

**FACTS ABOUT THE TARIFF BILL**

Some Interesting Information About the Measure Which has Just Passed Congress.

Washington Dispatch to Baltimore Sun.

The Federal government has been spending nearly \$1,000,000,000 a year, and the new tariff law will raise less than one-third of that sum. Recent estimates by tariff experts in Congress predict that the rates will raise \$249,000,000 a year, and that the income tax will raise \$122,000,000. The remainder of the government's great income is made up principally of internal revenue taxes and postal receipts.

The income tax probably will bring the new law most forcibly to the attention of citizens. President Wilson and Democratic leaders believe, however, that the reduction of duties on clothing, foodstuffs and other necessities of life and the complete removal of the duty from many like article will eventually bring a reduction in the "cost of living" without materially affecting business prosperity.

A brief summary of the new tariff law is as follows: Average percentage of tariff rates as compared to the value of all imported merchandise: Old law, 37 per cent; new law, 27 per cent; value of annual imports added to the free list, \$147,000,000; estimated revenue from all import rates: Old law, \$305,000,000; new law, \$249,000,000; estimated revenues from corporation and income taxes: Old law, \$37,000,000; new law \$122,000,000.

Altogether consumers in the United States probably will receive from abroad free of all tariff more than \$1,000,000,000 worth of merchandise during the next year. During 1912 the

amount of "free imports" was more than \$880,000,000, and when the tariff is entirely removed from wool, sugar, iron ore and cheap iron and other important items the total is expected to increase notably. Under the old law more than 53 per cent of increase of all goods brought to the United States from all parts of the world paid tariff and that proportion will be increased by the new law.

The free wool provision of the new law takes effect December 1, 1913, and the free provision May 1, 1916.

The new tariff law, passed four years after President Taft signed the existing Payne-Aldrich law, is the result of more than nine months of work in Congress. Hearings were started January 6 by the House ways and means committee. Chairman Underwood introduced the tariff bill April 7, immediately after President Wilson had convened the new Congress. It passed the House May 8 and the Senate September 9.

In the opinion of its makers, the Democratic leaders of Congress, the most important features of the new tariff are: A reduction of nearly one-half in the average tariff on foodstuffs and farm products; the placing of raw wool on the list and a reduction of nearly two-thirds in the tariff on woolen clothing, especially of the cheaper grades; a reduction of one-third (average) on cotton clothing; reduction of the sugar tariff and its ultimate abolishment in 1916; a reduction of one-third (average) in the tariff on earthenware and glassware.

Abolishment of all tariff on meats, fish, dairy products, flour, potatoes, coal, iron ore, lumber and many classes of farm and offices machinery. General tariff reduction on all important articles in general use.

Throughout the long fight over the bill the Republican attack on the measure has been directed against those rates which the Republicans declared were so low as to threaten destruction to American industries through the competition of foreign manufacturers. The Democratic supporters of the new law have insisted that except in those cases where public welfare demanded radical changes the tariff has been reduced only to a point where it will stimulate competition without turning markets over to foreigners.

A great amount of work will fall upon the Treasury Department, it is expected, in working out the details of the new income tax and the methods of collecting the direct taxes from individual citizens of the United States. The tax upon corporations, now fixed at 1 per cent. of their income, remains the same and becomes part of the general income tax law.

A staff of special deputies, collectors and agents will be employed to organize and conduct the work of income tax collection.

When have you had a cold you want a remedy that will not only give relief, but effect a prompt and permanent cure, a remedy that is pleasant to take, a remedy that contains nothing injurious. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all these requirements. It acts on nature's plan, relieves the lungs, aids expectoration, opens the secretions and restores the system to a healthy condition. This remedy has a world wide sale and use, and can always be depended upon. Sold by all dealers.

Your visits are appreciated. Boyles Mercantile Co.  
Cement and lime. Boyles Mercantile Co.

**Rufe Throckmorton.**

Mr. R. N. Throckmorton, of Route No. 1, was in town Saturday on business, accompanied by his little son, Harry, aged about twelve years. Harry has been on the puny list lately, and came with his father over to see Dr. McCanness and get some medicine. Rufe is the father of four boys, and two girls, Harry being the eldest. But Rufe looks about as young as he did years ago when he used to swim in the Dan with the writer some four or five hours every day, and we would steal watermelons out of Uncle Mode's patch, and eat them in the water. He was one of the finest swimmers that ever kicked the waves, and guess he is yet. Those were the happiest days of all, now gone forever, but still lingering in our memories bright-tinted. Rufe is now one of the finest tobacco farmers in the county. He sold 1,200 pounds a few days ago, receiving a check for \$255.00.

**Farms For Sale.**

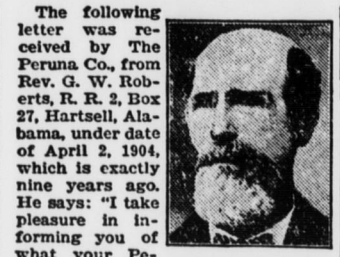
A few valuable farms for sale, in the bright tobacco belt of Rockingham County. Well adapted to fine tobacco raising, corn, grain and other farm products. Lies in the best section of Rockingham County, adjacent to good school and churches. Good buildings and the land lies well. Write or see J. M. Sharp, Madison, N. C. tf

**Farm For Sale.**

I have 240 acres of good farm land for sale. It has good buildings and is located on good public road five miles of Madison, N. C. Has 30 acres of good bottom land. Fine for tobacco and general farming. For further information call on or write. A. G. MARTIN, Madison, N. C. 24Sept4t

**A CLERGYMAN'S STORY**

**Came Near Losing His Life--How He Escaped**



REV. G. W. ROBERTS, R. R. 2, Box 27, Hartsell, Ala.

The following letter was received by The Peruna Co., from Rev. G. W. Roberts, R. R. 2, Box 27, Hartsell, Alabama, under date of April 2, 1904, which is exactly nine years ago. He says: "I take pleasure in informing you of what your Peruna has done for me after three years of suffering. I had tried the treatments of several doctors, also home remedies, but they failed and all hope had gone. My friends, like myself, thought I was in the last stages of consumption. "My daughter brought me a bottle of Peruna and plead with me to try it. I had got so weak I had lost my voice, and I thought it no use. That was in May, 1902. I began to take it, according to directions. I wrote to you, and you gave me your kind advice. "I soon felt better, my cough began to give way, and the expectation lessened. I have taken fourteen bottles. I feel well, eat hearty, sleep soundly, weigh as much as I ever did, do considerable work on my farm, and attend to my other business. My friends seem astonished at my recovery. "I wish to thank you for your kind advice and the books you have sent me. I shall ever praise your medicine and hope that you may enjoy a long life." It will be observed that Rev. Roberts waited two years after he began to use Peruna, before he wrote the above letter to The Peruna Co. So that his apparent recovery could not possibly have been temporary relief. In a later letter to The Peruna Co., dated September 22, 1906, Rev. Roberts says: "I am a great friend of Peruna. By the use of Dr. Hartman's advice I am here to-day, able to be with my family and attend to my business."

We quote from another letter, dated December 10, 1906: "I praise Peruna to all the sick. The people know my case, and they praise it also."

In a letter dated November 22, 1909, we quote Rev. Roberts: "Peruna gave me back my life ten years ago. All my acquaintances know that. I am certainly thankful to you for your kindness."

In a later letter, dated January 13, 1910, he says: "I shall ever in the future, as in the past, be ready to speak in praise of Peruna to all sufferers. I believe my miraculous cure has been the means of many others being cured in this county."

From a letter of September 5, 1911, we quote a few words: "I am still among the living. As to Peruna, I do not feel that I have words to express the faith I have in its merits. I feel that Peruna has been the means, through the kind providence of God, of prolonging my life for more than ten years."

We quote a still later letter, October 31, 1912. He says: "I took a severe cold three weeks ago. I at once sent for Peruna. Have been taking it two weeks. I am now better. I consider that Peruna has carried me over a dozen years of life. I always stand ready to answer any question in reference to Peruna."

We quote from his last letter, dated January 2, 1913: "Dear Friends: I wish this bright New Year to express my thanks to you for your kindness. Trusting that you may have a successful and happy year, and that your medicine may prove a blessing to many as it has to me, I am yours as ever, G. W. Roberts, Hartsell, Alabama, R. F. D. 2, Box 27."

It is not necessary for us to add any words to this story. The eloquence and pathos of these letters are more convincing than arguments or affidavits. Who can doubt the clergyman's story? Who can doubt that Peruna saved his life?

Every home should be provided with the last edition of the "His of Life," sent free by the Peruna Co., Columbus, Ohio.

**Davie County Sells \$50,000 Road Bonds and Starts Work.**

Mocksville, N. C., Oct. 9.—Fifty thousand dollars worth of Davie county bonds have just been sold to a Chicago firm and work has started on the roads in

various sections of the county. Supt. Burgman is working the largest force on the road from Mocksville to Holmans. They are moving dirt rapidly, and will have this 10 mile stretch completed by Christmas no doubt.

Best tough hide shoes. Boyles Mercantile Co.

**STOKES COUNTY**  
**WAREHOUSE**  
**Walnut Cove, N. C.**  
**FOR THE SALE OF LEAF TOBACCO**  
**WAS OPENED TO THE PUBLIC**  
**OCTOBER 1st, 1913**  
**WITH A FULL CORPS OF BUYERS**  
**The Proprietors are Old Experienced Men in the Business**  
**SEMPLÉ & DAVIS.**