

GREENSBOROUGH:

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 7.

We have received several communications which will be attended to in due time.

FIETIETH ANNIVERSARY.

Pursuant to previous notice, a meeting was held of the citizens of this place and county, in the Court House, on Saturday last, for the purpose of making arrangements for celebrating the approaching Anniversary of American Independence; Abraham C. G. Esq. was called to the chair, and Dr. R. P. Williamson secretary of the meeting.

Col. Daniel Gillaspie was appointed to preside, assisted by William Ryan Esq. as Vice President;—N. Ralph Gottell, Orator, and Mr. Washington Donnell, to read the Declaration of Independence.

The following gentlemen were selected as a Committee of Arrangements, viz: John M. Dick, Esq. Christopher Mooring, John Conrad, John M. L. Galt, Benjamin Overman, and Dr. William D. Scott.

Toast Committee—William Patrick, Joshua G. Wright and T. E. Strange.

Dr. R. P. Williamson, Marshal of the day.

The Committee of Arrangements were instructed to invite the Revolutionary officers and soldiers within the county.

Manumission and Colonization.

At the last annual meeting of the Society of Friends in this State, that very respectable body came to the resolution of manumitting and removing all the colored people held by them that were willing to leave the country; and since that time, they have been concerting measures for carrying their intentions into effect and in consulting the wishes of the colored people themselves in relation to their future destination, which has resulted in the following arrangement: 120 of the number are desirous of going to Liberia, and about 100 wish to be sent to the non-slave holding states, Ohio or Indiana.

Dr. George Swaine, of this county, who is deputed by the Society, has gone to Beaufort in this State, to attend to the embarkation, and to supply the wants of those who have made choice of Hayti for their future home; a vessel had been previously chartered for that purpose by Richard Mendenhall of this county, for the society, which was to sail about the first of this month.

The 316 of this population who have chosen to go to Liberia, and the 100 who wish to be removed to Ohio or Indiana, will also be sent there at the expense of the Society of Friends; the former by the first vessels to the African Settlement; and the latter, by means of waggons, which will be engaged to convey them and the little property of which they may be possessed.

In addition to the above, this Society have already sent off 64 persons to the State of Ohio, 47 by the ship Indian Chief, which lately sailed from Norfolk to Liberia, and 11 by another vessel which sailed about the same time to Africa.

This Society, also, contributed 800 dollars to the funds of the African Colonization Society soon after its establishment.

A Statement has been published in the Washington Telegraph, by Mr. Benton, authorized by Mr. Randolph, which gives the information, that his speeches delivered during the last session of Congress, will be published this summer.

The papers received by the last mails, contain accounts of the drought throughout the whole southern country, extending to Pennsylvania, it has been excessive and the prospects for good crops is gloomy. The water courses are lower than they were at any time last Summer.

The North Carolina Journal, says that J. G. A. Williamson, Esq. of Person county, has been appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, Consul at Lagaira, in South America. We understand he will depart for the place of his destination in the course of this summer.

Samuel E. Foot, has been elected a Senator of the United States from Connecticut, for six years from the 4th of March next, in the place of Mr. Edwards.

DISTRESSES IN ENGLAND.—At Manchester and its vicinity, between 40 and 50 thousand persons are said to be out of employ, and in almost a state of starvation. At Blackburn, thousands of manufacturers are also in the greatest distress, whole families being in danger of perishing for want of food. For nine weeks 14,000 persons have been fed on public charity. In a village containing 582 weavers, 459 are without employment, and they and their families dependent on charity for support. The almost entire failure of orders for Cotton goods is assigned as the cause of the recurrence of these alarming and distressing scenes!

It is stated in the New Orleans Daily Advertiser, that Governor Johnson has refused to approve of a series of divorces, which the Legislature wished enacted.

In looking over the list of acts passed at the recent session, we confess our surprize, that the most prominent measures recommended to the attention of Congress, by the President, in his opening message, but one finally succeeded, and that one only as a singular fact, and not with a view of producing an unfavorable inference as to the popularity of the Administration, for there is no doubt that many of them would have passed, had there been time to act upon them. Among the objects to which the President invited attention, were the establishment of an uniform system of Bankruptcy—a more perfect organization of the Militia—a more effective provision for the relief of Revolutionary Pensioners—an uniform standard of Weights and Measures—a revision of the Judiciary system—a new Executive Department of the General Government—the establishment of an Astronomical Observatory—the founding a National University, and a Monument to Washington, within the walls of the Capitol—yet not one of these was fully matured.

Raleigh Reg.

NICETY OF THE LAW.—At a recent term of the Petersburg Superior Court, Albert Pointer, a white man, was arraigned on the charge of altering or mutilating a Lottery Ticket, with the design of giving it a fictitious value. Not the least doubt was entertained of his guilt—indeed it was self-evident—yet he was acquitted, because the fraud committed was not on a lottery authorized by the laws of Virginia.

In two days after his acquittal, this man was arrested in Richmond, for presenting for payment a Lottery ticket purporting to be a fifty dollar prize, but upon more minute examination was found to have been altered, by pasting on the numbers cut

out of another ticket, in such a manner as to alter its value. He was arrested, but it is only again to undergo the mockery of a trial. [ib.]

On the 26th ult. the first stone of a new institution, to be called the Western Reserve College, was laid at Hudson, in Portage county, Ohio. The Western Reserve is settled principally by emigrants from New England. While our Eastern States are contented if they can erect one college for a State, Ohio has given charters to six colleges, four of which are now in operation, viz: Athens, Oxford, Cincinnati, and Western Reserve. From the number of her learned institutions, it would seem that Ohio is determined to reverse the proposition that one of the great advantages of our canal system is the conveyance of knowledge from the East to the West, so as to place the Atlantic States in the situation of debtors, rather than creditors, in this kind of traffic. If we may be allowed to discharge a pun, we might add, that Ohio seems also determined to rebut the assertion, that she has grown up at once to her high rank among the States, and to show that she is rising by degrees.

The Baltimore Gazette gives the following extract of a letter, to show that Pensacola harbor requires great improvement to make it fit for the reception of large vessels of war:

U S Frigate Constellation,
BAY OF PENSACOLA, April 27, 1826.
"We have at last succeeded in getting our ship into this place. I think it illly calculated for a harbour for frigates or vessels drawing more than nineteen feet water. Our Commodore joined us at Havana; his board-pendant is now flying on board this ship."

Washington, May 2.
In the House of Representatives on Saturday, no less than four attempts were made to prolong the session.—When the resolution came from the Senate, fixing the day of adjournment for Thursday, the House refused to accede to it. A motion was then made to reconsider the vote by which the resolution of the Senate respecting the prolongation of the session was rejected, but the House refused to entertain the motion. Various bills were then read a third time, and passed; and, on motion of Mr. Cook, a joint resolution suspending the rule which prohibits the sending of bills to the President for signature on the 1st day of the session, was adopted, and sent to the Senate, which body refused to concur in the resolution. The House then took a recess from four to six o'clock.

Murder at Sea—The sloop Rapid, Myrick, arrived at Boston on Wednesday week from Nantucket, with two of the crew and 17 slaves (2 men, 9 women, and 7 children) taken out of the schoone Decatur, by the ship Constitution, Chase, which arrived at Nantucket on the 18th inst. Our Correspondent, Mr. Popliff, writes us that one of the men informed him that the Decatur sailed from Baltimore on the 8th ult. for New Orleans. On the 25th, in lat 33, lon 78, while his informant was on the foreyard, one man at the helm, the mate and two men below, and the captain astride the rail, scraping some mud from the anchor stock, two of the blacks seized the Captain by the leg and pitched him overboard. Some noise and confusion ensued, on hearing which the mate came on deck, approaching the railing was seized by three blacks and thrown overboard. The crew then attempted to lower the boat to save them and to reef the helm, but were prevented doing either by the blacks. After this the blacks tried to avoid every vessel, but could not get out of the way of the Constitution. Capt. Chase put his 2d officer on board to bring her into port, but on his learning the facts relative to the fate of the capt. and mate, he re-

fused to go in her without the ship would take out all the blacks, which Capt. Chase could not do, so she was left with two of the crew and 14 slaves (men) on board. The man says that as far as he could learn, their object was to carry the vessel to St Domingo, where they thought they could be at liberty.

General Scott, Lieutenant Henry Smith, his aid de camp, and Captain Munro, of the U. S. Army, arrived at New York on the 23d ult. in six days from Savannah.

Mr. Jefferson.—The London Globe, remarking on the pecuniary embarrassments of Mr. JEFFERSON, says: "He has, happily, an estate which he cannot be deprived of—in the respect and gratitude of a great part of the civilized world."

It is stated in the Albany Argus, of Tuesday, that the Ministers to Panama will probably sail from N. York about the first of June, in the new sloop of war Lexington. The New York American expresses an opinion that the ministers will not go till the autumn, as the season is now so far advanced, that northern constitutions cannot venture into that climate without imminent risk. The Editor of the American conjectures that the Lexington may be sent to apprise Mr. Anderson, that his colleague, Mr. Sergeant, will be detained here until that time, in order that he may regulate his proceedings accordingly.

MARRIED,

At the seat of James Brown Esq. in Rockingham, on the 30th ult. Mr. Robert Galloway to Miss Susan Carter of Caswell.

DIED.

At Salem in Stokes county, on the 4th inst. Miss Eliza Bagie, daughter of Mr. Charles Bagie, of that place.
"Earthly joy is but a tinsel gem,
That sparkles for an hour—
And life is but a ruffled stem,
And hope its fringed flower."

Appointments for Camp Meetings.

A Camp Meeting is to commence on the 21st of July, at Centre Camp Meeting Ground, in Guilford county, N. C. for the Methodist Episcopal Church, and all other serious persons, for public and religious devotion, through Christ our Saviour to Almighty God. It is probable, it will continue from Friday, till the Wednesday following. It is wished that the friends of the Camp Meeting would observe that the Camp ground is to be removed from where it was formerly, some less than a quarter of a mile, to the north of Mr. Shelton's Spring, where there is a very suitable plot of ground for that purpose.

There will be another Camp Meeting to commence at Pleasant Garden Meeting-house, in Guilford county, N. C. on the 22d of September, under the same circumstances, except the removal of the Ground.

CHEAP HATS.

The Subscribers after returning their sincere thanks for the encouragement received heretofore, beg leave to inform their customers and a generous public, that they have on hand, and will keep constantly for sale, a complete assortment of

Fur & Wool Hats,

Made of the best materials the country affords, and in the most fashionable style; which from the extensiveness of their business, they will sell as cheap as any other person, for Cash, or a short credit to those who are punctual. Jury and State Witness Tickets or Country produce will be received as Cash.

WILLIAM ADAMS,
PETER ADAMS.
Greensboro', April 24.—3w.