

THE GOLDSBORO HEADLIGHT.

ESTABLISHED 1887.

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State Library

DYSPEPSIA

Is that misery experienced when suddenly made aware that you possess a diabolical arrangement called stomach. No two dyspeptics have the same predominant symptoms, but whatever form dyspepsia takes

The underlying cause is in the LIVER,

and one thing is certain no one will remain a dyspeptic who will



Start the Liver working and all bodily ailments will disappear.

"For more than three years I suffered with dyspepsia, but after taking a trial course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, I feel as if I have been born again."

See that you get the Genuine, which is on front of wrapper.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.



What the Doctor Says About a "Stomach Housemaid Remedy."

Atlanta, Ga., May 25th, 1893. I have used your "Stomach Housemaid" in my practice, and it is a most reliable remedy for all cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, and nervous debility. It is a most reliable remedy for all cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, and nervous debility.

King's Royal Gannular Co., Atlanta, Ga.



MAKES CHILDREN AS FAT AS PIGS

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 CENTS.

USE BARNES' INK

525 DEAFNESS & HEAD PAINS CURED

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

CONSUMPTIVE

EPPS'S COCOA

ELECTRIC TELEPHONE

NOTICE

Kind Neighbors Looking In.

What words to human hearts more sweet than honest "kind and kin"? That speak of home, where dear ones meet. Kind neighbors looking in. I see the ruddy hearth-fire blaze, I hear the cheerful din. That comes from happy voices raised. Kind neighbors looking in. The good old words that touch the heart. What memories they win. Of home, where loved ones meet and part. Of neighbors looking in! Of cordial hand-grips, tender kisses, 'Twixt faithful kin and kin. Oh! what life of greater bliss— Kind neighbors looking in!

Last Week in Trade Circles.

New York, Jan. 28, 1895. Business during the past week has been unfavorably affected by the embarrassment of the Federal Treasury. About \$12,000,000 of gold has been withdrawn, chiefly for export, and the gold reserve has fallen to approximately \$58,000,000, which is less than \$5,000,000 above the minimum reserve on record. The gold shipments in four weeks of January have aggregated \$20,000,000, but even this large total was exceeded in four weeks of May last year, when \$22,000,000 gold was exported. It is not the fact of gold shipments, but the conditions which have caused them which creates uneasiness. The distrust engendered by the failure of Congress to provide a measure of relief for the Treasury has been a disturbing factor in the markets, and has caused hesitancy and caution in the operations of business men.

Merchandise exports are increasing, and from New York alone in three weeks of January have shown a comparative gain of \$1,525,024. A relative increase of \$6,108,006 in imports during the same period affords encouragement to the expectation of a rising tide of Government revenue from customs under the operation of the new Tariff law. Improvement is noted in the demand for wool and woolen manufactures, and the distribution of other products has not been sensibly checked; but the growth of demand as a rule has not kept pace with the expansion of industrial output, and the general price tendency has continued downward. Business failures in the United States and Canada during last week numbered 422, against 487 for the corresponding week last year. According to R. G. Dun & Co. the liabilities involved in failures during seventeen days of January were \$7,501,209, against \$13,468,990 in eighteen days last year.

Speculation in cotton has been on a moderate scale, and without sufficient strength, in spite of ruling low values, to give support to the market. The movement to the ports has continued liberal, but it has been counterbalanced by large exports—the shipments for five days having been 215,000 bales, against receipts of 173,000 bales. During the corresponding period of last year the receipts were 157,000 and the exports 112,000 bales. Spinners are buying moderately, but the Northern mill takings in two weeks of January have been 92,000 bales, against 64,591 bales for the corresponding period in 1894, and since Sept. 1 there has been a comparative increase of 406,215 bales.

Wheat prices have dropped 3 to 3 1/2 cents per bushel, and the market for corn has declined 1 1/2 to 2 1/2 cents per bushel. The break has been due mainly to extensive liquidation of speculative holdings of wheat. The selling movement has been hastened by the prevailing lack of confidence, which has discouraged investment demand, and, notwithstanding the unprecedentedly low price level, has induced considerable short selling. Aside from the continued pressure of big warehouse stocks and the effect of the Treasury embarrassment, there have been no developments in favor of a lower range of values.

The weakness in corn prices has been largely influenced by the depression in the wheat markets, and the latter has in turn adversely affected values of flour and caused general hesitancy on the part of buyers. Chicago prices of provisions have been forced downward by the decline in grain and by the continued heavy marketing of hogs in the West. Prices are lower by 85 cents per barrel on pork and 15 to 20 cents per 100 pounds on lard and short ribs. Domestic trade in hog products is fair, and exports are large.

Your pains would go, and a rubby rub. Your cheeks would glow. If you would take of some disease make. For health's dear sake. The remedy that is such members great. I beg to state that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the one thing that can and does cure the derangements of the female system. It is woman's great regulator. If every woman who suffers from diseases peculiar to her sex knew of its wonderful curative properties, a chorus of rejoicing would be heard throughout the length and breadth of the land, singing its praises. For nursing mothers and debilitated, "run-down" women generally, it is the greatest restorative tonic and soothing medicine known. For those about to become mothers it is indeed a priceless boon. It lessens the pains and perils of childbirth, shortens parturition, promotes the secretion of an abundance of nourishment for the child, and shortens the period of confinement.

Kind Neighbors Looking In.

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Kind Neighbors Looking In.

ARP ON MARRIAGE.

Be Attributes Life's Ills to Complexes Mis-mating Themselves. The pious poet wrote: "Oh! where shall rest be found— Rest for the weary soul?" The happy-hearted Tom Moore wrote: "Sweet Valer! At once! how calm could I rest In thy bosom of shade with the friends I love best!" Everybody wants rest—rest from care and apprehension—rest from pain or overwork—rest for the mind and the body. Pope says: "All the joys of sense Lie in three words—health, peace and competence."

It looks like we all have a natural right to these, and it is our fault if we do not possess and enjoy them. If a man is prudent he will have health. If he is kindhearted he will have peace. If he is frugal and industrious he will have a competence. There are many things that war against these virtues. A man may inherit disease or fall in the way of pestilence. Quarrelsome neighbors may destroy his peace. Thieves or robbers or fire may take away his competence, but these are exceptions. The rule is still the same. In the great majority of cases the man who is not happy has himself to blame. If it were not so we would have more pity for the unfortunate. Unconsciously we harbor the belief that they brought misery upon themselves, and so we say if they danced they must pay the fiddler.

I was talking to an old friend from Baltimore about this, and we both agreed that the most universal cause of misery was ill-assorted marriages. My friend has traveled in Europe for many years, and has been a close observer of the manners and customs and domestic life of different nations, and says that wherever the mating of young people is done by the parents the unions are more happy than when they mate themselves. Among the peasantry of Germany and France it is universal for the parents to make the match, and they do it so judiciously that in nine cases out of ten it results in domestic happiness. In no other country did he find such filial respect and obedience and such kind, considerate regard between husband and wife. The domestic life of the French and the German peasantry is perfectly beautiful, said he. How is it in this country? Of 100 marriages, how many may be called happy, congenial and well-advised? Look around among your readers and count. How many runaways, how many divorces, how many grass widows, how many suicides, how many drunken or unfaithful husbands, how many opium-eating wives, how many who would separate if it were not for the children or for fear of talk or scandal?

When you trim them all down to real happy marriages it will be like the cynical old preacher who said that "out of every hundred members of the church, fifty joined on a boom or to please their parents or the preacher; twenty-five joined to advance their worldly interests; the remainder joined out of conscientious conviction, but of the whole hundred not more than fifteen are zealous, consistent, working members." This is about the average of every Christian church in this country, and this 15 per cent. preserves the church and saves it from disintegration, just like the righteous men would have saved Sodom. They keep alive its charities and move its missionary work and set their light upon a hill, and so establish good government and extend civilization. This 15 per cent. of professing Christians are nevertheless the hope of a sinful world. Just so there are, perhaps, not more than 15 per cent. of real happy marriages, but there are enough to illumine the married state and set it up before mankind as the highest ideal of human happiness.

And so Bob and I re-visit and expatiate and speculate on human happiness just like we had an idea of reforming mankind and making everybody happy. We would if we could, but we can't; young people will continue to be fools and marry in haste and repent at leisure. Robert McCay is my old college mate. He and his wife will spend the winter with us here, and it amuses the young people to see him and I get close together on the veranda, and with our feet on the ballusters and our pipes in our mouths, talk and talk, and smile and talk again. We have already been over our college days with their hallowed memories. We have lamented the dead and counted the living on our fingers. Robert is a brother of our old Professor Charles McCay. He and his wife have recently returned from their travels, and like the hunted hare, have gotten back to their old haunts and are seeking their old-time friends. It is an instructive pleasure to hear them tell of Berlin, and Leipzig, and Strasburg, and Florence, and Rome—imperial Rome—where the best people of all civilized nations congregate. It is the Mecca of all Christendom. It is studying ancient and modern history without a book, to listen to them tell of ruins and paintings and sculpture, and the

manners and customs of the people. We have a happy family. All of its members came here to rest—to renew their vital forces and to escape the hard winters of the Piedmont region. The Northern blizzards, like the comet, still switch their icy tails around this way. No more freezes have visited us, but fire is comfortable at night. My wife and I and Mr. and Mrs. McCay are the patriarchs—the balance wheel of the household. The young folks want to run away with the wagon sometimes, and we have to hold them down. Mrs. Henry Grady is here with her children, and she holds the fort quietly between the old folks and the young. She is a smart, graceful woman and a noble mother. Then there is Mrs. Hill, a niece of "our Ben," a tired, overworked teacher in the public schools of Atlanta. She came here for rest, and it has renewed her youth. I wish that all the tired female teachers could spend their winter vacations here. The men have built their retreat on Cumberland island, but the women have none.

There is no class of people in the State who have so much responsibility upon them as the female teachers, and no class that is so faithful to the trust. Then we have an invalid maiden from Virginia—the liveliest and loveliest of all our family. It would take a whole college of doctors to tell when or where Miss Annie is sick, for her merry, contagious laugh is heard all over the house. May the good Lord afflict us all with that portion of her malady. Then we have a sweet girl graduate, not long from the Lucy Cobb. Her rosy cheeks and ruby lips and quick, glancing eyes; her amble, springy walk; her merry wit and repartee all indicate that she, too, is a very tired invalid. But I think that Miss Ruth is gaining strength, for she went out on the Gulf to-day to fish for groupers, and while the billows heaved, so did she in kindred sympathy—well, they all heaved except Miss Gussie Grady, and the only reason she did not was because she did not go. Sensible girl and sensible mother. They took an immense lunch along, but never touched it. Henry Grady, Jr., said he had heard that to the point to prevent sea-sickness was to fill the stomach and keep on filling it, and so he put away two grape fruit, half a dozen apples, a can of potted ham, six rolls of bread, one box of sardines, some more ham, and pickles, and olives, etc., an infinitum. They took along much fishing tackle, but none of the party wet a line. Most of them laid down in the boat and groaned, and lamented their awful condition, and swore off from ever hunting for groupers again.

A couple of handsome young men, who are so-called invalids from St. Louis, played satellites to the girls, and out of reciprocal courtesy heaved when they heaved. The boat was away out six miles in the Gulf, and was preparing to anchor when the scene began. The poor captain was distressed and alarmed. Eight heavy invalids and no help. They were sick—awful sick. Some of them laid down in the boat and groaned. "Oh, my! Good Lord help us! Please, captain, take us home! Oh! my poor mother, will I ever see her again?" A beautiful young widow exclaimed in her agony, "Oh! my darling child! I will never go off and leave her again!" Quickly the captain shifted his sails and steered for the harbor. By this time the empty passengers were chilled, for it was cold and getting colder. The young men gallantly took off their coats and covered the girls with them. Then they took the green Galt shakes and trembled—all except Henry, who unbuttoned his belt and went to eating again. By and by they reached the placid waters of the harbor and began to rally their perturbed spirits. The good ship shot like an arrow through the pass and all sail was spread for the home stretch. Just before landing the female tongues assumed their normal condition and their faces assumed a sickly smile, and they all agreed to keep the affair a dead secret, and made the captain promise not to tell. But murder will out, and I have related it just as it was told to me. It was an awful time, and has completely paralyzed the grouper industry in this region.

Bill Arr.

By a vote of 9 to 7 the Judiciary Committee of the House adopted a resolution censuring Judge Ricks, of Ohio, for his methods of making up his official accounts when he first became judge, instead of the impeachment resolution which the committee had first authorized. There will be a minority report, standing out for impeachment, presented to the House by Representative Bailey, of Texas.

A NATION'S DOINGS.

The Women's Club, of Chicago, has abolished the color line on membership. A destructive fire visited Ferrville, Mich., Saturday night, causing \$30,000 loss. By the burning of Thos. Williams' house, near Lima, O., Tuesday night, two children perished. A heavy snow storm and intensely cold weather struck Kansas, Missouri, and Iowa, Tuesday.

Fire at Chattanooga, Tenn., Thursday, destroyed a compass with 1,200 bales of cotton. Loss, \$50,000. Masked men held up the Cotton Belt train near Pine Bluff, Ark., Monday night, securing \$25,000. A destructive cyclone swept over a portion of Alabama and Louisiana, Saturday, killing several people. By sawing through iron bars, Wm. Lathie, a murderer, escaped from jail at Newport, Va., Friday night. Sixteen persons are reported as drowned in marine disasters off the New England coast during the week.

Crazed by morphine, Edward Rivers, of Brownsville, Ky., on Sunday shot his two children and then himself. Tramps murdered Lew G. Wilson in his store, at Evans Station, Ala., Saturday night, and looted the premises. At Brazoria, Tex., Monday, Harry Masterson, an attorney, instantly killed R. McChino, a newspaper correspondent.

While going on an errand, Mamie Aiken, aged 11, of Edgewood, Pa., was run down by an engine, Saturday, and killed. Fearing insanity, William H. McGrath, of Philadelphia, on Friday, killed his eight-year old daughter and then himself. Tired of life, William J. Gortner, aged 59, of Selin's Grove, Pa., on Wednesday hanged himself with a strap in his barn.

The house of Charles Silva, at Sacramento, Cal., was destroyed by fire, Wednesday night, and his two children burned to death. While insane from drink, Mrs. Margaret McBurnie, of Boston, drowned her two children in a tub of water, Thursday night. At a fire in a Morocco factory at Brooklyn, N. Y., Wednesday, three men were burned to death and two others seriously injured.

The main building of Henning's brewery, at Mendota, Ill., was wrecked by a boiler explosion, Friday. Eight men were killed. Found guilty of fraudulent practices, George E. St. John, a merchant of Port Clinton, O., shot and killed himself, Friday, at his home. Three children of John Raybeck, of Cincinnati, playing with coal oil, Friday, struck a match, causing an explosion that fatally burned them. A charity committee of Warsaw, Ind., while on its rounds, Friday, found Mrs. Mary Hoop and her three-year-old child frozen to death in their room.

In attempting to go from one car into another, Rev. H. Luckal, of Cincinnati, fell from a train near New Haven, Mich., Saturday, and was killed. Crazed by despondency, Mrs. Mamie Henderson, a young divorced woman, suicided at Savannah, Ga., Monday, by shooting herself in front of a mirror. By the upsetting of a hook and ladder truck on the way to an Albany fire, Wednesday, Robert Gilmore was killed and John Kanary fatally hurt. Masked robbers entered the residence of H. B. Foreman, near Enterprise, Ark., Tuesday night, and after looting the house, killed Mrs. Foreman and her aged mother.

While walking arm-in-arm on the railroad tracks near Pittsburg, Pa., Sunday evening, John Snider and Miss Bridget Murphy, lovers, were struck and killed by a train. Obtaining strychnine pills from her father's medicine case, Thursday, the three-year-old daughter of Dr. Samuel Webster, of Media, Pa., swallowed them and died soon after.

A sleigh containing eighteen persons, from Selin's Grove, Pa., was struck by a freight train at Kreamer, Pa., Monday night. Two persons were killed and several badly injured. Two negroes held up G. G. Mazzyk, paymaster of the South Carolina and Georgia Railroad, Monday afternoon, on King street, Charleston, and relieved him of \$350. The robbers escaped.

Continued ill-health induced Mrs. Bessie Webb Louthbridge, wife of Prof. Louthbridge, of the University of California, to end her life, Sunday, by drinking carbonic acid at her home in Oakland, Cal. Floods at Guernville, Cal., Thursday, washed away many houses, the inmates barely escaping with their lives. A few miles from town a landslide and demolished.

National Capital Matters.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 26, 1895. Secretary Gresham will submit some very interesting documents to Congress in response to the resolution adopted by the House, calling for information concerning the expenses of the Behring Sea Commission, appointed by President Harrison, and the cost to the United States of carrying out the joint treaty between the United States, Great Britain and Germany to maintain the Government of Samoa. These documents will show that members and supporters of the Harrison Administration are in no position to criticize the foreign policy of the present or any other administration.

Senator Jones, of Arkansas, introduced his financial bill in the Senate this week just as any ordinary bill is introduced, although he had hoped that it might have had the endorsement of the Finance Committee before it was formally brought to the attention of the Senate. The bill authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to issue in his discretion bonds at 3 per cent. up to \$500,000,000; provides that the tax on national bank currency shall be one-fourth of one per cent., and that they may issue currency up to the par value of the bonds deposited by them; also, for the unlimited coinage of silver, the Government to retain as seigniorage the difference between the market value of the bullion and the face value of the money coined. Senator Smith, of New Jersey, also introduced a financial bill, which merely provides for the issue of bonds and the establishment of a non-partisan monetary commission, to investigate and report to Congress next December. There is no apparent change in the financial situation in the House, which has lately been looking to the Senate—it not for guidance, at least for a pointer.

Thursday afternoon Senator Jeter C. Pritchard took the oath of office in the Senate chamber. His arrival was not expected until early next week, as he had written Mr. Chas. N. Vance that it would not be convenient for him to come until that time. His Republican colleagues, however, telegraphed him that he was wanted here to vote in the Republican caucus which met at the Capitol yesterday to outline the program for that party. Therefore Mr. Pritchard obeyed the summons at once. State Senator Moody, of Wayneville, and State Senator Rice, of Wilmington, accompanied him. He was escorted to the Vice-President's desk by his predecessor, ex-Senator Jarvis. Senator Jarvis accidentally christened him "Jeter C. Phillips," but after this the formality of making him Senator came off in good order. Immediately after he took the oath, he was congratulated by Senators Chandler, Teller, and others, who will take him in hand and teach him "the ropes." He promises to be an apt pupil. Yesterday Senator Pritchard appointed C. J. Duneau, of Beaufort, N. C., to be his private secretary. Senator Pritchard declined last night to divulge any of the secrets of the caucus, but he said that he would always vote with his party, that he was a stalwart Republican, and his friends would always know where to find him. There are a great many colored men here, constituents of the new Senator, who are claiming all the offices supposed to be at his disposal.

Yesterday, in the House of Representatives, Messrs. Settle, of North Carolina, and Swanson, of Virginia, made two very good speeches in support of their amendments to strike from the Sundry Civil Bill \$50,000 appropriated for those who inform on illicit distillers. Both gentlemen denounced this method of finding out violators of the Internal Revenue law. On its face it encourages a very discreditable practice and offers a premium to the disreputable habit of informing on one's neighbors. If the Internal Revenue officials are unable to perform their duties in tracking moonshine-whisky distillers, it seems to me it is much better not to have an army of spies paid to help them do so. Richard Busbee, of Raleigh, has been appointed a cadet at West Point.

This week Senator Ransom went to the White House to consult Mr. Cleveland in regard to some of the many compromise measures submitted to Congress with a view to a satisfactory adjustment of the financial situation. Nothing was accomplished by the interview. Senator Sherman's anti-trust law is no better than some of the other laws with which his name has been connected. The Supreme Court this week decided that it did not touch the Sugar Trust.

In the ears, sometimes a roaring, buzzing sound, are caused by catarrh, that exceedingly disagreeable and very common disease. Loss of smell or hearing also result from catarrh. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, is a peculiarly successful remedy for this disease, which it cures by purifying the blood. Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation.

ALL OVER THE STATE.

Fire destroyed two buildings at Madison, Thursday night. Fire at Hillsboro, Saturday morning, destroyed three dwellings. The Salisbury Watchman, one of the oldest publications in the State, has suspended. Many of the State papers are complaining of the bad quality of the kerosene oil on the markets. While fooling with an old pistol at Sanford, Saturday, one negro boy shot and instantly killed another. Ed. Hines, colored, was killed in Edgecombe county, Friday, by being thrown from a horse. His neck was broken. The Standard says a Concord man went home late Friday night and drank a pint of yeast in mistake for buttermilk.

Sheriff-elect King, of Pitt, has given his bond, the Legislature failing to come to the rescue of the Populist sheriff. Morris Seates, colored, fell from a street railway construction car at Salem, Friday night, and was almost instantly killed. Tired of life, Mrs. John Sprinkle, of Yadkin county, attempted to kill herself with "Rough on Rats," but her life was saved. Adolphus A. Baker, aged 60, of Dover, N. J., while hunting, Thursday, over Neuse river, opposite Newbern, dropped dead. The residence of Rev. M. N. Meier, at Rockingham, was destroyed by an accidental fire Friday night. Loss, \$1,500; no insurance. A child of J. H. Weatherly, of Wake county, died Friday night of a congestive chill. It was nine months old, but weighed 66 pounds. While felling a tree, Tuesday, on his plantation, Samuel Freeze, aged 45, of Rowan county, was instantly killed by the tree falling on him. The Gold Leaf claims for Vance county the oldest woman in the State, in the person of Louisa Southwick, colored, who is nearly 106 years old. While out gunning in Richmond county, Saturday, James A. Harrington was accidentally shot by his companion, Rogers. His recovery is doubtful. Jenkins Brewington, colored, was found dead in Sampson county, Sunday, with a bullet-hole in his head and a pistol by his side. A case of suicide, no doubt. A negro child at R. F. Boykin's place, in Sampson county, was burned to death, Monday, while playing near the fire during its mother's absence. Some unknown person fired a shot through the door of a cabin occupied by John Marsh, colored, in Union county, Tuesday night, injuring Marsh quite seriously. A peddler named Smithers, hailing from Johnston county, was thrown from his wagon in Wake county, Wednesday evening, and, his head striking a rock, he was killed. Augustus Judson, of Washington, N. C., while putting a belt on a pulley at a planing mill, Friday night, was struck by a plank, caught in the belt, and almost instantly killed. R. W. Downey, of Granville county, was standing in front of a saw at R. T. Smith's mill, Tuesday, when it caught a piece of plank, hurled it forward and drove it through his body. The Governor has commuted to life imprisonment the death sentence of Ella Norwood, the young colored woman who murdered her infant child at Durham by forcing a pin down its throat. Skidmore Alston died last week in Wake county, aged 85. Although married but once, he was the father of twenty-four children, and possessing so many grandchildren, was unable to recognize all of them. Mayor I. N. Link, of Durham, who was recently married, and who on his wedding night became insane, died suddenly at Greensboro, Saturday, while on his way to the Morganton Asylum. His young wife was with him. Two barracks at Davis' Military School, at Winston, were destroyed by fire, Friday morning. The cadets saved all of their property. The buildings were covered by insurance and will be rebuilt at once. The loss will not interfere with the school. A large rock which had fallen on the track caused the wreck of a west-bound freight train on the Western North Carolina Railroad, six miles from Salisbury, Friday night. Fireman Luther Simmerson was instantly killed. Engineer Joseph Trexler saved his life by jumping, escaping with slight injuries. The State Temperance Association, in session at Raleigh, Friday, decided to employ and pay a commissioner to collect statistics from asylums, penitentiaries and jails regarding the effect of liquor as shown upon their inmates. It was also decided to establish a temperance paper, non-political, at Raleigh.

Great Opportunity to Make Money.

I have had such splendid success that I can't help writing to you about it. I have not made less than \$5, and some days from \$15 to \$25. I am really elated, and can't see why others do not go into the Dish Washer business at once. I have not canvassed any; sell all my washers at home. They give such good satisfaction that everyone sold helps to sell many others. I believe in a year I can make a profit of Three Thousand Dollars, and attend to my regular business besides. When a Climax Dish Washer can be bought for \$5, every family wants one, and it is very easy selling what everybody wants to buy. For particulars, address The Climax Mfg. Co., Columbus, Ohio. I think any lady or gentleman, anywhere, can make from \$5 to \$10 a day. I would like to have your readers try this business, and let us know through your columns how they succeed.

This Bill Should Become a Law.

The best and only bill we have seen that has been introduced in the North Carolina Legislature that is worthy of special consideration is the one introduced in the Senate on Friday last, making fire insurance companies responsible for the full face value of a policy when the property is totally destroyed. There is such a law in existence in New York State, and it is a very just law and should exist in every State. This way of adjusting a man's losses after his property is entirely destroyed is an outrage. An insurance agent comes along and insures your property for all he can get you to put on it, and as long as you are never burned out it is all right, but let there come a fire and destroy your property, then an adjuster comes along and says you had too much insurance for the value of your property and refuses to pay it. You then have to accept of a compromise or stand a suit. The time to fix a value on property is when it is in existence. And whatever amount of insurance may be granted on the property the company should be compelled to pay, if there has been no fraud practiced by the owner, either in securing the insurance or affecting the fire. If the fire was accidental then it does not matter what amount of insurance there was on the property—it should be paid, and paid in full.

William Whitley, colored, while attempting to cross the railroad tracks at Salisbury, intoxicated, Thursday morning, was run over by a shifting engine and killed. Many stubborn and aggravating cases of rheumatism that were believed to be incurable and accepted as life legacies, have yielded to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, much to the surprise and gratification of the sufferers. One application will relieve the pain and suffering, and its continued use insures an effectual cure. For sale by J. H. Hill & Son, druggists.

Nothing will do more to improve the looks than sunshine in the heart. Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The Best Salve for all kinds of Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. H. Hill & Son, Goldsboro, and J. R. Smith, Mount Olive.

See That You Get the Genuine. I have used your "Stomach Housemaid" in my practice, and it is a most reliable remedy for all cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, and nervous debility. It is a most reliable remedy for all cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, and nervous debility.

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Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with neuralgia and rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced. He used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Spenser, Calamus, O., had five large fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by J. H. Hill & Son, Goldsboro, and J. R. Smith, Mt. Olive.

Some women find that the bread and meat of making is a poor substitute for the candy and flowers of courtship. Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall Street, N. Y.

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