchants at over 100 per cent profit, would be far better off working for wages. The idle vagrants who wander over the land with dogs and guns should be compelled either to work or go to the road gang. If these idlers found that they must either work for wages or work for nothing, they would soon get into the cotton fields.

### Cotton Should Advance.

News and Observer.

A correspondent calls our attention to the similarity between this cotton crop and that two years ago. The ginners' report of January 16 shows 10,337,607 bales ginned, while in 1906-6 there were ginned to January 16, 9,968,634 bales. The good weather of this open season doubtless led to heavier ginning this season than in 1906. After Jan. 31, in 1906, there were brought to market 3,774,000 bales of cotton. Up to January 24 this season, there have been brought into sight 7,759,040 bales. Add 300,000 for the present week, and by the end of January there will be brought into sight 8,059,000 bales. If to this we add the number of bales marketed after January 31st, 1906, we will have of the crop of the present season 11,383,000 bales. The consumption of American cotton in 1905-06 was 12,766,000 bales, and in 1906-07 was 12,688,000 bales.

Every year brings an increase in the number of spindles and a greater demand for cotton. Apparently only 3,330,000 bales of cotton are yet to be brought to market.

### In The Horse's Place.

Everybody's Everything.

A certain man living in a New England village lost a horse one day, and failing to find him, went down to the public square and offered a reward of \$5 to whoever could bring him back.

A half-witted fellow who heard the offer volunteered to discover the whereabouts of the horse, and, sure enough, he returned in half an hour, leading him by the bridle. The owner was surprised at the ease with which the ill-witted fellow had found the beast, and on passing the \$5 to him, he asked:

"Tell me, how did you find the horse?"

"To which the other made answer: 'Waal, I thought to myself; where would I go if I was a horse, and I went there, and he had.'"

### 10,337,607 Bales to January 16.

Progressive Farmer.

The cotton crop of 1907 is nearly rounded up. The census report issued last Thursday shows that up to January 16th there had been ginned of the 1907 crop 10,337,607 bales, against 12,176,159 to same date last year, and 9,968,634 for the year before. At this time last year there remained nearly a million and a half bales to be ginned, while of the crop of 1905, which has thus far been so nearly paralleled by the present crop, there remained at this season of the year only 815,000 bales. At present the 1907 crop is 1,838,592 bales short of the 1906 yield, and it is not improbable that this shortage will climb to 2,000,000 bales for the total crop. The price of cotton, while fluctuating nervously, shows a net gain upward in its movements.

### If Ex-President C. C. Moore, of the Southern Cotton Growers' Association of North Carolina, will take up the work of organizing the Farmers' Union in this State, he can be of great service to the farmers, and we believe that the Union is established upon business principles that will insure Mr. Moore pay for his services. A man of his intelligence, energy and loyalty to the interests of the farmers, should not be allowed to remain in private ranks. He is made of the kind of stuff that fits him for leadership.—Our Home.

### Use Insect Powder Thoroughly.

Do not forget to sift insect powder down to the very skin of the hen when she is given eggs and again when she comes off the nest with her brood. Other applications should be given as often as possible. In a case of doubt, make another application. By turning the feathers back contrary to the way they grow, the powder can be got down to the skin every time. This will give live little chance upon greasy or on the chicks. Grease or oil in small quantities applied to the head of the hens is good for that part; but exercise care not to use too much, especially in damp weather.

### Everything in Season

And this is the Season for Stock-Taking.

SPECIAL SALE OF CHOICE LIBRARY FURNITURE

The Store that Satisfies

will balance up from February 14th to 20th. Our stock of

Furniture and Housefurnishings

amounting to twenty thousand dollars or more is for sale. Cash is easier counted and just at present more to be desired than goods.

If You Need the Goods as Bad as We Need the Money