

SLATON COMMUTES FRANK'S SENTENCE

FRANK IS TAKEN SECRETLY TO
STATE FARM.

HANGING WAS SET FOR TOMORROW

Georgia's Governor Saves Life of Man
In One of Most Noted Cases Ever
Known in the Whole Country.—
Governor Slaton Issues Statement.
—“Feeling As I Do About
This Case It Would Be Murder If
I Allowed This Man to Hang.”—
Crowds Gathered on Street Cor-
ners.—Prisoner Safely Delivered in
State Prison.

(By The Associated Press.)

Atlanta, Ga., June 21.—Leo M. Frank's sentence this morning was commuted to life imprisonment by Governor Slaton. Frank was secretly taken to the state prison farm at Milledgeville. He was to be hanged here tomorrow for the murder of Mary Phagan in April, 1913.

Governor Slaton was still at his country home when he announced his decision to the press. In making this announcement the Governor dictated the following statement:

“All that I ask is that the people of Georgia read my statement why I commuted Leo M. Frank's life sentence before they pass judgment.

“Feeling as I do about this case I would be a murderer if I allowed this man to hang. It may mean that I must live in obscurity the rest of my days but I would rather be plowing in a field than to feel for the rest of my life that I had that man's blood on my hands.”

Governor Slaton was completing a long statement giving his reason for his action and he said it would be made public later.

Early extra editions stated unofficially that Frank's sentence had been commuted and early in the morning crowds began to gather on street corners. The arrest of a man who attempted to dismount a policeman by grabbing the horse's reins stirred the crowd at Forsythe and Walton streets and they followed the officer to the city hall, a block away where they took the prisoners, pending arrival of a patrol wagon.

Speakers started to harangue the crowd from the city hall steps but were stopped by an extra force of police. It was stated that a delegation was coming from Marietta, the home of Mary Phagan.

Frank's removal from the jail here was carefully planned and the officers were able to elude newspaper men and others who might recognize the prisoner. Leaving the jail by a rear door shortly before midnight they went in an automobile to the terminal station where a deputy purchased tickets for the party to Macon. Frank was not handcuffed and did not wear the heavy spectacles he generally wore. A black slouch hat was pulled down over his face. The few persons in the station failed to recognize him and it was over an hour after midnight before the report was circulated that he had been removed from the jail.

When the train reached Macon several persons saw the sheriff and his prisoner alight and Frank was positively identified. The party immediately started for Milledgeville in an automobile. They arrived there at 4:30 this morning.

Near Beer Saloons Closed.
Atlanta, June 21.—Although crowds on the streets discussing the Frank case did not appear excited as the day wore on the police ordered all the near-beer saloons closed shortly before 11 o'clock and an extra 100 policemen kept on duty. Orders were issued to arrest anyone who attempted to incite violence.

Frank is Convict No. 965.
Milledgeville, Ga., June 21.—At the Georgia prison farm, dressed in stripes, denoting the lowest grade of prisoner, Leo M. Frank today again protested his innocence of the murder of Mary Phagan and expressed a conviction that the day was not far distant when I will be exonerated. Frank will be known as convict “No. 965.”

Chronology of the Case.
The following is the complete chronology of the Leo M. Frank case: April 26, 1913, Mary Phagan was murdered in the National Pencil factory, Atlanta.
April 27, 1913, her body was found in the basement of factory.

April 29, 1913, Leo M. Frank placed under arrest.

April 30, 1913, Frank accused of knowledge of the murder.

May 1, 1913, Jim Conley, negro sweeper in factory, arrested.

May 24, 1913, Frank indicted on murder charge, on Conley's testimony.

July 28, 1913, Frank's trial begun in Fulton county superior court, Atlanta.

August 23, 1913, Jury finds verdict of guilty.

August 26, 1913, Frank sentenced to hang, October 10. Motion filed for new trial.

October 31, 1913, new trial denied by superior court.

February 17, 1914, Georgia supreme court affirms conviction.

March 7, 1914, Frank resented to hang on April 17.

April 16, 1914, another motion for a new trial filed, staying execution.

April 25, 1914, Frank's sanity examined, found to be normal.

June 6, 1914, new trial again denied.

November 14, 1914, Georgia supreme court sustains denial of petition for new trial.

premise court denies writ of error.

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November 21, 1914, Frank's attorneys seek writ of error from Justice Lamar, of United States supreme court.

November 23, 1914, Justice Lamar refuses writ.

November 25, 1914, Justice Holmes, of United States supreme court refuses writ.

December 7, 1914, full bench of United States supreme court refuses writ of error.

December 9, 1914, Frank resented to hang January 22.

December 21, 1914, United States District Judge W. T. Newman refuses application for writ of habeas corpus.

December 24, 1914, Frank's attorneys apply to Justice Lamar for a certificate of reasonable doubt and appeal.

December 28, 1914, Justice Lamar grants appeal and certificate of reasonable doubt.

February 25, 1915, Frank's case argued before full bench of United States supreme court.

April 19, 1915, supreme court, with Justices Holmes and Hughes dissenting, dismiss plea for writ of habeas corpus.

April 22, 1915, plea for commutation to life imprisonment filed with Georgia prison commission.

June 9, 1915, Georgia prison commission refuses plea.

June 10, 1915, plea for commutation to life imprisonment filed with Governor John M. Slaton.

June 21, 1915, Frank's sentence commuted.

SULLIVAN TEMPERAMENTALLY UNFIT FOR HIS OFFICE

Is, However, Not Guilty of Any Illegal or Dishonest Acts.

(By The Associated Press.)

Washington, June 21.—James M. Sullivan, American minister to the Dominican Republic is held to be temperamentally unfit for his office by report of Senator Phelan, who conducted an investigation into charges. It is understood the report, however, finds the Minister is not guilty of any illegal or dishonest acts. President Wilson has finished reading the report and it will be made public soon.

EXCITEMENT SUBSIDES.

Mass Meeting Held on Capital Grounds Just Before Noon.

(By The Associated Press.)

Atlanta, June 21.—The excitement of the crowd on the street here this morning, after it was announced that Governor Slaton had commuted the death sentence of Leo M. Frank, subsided somewhat as the day wore on. A mass meeting was held on the capital ground, however, starting shortly before noon. It was conservatively estimated that the crowd numbered 2,400. Several speakers took exception to Governor Slaton's action.

New York Stock Market.

New York, June 21.—War shares again were sole features of interest in the resumption of trading today. Baldwin Locomotive, with a gain of 2-3-8, attained a new high record of 68 1-4.

Bryan to Asheville.

(Special to The Tribune.)

Salisbury, June 21.—Former Secretary of State William J. Bryan passed through Salisbury this morning en route to Asheville. Mr. Bryan was accompanied by Mrs. Bryan.

Miss Emma Ervin, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. McCannless, will leave Wednesday for Waynesville to spend several weeks.

CANADIAN OVERALL FACTORY DYNAMITED

PARTIALLY WRECKED BY A
BOMB EXPLOSION TODAY.

WAS MAKING UNIFORMS FOR ALLIES

The Company Is Said to Have Just Completed an Order of 115,000 British Uniforms.—Shortly After the Explosion in the Factory 27 Sticks of Dynamite Were Found Under the Rear of the Windsor Armory Attached to a Time Fuse.—It is Said That 200 Men Slept in the Building Last Night.—Fuse Had Burned Out.

(By The Associated Press.)

Windsor, Ontario, June 21.—The overall factory of the Peabody Company, limited, located in Walkerville, a suburb, was partially wrecked by a bomb explosion today. The company is said to have just completed an order of 115,000 British Uniforms.

Shortly after the explosion in the factory 27 sticks of dynamite were found under the rear of the Windsor armory attached to a time fuse which had been set for 3:15 a. m., but had burned out. It is said that 200 men slept in the armory last night and had the dynamite exploded the building would have been wrecked.

**NO BREAK BETWEEN
CARRANZA AND OREGON**

Carranza Says There is No Truth in the Reports.—Intrigues of the Enemy, He Says.

(By The Associated Press.)

Galveston, Texas, June 21.—Carranza, in a cablegram today to Juan T. Burns, constitutionalist consul here, declared there was no truth in the reports of a break between himself and General Obregon.

Washington, June 21.—Carranza telegraphed his agency here today, denying the break of Obregon, and saying:

“Please deny such reports, which are only intrigues of the reactionaries.”

MRS. L. H. JOHNSON

Died This Morning at 11:55.—Funeral Tomorrow Morning.

Mrs. L. H. Johnson died this morning at 11:45 o'clock at her home on North Union street. Mrs. Johnson's death followed a protracted illness.

Mrs. Johnson was 74 years of age and is survived by her husband and six children, three daughters, Mrs. Eugene Morgan, Miss Ethel Johnson, and three sons, Messrs. Thomas, Albert and Walter Johnson. She was a member of Forest Hill Methodist Church.

The funeral will be held tomorrow at Lowerstone Church.

Death of Mrs. Martin Rinehardt.

Mrs. Mary M. Rinehardt, wife of Martin R. Rinehardt, died Saturday evening, June 12th at her home in No. 9 township, near Barrier Mill, after a few weeks' illness of paralysis. She was a good wife and a kind and loving mother. She was the mother of ten children, of whom three are dead. She leaves her husband and seven children living, one girl and six boys, to mourn her death. She also has 16 grandchildren living and one dead. She was 65 years, 11 months and 22 days old. She was a member of Friendship Methodist Church, where her body was laid to rest Sunday afternoon, June 13, at 3 o'clock.

A FRIEND.

Government's Claim to N. C. Land Valid.

(By The Associated Press.)

Washington, June 21.—The title of the United States to 5,000 acres of timberland in Clay county, North Carolina, contested by the Hiawasee lumber company, was upheld today by the supreme court. A lower court had held the government's claim invalid because of irregularity of registration.

Night Watchman's Story Not Believed.

(By The Associated Press.)

Richmond, Va., June 21.—Police and regional bank officials this afternoon, after the close of the inquiry, rendered as imaginary the story told by L. C. Page, the bank watchman, that burglars tried to break in there at two o'clock this morning.

EMPEROR WILLIAM IS IN SUPREME COMMAND

PLANS TO MAKE TRIUMPHAL
ENTRY INTO LEMBERG.

AUSTRO-GERMANS ARE NEAR CAPITAL

Some of the Claims Put Forward by the Austrians Are Still to Be Substantiated But There is No Question That They Have Won New Victories Both West and North of the Galician Capital.—England Considers Emperor William's Assumption of Command as an Indication of Complete German Confidence in the Final Victory.

(By The Associated Press.)

London, June 21.—The announcement that Emperor William has assumed supreme command of operations in Galicia is interpreted here as an indication of complete German confidence in the final victory in the assault on Lemberg, now regarded so near at hand, that the generals who, during the last two months, have battered their way across the province, wish the Emperor to participate personally in the final triumph.

Some of the claims put forward by the Austrians still are to be substantiated, but there is no question they have won new victories both west and north of the Galician capital and the Austro-German advance still is progressing through the Grodek line west of Lemberg. It is questioned here that anything so vital as the flight of the Russian army as indicated by Vienna reports, or a perilous break in the Russian front, has occurred.

Some British experts believe the Russians are fighting rear guard attacks while withdrawing their armies practically intact. They suggest that the Russians have no intention of defending Lemberg to the last or have prepared their main defensive lines on positions not yet reached by Germanic forces. With less than a score of miles separating the Austro-German lines from Lemberg, these points must soon be elucidated.

French and German accounts of operations in the west show the usual divergencies but the detailed reports from Paris satisfy the British that the French are making such advances that will shortly permit more active operations in the sphere occupied by the British army.

The French advance north of Arras, it is thought here, must have pushed the Germans into a narrowed front which will render some of their masses of troops comparatively ineffective. The gains in Alsace shows that the French are drawing close to the area of permanent German fortifications.

CONCORD WON.

Defeated Mooresville at Tennis Saturday Afternoon.

Harry Caldwell and John Hutchison composing the Concord team and Rumble and Leazer representing Mooresville hooked up in the first tennis battle between the two towns Saturday afternoon. The game took place on the court on Grove street.

Mooresville won the first set easily, 6-2. Messrs. Rumble and Leazer played in fine form, the former's drives being unusually terrific. In fact his volleys were prominent throughout the afternoon.

In the second set Messrs. Caldwell and Hutchison rallied after starting poorly. They won this set 6-3.

Mooresville started the third and deciding set in a manner that indicated it would be of short duration. But with the score 5-2 the local team rallied and copped three straight games. This duceed the games and two more straight wins ended the contest.

**WARNED TO MOVE TO
SECOND FLOORS**

Of Dwellings So as to Be Prepared for Floods.

Kansas City, Mo., June 19.—The weather bureau today warned residents of the east and west bottoms of Kansas City to move immediately from first to second floors of their dwellings and be prepared for a flood.

Now that the Mexican situation has again become critical Huerta may decide to let bygones be bygones and give the Washington administration the benefit of his advice.

EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE

To Be Held by Lutheran Synod at Mount Pleasant June 23-24.

The second educational conference under the auspices of the board of education of the United Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in the South will be held at Mount Pleasant June 23 and 24. The programme of the meeting is as follows:

Wednesday Afternoon, 2 p. m.

Opening service.

Greetings—Prof. G. F. McAllister.

Response—Geo. B. Cromer, D. D.

Remarks by the President—Dr. W. Hoppe.

“Definite Bible Study Course in Our Colleges: a Necessity.”—Dr. L. A. Fox.

“Bible Reading and Bible Study in the Public Schools: Why? How?”—Rev. C. P. MacLaughlin.

Evening Session, 7.30 p. m.

Opening service.

“Luther and Modern Education.”—Dr. M. M. Kinard.

“The Aim of Christian Education.”—Dr. A. G. Voigt.

Thursday Morning, 9 a. m.

Opening service.

“The Church College in Our Educational System.”—Prof. K. B. Patterson, M. A.

“Financing a Church School; Beneficiary Education and Congregational Support.”—Dr. J. Henry Harms.

“Religious Work in State Institutions.”—Dr. G. J. Gongaware.

Discussion.

Business.

Adjournment.

LECTURE TONIGHT.

Persian College Student to Lecture at the City Hall.

W. Y. Sayad, a Persian boy, twenty years of age, who has been a student at Davidson College for the last two years, and who, on account of the European war, has been thrown on his own resources, will deliver a number of lectures during the summer months on the habits and customs of his people, and the causes and effects of the great war on Persia. The Holy War now being waged with such fury in his country is described by Mr. Sayad in a most interesting way.

By delivering these lectures, which are well worth the price of ten cents, this young man hopes to make a sufficient amount to enable him to continue his studies for another year.

Mr. Sayad gave a lecture to a number of invited guests at the home of Dr. D. G. Caldwell Saturday afternoon. Yesterday morning he lectured at McKinnon Presbyterian Church and last evening at Cannonville church. Mr. Sayad will lecture this evening at 8 o'clock at the city hall under the auspices of the King's Daughters.

**EIGHT DROWNED
AT ATLANTIC CITY**

Seven Bathers and One Fisherman Lose Lives in Heavy Sea.

(By The Associated Press.)

Atlantic City, N. J., June 20.—Seven bathers, including prominent members of the Philadelphia Summer Colony, were drowned here today in a heavy sea.

Scores of others were dragged to the beach in an unconscious condition after life guards and other bathers had battled desperately to save their lives.

One other man was drowned when six fishing smacks capsized simultaneously, throwing a score of fishermen into the water.

Life guards say a storm caused an offset or gully between a sand bar a hundred yards out from the beach. The offset extended the entire length of the beach and with the development of the strong undercurrent the bathers were swept into water of unexpected depth. Many heroic rescues were made by members of the beach patrol and by volunteers and several persons gave up their lives in efforts to save others.

North Carolina at Home.

Boston, June 19.—The Cruiser North Carolina returned today to home waters after 10 months of varied foreign service, bringing accounts of the fighting in the Dardanelles. Officers and men said the British and French forces had sustained heavy losses and that hospitals at Alexandria were crowded.

Some of the wounded, they said, told them that the Australian troops had suffered especially in attempts to land under the Turkish fire.

Emperor Present at Battle of Deskid.

(By The Associated Press.)

Berlin, June 21.—Emperor William, it was announced officially today, was present at the battle of Deskid for possession of the Grodek line, west of Lemberg.

LEKKIIC VOLCANIC ERUPTION SATURDAY

OCCURRED IN THE SEA SOUTH
OF JAPAN.

DIRECT CAUSE OF EARTHQUAKE SHOCK

Which Was Felt in Japan Yesterday, the Strongest Felt in Several Years.—Pillar of Fire and Dense Smoke From Eruption Obscured the Sun, and Turned Day Into Night.—Huge Rocks and Quantities of Lava Rained Down Into the Sea.—Shock Damaged Number of Houses in Tokio, But There Were No Casualties.

(By The Associated Press.)

Tokio, June 31.—Reports of a terrific volcanic eruption at sea, south of Japan two days ago, have been brought into Yokohama by incoming steamers. The disturbance is regarded here as a direct cause of an earth shock in central Japan yesterday, the strongest experience in several years.

The marine eruption took place at 8.30 a. m. Saturday. The location is given as about 70 miles south of Yokohama. A pillar of fire and dense smoke obscured the sun and turned day into night. Huge rocks and quantities of lava rained down into the sea. The shock in Japan damaged a number of houses in Tokio, but there were no casualties.

**GOV. CRAIG GRANTS
PARDONS TO THREE**

George Ellsworth, Jacob Heavener, and Robert Phifer to Get Freedom.

Asheville, N. C., June 20.—Governor Locke Craig, who is spending the summer months at this city, Saturday announced the granting of pardons, conditional upon good behavior, to George Ellsworth, of Anson county, convicted in September, 1901, of safe cracking and sentenced to ten years in the State's Prison; Jacob Heavener, of Catawba county, convicted in February, 1914, of manslaughter, and sentenced to eighteen months in the State's prison, and Robert Phifer, of Union county, convicted in October, 1912, of manslaughter and sentenced to five years on the roads.

In issuing a pardon to Phifer, Governor Craig states that the evidence indicated that the prisoner killed a child as the result of an accident and the chief executive thinks that he has served sufficient time for his crime.

Heavener's crime was committed, says the chief executive, under most aggravating circumstances, the prisoner killing a man who was cursing the wife of the inmate of the prison. The latter has paid to the widow of the deceased \$1,500 in settlement of a civil suit. Ellsworth, says Governor Craig, was the tool of his confederates in the crime which he committed, being the weakest of a trio of safe blowers, all of whom received the same terms.

The men are ordered released at once.

**EARLY CABLES AND
FAVORABLE WEATHER**

Cotton Today Sells About 2 Points Under Saturday's Closing.

(By The Associated Press.)

New York, June 21.—Easy Liverpool cables and favorable weather map inspired some scattered selling on the cotton market this morning and after opening steady at a decline of four to eight points active months sold about eight points under Saturday's closing figure. Houses with Liverpool connections were moderate sellers on this decline and offerings were well enough taken to give the market a steady undertone.

Cotton opened steady: July, 9.44; October, 9.87; December, 10.13; March, 10.42.

Another Success in Austro-German Drive.

(By The Associated Press.)

Berlin, June 21.—A further success in the Austro-German drive at Lemberg was announced today by the war office. The statement says the town of Rawa Duska, 32 miles northwest of Lemberg, has been captured from the Russians.

Mr. W. T. Pollard, of Washington, will spend the week end here with Mrs. Pollard, who is the guest of Mrs. William H. Gibson.