

had not yet received the money she had...  
The Election in Georgia—Perjury  
We remarked, some days prior to the recent election, that one great object of the American party was the purification of the ballot-box, and that it was the determination of the party, in this city at least, to prosecute every man who should be found guilty of illegal voting. This remark of ours was regarded as a threat, thrown out to frighten timid men from their property. All friends of the Democrat ticket were assured that there was no danger to be apprehended—to be bold to exercise the right of suffrage, and not to be dismayed by Know Nothing threats. How far the Democratic party in pursuing this course, have rendered themselves responsible for the agencies which are alleged against certain of their agents and supporters, we need not undertake to decide. It is a question which every thinking man may determine for himself.  
It is a sufficient refutation of the charge that our statement was an electioneering trick, to say that several persons have already been arrested under the charge of perjury at the polls, some of whom have given bail, while others have been committed to jail. Among the latter are some ignorant sailors, who were taken to the polls, and by the most gross and false representations, induced to vote. We understand that the oath which a challenged voter is required to take had to be translated or interpreted for one of them. Who, as we would ask, is the greater criminal, this ignorant sailor, or the man who seduced him into the violation of the law?  
The reader at a distance should not conclude that these arrests are confined to such poor dupes as this sailor. Others of a different class, men known throughout the city—have been arrested and required to enter into bonds for their appearance at the next term of the court. This is not all. The work of investigation will be prosecuted until the law is vindicated and the ballot-box purified.  
Savannah Republican

The Election in Georgia—Perjury  
The London News of September 19th says:  
A letter from Florence gives very terrible accounts of the ravages of the cholera. No less than 11,000 persons have it is said, been carried off in the month of Aug. The population of the city, which is on an average 100,000, is now reduced to 60,000 by death and flight. The Grand Duke, it must be said to his credit, has set a noble example. Although his family has left, he remains himself, and elated in the black veil of the fatality of Mercy, he sometimes exclaims in the burial of the dead. It is positively affirmed in this letter that ten persons were lately buried alive. The horror is too terrible to describe.  
An Italian warehouse keeper in Palazzo, a suburb of Florence, was buried for dead in the Trespiano cemetery, with many other supposed corpses in a common grave. He awoke to a state of consciousness, and so thin was the covering of the sandy earth above him, that he made his way out to the surface. Still weak, he lived for three days on roots in the forest which surrounds the grave yard. At last he recovered strength sufficient to reach his house, where he started his family, who were in mourning for him. He assured them that he distinctly felt the bodies of numerous people interred with him moving about. The grave was consequently opened, and it was found that many, ten in number, as I have said, had stirred, and several of them had bitten their fingers in agony and otherwise injured themselves. They were all dead when the investigation was made. The utmost excitement prevailed on the subject among the population.  
Tragedy in Salem.—We learn from a passenger by the Western cars, that Dr. Richards of Salem was shot by E. M. Caldwell, of New Castle, Craig co., on Monday last. It seems that Mr. Caldwell had learned that Dr. Richards had made some remarks derogatory to the character of his wife, and went to his office to demand a denial of the report. Dr. Richards refused to give a satisfactory explanation of the remarks attributed to him, or deny them, and Caldwell drew a pistol and shot him, killing him almost instantly. Both were men of families. Caldwell has been arrested and is now in custody.  
Lynchburg Republican.

The Truth.  
The N. Y. Journal of Commerce with no partiality for the American order, traces the riots at Louisville, to the Anarchical Foreign organizations:  
"If the telegraphic reports given on the next page, prove to be accurate, a general understanding must have existed between the Germans and Irish, previous to the election, that they would go armed during the day, and prevent Americans, by every means from approaching the polls. The first outrage was committed by a body of Irish or Germans, as early as nine o'clock in the morning. The next attack was made upon Americans, several of whom were wounded by Germans, who fired upon them from their houses; and a brewery in which they had entrenched themselves. It is not stated that any provocation was given; but exasperation—perhaps inflamed by drink at the defeat of their ticket, was probably the main cause of violence which these ruffians had recourse to. They reaped however, bitter fruits from their mad folly. Pitiable is the lot of most foreigners that land on our shores. They emerge suddenly from subject to tyrannical rule, and habits of slavery that generations have stereotyped into that paradise of the deprived and indolent, the possession of active political rights. The story is familiar to every one, of the Irishman who, after regarding for some time with wonder a threatening snake, cried out, 'Ye're bloody strong but ye can't vote!' The Irish, alas can vote; so can the Germans, and between them they are acquiring, in the hands of Demagogues more iniquitous than themselves, a control of elections in many of our States, of which it is time that Americans should be wearied and ashamed."  
CONCORD GAZETTE.  
AMERICANS SHALL RULE!  
CONCORD, N. C.  
SATURDAY OCTOBER 13, 1855.  
V. B. Palmer is our authorized agent in the Northern States.  
J. W. Rainey is our authorized agent for Mecklenburg, to receive subscriptions and grant receipts.  
ALEXANDER ROBERT, Esq., is our authorized agent for the Western States. His address is Hillsboro' Montgomery co., Illinois.  
TO CORRESPONDENTS.  
A. J. B.—Salem.—We have sent your paper regularly every Saturday morning, and the fault, therefore, is not with us.  
B. B.—Your criticisms, although in a humorous strain, might wound the tender sensibilities of the author. A "great gulf" is fixed, however, between anonymous articles and our columns.  
L.—Charlotte.—In solid brevity, in some out-of-the-way obscure part of to-day's paper, will be found our last, under any circumstances.  
E. J. H.—P. Mills.—Next Week.  
FIRE!  
The residence of George Phifer, Esq., about four miles South of this place, was totally destroyed by fire on Monday morning last.  
The fire is said to have been communicated to the building by the stove pipe in the cooking department, which was attached to the main building.  
We are gratified to learn that all the furniture and most of the contents of the building were saved.  
We understand Mr. Phifer's loss is near \$3,900—no insurance.  
THE MAILS  
WHAT is the matter with the mail line between Lexington and Salem? It takes as long for papers to go that way to Salem, as it does to go to Texas.  
DISCONTINUED  
The Post Office in this County, known as "Weld's Mills," has been discontinued, by order of the Postmaster General. Mail matter for this office should be addressed to Harris Station, Cabarrus county.  
INDIGNATION MEETING.  
An indignation meeting was held on the 8th inst. at the late Rail Road accident on the Charlotte & S. C. Railroad, by the passengers. Resolutions were passed, censuring the Officers of the road for bad management, which resolutions were ordered to be published in the Columbia Dailies.—General Superintendent Nims is out in a card in the "Carolinian" in which he charges the accident to the fact that the train was behind time. As usual, with Railroad accidents—nobody's to blame!  
EDITORIAL CHANGES.—Messrs. Powell & Britton, Editors of the "Wadesborough News," have desisted co-partnership, and the News will hereafter be conducted by Mr. Britton alone.  
We neglected to notice, last week, the association of W. B. McCreight, Esq., with Mr. Rice, in the editorial management of the "Yorkville Citizen."

BUMP-OLGY.  
Professor CHASE, of New Orleans, held forth in our town, last week, on the science of Phrenology, and the life that flesh is heir to. We were present at the last lecture, at the close of which the Professor, (blind-folded) examined the heads of two persons, chosen by a committee, from the audience; and, we must do him the justice to say, that he made some remarkably correct guesses.  
We have always been rather skeptical, in regard to this science, and would as soon believe that a man's character was bumped up on his head, as his head.  
He made some very good remarks, however, upon the general rules of health and long life, which we got more very beneficially applied. He was particularly severe upon the present day practice of females, of pinching and sewing up their waists, in their endeavors to alter their forms from that designed by their Creator. The consequence is, both lungs are compressed in a space hardly adequate for the healthy action of one!  
But what is the use of lecturing or preaching either, against this unnatural and legitimate sin—this crime that carries with it its own sure curse, in a diseased, debilitated and consumption-prone offspring? The sins of the mother is thus unduly visited upon the children! But as long as the monster Fashion, is followed and worshipped at golden shrines, throughout the civilized world, in vain will be the preaching and lecturing of professors of theology, Phrenology, or any other knownology, against this damnable sin.  
Aside from the Bumpology, the Professor's lecture was highly interesting, instructive and entertaining.  
WESTERN EXTENSION.  
We learn from an extra from Salisbury, that the Board of Directors of this Road convened in that place on Thursday, October the 4th.  
Hon. John W. Ellis sent in his resignation as Director, and his vacancy was filled by the election of John I. Shaver, Esq. R. C. Pearson of Burke, was chosen President, and R. E. Simonton, of Iredell, Secretary and Treasurer.  
JAMES C. TURNER, Esq. (not Mr. Guyton) was elected Chief Engineer.  
Otho Gillespie, Esq., of Iredell, was elected Director, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of R. F. Simonton.  
SALARIES.—President \$2,000; Chief Engineer \$3,000; Secretary and Treasurer \$1,000.  
The Board adjourned on Friday the 5th inst.  
To the Lancaster Ledger we would say: we speak not unadvisedly, but from a knowledge of facts!  
We were informed on Monday that we have said that the charge is a base falsehood & gotten up by the cub abroad, to justify his conduct in the sight of the publisher of the Ledger, and restore him to favor. He worked in another office for some time, before he came to us; and when he did come it was a matter of charity to take him, in his situation!  
We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Mr. Hyneman, Mr. H. is a splendid workman, and deserves a share of the patronage of the community.  
Clothing "as is" Clothing, may be found at the fashionable head quarters of J. M. Koster, Esq. Go unto him ye naked and be clothed.  
See the advertisement of Merchant's Perfumery establishment, New York.  
OUR TABLE.  
The Deserted Wife.  
By Mrs. E. D. E. N. Southworth, is the title of a new book, a copy of which we have been furnished with by the Publisher, Mr. T. B. Peterson, Philadelphia. Price \$1.25.  
"This book is one of unusual power and thrilling interest. The scene is laid in one of the Southern States, and the story gives a picture of the manners and customs of the planting gentry, in an age not far removed back from the present."  
Peterson's Magazine.  
We have received the November number of this popular periodical for the ladies. The Plates of this number are superb, and the Reading matter very good. Price \$2 address C. J. Peterson, Philadelphia.  
University Magazine.  
The October number of this valuable home periodical has been received, containing, among other articles of merit and worth, the Revolutionary History of North Carolina, which we know will prove interesting to North Carolinians everywhere. Price only \$2 per annum; Chapel Hill.  
Carolina Cultivator.  
For September has been received—where is the October number? This is an excellent Agricultural Magazine, and should be patronized by every farmer in the Old North State. Price \$1 per annum; address Wm. D. Cooke, Raleigh, N. C.  
"Quick on the Trigger.—The wife of a man named Smith, residing in Dryden, N. Y., died recently on Friday. On Saturday the bereaved husband married a second wife and attended with her the funeral of his former one on the succeeding Sunday."

ELECTIONS.  
TEXAS.—The Austin Gazette says Gov. Pease's majority thus far is seven thousand two hundred and thirty seven. Runkle, (Dem.) for Lieutenant Governor, three thousand two hundred and fifty. For the Congressional election Bell (Dem.) has five thousand six hundred and forty-eight majority, while in the doubtful district Ward, (Dem.) is twenty-eight ahead, and the counties of Orange and Jefferson to hear from. How they will be likely to effect the vote is not stated.  
The Legislature will be largely anti-Know-Nothing.  
GEORGIA.—We have official and unofficial returns from ninety-three counties, and there cannot be a reasonable doubt of the re-election of H. P. Johnson, by at least two thousand votes, over the joint votes of Judge Andrews and Mr. Overby. The vote for Prohibition candidate will reach about six thousand.  
The election of six anti-Know-nothings, and two Know Nothings to Congress is generally admitted.  
There will be a very decided majority of anti-Know-Nothing in the Legislature.  
EUREKA EXTRAORDINARY.—HILLSBORO', Sept. 13, 1855.—An epidemic of the most extraordinary character, took place on or about the 7th inst., at Sulphur Springs building. From all that I can glean from the flying reports in circulation, the facts are about these: A fend in the shape of a doctor, by the name of Chentham, came to the Sulphur Springs to hunt a location as a practicing Physician. Being short of the means and a stranger, he was taken under the fostering care of Mr. Bond, a merchant of that place, who gave him the hospitality of his house, having the utmost confidence in the Doctor, and still more in his beloved wife, and considering her not only free from crime, but above suspicion. What must have been his feelings to find the wife of his bosom, had eloped with the base deceiver, who would her like a serpent in his fatal coil. She will regret the day she was induced to leave her once happy home and desert a fond and loving husband. With respect. R.  
SUICIDE IN THE BRIDAL CHAMBER.—Miss Clara Haskins was found dead in her bridal dress and chamber near Natchez, Mississippi, on the 2d ult. After being dressed by her bridesmaids, she requested them to retire a short time, and when they returned they found her lying lifeless upon her couch, with an empty vial which had contained prussic acid still clasped in her hand. She had adopted the desperate alternative of self destruction rather than marry a man she could not love, in obedience to parental authority.  
WESTERN DISPATCHES.—Commercial of Monday says: For hogs there is not much doing; some sales have been made during the week for November delivery, at \$6 30, but hogs \$6 40, and there are buyers at 6 25, 6 30, who have a strong disposition to operate at these rates. Contracts are being made through Indians at \$5 50 for January delivery, and in the interior of Illinois at \$5.  
CHLORIFORM AND HYDROPHOBIA.—Dr. C. Kidd, of England, announces that chloroform is a perfect cure for hydrophobia. A teaspoonful of either ether or chloroform is sprinkled on a handkerchief, and placed on the patient's face to smell; and a red hot poker is then, within half an hour to be applied to the bite.  
Mrs. E. K. Smith likes the people of the great West. She says in the Rhode Island Schoolmaster.  
"The Western man has none of the vice of thrift. He carries on operations on so vast a scale that he casts out pettiness and meanness wherever he goes. He does not haggle and barter in a bargain. He measures distance by miles, not feet. He counts money by the dollar, not by the penny. He seems ashamed to come down to the pennies. He buys a dress for his wife, and gets a few yards extra. His own coat and his shoes are all too large, and his hat slouched for the same reason. It is as if the imagination of the man was akin to the vastness of the rivers and prairies of the region the soul gets quite outside of the body. He must have elbow room—he must breathe therefore his house is larger, the room large and sometimes uncomfortable. The bed is high and wide; the teacup ample, heavy and like the lakes, filled to the brim."  
CONNECTICUT ELECTION ON THE CONSTITUTION.—In the one hundred and twenty-three towns heard from, the election has resulted by a large majority in favor of the proposition to amend the Constitution, by requiring all electors hereafter to be able to read the Constitution and statutes. One hundred and twenty-three towns gives an aggregate of 15,097 in favor, to 10,391 against. There are only one hundred and fifty-three towns in the State.  
The last Lancaster Ledger contains another tirade against us, over the signature of the puppy we so complacently showed up in a handbill two weeks ago. The question has been propounded to us several times:—"Why do you disgrace yourself and reform, by notice of the contemptible rascal?" Our answer is—at home, where he chooses to attack us, he has always been afraid to misbehave, and consequently his realities are unknown and he ought to be believed. With the declaration, however, that we stand ready, willing and anxious to PROVE every assertion yet made by us in regard to him, besides many more facts, yet more villainous, we wash our hands of him, and nothing more that can be said by his accomplice in slime and slander through him, can induce us to notice him again.

Bite of a Rattlesnake  
Dr. Thomas, of Monticello, (Ind.) reports a case of rattlesnake bite. Mr. J. H. S., aged 38, who stands six feet in his stockings who by the way, was very fond of brandy had just been bitten on the inside of his left heel by a large rattlesnake, both fangs having been well inserted in the muscles. In thirty-six hours he was sound and well. I gave him brandy and one and a half gallons of whiskey, all without intoxication.  
He wanted more, and I refused to supply him. The next day Mr. H., his next neighbor, was passing along and saw him with his pants rolled up to his knees, bare footed, and wading around in some weeds and grass with his feet. He asked if he had lost anything! "No sir! What are you doing, then?" "I am hunting a snake. There is not any liquor only what Dr. Thomas has, and he won't let me have any unless I am snakebit; so I'm hunting one."  
From Norfolk and Portsmouth.  
We learn by our Petersburg exchanges that the fever at Norfolk and Portsmouth has almost disappeared. There was not a single death in the latter city during the 24 hours ending with Wednesday. There are several old cases which may terminate fatally, but the disease has ceased to exist as an epidemic. There were only five deaths in Norfolk for the 24 hours ending Wednesday evening.  
The disease has disappeared in the estimated family of Lieutenant C. Poindexter, U. S. N., about three miles from this city. His lady and a daughter are down with the fever. They have not been to the city for several months.  
There has not been a single death from any cause in Portsmouth, for the 24 hours ending at sunset to-day. There are some old cases on hand which will probably terminate fatally, but as an epidemic, the disease has ceased to exist.  
Russian Despatches.  
THE EMPEROR'S ADDRESS TO THE ARMY. In order of the day to the army communicating the fall of Sebastopol, His Majesty thanks the garrison for the bravery they have displayed in defending the stronghold of Sebastopol to the very last, and declares that he is convinced that all the troops of the Empire are ready to follow their example in sacrificing life and everything for the sake of protecting the religion, the honor and the independence of Russia. The Emperor adds that he still relies with confidence upon the firmness and courage of his faithful and attached soldiers to repel every future hostile attempt to violate the sanctity of the Russian territory, whi at the position of Sebastopol, by saying that there is a line which is impassable even to heroes. This despatch is dated St. Petersburg September 11.  
RUSSIAN ACCOUNT OF THE BOMBARDMENT. The following is a translation from the Journal de St. Petersburg of the official despatches of Prince Gortschakoff, describing the furious bombardment which preceded the evacuation of the south side, and the evacuation itself:  
September 8th, noon.—The enemy receives nearly every day new reinforcements. The bombardment continues with unexampled violence. Our loss has been more than 2,500 in the last 24 hours.  
Ten o'clock, (p. m.)—The troops of your Imperial Majesty have defended Sebastopol to the last extremity, but it was impossible to hold it any longer on account of the infernal fire which was poured upon the town. The troops have passed to the north side, after repelling six or seven assaults made by the enemy, and it was only at the Korniloff that we found it impossible to expel them.  
CUMEA, September 11, Evening.—We have blown up the greater part of the southern fortifications. The enemy begins to appear there, and small groups are seen amidst the ruins of the town. We transferred to the north all the wounded who were remaining in the southern part. In the attack on the 8th we succeeded in making prisoners 1 superior officer; 17 subalterns, and 180 soldiers.  
An account from the Crimea of the 11th, states that General Bosquet's wound is not serious. The first detachment of the allied troops entered the eastern part of the Karabelia suburb of Sebastopol on the 11th, by order of General Pelissier: and on the following day, the city having previously inspected, was occupied, but only by small bodies of troops.  
THE REMOVED RUSSIAN RETREAT.—The Gazette de Prusse, the organ of the Russian party at Berlin, publishes the following contradiction of the report from Vienna, containing the retreat of the Russian army upon Percepok:  
"The Gazette des Portes and the Gazette d'Allemagne du Nord announces that Prince Gortschakoff has received a despatch from Warsaw, stating that the Russian corps of Bakshi-Serai, has commenced a retrograde movement upon Percepok. We can affirm, in the most positive manner, that this is a piece of false news."  
In the State of Louisiana, it is said there are more Democratic members of the American party, than Whig members, and the party is strongest in the heretofore Democratic districts.

Wm. STEDMAN, American formerly from Chatham County in this State, is elected to the Legislature from Rusk County, Texas.  
MARRIED.—In this county, on the evening of the 9th inst., by Rev. W. Pharr, Dr. J. A. GIBSON, of this town, to Miss SARAH E. eldest daughter of John B. Moss, Esq., of this County.  
OBITUARY.  
DIED.—In Monroe on the 20th of September last, of Typhoid fever and congestion of the brain, after an illness of 21 days, Rev. WM. M. EASTELLING, in the 20th year of his age.  
THE WAR STILL PROGRESSES!  
Boot & Shoe Making,  
BY  
John Hyneman,  
CONCORD, N. C.  
THE subscriber having purchased the Stock of E. Baugers, has pleasure to call public attention to the fact that he has opened a shop directly opposite the "Gazette" Office, where he respectfully invites the citizens of Concord and vicinity, as he is now prepared to supply the  
WALKING PUBLIC  
with a superior article of Boots and Shoes, on as reasonable terms as they can be had anywhere else. All I ask is a trial, and I feel confident I shall not fail to please even the most fastidious.  
From a long and successful experience in the above business, I feel no hesitation in warranting to my customers, the most perfect satisfaction. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.  
Oct. 13, 1855.  
JOHN HYNEMAN.  
SEALED PROPOSALS  
WILL be received by the Board of Wardens, until two o'clock on Tuesday of October Court for a Steward to keep the Paupers of Cabarrus County, at our  
POOR HOUSE  
Bids will be received for one, two or three years, or for one year only. The amount each and the names of the securities will be required. The Wardens reserve to themselves the right of saying which is the best and lowest bid.  
Those wishing to bid, can seal up and deliver their bids to me, or L. S. Bingham, Treasurer of the Board, at Concord, before the hour of opening the same.  
LOUIS B. KRIMMINGER, Clerk of the Board of Wardens.  
October 7, 1855. 31 14  
MERCHANT'S GOLDEN BELL PERFUMERY AND SOAPS  
ARE THE BEST MADE  
No. 307, BROADWAY,  
CORNER OF PRINCE STREET  
NEW YORK  
Ask for them when Shopping.  
Oct. 18, 54  
NEW  
Fall & Winter  
GOODS,  
Salisbury, September 18, 1855.  
E. MYERS  
MOST respectfully informs his patrons and the public generally, that he is now receiving the most select stock of  
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,  
which he has ever before had the pleasure to offer, comprising  
LADIES DRESS GOODS  
of every description from 64 cent Prints, up to Morio Antique Silk Dresses, \$46 a pattern.  
HIS STOCK OF NEEDLE-WORKED Embroideries,  
he does not hesitate in asserting, is the Largest, Most Elegant, and most varied than has ever before been exhibited to a North Carolina public, consisting of  
FRENCH NEEDLE WORK, JACONET and SWISS COLLARS and SLEEVES, at all prices; HORTON, GILPURE, VALLENCIENS, MECHLIN, MALTESE and PLATT LACE, COLLARS, COLLARETTES, and SLEEVES HAND KRICHEES, SKIRTS, Infant's WAISTS, ROBES and DRESSES, EDGINGS and INSERTINGS, in great variety, MOURNING COLLARS, SLEEVES, AND HANDKERCHIEFS.  
He has a large assortment of LADIES CLOAKS and TALMANS, Stolls, Cashmere Canton crapes Bay State, and other "SHAWLS." His assortment of  
STAPLE DRY GOODS  
is complete, comprising almost every article in the line. He has a first rate assortment of GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,  
Comprising, Ready Made Clothing, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Shirts, Cravats, Stocks, Gaiters, Gloves, &c., &c.  
Ladies Hosiery and Gloves, in great variety. In fact, a general and complete assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, which he does not think necessary to enumerate more fully. All he asks is an examination of his stock before purchasing, as handsome GOODS and INDUCEMENTS will be offered, which cannot fail to give satisfaction.  
He takes this method of tendering his most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage, which has been bestowed upon him, and trusts to merit a continuance of the same.  
No. 4, GRANITE BUILDING,  
Salisbury, September 21, 1855. 21 44  
DRS. J. & J. L. DOUGLASS,  
Blackstocks, S. C.,  
OFFER their Professional services to the public in the cure of CATARACT, and other  
Diseases of the EYE,  
Stone in the Bladder, Falling of the Womb, and other affections requiring surgical operation. — From a long and successful practice in the above diseases, we feel confident of success.  
PATIENTS  
coming by the cars will be attended to at Blackstock, and those unable to travel will be waited upon at home. Admissions as above.  
Blackstocks, S. C., July 14th 1855. 21 44