

Reporter and Post.

Entered at the Danbury, N. C., Post-office as Second Class Matter.

DANBURY, N. C. May 17, 1883.

IRON IN STOKES.

The following paragraph is taken from a letter written by a lawyer to the Raleigh Farmer and Mechanic, copied into the Winston Republican of a recent date:

"If there is iron in Stokes and Surry, it will be eventually manufactured here with coal brought from Chatham. The completion of the Yadkin Valley Railroad with a branch from this point to Walnut Grove will make Winston a manufacturing town, provided always the iron is in Stokes and Surry."

The Reporter and Post will leave it for others to say as to the iron in Surry, but from actual observation will give some of the "evidences" of iron in the immediate neighborhood of Danbury. At the Rodgers mine, three miles north of this place, one vein, which has been worked probably more than a hundred years, presents a prospect that would induce any one to believe that iron not only had but does exist. Sixty feet below the surface the edge, or (as miners term it) the strike of the iron may be seen along an underground passage for more than one hundred and fifty feet, varying in thickness from two feet at the thinnest part to eight feet at the thickest end, of solid, black iron ore, which has been shown by analysis to contain from 60 to 80 per cent. of solid iron. At the Frost or Pepper mine, one mile east of the above, which was worked a great number of years, the vein is ten feet thick. Within less than half a mile east of the latter mine, in digging a grave a short time since, the vein was cut into several feet. One mile north-east from the Pepper mine is the Cherry Tree bank. The ore is very fine here. Half a mile east of the Rodgers bank, the vein was found to be near the surface about three feet thick. One mile west of the Rodgers mine, a vein is seen two and a half feet thick near the surface. One mile west of the last named place the vein is from two to three feet. At these places the ore is all rich and black, and with the exception of the Rodgers and Pepper mines, the diggings are only about from ten to twenty feet deep. One mile west of the last named place, we find ore of rather a different nature, known here as soapstone ore, but possessing the same qualities as the black ore, all of which is strongly magnetic and remarkably free from phosphorus, but the black ore being harder than in some cases be blasted, while the soapstone ore can be taken out with a pick. There are some fifteen or twenty veins of this ore, or rather (as is supposed) the vein has been cut at fifteen or twenty places in an area of about one and a quarter miles square, and varies in thickness from one to ten feet. All the ore required to run the forges where it was used has been taken from near the surface, usually from open drifts not more than from five to fifteen or twenty feet deep. All the above named mines lie just along the north side of Dan river, in a belt one mile wide by about five long, while north of this belt there are quite a number of old mines of equally as much importance as those mentioned, and outcroppings are seen at probably one hundred places. So, if there is nothing in the way of Winston becoming an iron manufacturing town but the want of ore in Stokes, the day is not very distant when she may become more noted for her iron industries than she is now for her tobacco factories. While Winston may not possess quite so central a position as Greensboro, between the tobacco trade of Virginia and Western North Carolina on the one side, and the cotton trade of Eastern North Carolina and the Southern States on the other, or of the coal of Chatham and iron in Stokes and Surry, we always imagined that there was more in the man than the location, and what Winston lacks in natural advantages she may make up in energy and enterprise. The twin towns of Winston and Salem, with their large amount of wealth, enterprise and energy, and Greensboro, with its superior natural advantages are the coming towns in North Carolina. Both have good, ably conducted local papers, that are not slow to set in the interest of their respective sections, which adds very much to the prosperity of the places; and while the papers are doing much to build up the towns, the citizens on their part have not failed to appreciate their efforts, as is shown by the liberal support given them. Winston has capital, and Greensboro has capital; both have a part in the tobacco trade, but the town that adds iron manufacturing to its other advantages, is the coming city in North Carolina.

"Making all due allowances," says the Baltimore American (Rep.), "for exaggeration and functional heat, it remains clear that the tariff issue may in the future become what the slavery question was in the decade from 1850 to 1860—a disorganizer of parties.—Fortunately, should the division come, it will not be along geographical lines."

The Washington correspondent of the New York Sun says that President Arthur thinks new blood is wanted in his party, and that nothing but heroic measures will prevent the success of the Democratic party next year.

Judge Gresham's appointment was an earnest of the President's intentions in respect to new men. It seems that, having become alienated from Conkling, Logan, Harrison and others, he has to look around for new friends. He has got it in a head that the people are tired of many of these old fellows who have been cracking the whip over the Republican party for twenty years. He feels about it as he feels about this civil business—that in a country like this people not only look for new blood, but that it is absolutely necessary that they should have it. That is the reason why Gresham is taken into the Cabinet, and his influence will be felt in Indiana before long. Other changes and infusions of new blood are indicated by this step. The President knows that his party can't win again with the quarreling old fellows at the head, and if there is salt enough left to save the party he is going to try to find it.

Conkling's recent speech before a New York club has elicited much comment. As his criticism of the alleged mistake of the National Republican Convention in failing to nominate Grant for a third term can hardly be construed as a feeling of rebuke, and show his independence of his party, while heaping eulogy upon his old friend. We look upon Conkling, now that he is out of office, as a sort of Achilles in the Republican ranks. He is sour and defiant. He utters sentiments that he would not have uttered while he was Senator. As to the declaration that the country was set back ten years by the failure to re-nominate Grant the third time, that is weak as slop-water. It is not likely that either Conkling or Grant will contribute much aid to the Republican nominee in the next Presidential campaign.

We see it announced that Prof. Mallet, of the University of Virginia, has accepted the chair tendered him in the University of Texas. This is a serious loss to education in Virginia. Dr. Humphreys, of Vanderbilt University, and Dr. Brown, formerly of the same institution, have also taken chairs in the University of Texas. This latter school is starting out on a broad and strong basis. It is endowed with 2,000,000 acres of land and an income of \$35,000 a year, and will have a Faculty equal to any. Texas is moving forward, while Virginia under Coalition auspices is, we fear, moving backward. Texas will become great in advanced educational facilities as she is in wealth and industrial enterprise.

The C. F. & Y. V. SYNDICATE. The syndicate was engaged all day yesterday and up to a late hour last night, and is engaged to-day in fishing up its business. We learn that Col. J. S. Morrison, now of Richmond, Va., has been elected chief engineer and superintendent of the road. Work is to begin at once at Shoe Heel, and the force employed is to be divided into sections under the management of Col. Pryor and Major Atkinson. The purchase of iron has been authorized, and the work of opening up the track and laying the iron is to begin as soon as the iron can be purchased and delivered. The syndicate does not feel at all cramped for means and everything looks propitious for the early completion of the road.—Patrol.

FRIENDS.—People who have warm friends are healthier and happier than those who have none. A single real friend is a treasure worth more than gold or precious stones. All the wealth could not buy you a friend, or pay you for the loss of one. "I have only wanted one thing to make me happy," Hazlitt writes; "but wanting that, I have wanted everything." And again, "my heart, shut up in a prison-house of this rude clay, has never found nor will it find, a heart to speak to." We are the weakest of spend-thrifts if we let a friend drop off through inattention, or let one push away another; or if we hold aloof from one for petty jealousy or needless slight and roughness. Would you throw away a diamond because it pricked you? One good friend is not to be weighed against the jewels of the earth.—Golden Censor.

PATIENCE.—There are clouds as well as sunshine in this life, and one cannot expect to live continually in the latter. The clouds are sometimes those of adversity, sometimes of sorrow, and often they are the shadows of balauany. Patience is required under all these afflictions. Consciousness of innocence where your good name has been assailed should sustain you and enable you to patiently await future vindication. Be assured that the ignorant and vulgar will believe whatever that may be said of you. The intelligent and just will accord you a fair hearing before they condemn.

During a recent storm at night in Greenville, S. C., Mr. C. B. Lewis—"M Quad," of the Detroit Free Press—wrote at midnight a two-column newspaper letter by the glare of the lightning.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

CAREFULLY COLLECTED AND CONDENSED FROM THE REPORTER AND POST'S EXCHANGES.

State News.

Asheville claims a population of 4,000. Mr. Seymour Steel, of Greensboro, is dead.

Shad had been quite abundant this spring in the fisheries along the Yadkin river.

Charlotte elected the straight-out Democratic ticket. Maxwell's majority is 357.

Stateville district conference has been appointed to convene July 26th at Mt. Airy.

A negro in Cabarrus county had his throat badly cut by another negro. He will recover.

One man in Edgecombe county had 150 acres of corn under water during the late freshet.

The Lexington Dispatch says the Hoover Hill gold mine in Davidson county, is making \$200 per day.

A negro named Frank Sims attempted suicide at Charlotte by drinking a gill of laudanum. The physician saved him.

Col. Frank Cox, a Charlotte millionaire, is having a palace railroad car built in Philadelphia for his own private use.

A Yadkin county man has a beaver which he has worn off and on, ever since 1853—the year Pierce was inaugurated as President.

The National Board of Fire Underwriters, New York, are offering \$500 reward for the detection and conviction of the parties who burned the cotton mills of the Brewer Manufacturing company, at Mt. Airy on March 17th, 1883.

The village of Boone, in Watauga county, N. C., is perhaps the most elevated village in the United States east of the Mississippi. It is 3,342 feet above the water and is 1,000 feet higher than Asheville and the summit of Mt. North.

North Carolina is cursed with 467,000 sheep, glories in the possession of 501, 203 dogs. Hurrah for free trade and sailor's rights. The yearly loss in sheep from dogs, disease, &c., is 104,000—by dogs alone, 47,108. The loss in dogs is 9,000. The increase in dogs is 932 per cent.

The last charge at Appomattox was planned, executed and led by Gen. Grimes, who commanded all the infantry troops engaged therein, the majority of whom were North Carolinians. It is remarkable that the majority of the soldiers in the first battle of the war (at Berkeley, in June, 1861) and in the last battle, at Appomattox, were North Carolinians; and yet it is seldom thought of.

We learn from the Asheville Citizen that at Yancey Superior court the trial of Mont Ray for the killing of Jack Brown, which took place in or near Brunswick ten or twelve years ago, was begun. After the tragedy, the accused left the country, but last year returned and surrendered himself. The trial created the liveliest interest. The affair grew out of the bitter feelings engendered by the war, and that fact largely influenced the conduct and result of the trial. The jury returned a verdict "not guilty."

General News.

Last week 3,425 emigrants left Queenstown for America.

Mrs. Jesse R. Grant, mother of Gen. U. S. Grant, died at her home in Jersey City last Friday.

Nearly \$14,000,000 worth of cattle are now grazing in what six years ago was Indian country in Texas.

"Bishop" Mahone, of the colored church of Virginia, is the new title which the Lynchburg News confers on the Virginia boss.

Over \$3,000,000 is now invested in iron manufacture on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad between Staunton and Charleston, W. Va.

An Indiana paper says that the only form of the liquor question not dodged by the politicians of that State is: "What will you take?"

Dr. Tanner, the big fister, has found a man who went fifty days without food. His name is J. F. Stewart, and he lives in Alleghany county, New York.

A rare act, of practical Christianity was performed by a New Haven lady, when, on Tuesday, she took to her home a girl whom her son had basely betrayed.

Congressman Thompson will be defended in his trial at Harrodsburg, Ky., for killing Davis, by his father, Phil Thompson, Sr., who is one of the ablest lawyers in that State.

There are 996 tons of silver coin in the vaults of the United States treasury at New York, representing over \$32,000,000, of which about two-thirds are in legal tender silver dollars.

Virginia claims the oldest English church in this country. It is the old Friends' Church at Benton, and was built in 1632. An ancestor of Martha Washington is said to be buried in the chancel-yard.

A slight notion of the immensity of the cattle business of Texas may be obtained from the fact that 215 trains will be required to move one herd now being transported from Milheim to Wichita Falls.

In Alabama, two miles south of Montgomery, lives a man who has 229 mulberry trees and 70,000 worms at work in the first and second steps which terminate in silk. He expects to make \$3,000 this year.

One of the most extensive business men of New York, who is neither a politician nor a speculator, says: "I never knew the country in a more prosperous condition, or business with a more promising outlook."

Mrs. Fair, of Nevada, has brought suit for a divorce from her husband, Senator Jas. G. Fair; it is thought the Senator will make no defence, but will agree to a settlement of three or four million dollars on Mrs. Fair if a divorce is granted.

Perhaps the fact is not generally known that our annual imports of sweets are valued at more than the usual production of gold and silver in America and the duty collected is almost \$50,000,000. Our sugar costs more than our bread.

The London News reports that a volume of Mr. Sankey's lyrics has been confiscated in America by the Turkish authorities, in their ignorance of English, and in the conclusion that "Hold the Fort" was a patriotic song for revolutionary use.

Mr. Mink testified, in a Racine court that he regarded Miss Albrecht as slightly bad tempered. She immediately cried out that he was a liar, and threw herself upon him, pulling his whiskers and scratching his face. The verdict of the jury was in harmony with Mr. Mink's opinion.

Mr. Robert Griffin, of London, is afraid that there will not be large enough to hold the inhabitants it will have some years hence. Robert is living in a crowded part of the world. Set him down on an American prairie, and he will not feel so bunched up in his mind as he does at the present moment.

About two weeks ago a tramp who was taken sick while en route through Mercer county in the extreme southern part of West Virginia died at the house of a farmer of what the physician called in pronounced chicken-pox. The funeral was attended by about two hundred people from all parts of the county, and now there have occurred in that neighborhood forty cases of small-pox with fifteen deaths. The situation daily becomes worse and the greatest alarm prevails.

The C. F. & Y. V. RAILROAD SYNDICATE has adjourned, and we believe that they did all they met for harmoniously. There was but one opinion and that was the road must be built at once. They have the means to do it, and we learn work will begin at once at the Gulf and Fayetteville, pressing this way and to Shoe Heel on the Wilmington & Charlotte. The tract will be of the standard gauge and the best of steel rails have been ordered. Everything will be first-class.

Capt. J. S. Morrison, an engineer of experience, has been elected general superintendent and engineer-in-chief, with Col. Pryor and Maj. Atkinson as assistant engineers.

Can our people ask more? Will our mountain friends complain that business demands the early completion of the road from this place to Shoe Heel, giving a through connection North and South? We hope not.

Maj. Atkinson, we learn will be kept west of Greensboro, Col. Pryor last—so that the whole line will receive the best of attention.—Bugle.

Home.

After all, when one comes to think of it there are not many homes. Of course, there are innumerable places which go by the name of home, called so for a want of better designation, or because everybody calls the place in which they eat and sleep, home; but when you come down to real, sober fact, homes are comparatively scarce.

A home is refuge place from the storm, the fret and worry of life. It is the place where the husband comes to a sanctuary, where smiles and loving words answer his smiles and kindly greetings. It is a place where a wife reigns in her benignity and grace, not, it may be, the grace of outward beauty, or cultivation, but of true womanhood, where she receives honor and love even as she gave them both. It is a place, or should be, where children are happier than anywhere else in the known world, because there are the choicest words, the brightest looks and the kindest acts. Such are not the majority of homes as we find them.

How does it happen that when you see a real home, a light, pleasant spot, where every one seems to be happy, where if husband and wife have misunderstandings, none seem to know if where laughter and smiles are perpetual guests, why does it strike one as peculiar and noticeable. Simply because there are so few of them.

It is said that every member of the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. syndicate is a native North Carolinian.

Subscribe for this paper. Only \$1.50 a year.

Liquor Dealers.

We give below that portion of the Revenue Act of the last legislature that refers to manufacturers of and dealers in liquors:

Every person, company or firm, for selling spirituous, vinous or malt liquors or medicated bitters, shall pay a license tax quarterly, in advance, on the first day of January, April, July and October, as follows: 1. For selling in quantities less than a quart, twelve dollars for each quarter, to be collected by the sheriff, one-half of which shall be accounted for to the treasurer of the state, and the other half to the treasurer of the county board of education, for the benefit of the fund for public schools in such county. 2. For selling in quantities of one quart and more than five gallons, twelve dollars and fifty cents for each quarter, to be collected by the sheriff and paid to the treasurer of the county board of education, for the benefit of the fund for public schools in such county. 3. For selling in quantities of five gallons or more fifty dollars for each quarter, to be collected by the sheriff and paid to the treasurer of the state. 4. For selling malt liquors exclusively, five dollars for each quarter, to be collected by the sheriff and paid to the treasurer of the county board of education, for the benefit of the fund for the public schools in such county. Nothing contained in this section shall prevent any person selling the liquors of their own manufacture, at the place of manufacture, or any person from selling spirits, the products of his own farm, without the license prescribed in paragraphs two and three. Every person, company or firm wishing to retail liquors in quantities less than a quart, shall apply to the board of county commissioners for an order to the sheriff to issue a license, stating the place at which it is proposed to conduct the business. The board of commissioners shall, upon satisfactory evidence of good moral character of the applicants, issue an order to the sheriff to grant such license, except in territory where the sale of liquors is prohibited by law: Provided, that no county shall be allowed to levy any additional tax under the provisions of this section.

when you are ready to go-go.

All the people have not learned the art of leaving a place in an appropriate manner. When you are ready to depart do so at once—gracefully and politely, and with no dallying. Don't say, "it's about time I was going," and settle back and talk on amiably for another ten minutes. Some people have just such a tiresome habit. They will even rise and stand about the room in various attitudes, keeping their host standing, and then by an effort succeed in getting as far as the hall, when a new thought strikes them. They then brighten up visibly, and stand some minutes longer, saying nothing of importance, but keeping everybody in a restless, nervous state. After the door is opened the prolonged leave-taking begins and everybody in general and particular is invited to call. Very likely a lost thought strikes the departing visitor, which his friend must risk a cold to hear in the end. What a relief when the door is finally closed. There is no need of being offensively abrupt; but when you are ready to go—go!

Peter Cooper's Views.

The following letter was written by Peter Cooper to Mr. E. F. Gladwin, of Brooklyn, not long before the aged philanthropist's death:

"Mankind will improve and better their condition just in proportion as they come to see, know and understand that what a man, a community, a State or nation soweth, that must they also reap somewhere, somehow and at some time, and that by the operation of a reign of beneficent laws, designed in infinite wisdom for the use and the elevation of mankind. Man without knowledge is a soulless body; without science he is a straying wanderer. Science is knowledge demonstrated by the actual experience of mankind. Dwight Clinton, in a moment of inspiration, uttered this sentiment: 'Pleasure is a shadow, wealth is vanity, power is pagant; but knowledge is ecstatic enjoyment, perennial, unlimited in space and infinite in duration.'"

Things Worth Knowing.

That a little water in butter will prevent it from burning when frying.

That pennyroyal distributed in places frequented by roaches will drive them away.

That wild mint will keep rats and mice out of your house.

That five quarts of boiling water poured on a package of pearlina will make an excellent soft soap. Let it remain over night to harden.

That lime sprinkled in fire-places during the summer months is healthy.

That leaves of parsley, eaten with a little vinegar, will prevent the disagreeable consequences of a tainted breath by onions.

That flowers and shrubs should be excluded from a sick chamber.

That oil paintings hung over the mantel-piece are liable to wrinkle with the heat.—E. P.

A Young Woman Attempts Suicide.

An Atlanta (Ga.) telegram says: The attempted suicide of a beautiful young woman under strange circumstances has occasioned considerable talk here. Miss Victoria Bagdale was found in a comatose condition, and the doctor ascertained that she had taken two teaspoonsful of laudanum. He saved her life by administering an antidote. There had been two or three young men around during the evening the poison was taken. One in particular was very attentive. Miss Bagdale explained to the doctor that he need not think the young man's acts strange, as she was engaged to marry him. The doctor asked why she had taken the drug, and she explained that she had taken it to relieve a very severe crache. Her friends are inclined to believe she intended to take her life, as she was in considerable trouble. She had been engaged as a saleswoman for some time in a Whitehall street establishment, but a few days ago was forced to give up her situation on account of her health. A prominent young business man who frequently loaned the young lady money wrote her a note on Saturday in which he stated that she would have to get somebody else to support the family. It is supposed the young lady felt friendless and decided to kill herself. She stoutly denies she intended to commit suicide.

The Fatal Number Thirteen.

English papers tell an amusing story of a well-known banker of Liege, Belgium. A short time ago he gave a little dinner party to which ten guests had been bidden, beside himself and wife, making twelve in all. They were just about to sit down when in dropped a friend from the Antipodes and invited himself to dinner, thus making the fatal number thirteen. The banker, to prevent ill-luck, rushed down stairs to his office, found the cashier about to leave for the evening, dragged him up stairs, fitted him with a dress coat, and led him triumphantly into the drawing-room amid the applause of the relieved guests, three of whom declared that they would not sit down to the best dinner ever served if there were thirteen at the table. At that moment the bell rang, and a note was brought for one of the guests whose wife had suddenly fallen ill and who consequently was unable to remain. Thirteen again! Gloom and despair, and the cashier, finding himself the Jonah of the evening, volunteered to depart. The banker saw him down stairs, and was expressing his regrets, when—joy!—the family doctor passed in sight. Him the host secured, and happy in being able to offer the hospitalities of his table to his kind-hearted and sorely-tried employe, the dinner was ordered to be placed upon the table, but just as all was ready, the hostess, who was in delicate health, and who had been unduly excited by all the untoward events fainted dead away, and had to be put to bed. Thirteen again! This time there was nothing for the cashier but to go and dine with what appetite he might at the nearest restaurant.

ELEGANCE AND PURITY.—Ladies who appreciate elegance and purity are using Parker's Hair Balsam. It is the best article sold for restoring gray hair to its original color, beauty and lustre.

A WOMAN'S EXPERIENCE.—Mothers and Daughters should feel alarmed when weariness constantly oppresses them.

"If I am fretful from exhaustion of vital powers and the color is fading from my face, Parker's Ginger Tonic, gives quick relief. It builds me up and drives away pain with wonderful certainty."—Buffalolady.

A WORD TO MOTHERS.—Mothers should remember it is a most important duty at this season to look after the health of their families and cleanse the malaria and impurities from their systems, and that nothing will tone up the stomach and liver, regulate the bowels and purify the blood so perfectly as Parker's Ginger Tonic advertised in our columns.—Post. See other column.

\$200.00 Reward!

Will be paid for the detection and conviction of any person selling or dealing in any bogus, counterfeit or imitation HOP BITTERS, especially Bitters or preparations with the word HOP or HOPS in their name or connected therewith, that is intended to mislead and cheat the public, or for any preparation put in any form, pretending to be the same as HOP BITTERS. The genuine have a cluster of GREEN HOPS (notices this printed on the white label, and are the purest and best medicine on earth, especially for Kidney, Liver and Nervous Diseases. Beware of all others, and of all pretended formulas or recipes of HOP BITTERS published in papers or for sale, as they are frauds and swindles. Whoever deals in any but the genuine will be prosecuted.

HOP BITTERS MFG CO.

Rochester, N. Y.

ALWAYS REFRESHING.—A delicious odor is imparted by Floreton Cologne, which is always refreshing, no matter how freely used.

To Advertisers.

THE REPORTER AND POST offers the following inducements to advertisers who may wish to reach the people of Middle and Western North Carolina, and other sections:

1. It goes to nearly every State in the Union, circulates to a considerable extent in Surry, Forsythe and Rockingham counties, in this State, as well as the adjoining counties in Virginia, while its circulation among the 10,000 of Stokes county's population, is nearly as great as that of all other weeklies combined.

2. It is in a prosperous condition and growing in favor, its circulation today being greater than at any time since the first number was issued more than ten years since, and has nearly doubled without the last two years.

3. The rates offered by the REPORTER AND POST to advertisers are as low as are offered by any paper with a circulation as large as its own.

OAK RIDGE INSTITUTE AND BUSINESS COLLEGE.—This popular institution for training young men and young ladies, has just closed its spring session, and over 400 students. It will reopen Aug. 8th, with increased facilities, full corps of teachers, newly furnished halls and reduced rates. "Only first-class business school in N. C." For catalogues and specimens of penmanship, address J. A. & M. H. Holt, Oak Ridge, Guilford Co., N. C. Refers to James Rierston, Jr., Esq.

NOTICE

Having qualified as Administrator with the will annexed, of William Davis, dec'd, all persons are hereby notified to present their claims, duly authenticated, for payment to the undersigned, on or before the 10th day of May, 1884, or this notice will be filed in bar of their recovery. All persons owing said William Davis, dec'd, are requested to make immediate payment.

May 10th, 1883.

J. D. FLYNT, Adm'r.

LANDSALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Probate court of Stokes county, I will sell at public auction on the premises near Watt's store in Stokes county on Monday, the 2nd day of July, 1883, at 12 o'clock, a tract of land on the waters of Town Fork, adjoining the lands of Peter Kiser, Martha Rutledge and others, containing one hundred and three acres more or less being the lands of Martin Gibson, dec'd. The said lands are good for wheat, corn and tobacco, with improvements.

Terms—Three months credit, bond with security required for purchase money, and title reserved until paid.

This the 11th day of May, 1883.

WALTER W. KING, Adm'r of Martin Gibson.

A OEPPENHIMER, MANUFACTURER OF Mens and Youths' Clothing.

1315 Main Street, RICHMOND, VA.

Represented in North Carolina by Jas. W. Merritt, Jr.

New Goods!!

We are now receiving one of the largest and

BEST SELECTED

stocks of

General Merchandise

ever brought to this place, which we will sell at prices to suit the times.—Among the many bargains we are now offering, we would call attention to our woman's standard acew leather shoes at 75 cents; good calico at 41 cents; A. A. shooting at 61 cents (by the bolt); good men's wool hats at 50 cents, and everything in the mercantile line as cheap or cheaper than it can be purchased anywhere. Thanking our friends and customers for the liberal patronage in the past, we hope by low prices and fair dealing to merit a continuance of the same in the future.

N. M. PEPPER & CO.

NOTICE.

As Executor of the last will and testament of William Johnson, deceased, we will sell at public auction at his late residence on said deceased on Tuesday, the 17th day of June, 1883, the following land, to-wit: One tract of 70 acres lying on the German road, adjoining the lands of John H. Ferguson and others, nearly all of which is woodland. Also one other tract of 30 acres lying on the waters of Dunby Fork, adjoining the lands of W. W. Johnson and others, on which J. N. Crauner now lives. A credit of twelve months will be given to the purchaser, by his giving bond and good security. Title retained until the purchase money is paid. This May 6th 1883.

JOHN C. CARROLL, T. P. JENKINS, CALVIN S. CANNON, Executors of William Johnson, dec'd.

NEW RICH BLOOD

Rich Blood is the best medicine for all diseases of the blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take it will receive the benefit of it, and will be restored to health, if such a thing is possible. It is sold by all druggists, and is the only blood purifier on earth. It is the only blood purifier on earth. It is the only blood purifier on earth.

AGENTS WANTED

Persons desiring to sell this medicine in their respective localities, will be supplied with samples, and will receive the benefit of it, and will be restored to health, if such a thing is possible. It is sold by all druggists, and is the only blood purifier on earth. It is the only blood purifier on earth. It is the only blood purifier on earth.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.