

THE GOLDSBORO HEADLIGHT.

ESTABLISHED 1887.

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Hair Falls

"I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor to stop my hair from falling. One-half a bottle cured me."
J. C. Baxter, Braintree, Ill.

Ayer's Hair Vigor is certainly the most economical preparation of its kind on the market. A little of it goes a long way. It doesn't take much of it to stop falling of the hair, make the hair grow, and restore color to gray hair.

100 cts. a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

FUREKA HARNESS OIL

Best and most economical harness oil. It is made of the finest oils and is guaranteed to keep your harness in perfect condition. It is sold in 10 cent and 25 cent tins.

Standard Oil Company

Every Woman

MARVEL Whirling Spray
The most effective and pleasant way to keep your complexion clear and bright. It is sold in 10 cent and 25 cent tins.

Standard Oil Company

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Best
For the relief of all the ailments of the female system. It is sold in 10 cent and 25 cent tins.

Standard Oil Company

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

For the relief of all the ailments of the hair. It is sold in 10 cent and 25 cent tins.

Standard Oil Company

Your Tongue

If it's coated, your stomach is bad, your liver is out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate.

25c. All druggists.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE FOR WHISKERS

For the relief of all the ailments of the whiskers. It is sold in 10 cent and 25 cent tins.

Standard Oil Company

TO BARGAIN-SEEKERS!

Those who are hunting the best goods for the least money will find our place headquarters. We keep an immense stock of

Dry Goods, Notions and Shoes.

We are prepared to sell them at any time and for everybody at the smallest margin of profit. It will pay all who are hunting for bargains to call at once!

See What We Offer.

You will not only save money on all you purchase but will have the satisfaction of knowing that you bought new and seasonable goods.

Southerland, Brinkley & Co.

Whit Quick For FREE Scholarship POSITIONS GUARANTEED. Under \$3.00 Cash Deposit. 100c. a year. 100c. a year. 100c. a year.

FRANK BOYETTE, D. D. S.

Office Front of Fenwick's. Teeth Pained and No Pain.

The New Year.

We have so accustomed ourselves to measuring time off with our arbitrary human tape-measure into years, months, weeks, days and hours that we are scarcely conscious of the fact that there are no Old Years and no New Years except of our own imagining and defining. Time has no metres or bounds, and is properly spoken of as an ocean without shores. Yet the calendar, with its arrangements of periodically recurring dates, serves many useful purposes. The theory that today we turn a new leaf in the brief book of our lives and have an opportunity, if we will seize it, to repent of past errors, from new hopes and step forward in the courage of new and high resolves is well worth cherishing, notwithstanding the obvious truth that one morning is just as good another for resolving and striving to make better use of our time.

The custom of making good resolutions on New Year's Day is worth preserving. Many such resolutions are broken before January is half spent, but if only a small percentage of them serve as the starting points of real reformations the custom is fully justified. Wherever there is a man, who, looking back regretfully on the past, feels that by pledging himself today to better things for the future he will fortify himself against temptation and gain a real advantage in his fight against his worse self, he is to be commended for so doing. There is moral tonic in a good resolve, on whatever day of the year it is born. Excess of the appetite, the use of profane language and evil bodily habits of every kind are only to be overcome by powerful efforts of the will, supported by an earnest desire to be free from the physical and moral slavery which such habits impose upon their victims. The first day of a new year, by its suggestions of a clean slate, a fresh start, a rubbing out of all old scores and a fair chance to begin all over again, invites all who are in the bondage of such habits to break their fetters and begin life anew.

Nor need the good resolutions of the day be limited to the stopping of injurious personal habits that affect the bodily health. There are other things worth giving up besides the excessive use of liquor or tobacco. A man may throw away many a worse thing than his over-much loved pipe. The woes of the world do not by any means begin and end with alcohol and nicotine. New Year's Day resolutions may profitably take a wider range than that. If there is a home circle to which any member of it has acquired the daily habit of carrying a gloomy face, an unamiable manner, and it may be a sharp and bitter tongue, this is a good day to resolve that for the coming year such things shall not be. To treat the patient wife and mother, toiling at home, with more smiles and fewer frowns, to reward her faithful attentions with a few appreciative words, spoken in a cheerful tone, is about as good a New Year's resolution as many a husband and son can make. And on the other side of the account, if there is anywhere a wife and mother who has, perhaps unconsciously to herself, grown into a habit of peevishness and irritability, so that she has come to nag her husband or her children almost without knowing it, and without meaning it, this is a fine day to resolve that it shall be dropped with the Old Year.

In the making of good resolutions it is well, we think, to observe moderation. The reason so many of them are broken is that they are too radical. Habits of twenty or thirty years' growth are not often absolutely abandoned in an hour or a day. The way we acquire them, little by little is also the easiest way to lose them. Reformation on the installment plan is not so heroic as "swearing off" instantly and forever, but it is apt to work more effectually and permanently. A year is a long time, looking forward. Many good resolves perish because they cover the whole twelve months. It is not a bad way to write your good resolution for one month only. Give up the habit you seek to conquer just for January as a beginning. If you like the experience for thirty-one days it is easy to renew your resolution for February, and that will bring you to March. It is surely wisdom not to attempt too much at once, even in the way of personal reformation. Finally, if you break your good resolution, whatever it be, before January has gone, do not abandon it altogether and acknowledge total defeat. After all, January is but the skirmish line of the New Year; there are eleven more months in which to fight out the main "battle" to a successful finish.

The Mother's Favorite.
Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the mother's favorite. It is pleasant and safe for children to take and always cures. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the best medicine made for these diseases. There is not the least danger in giving it to children for it contains no opium or other injurious drug and may be given as confidently to a babe as to an adult. For sale by M. E. Robinson & Co., J. F. Miller's Drug Store, Goldsboro, J. R. Smith, Mt. Olive.

DR. J. M. PARKER,

Office Front of Fenwick's. Teeth Pained and No Pain.

ARP ON CHRISTMAS.

Bill Gives the History of the Great Annual Festival Recently Observed.

Nearly sixteen hundred years have passed since Christmas was first celebrated by Christians. During all these long centuries they have not failed to meet somewhere and pay reverence to the day that somehow was chosen as the birth of the Saviour. It is not at all certain that the 25th of December was His birthday, but that does not matter much, so that Christian people observe some day and show their gratitude. Indeed the Greeks and the Russians still celebrate the 5th of January and call it Christmas for they have never yet adopted the new calendar established by Pope Gregory XIII in the year 1582. Now, it is important for the young people and many of the old ones to know that for nearly sixteen centuries old Father Time has been gaining a little every year on the exact time that it takes the earth to go round the sun. This gain had amounted to about twelve days, so the pope, who was a great and wise man, issued his mandate that time should be set back, and it was set back. All the Roman Catholic countries conformed at once to the new date, but the Protestant countries were jealous of the pope, and so Germany would not conform until the year 1700. Great Britain and Ireland refused to conform until the year 1752, and the American colonies put it off a few years later.

Greece and Russia have not conformed yet, but they will. They are getting tired of having to put two dates to their letters and commercial transactions with other countries. When General Young was our consul at St. Petersburg all his letters that were written home had two dates that were twelve days apart. One he marked "N.S." for new style, and the other "O.S." for old style. England had to abandon another measure of time, for until about two hundred years ago the new year began on the 25th of March. Some countries began it on Easter day. I tell you, my young friends, old Father Time has had a perplexing problem to keep his calendar straight. The day used to begin at 6 o'clock in the morning. The Jews had twelve lunar months of twenty-eight days, and every third year had thirteen to make up for lost time. For centuries there were only ten months in the year among the Greeks and Romans, and February had thirty-six days just like all the other months. But popes and emperors ruled the civilized world, and changed the measures of time to suit their own whims. Pope Gregory was a scholar, a mathematician and a promoter of public education, and he knew that the calendar was wrong, and was getting more so every year. It was a bold stroke of power, but he was backed by all the great astronomers of Europe, and he set the clock back, and it stands.

But what about Christmas? It has to be written about every time it comes round, for there is a new generation of young people coming on every year, and they must be taught to know as much as those who are older. This is the most important event that ever happened in the history of the world, and every man and woman and every boy and girl who can read should be as familiar with it as they are with the spelling book. The word "mass" does not literally mean birth. It means "dismissal," and came into use because after any service in the Roman Catholic church the priest would say the congregation is now dismissed. In Latin, it is "missa." Hence, there was high mass and low mass and candle mass and Michael mass and Christmas—a dismissal and benediction after worship.

For two or three centuries after Christ His followers had so many ups and downs they could not establish holy days or feasts or festivals. Some emperors were kind and tolerant and some were cruel and persecuted them. During the reign of the Emperor Diocletian the Christians of Rome determined to celebrate Christmas in their own church where they had been permitted to worship, but Diocletian had taken a great dislike to them, and after the church was full he sent soldiers and locked the doors and set fire to the building and burned them all alive—men, women and children. The wretched died soon after, but it was many years before Christians dared to celebrate Christmas again. This was about the year 310. But the utmost efforts of kings and emperors to extinguish Christianity failed. The more martyrs, the more Christians. They seemed to thrive on persecution, and hence it was said that "the blood of martyrs is the seed of the church." Just think how much we have to be thankful for in this age and in this land of religious liberty. No martyrs, no persecution, no inquisition, but every man and woman can worship God according to their own conscience, with none to molest or make them afraid. The turrets and spires of beautiful churches adorn our land in

every city, town and village, and are a silent guarantee of good will and protection to every stranger. But Christmas has had no good time in coming down to us through the ages. In some countries it was made a frolic—a bacchanalian revel. The gay and dissipated danced to the music of silly and profane carols and desecrated the day with wine and and irreverent song. This desecration got to be so universal and so shameful that many good Christians ceased to celebrate it. The Puritans refused to observe it and so did the people of Scotland. The Scotch do not observe it now. Well, it is a desecration even here, for it is made a day of thoughtless feasting and frolic instead of a day of thankfulness. Christmas trees and gifts to the children are very proper and gifts to the poor are especially so, but all the day long our gratitude to God for His goodness should be uppermost in the minds of all intelligent people. The children, of course, we must honor to their innocent faith in Santa Claus and his reindeer, for he is supposed to be a great and good old man who loves them and is wonderfully rich. His Russian name is St. Nicholas and his Dutch name is Kris Kringle, and for fifteen hundred years he has been known as the patron saint of all good children. He is no myth, but was a veritable bishop in his day, and was not only devoted to little children, but took pleasure in helping young men and maidens to mate and marry. The mistletoe feature of Christmas came down from him, it is said, and if a young man and maiden will plight their troth, that is, become engaged on Christmas day while standing under a mistletoe bough, they will never forsake their love nor be divorced.

AT HOME AND ABROAD.

The News From Everywhere Gathered and Condensed.

A fierce blizzard raged Tuesday at St. Joseph, Mo., stopping all trains. The post-office at Cold Water, Miss., was robbed of \$500 in money and stamps Monday night.

A gas explosion in the plate glass factory at Kokomo, Ind., Monday, killed one man and injured several.

While skating at Greenwich, Conn., on Sunday morning, Leroy Mosher, aged 8 years, was drowned.

While gathering coal at Scranton, Pa., Monday, Mrs. Daniel Flannigan was struck by an engine and killed.

Children started a fire that burned a business block at Connessville, Pa., Tuesday, causing a loss of \$75,000.

Five persons were killed and a number injured by a trolley car jumping the track at Allentown, Pa., Monday.

Two men are dead and several badly injured from a collision on the Boston and Maine Railroad, at Nashua, N. H., Tuesday.

Seven negroes were drowned Sunday while attempting to cross the Mississippi river two miles below Donaldsonville, La.

Overcome by strong gases, King Irvin, a laborer, fell on a plate of hot metal at Columbus, O., Tuesday, and was roasted to death.

Because his wife left him, August Iceberg, a farmer, at Yates City, Ill., on Tuesday, killed her and himself, and shot their stepson.

A conductor and brakeman asleep in a caboose were killed at Keyser, W. Va., Monday night, by a passenger train crashing into the car.

Escaping from his attendants, John Lyons jumped from the third story of St. Joseph's Hospital, Kansas City, Mo., Sunday, and was killed.

Mrs. Fredrick Copson, of Scranton, Pa., gave birth Saturday night to twin boys, the second pair of twins born to the couple this year.

An Ontario and Western Railroad coal train ran away on a mountain near Poyntelle, Pa., Monday, and fell down a mountain, killing four men.

Last Week in Trade Circles.

Special Correspondence.

New York, Dec. 31, 1901. Although the past week has been characterized by an abatement of activity in general business, the volume of trade has been much larger than it has usually been during the holidays. Sales by retailers have been exceptionally heavy, and in some jobbing departments clearing sales in preparation for stock inventories have relieved the quietude of the season. The industrial situation shows few evidences of the slackening of activity ordinarily apparent at this time of year. Orders on the books of manufacturers keep machinery in practically all lines fully employed, and in some branches, as in iron and steel, there has been a remarkably well sustained new demand. The business and industrial development of the year has been so great that some persons are expecting an early halt in the forward movement; but there are no present signs of impending reaction; and the situation appears to be favorable for a prolonged continuance of the prosperous business conditions which mark the closing of the year. Business failures during the past week, according to R. G. Dun & Co., numbered 250 in the United States and 28 in Canada, against 235 in this country and 18 in Canada during the corresponding week last year.

Cotton trading has been restricted by the holidays, and there has been little net change in prices. Speculative sentiment is bullish, and it is what is known as a "long" market, in which the holding interest is awaiting more positive developments to indicate the accuracy of short crop estimates and give fresh stimulus to demand from investors and consumers. Business in cotton goods has been seasonably quiet, but first hand stocks are under good control, and the price tendency is against buyers. Exporters have made overtures for fair sized lines of brown goods, but in most cases their bids have been a little too low to attract sellers. Leading makes of export grades of cotton goods are sold for several months ahead of production. The wool trade locally has been quiet, but considerable activity has been noted in Boston; and, while prices have not improved, there is a stronger feeling among holders, many of whom anticipate a gradual hardening of values early in the new year.

Wheat prices have advanced two cents per bushel as a result of speculative confidence, which has been reinforced by lighter interior receipts due to recent storms and the holiday influence against the movement. Christmas observances abroad have restricted export demand both from the United Kingdom and from the Continent of Europe, but shipments of wheat and flour on account of new and old orders combined have reached a total, according to Bradstreet's, of 4,291,543 bushels for the past week. This makes aggregate exports for a little less than six months of upward of 50,000,000 bushels over the clearances for the corresponding period last year. The big exports, coupled with the increased use of wheat for cattle feed, the high prices being realized by Western millers for bran and the strong holiday holding of wheat at interior points, account for the prevailing in the speculative markets.

Demand for corn has been comparatively light, and the markets have not appreciably changed. Interior prices are so high that they are restricting consumption, but they are generally maintained with confidence. Exports continue very small, and the bulk of the supply now going to European markets is being drawn from Danubian ports. Although interior prices of hogs have declined, and business in provisions has been of limited volume, Chicago prices of hog products have been advanced by speculation 65 cents per barrel on pork, 30 cents per 100 pounds on ribs and 40 cents per 100 pounds on lard. Exports of meat and lard have been moderate, and show a decrease of 13,000,000 pounds from the total of over 37,000,000 pounds exported during the corresponding week last year.

He Killed the Peacemaker.
There was a fatal shooting affair near Elon College on Christmas day, in which Eustace A. Smith, a farmer, was killed by a negro named John Brady. It seems that a party of ten or fifteen white people and an equal number of negroes were at the home of Deck Whitsett, drinking. During the afternoon, R. A. C. Kernodle, the father-in-law of Smith, engaged in a wrestle with a negro and the latter threw him. A fight ensued, and as Smith approached to separate them, Brady, the pal of the negro, fired at close range, the bullet passing through the right lung. Both negroes escaped immediately and are still at large. The dead man was a most respectable citizen and was about the only sober man in the party at the time of the shooting. He left a wife and two children.

Germany is expected to begin soon a blockade of Venezuela ports.
A tornado swept over Naples and the river Arno rose at Pisa and Florence, doing considerable damage.

Inventor Marconi says he expects his wireless telegraph to be competing with the cables within six months. He will make experiments from ships clear across the Atlantic.

Foreign Affairs.
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Four Hundred Killed in Colombia.
Colon, Colombia, Dec. 27.—News was received here today that General Marin, the Colombian revolutionary army leader, attacked Honda on the Magdalena river, Dec. 9, with 1,200 men. The garrison, consisting of 430 men, fought from 6 a. m. until 11:30 p. m. At 8 p. m. the garrison received reinforcements numbering 200 men. The battle started on the outskirts of the city and ended at Caracol, nine miles from Honda. Bayonets and matchetes were used. The Government forces were victorious. Four hundred men were killed during the trouble.

Married by Telegraph.
Miss Maud Wilcutt stood in the telegraph office at Bowling Green, Ky., Tuesday, and became the bride of Dr. J. W. Simmons, of Peasor, Tex. They were married by wire. Their questions were asked from the Texas end by a justice of the peace and were answered by Miss Wilcutt. She and the doctor recently met while en route to Rochester, N. Y. The operator and newspaper acquaintances were the Bowling Green witnesses to the marriage. Mrs. Simmons leaves for Texas to join her husband. He will meet her en route.

A Prominent Chicago Woman Speaks.
Prof. Roxa Tyler, of Chicago, Vice-President Illinois Woman's Alliance, in speaking of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says: "I suffered with a severe cold this winter which threatened to run into pneumonia. I tried different remedies but I seemed to grow worse and the medicine seemed to upset my stomach. A friend advised me to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and I found it was pleasant to take and it relieved me at once. I am now entirely recovered, saved a doctor's bill, time and suffering, and I will never be without this splendid medicine." For sale by M. E. Robinson & Co., J. F. Miller's Drug Store, Goldsboro; J. R. Smith, Mt. Olive.

ALL OVER THE STATE.

A Summary of Current Events for the Past Seven Days.

John Carter, aged 18, of Cumberland county, went squirrel hunting Monday and was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun.

Cephas Langston, colored, for interfering in a fight between several colored men near Benson, Tuesday, was shot by Jasper Harper and died soon after.

Governor Aycock has appointed William C. Hammer, editor of the Asheboro Courier, Solicitor of the Tenth District, to succeed Wiley Rush, deceased.

During an epileptic attack John Morgan Green, of Mt. Airy, fell on a red-hot stove Sunday morning and was burned in a horrible manner, death resulting soon after.

There are 149,317 white children, of school age in North Carolina, who are not attending school. This is over thirty-three per cent of the white school population, not receiving any benefit from school taxes.

Eugene Mitchell, colored, was taken from the Northampton county jail Saturday morning by a mob and banged to a tree in the court house yard, for criminally assaulting Mrs. Lucinda Hill, 70 years old, on Christmas day.

The little daughter of R. E. L. Prevatt, at Lumberton, was burned to death Friday. The mother having left the house, and the cook being busy, the child wandered into a room where there was fire and was soon in a blaze.

Walter Holder, 18 years old, was drowned in Belo's pond at Winston Friday night. He and several companions went there to skate. The others were afraid of the ice but Walter went on, broke through in 20 foot water and was drowned, his companions being powerless to aid him.

Joe Byerly, the colored flagman who was hit by a train at Barber Junction, near Salisbury, died of his injuries Tuesday night. His surviving nearly 24 hours is remarkable in view of the fact that he suffered a broken neck and a fracture of the skull. He never regained consciousness.

Two little sons of John Rufty, while returning from the Lutheran church at Spencer after attending Christmas exercises by the Sunday School, Wednesday night, were struck by a Southern train and instantly killed. Zeb Trexler, who attempted to save them, sustained serious injuries.

Owing to continued heavy rains the French Broad river is higher than it has been for years. Henry Penland, the 18-year-old son of James Penland, fell off the foot log at the Ivory Works, in Marshall, Sunday, and was drowned. His body was carried down the swollen stream and has not yet been found.

Mrs. G. A. Mangum, of West Durham, is in a serious condition from the effects of having swallowed her teeth. She was eating supper when the plate on which was fastened her false teeth broke and she swallowed one portion of the plate. It first lodged in her throat, causing her to be choked. She forced the obstruction down her throat.

A singular and unfortunate accident is reported from Trenton, Jones county. Mrs. Ed Stallings, living near that place, went to the well near the house to draw a bucket of water. The well had not had a curb placed around it, and while engaged in lifting the heavy bucket Mrs. Stallings slipped and fell into the well. There was no one at hand to render assistance and when the body of the young woman was taken from the water it was without life. She was only about 19 years of age and leaves a husband.

About two weeks ago Julius Lambeth, who resided in Rockingham county, disappeared from home, and although search was made for him, it was not until Saturday that his body was found. The body, which was frozen stiff, was lying near the bank of a small stream, some distance from the highway. There is no suspicion of foul play. For some time the unfortunate man had been mentally unsound, and it is supposed that he wandered from home in a fit of mental aberration and was frozen to death. Mr. Lambeth was a bachelor and lived alone.

A Double-Faced Bank Note.

Chicago, Dec. 26.—A freak \$50 bank note caused W. H. Adams to miss his Christmas dinner yesterday.

Mr. Adams is a member of the firm of Adams & Smith, dealers in stocks and bonds. On Tuesday night, when the cashier tried to balance his books, he discovered that he was \$50 short, and Mr. Adams took it upon himself to try to find the shortage. He went to the office early in the morning and spent the entire day in counting the money and checking the books. Late in the afternoon he found a bill which had caused all the trouble.

It was a bank note, the face value of which was \$50, but on the back of which was printed a \$100 note. The note had evidently got out of the Government Printing Office by mistake. The face of the note bears the name of the Aetna National Bank, Kansas City, Mo. The number is 4-251, series of 1882. The check number is A 330,250. It is signed by L. D. Cook, cashier, and F. W. Truman, President. It was issued on March 10, 1890. On the reverse side the figure C. and 100 are plain. The number 4-251 in the center of the note is printed upside down.

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The body of Miss Ella M. Cropsy, who mysteriously disappeared from her home at Elizabeth City on the night of November 20, was found Friday morning in the Pasquotank river opposite the Cropsy residence by two fishermen. The coroner held an inquest over the body and the verdict was that her death was caused by a blow on the left temple and drowning. It is supposed that she was struck on the head and thrown into the river. James Wilcox, the young man last seen with her, has been placed in jail and is guarded by naval reserves, public sentiment being very strong against him, notwithstanding his avowal of innocence.

Stop the Blight

It is a sad thing to see fine fruit trees spoiled by the blight. You can always tell them from the rest. They never do well afterwards but stay small and sickly.

It is worse to see a blight strike children. Good health is the natural right of children. But some of them don't get their rights. While the rest grow big and strong one stays small and weak.

Scott's Emulsion can stop that blight. There is no reason why such a child should stay small. Scott's Emulsion is a medicine with lots of strength in it—the kind of strength that makes things grow.

Scott's Emulsion makes children grow, makes them cat, makes them sleep, makes them play. Give the weak child a chance. Scott's Emulsion will make it catch up with the rest.

This picture represents the Trade Mark of Scott's Emulsion and is on the wrapper of every bottle. Send for free sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York. 50c and \$1. all druggists.

NEW MEAT MARKET!

Under Arlington Hotel. Have opened a Meat Market under the Arlington Hotel, where I will keep all times choice

Beef, Veal, Pork, Mutton, Lamb, and Sausage in Season.

Polite attention and quick delivery guaranteed. I solicit a share of your patronage. I will pay the highest market price for fat cattle, and it will pay you to call to see me before selling. Respectfully,

J. H. TRENT, Under Arlington Hotel. Phone 155.

ACME MACHINE WORKS, GOLDSBORO, N. C. MACHINIST AND FOUNDERS.

DEALERS IN New and Second Hand Machinery of Every Description.

"Ames" Engine and Boilers, "Lane" and other saw mills, Van Winkle Gun Machinery, Shafts, Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Complings and Set Collars.

WE MANUFACTURE

Engines, boilers, cotton presses, grist mills and saw mills. A Large Stock of Mill and Plumbers Supplies. Repairing a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed. Your patronage solicited.