

that is not the only respect in which it is to be lamented. We fear it will be considered by the supporters of legitimacy as affording proof of the incompetency of man to govern himself. On the other hand, as General Paez himself, and those associated with him, appeal with confidence to the umpirage of Bolivar, it is sincerely to be hoped that, on his return from the Pacific, he will be able to dispel a storm which looks so threatening.—*N. Journal*.

GREENSBOROUGH:

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26.

Judge Nash has resigned his commission as Judge of the Superior Courts of this State; the Governor has called a meeting of the Executive Council, for the purpose of appointing a suitable person to supply the vacancy.

The New York Times, of the 17th inst. says, we are much gratified to perceive that trade has much improved. The rise in Cotton on the other side of the Atlantic, has produced a correspondent effect here, and for the last few days we have had an extra demand for the article."

The British Brig of War, Frolic, at New York, fired a salute on the 4th of July.

Remarkable Coincidents.—It is stated that John Adams was eight years older than Thomas Jefferson; Thomas Jefferson, eight years older than James Madison; James Madison eight years older than James Monroe; and James Monroe, eight years older than John Quincy Adams.

Supreme Court.—Alexander H. M'Fee, of Rowan, and Mathias E. Marly, of Chatham county, have obtained licences to practice law in the County Courts. *R. Reg.*

Post-Offices.—There have been established in the United States within the last six months, four hundred and seventy-three new Post-Offices—thirty of which are in this State. *Ibid.*

We are sorry to be obliged to state that the long continued drought has blasted, almost, if not completely, all hopes of our crops, and that it has so far dried the streams on which there are mills, as to leave not more than one or two within 20 miles of this place, which can grind one twentieth part of the grain brought to them. *Warrenton Rep.*

Raleigh, July 21.
Scarcity.—In consequence of the long drought which has prevailed in this section of country, nearly all the mills in this and the adjacent counties have stopped from want of water, and Flour and Corn Meal have become so scarce, that it is with great difficulty that a sufficiency of the "staff of life" can be obtained. Our oldest inhabitants do not recollect of ever having experienced such distressing times before. In this city, Flour commands about 8 dollars per barrel; Meal from 1 dollar to 1 25 per bushel; and Corn 5 dollars per barrel. —*Star.*

The Jubilee was celebrated in New London in a new and striking manner, which is thus announced in the Connecticut Mirror.

Occurrences of the week.—It so happened that we spent the last week, and of course the last 4th of July, in New London. It is sad that to every good picture there should be the lights, and in our view this "spun-

nal of the pyramid" was emblazoned gloriously. The Declaration of Independence was read with emphasis. OLD HUNDRED was sung by every body in the Meeting House—and it held on that occasion nearly all the town,—and thirdly, the year of Jubilee was proclaimed at the dinner, and the sheriff was directed to open the prison doors and bring in his bill. On this last point we may be allowed to go into particulars. Before the wine was circulated, a gentleman, (Mr. Law,) proposed to the President (Judge Perkins,) that the company present make a general Jail Delivery of debtors, he the amount of their debts more or less. The motion was carried unanimously—the sheriff was ordered by authority of the President of the day, to open the doors and bring in his bill. The plate was passed, and when the first, second, and third gentlemen, among whom was Capt. Geo. Rogers of the Navy, had put in \$20 each, and others were emptying their pockets, the sheriff rose and told the company that there was enough; or if not, that he would look to the remainder. A committee was appointed to see to a general clearing out, and the debtors were addressed by the President with a delivery admirably suited to the occasion; for, instead of reminding them that they were free, they were taken by the hand and invited to drink a glass of wine, by which was probably understood as many glasses as they wanted.

Detroit, June 27.

Last week Gov. Cass and Col. M'Kenney took passage in the sch'r. Ghent, for the Saut de Sante Marie, on their way to the head of Lake Superior. It is the intention of Governor Cass after the arrangements with the Indians are completed, to attempt the removal of the celebrated **Green Rock** from its bed, and transport it to the City of Washington. This extraordinary mineralogical curiosity lies in the Ontonagon river, about 30 miles from its mouth. It weighs about 25 tons. The current of the river is in some places pretty rapid; but we are informed that bateaux can ascend as far as the mass of copper.

C. I. Croughan, of the U. States Army, also took passage in the Ghent. He is on a tour of inspection to the upper posts.

New Orleans, June 10.

Although the levee is still well lined with shipping, steam boats, and flat boats, we think there has been a considerable decrease in the population. Numbers have gone North and South, and East and West, in search of health or amusement, as their fears or inclinations predominated.

As an instance of the low price of bread stuff at present in New Orleans, we can state that one of the sturdy sons of the West applied to the master of a steam boat, loading at the Levee, to transport a quantity of flour hence for Louisville, for which he agreed to pay \$1 95 per barrel. He said his flour was of good quality, and as sweet as it ever was. That he started from Ohio with it in February, in a flat boat—that he could not now obtain \$2 per barrel in New Orleans; that he really believed he would save money by taking it back to Louisville and selling it there, which he intended to do. We believe the article of flour has never been at a lower price in this city than it is at the present time.

We are told that bacon can now be purchased here for two cents per pound, and wheaton flour at one cent and a quarter. Corn is proportionably low. The wages of a common labourer per day is one dollar and a half to two dollars.

Steam Boat Accident.—A little past 7 o'clock this evening, as the steam boat *Macon* was about to start from

Magwood's wharf for Sullivan's Island, several bolts of her centre bolt gave way, and a body of steam enveloped the two black firemen, who were near the fissure, and who were shockingly scalded by it. Another of his hands also a colored man, has suffered severely. The two firemen are so badly burnt, that slight hopes only can be entertained of their recovery, and it was matter of astonishment to all, that they should have reached the deck, as they did without assistance, and before the steam had escaped from below. The unfortunate men were immediately conveyed to the Hospital. The accident is sincerely to be regretted, not only on account of the wretched sufferers, but because it is calculated, although none of the passengers or others on deck were injured, to impair public confidence in this most convenient mode of conveyance to the Island.

Chas. Courier

A person who pretends to be a

She was not so at the date of her correspondent's column. Richardson's children, it also appears, were all from home when the house was burnt. We cannot comply with the wishes of our correspondent in publishing any part of the evidence; this would be wrong, either as to the public or to the prisoner—perhaps to both. *Fay. Journal.*

Fayetteville, July 12,

Fire in the Swamps.—There is now an extensive fire raging a few miles south of this town, in a tract of country which is usually covered with water, but which now in consequence of the drought, burns freely. It has been observed since Monday afternoon.—*Observer.*

Progress of the Ohio Canal.—The work on the Northern division of the Ohio Canal is progressing with spirit, and generally at a rate which promises its completion within the time prescribed by the contracts. Upwards of 2000 laborers and about 300 teams are constantly employed on the line between Cleveland and Kandal, which is now under contract; and work to the amount of between forty and fifty thousand dollars, at contract prices, is performed monthly. The contracts require the completion of the work by the first day of October next.

Jefferson Fund.—We learn that Mr. Jefferson, a few days before his late illness, was pressed for an immediate sum of money, notice of which was received in New York. It gives us no ordinary pleasure to state, that the Committee of the Jefferson Fund immediately placed \$7,000 at the disposal of Mr. J. which fact was alluded to by his grandson, in a letter received by the most grateful feelings, and the receipt of that sum may have calmed the last moments of the venerable Patriot.—We but thus reiterate the public voice, in suggesting that the balance of the Jefferson fund throughout the Union, be placed at the disposal of his beloved and affectionate child, Mrs. Randolph, which we believe will be sufficient to purchase the Monticello estate. *N. Y. Enq.*

AUCTION SALE.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally, that he intends selling off his entire Stock of Goods at

PUBLIC AUCTION,

At August Court next; the Goods will be put up in small lots so as to suit purchasers; the sale to commence on Monday and continue from day to day until all is sold. Now is your time, come forward and you shall have goods on your own terms, as I intend to sell without reserve.

I also have the right of a number of States, of Bailey's Highly Improved Corn Shelling Machine, which I offer for sale. This Machine is considered superior to any that have ever been invented for Shelling Corn, it is simple and cheap, and within the reach of every Farmer, it will be sold in lots to suit purchasers on accommodating terms.

JACOB HUBBARD.

Greensboro', N. C. July 26, '26.

Improvement on Saw-Mills.

If any person should want a Saw-Mill built or repaired, on a principle that cuts from twenty-five to one hundred per cent faster with the same quantity of water, can by writing to the Editor of this paper, *post paid*, be served with a man endowed with such abilities on the shortest notice. The person alluded to came to this place and is recommended by the first citizens in this state and the state of Virginia. *Georgetown, May 2, '26.*

made to suffer from the imprudence of its friends. The Society disavows all intention to meddle with the question of slavery, or with the rights of citizens. Its sole object is to remove free coloured people from America to Africa.—*Col. Star.*

We have received a communication from a friend, in relation of Murchison, now confined in the jail of Richmond county, and are glad to perceive that we were misinformed as to his wife being in custo-