Hillsburd Recurder.

WE'LL HEW TO THE LINE, LET THE OHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY.

HILLSBORO, N. C., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1887.

NO. 10.

THE WORLD OVER.

EPITOME OF THE INTERESTING NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Irish Tranbles Labor Agitation Every-where What is Boing North, East; West and Across the Sens.

Advices from Tangier report that the Sultan of Morocco is dead.

An attempt was made to murder the Turkish minister at Athens, Greece.

Miss Sarah Jewett, a well-known ac-tress, is now a subject of charity, having become addicted to the opium habit.

John B. Finch, of Nebraska, a noted Prohibition orator, died at the Eastern railroad depot, in Boston, Mass., from the effect of a lit.

A shock of earthquake was felt throughout Greece. The disturbance was the strongest on the northern and southern abores of the Gulf of Corinth. Ex-Gov. Wm. B. Washburn dropped dead on a platform at the hall, at the morning session of the American board of foreign missions in Springfield, Mass.

A testimonial to Mr. Burgess, designer of the Volunteer, is being raised, and Mr. Baird, secretary of the yacht club at New York, says the fund will reach \$50,-

The British steamship Reuper, from Carthogena August 20, for Philabelphia, with a crew of thirty-two men, is sup-posed to have gone down, with all on

James Gordon Bennett, of New York, will publish a newspaper in Paris to be known as the "European Herald." It will be modeled after the New York

Mrs. W. W. Woolsey, wife of a weal-thy planter of Aiken, S. C., fell from the third story window of Dr. Spier's medi-cal institute in Brooklyn, N. Y., and died a few hours later.

Sir John Swinburne and O. V. Morgan and Halley Stewart, all members of Par-liament, sailed from England for New York. They are members of the Inter-state arbitration delegation.

Advices from Rio Janeiro state, that medical opinions have been published to the effect that Emperor Dom Pedro will never again be able to attend to public affairs, through the progressive failure of

Edward and Thomas Morgan, aged about twenty-eight and twenty-six re-spectively, were found dead in bed at their hotel in Chicago, Ill., suffocated by gas. They came from Ardake, Dakota, and were en route to Canada.

The three-masted schooner, City of Green Bay, went hard ashore two miles south of South Haven, Mich. When she struck she was water-logged. She lay exposed but a short time, and then fell spart, and six of her crew were drowned.

A corpse was found among the telehigh in the air at Detroit, Mich., the electric current swinging the arms and legs as if the man were alive. How the body got there is a mystery.

The cases of the Commonwealth against the employes of the Anchor Line Transportation company for working on Sanday in Eric, Pa., in violation of the statute of 1764, were called. The magistrate sustained the prosecution and imposed fines in seven cases.

Eight Lattalions of Spenish infantry, besides cavalry and artillery, have been concentrated at Cadiz and Malaga, in readiness to cross over to Morocco immediately. This force is under command of Gen. Lasso. Several war ships are also in readiness for active service.

Mr. Bell, representative owner of the Thistle, now in New York, stated that he would be glad to enter the Thistle in any regatta in which the Volunteer was entered, as he thought it would be a sat-isfaction to both Gen. Paine and himself to have the two boats race against each other once more.

Rev. Mr. Cooper, curate of Creling-ham, Suffolk, England, murdered Vicas Farley. He entered the vicas's bedroom and cut his throat with a razor. He then fled, but subsequently returned and was arrested. Mr. Cooper has been quite unpopular in Crelingham, and this fact, it is believed, unsettled his mind.

Frank Campbell, foreman of the Atchi-son, Topeka & Senta Fe Railroad bridge gang, was shot and killed by Mike Mc-Graw, one of his men. McGraw has been mentally unscund for some time, as a consequence of becoming over-heated, and became possessed with a fancy that Csmpbell, who was really the best friend he had, was trying to injure him.

Sophie Gudmond, a young immigrant girl, tried to commit suicide by drown-ing at Castle Garden, in New York. The World alleges that her despondency was due to her being left alone and destitute in the city by reason of the arbitrary action of the Trunk Line pool, who sent her friends West by one route, and intended to send her by another, Strict investigation will be mad

A strand came loose in the cable on the Walnut street cable road, at Cincin-neti, O., and wrapped around a grip car coming west on Sixth street. The car was full of passengers, and in its wild flight it overtook another car at Sixth and Main, full of people. This car it pushed along. Brakes were applied and then the wheels were locked dead on both cars. On they went until finally derailed. Some thirty people were in-

of the Berlin (Germany) committee, was accretly proposed to be held at Pe-th. Several German delegates, on arriving at that place, were warned by the police that they would be instantly expelled if

they attempted to hold a meeting. The workmen's associations of Vienna and Pesth have been advised that another tocation for the congress has been decided upon. Liego is now reported to have been selected.

The police of Union Hill, N. J., pro-hibited a mass meeting which was to be held there, because complaints had been made to the town council that incendiary speeches would be made. The hall was guarded by twenty policemen before the meeting assembled. When the people arrived they were driven away in all directions. Two men were knocked senseless by clubbing. Col. Hunton O. Reinier and Martin A. Hanley, Master Work-man of District Assembly 196, Knights of Labor, who were announced as speak-ers, were advised to leave town imme-diately. The meeting had been called to protest against the death sentences of the Chicago Anarchists,

SOUTHERN EDUCATION.

The Income Distributed From the Fund Left by George Penbody.

The trustees of the Peabody education fund held their twenty-sixth annual meeting at the Fifth Avenue hotel in New York, President R. C. Winthrop, of Boston, was in the chair, and Dr. S. A. Boston, was in the chair, and Dr. S. A. Greene, of the same place, secretary. Thirteen of the trustees were present. Prof. W. H. Paine of the university of Michigan, was appointed president of the normal college at Nashville, Tenn., to succeed Dr. E. E. Hern, who died last April. According to Secretary Greene's report the fund amounts to \$2,000,000, and the income therefrom amounts to \$70,000. The income is distributed as follows: Scholarshim \$22,800: normal follows: Scholarships, \$22,800; normal schools, \$23,000; institutes, \$11,700; public schools, \$13,000; the normal college at Nashville, \$9,500. The secretary reports good work done by the various superintendents. The states now receiving money from the fund are: Alabams, Arkansas, Georgia, Louisiana, North Car-olina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia. The revirginia, and west virginia. The re-ports show very favorable results, and scholarships are allotted as follows: Ala-bams, 13: Arkansas, 10; Georgia, 14; Louisiana, 8; North Carolina, 14; South Carolina, 8; Tennessee, 14; Texas 9; Virginia, 14; West Virginia, 8. The scholarships are \$200 each.

BROUGHT DOWN.

Tom Padgett is lying in jail at Statenville, Ga., with four buckshot in his left arm in the region of the elbow, which fractured the bone in several places. Six other shot passed through his clothes. Dr. Johnson, who is attending the wounded man, fears that amputation will be necessary. He was on trial in Echols court for murder, and was on his way to prison in charge of Sheriff Herndon and Charles Thompson and Jack Weaver, when he made a dash for liberty. Thompson and Weaver each fired a load of buckshot after him, and the sheriff emp-tied both barrels of his gun, which were loaded with small shot, after the fleeing man. Padgett fell to the ground under this fusilade, and was recaptured. Tom Padgett is under arrest, charged with the waylaying and killing of George Hunter, his brother in-law, who was shot down on the road in Echols county about three

EVANGELICAL CONFERENCE.

A call, signed by many leaders of va-rious Protestant denominations, in New York, has been issued for a general conference of all Evangelical Christians in the United States, to be held under the auspices and direction of the Evangelical Alliance for the United States, in the city of Washington, on December 7, 8 and 9, 1887, to study in effect the following questions. First, What are the present perils and opportunities of the Christian church and the country? 2d. Can as y of them be met best by a heal by co-pera-tion of all evangelical Christians, which, without detriment to any denomina tional interests, will serve the welfare of the whole church? So. Wust are the best means to secure such co-operation, and to awaken the whole church to its

BAD HAN CAGED.

Henry Johnson, 21 years old, was found guilty in the superior court, of a das-tardly crime. He was recommended to the mercy of the court. Johnson has been a prominent member of the Salva-tion Army at Rome, Ga., and took an active part in the campaign against the devil. The crime took place in Forrestville. The officers went to the Salvation Army ball, and behold, there was Johnson on the stand, in the act of prayer. He was doing his best and swinging to and fra in his supplications, but as soon as he saw the officers be lost all faith and be gan to fail. As soon as prayer was over, the officers pulled him off the stand and carried him to the lock-up. There was talk of lynching him.

THE MILLIONAIRES WAY.

The United States marshal, at Vicksburg, Miss., sold 150,000 acres of land located in the counties of Starkey, Isaquena flight it overtook another car at Sixth and Main, full of people. This car it pushed along. Brakes were applied and then the wheels were locked dead on both cars. On they went until finally lerailed. Some thirty people were interest several faially.

The projected International Socialist Congress, convoked under the auspices of the Berlin (Germany) committee, was same purpose, embracing 400,000 acres of land, which has been taken for the the new York syndicate, who will perfect titles and place the land on the market.

WASHINGTON ITEMS

PICTURES OF THE DOINGS AT

The Departments Getting Down to Business
Again-The Nation's Pinances-Appointments and Removals-Personals.

REVOLUTIONARY PENSIONERS,

There are thirty-six widows of soldiers who served in the Revolutionary war now upon the pension rolls. The average age of each is eighty-two and one-quarter years. Four of the widows live in Virginia, as follows: Eleanor Lowe, Smith's Creek, Washington county; Rebecca Marye, Newbern, Pulaski county; Mary Sneed, Accomac Court House; Susan Tullob, Mount Carmel, Halifax county. county. A LIVELY SCENE.

An unusual scene occurred at the Metropolitan M. E. church when Rev. John P. Newman, in a sermon on "Infidelity," referred in severe terms to the anarchists. "Could any American citizeu," he said, "ten years ago, have imagined the sign-ing of a petition to pardon those whose hands are red with the blood of the defenders of public peace and safety? What is back of this anarchy—this dare devil movement on the part of these villains—who ought to have been hung long ago?" At this point, many of the audience rose to their feet, clapped their hands, and with loud demonstrations announced their approval of the minister's

STEADING PUBLIC LANDS.

A great evil has been fostered in Wyoming Territory, says Gov. Moonlight in his annual report, in the shape of land grabbing and illegal fencing of the public domain by wealthy men and by corporations, many of the latter aliens. He thinks, however, that now the administration of the land laws is vigorous and impractial and the settlers are protected. impartial and the settlers are protected in their rights. The complaints of the administration of the laws do not come, the governor states, from the men who are seeking homes, but rather from those who hold large bodies of land. The result of the operations of the great syndi-cate has been to retard the progress of the Territory and prevent immigration. Business men now begin to understand that fifty families and fifty ranches occupying the same ground covered by one ranch and fifteen men would afford them an enlarged market and assure them an increase of business. The governor says the cattle business is declining; that bituminous coal is being successfully mined and that the oil fields are very rich.

NOTES.

The War Department officials are satisfied that the Crow Indian trouble in Montana will be speedily settled.

The contract for the Lafayette statue will be drawn up by the Judge Advocate General of the army and sent to the two French artists whose design has been accepted by the Commission.

Mrs. Rachel Strong, wife of Hon, William Strong, justice of the Supreme Court of the United States on the retired list, died at her residence in Washington of consumption, aged 67.

The present postmasters at the follow ing named offices, which become Presidential, have been reappointed by the President: Bentonville, Ark.; Texar-kana, Tex.; Johnson City, Tenn.; Manchester, Va.; Pocahontas, Va.

A telegram was received at the Department of Agriculture from H. A. Hughes, superintendent of the sugar works at Rio Grande, N. J., that he had worked the massecuite from one acre of corn raised by a farmer, and obtained 1,440 pounds sugar.

The State Department has no informa-tion of the alleged unwillingness of Sir John McDonald to serve on the fisheries commission. As far as can be learned, it is the understanding at the department that Chamberlain, McDonald and West will serve as the British representatives

The paintings of Jefferson Davis, Floyd and Holt, Secretaries of War under the Pierce and Buchanan administrations, which adorn the wall of Private Secreta ry Heard's office in the War Department, are admired by all visitors. The pictures show the men to be the most distinguished looking trie that ever succeeded one another in any public office in this

GRAND RECEPTION

Given to the President at St. Lonis, Mo., by

"Cleveland weather" prevailed at St. Louis, Mo., and the Presidential party partook of an early breakfast in order to prepare for the day's festivity. Shortly after 9 o'clock Maj. C. C. Rainw.ter, chairman of the reception committee, es-Lindell Hotel to the residence of Mayor Francis, where they were met by the Mayor and cordially received. Shortly after 10 o'clock the entire party, for charge of Maj. Rainwater's committee, were driven to the fair grounds in the northwestern part of the city. The route the carriages took was elaborately decorated, and much enthusiasm was manifested by spectators, the President and Mrs. Cleveland acknowledging the demonstration by bowing to the crowds on either side of the street.

BISMARCK'S AGREEMENT.

The Bismarek Crispi interview at Ber-lin, Germany, resulted in a definite written arrangement between Italy, Germany and Austria. Italy has full power to take independent action on the Mediterrancan, and should Italian interests conflict with those of France or Russia, Italy will rely upon the support of Germany and Austria.

SOUTHLAND FARMING.

A LOOK OVER THE FIELD, WHICH IS FULL OF INFORMATION.

The Rainfall Befleiency—Cotton Harvest— Early Prosts—Intensive Farming the Rule—Tobacco Caring-Poultry.

The large deficiency in rainfall for the season continues in the central valleys, but this deficiency has been reduced dur-ing the week in the wheat and corn rezions of the Northern States. Over the greater portion of the cotton region the deficiency has exceeded 10 inches. In the tobacco regions of Virginia, Kentucky and Tennessee, the deficiency in rainfall for the season generally amounts to less than five inches, except in the extreme west portions of Tennessee and Kentucky. west portions of Tennessee and Kentucky, where the deficiency in minfall for the season exceeds 10 inches. The only states reporting excess of rainfall for the season are Pennsylvania, Maine, Southern New York, the West portions of Kansas and Nebraska, Northern Texas and Colo-

THE COTTON HARVEST.

The weather has been favorable for harvesting cotton in the states west of the Mississippi, and in the extreme cast-ern portions of the cotton region, while cool weather and heavy rains have affected this and other growing crops unfavorably in Mississippi.

EARLY FROSTS.

Frosts occurred in the northern por-tion of the tobacco region of the Ohio valley and along the Atlantic coast as far South as Virginia, which probably re-sulted in some injury to the crops.

WINTER WHEAT.

The rains which have occurred in the winter wheat regions will prove of espe-cial value, as the sowing of wheat has been delayed in that section owing to the continuance of the drought.

CATTLE-CARING.

A good plan to prevent injury to cattle from eating wet clover, is never to turn stock of any kind upon fresh, luxuriant pastures of any description on empty stomachs. Turn them in full in the morning, take them out at night and feed again next morning, and continue this course for a few days, until they get accustomed to change of food.

ABOUT FORESTS.

The four Southern Atlantic states contain 58,000,000 of the 489,910,000 acres of forest land in the entire country, or more than all of the New England and Middle states combined. Virginia has 13,000,000 acres, North Carolina 18,000,-000 acres, Georgia 18,000,000 and, as stated, South Carolina 9,000,000 acres. In other words, 524 per cent of the en-tire area of the section is in forest. - Of this 45,519,033 acres are held in farms, or 78,5 per cent of the whole forest area. per cent, is in forest, and besides there are 8,853,131 acres of unimproved land in farms, or 10.8 per cent of the total farm area capable of reforstation.

STICK TO IT. While it is true, that it will take many years of seemingly and perhaps unprofit-able labor to restore worn-out sections, yet there is but one way to succeed in doing so, and that is, as the old adage says, to stick to it, and finally by intensive and scientific work, and by the necessary restoratives, the farmer may bring his land back to its former fertility, and instead of decreasing in value, as now, it will yearly increase until it shall bloom like the rose, and the farmer's home spread an influence for industry, education and Christianity throughout the length and breadth of the land. -Atlanta, Ga., Southern Cultivator.

Recent experiments made by a North Carolina gentleman in curing tobacco both on and off the stalk, seem to prove that the latter is the proper method. It is held that the great bulk of nicotine in a tobacco plant lies in the stalk, that in the old process of curing, this nicotine is driven to the leaf, and hence becomes an injury to it. The gentleman referred to above states, that by stripping the leaves as they ripen, and curing them off the stalk, almost entirely relieves the tobacco of all nicotine, and, as a consequence, improves its quality to a considerable de-

POULTBY MATTERS.

It appears to be a common belief that shocks coming in the course of thunder storms, will so affect eggs under a broody hen that the chicken dies in the shell. This, we have recently found to be a mere superstition, unless lightning ac-tually desiroys the eggs, or they get swamped in the rain, and even in the latter case if it is only for a short time, and they are not chilled, as good a hatch may be looked for as if no storm had occurred during incubation,-Southern

The Texas Farm and Banch says, no one who operates an incubator should be without a prooder. Home-made prooders are quite common, and a person with a fair supply of ingenuity can construct one that will answer very well in many respects. It is a dumb but perfect mother, and it is amusing to see how the young chicks take to it.

An orchard affords a most excellent range for fowls, provided it contains an abundance of grass that is kept cut moderately close and no high weeds, Chickens are also most certainly a benefit to an orchard. The number that should be placed in an orchard two acres in extent, depends a great deal upon the charactor of the soil and the quantity of grass it grows. The fowls should never be so numerous as to kill out the grass, or retard its growth to a great extent. In keeping fowls for the benefit of their

eggs for market prices, this is the most important point to be observed. Green food they must have. It makes more difference in the egg out-put than either more substantial food or shelter. A hen that has plenty of green food and range will lay fully one-third more than one in configurant fod awaysthing in the way confinement, fed everything in the way of grain, meats, etc.

AFFAIRS IN IRELAND.

Many Evictions Made and Trouble Brewing all Over the Island.

The work of eviction was continued at Gweedore, but imates of Widow Bowle's house stoutly resisted the evictors by throwing boiling water upon them. The bailiffs demolished the house, and the chimney having tumbled, the debris took fire. Seven persons were arrested. Owing to the hostile demeanor of spectators, the police were ordered to prepare to fire, whereupon Constable Houghre advanced and threw down his rifle, declining to obey orders. Callahau, the moonlighter, who was one of the party that killed Constable Whelehan, at Lisdoonvarne, and who turned queen's evidence, was taken to Ennis and testified against his accomplices. He swore as to the plot against Sexton, and identified seven of the prisoners as having participated in the killing of Whelehan, Callahan ad-mutted that he had planned a number of moonlight raids in Kerry and Clare, and that he had been in the pay of the police for the last five years, and that he had re-ceived from Constable Whelehan, just before the raiding of Sexton, a small sum of money in payment of his share for ar-ranging the raid. This statement caused a great sensation in court, While returning to jail, the prisoners were cheered by crowds in the streets. The police charged the people and used their batons freely. A gang of moonlighters attacked the house of a farmer named Kibon, at Cranny bridge, Kilowsh, and drove the inmates out and leveled the building with crowbars. They continued their work of destruction for several hours. The farmers of Tipperary received notice through the post threatening them with death if they attended the proposed auction sale of cattle of a farmer. The notice describes the auctioneer as "The Accursed and Eternally Damned Judge Keogh." Rev. P. D. O'Reagan, dcan of the Catholic church at Mitchellstown, has obtained a summons, against Capt. Plunkett for tresspass for entering the dean's grounds at the head of a force of police and hussars, and dispersing a crowd assembled there on the occasion of the conviction of William O'Brien.

GEORGIA LAWS: Governor Gordon of Georgia has

signed the following acts and they are now laws: An act to relieve James Jordan in the case of H. D. McDaniel, governor, vs. William V. Gary, principal, and J. W. Gary and James Jordan securities; an act to amend section 2138 of of the Code; an act to define the offense of blackmail, to prescribe a penalty therefor, and for other purposes; an act to fix the compensation of the sheriff of the supreme court, and to provide for manner for his payment; an act to appropriate \$27.18 for the payment of executive war-rant No. 57, issued by the governor in favor of James H. Worrill for his salary as solicitor-general of Chattahoochee circuit; an act to amend the charter of the Commercial bank of Augusta; an act to alter and amend act of October 12th, providing for registration of voters of Telfair county; an act to change time of holding the fall term of the superior court of Clarke county. A resolution for the relief of Henry J. Lamar, of the county of Bibb, was approved also. An act to prohibit the sale of liquor within four miles of Mt. Zion colored church, in Meriwether county; an act to designate the officers of the county court of Terreil county; an act to prevent hunting, fishing and otherwise trespassing upon the the lands of another in Washington county, after being notified by owner, lessee or agent; an act to provide for disposition and appropriation of money to bridges in Dodge county; an act to provide for amendment of affidavits to foreclose liens; a resolution to authorize sale or lease of certain property belonging to the state; an act to provide for a surgeon for each light battery of artillery; an act for relief of D. W. Price, ex-treasurer of Douglas county; an act to make county commissioners, tax collectors and receivers, members of boards of education, ordinaries and county treasurers incompetent as grand jurors; an act to amend incorporation of the Turtle and Altamaha River Canal Company; an act to provide for registration of voters in Floyd county; a joint resolution authorizing Horace Bradley to make certain improvements on the Hill portrait.

EDITOR ARRESTED.

William Welch, an eccentric lawyer at Minneapolis, Minn., formerly of Madi-son, Wis., has been indicted by the grand jury for libelling Postmaster-Gen-eral Vilas in a little sheet called the *Home* Dairy, which Welsh publishes for his own amusement. In this little paper Welch has charged Vilas with wrecking the Madison Mutual Insurance Company and embezzling its funds. The two are old enemies and Welch promises to bring witnesses from Wisconsin to prove all he

PATAL CURIOSITY.

William Wood, aged 15, son of Frank Wood, of the Mower and Reaper Company, and his father's coachman, Jo-Hawkins, drove out to the Allen Coal Mine, an abandoned slope, near Youngs town, Ohio, to explore it. Not return ing, a search was made and both were found dead in the slope; they had been suffocated by foul air.

SOUTHERN BRIEFS.

READABLE ITEMS CAREFULLY GATHERED HITHER AND YON.

Social, Temperance and Religious Move-ments—Fires, Deaths and Saleldes—Rail-road Operations and Improvements.

Four persons were killed and two seriously wounded by a boiler explosion at George P. Piant's flour mills, St. Louis,

Edward L. Sharp, aged about twenty years, committed suicide at Graverly

Springs, Ala., by cutting his throat with a razor. No cause known. The steamer Gate City which sailed from Boston, Mass., for Savannah, Ga., returned to Boston, having broken the

high pressure valve of her forward engine. Yellowstone Kit, an Indian medicine man, is under bond to appear before the Fulton, Ga., Superior Court to answer to an indictment in which he is charged with libeling Dr. Wickers, another In-

The United States District Court was convened at Charleston, S. C., Judge Simonton presiding. The grand jury was organized with twenty-one jurors, and during the day returned bills in the following illicit whiskey cases: Archibald Pipkins, alias Archibald Parker, Wm. Crawford, J. L. Princes Robert Christopher, Morgan Jefcoat, Evander Powers, Rollins Christopher, Daniel Page, Henry Reed, Wm. Shennan, Jolly Robinson true bills

Robinson, true bills. More trouble is brewing in Morehead, Ky., the scene of the recent Tolliver outrage. The report says eighteen men, armed with Winchesters, came from Soljers station on the Columbus & Ohio Road to Morehead. It is said there are or will be 150 men armed and secreted around the town. These men, it seems, belong to the Logan faction and are gathering because news has been brought that a party of Tolliver's friends intend to come from Elliott county, and burn

Two remarkable deals in tobacco "breaks" of Louisville, Ky., were reported, and surpass any previous single operations known to the market there.

M. J. Barker, supposed to be representing Leggitt & Meyers, a great manufacturing firm of St. Louis, purchased from Henry S. Thompson, of Kentucky, 500 hogshead of bariey tobacco at the average price of \$6.20 per one hundred pounds, the amount being \$135,000. The same buyer purchased 282 hogshead at a Ninth street house for \$75,000. This brought the sum of the two transactions up to \$210,000, a remarkable record for a pice of the sum of the two transactions up to \$210,000. ord for a single day.

A diabolical attempt was made to wreck a passenger train on the Hilnois & St. Louis Railroad, a out a mile and a half from Belleville, Ill. A special train of five cars, filled with excursionists from at the rate of twenty miles an hour, when the train rushed into an open switch nearly a mile long, and had gone half the length of the switch before the engineer could stop the train. A quarter of a mile further on, the switch rail had been so adjusted so as to plunge the train down a steep embankment. The occupants of the coaches were mostly women and children.

IN BAD SHAPE.

Capt. Anderson, a post-office inspector, found the books and accounts in the Savannah post-office con-fused, and is down there to straighten them out. One night after he had left the office there was a sensational scene batween Postmaster G. W. Lamar and his assistant. They got into a dispute about the affairs of the office and the dialogue was exciting. Finally, Mr. Lamar sent out for a policeman to have Col. Anderson ejected. When the officer came, Col. Lamar said: "I order you to arrest that man for disorderly conduct." you to arrest that man for conduct unbecoming a gentleman," countermanded Col. Anderson. Maj. Lamar repeated his order, and Col. Anderson exclaimed threateningly to the policeman: "I warn you that if you lay hands upon me in this government building, I will hold you and your superiors responsible," and the policeman left. So far as can be learned, the accounts are about \$500 This may be the result of bad book-keeping.

DISTRESSING SCENE.

The most sensational scene over witnessed in a court room occurred in Chattanooga, Tenn. Sam Branch, a colored man, was on trial for stealing a watch from Pat Maloney. He had been placed on trial last week and the jury disagreed. On the second trial he was found guilty of grand larceny and his punishment was fixed at five years in the penitentiary. Immediately, Branch jumped to his feet, whipped out a pocket knife, and drew it across his throat three times, cutting his windpipe entirely off and severing the right jugular vein, and he died in half an

CHOLERA-STRICKEN:

Since the last report four more cases of cholera have developed on Hoffman's island, from among the passengers of the steamship Alesia. The patients were promptly removed to Swinburne island. There are fourteen cases under treatment at present. An official from the British consul's office called at the office of the quarantine commission and obcases. He said that the British government had asked by cable for advices in