

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.  
The Mormons are cultivating raisins, grapes and figs in southern Utah.  
All the Year Round is hereafter to be edited by Charles Dickens, Jr., who succeeds Mr. Willis.  
A tailor reading a quack medicine advertisement concluded he would like to know "a cure for the tick-dollar-owe."  
Philadelphia has taken steps to imitate a thousand English sparrows, which will be let loose in the public squares and parks next spring.  
Careful observation of scientific men has proved that the greatest known velocity of the largest ocean wave is nine hundred miles an hour.  
There is a volunteer company in New York, numbering seventy men, none of whom have beards less than a foot in length. The captain, named Vietheimer, cultivates an ornament of that kind which extends to his knees.  
A petition is in circulation in London to request Parliament to enact a law which shall give authority to the judges to sentence street thieves to the whipping-post. The lash, it is said, is the only thing they dread. Theirs our sentiments.  
Mark Twain writes that Mr. Greely once hired out as a writing master, but that enterprise failed. His first copy was "Virtue is its own reward," and they got it "Washing with soap is wholly absurd."  
A Wisconsin coroner has decided, in the case of a man run over while attempting to get on a railway train, that he came to his death by "wilful and wanton exposure to unnecessary danger and peril."  
FATAL ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that Mr. Henry M. Giles, formerly of this city, late of Baltimore, was instantly killed on Tuesday 24th between Warsaw and Clinton by the upsetting of the stage.  
COLORED MARBLE.—The Leesburg (Va.) Washingtonian has been shown a sample of colored marble, taken from the farm of Mr. John Janney, near Farmwell Station, in Loudoun county. It polishes beautifully, and has been tested and found to be good marble.  
Coffee is said to be an antidote to the poison of nicotine, and is therefore a great refresher to smokers. This accounts for the Turks smoking all day and all night, and never getting any headache. They appreciate the good effects without knowing the reason.  
"THE OLD NORTH STATE."—The Hon. Lewis Hanes offers to dispose of this paper, being satisfied with his experience of Editorial life, and desiring, we suppose, to devote his undivided attention to the profession of the Law. The establishment is in complete order and its patronage is good.  
The Late Queen of Spain, Isabella II., is said, by a Paris editor who has counted them up, to have had five hundred and nineteen cabinet ministers during her reign of thirty-five years; several times as many as all the Presidents of the United States together have had from 1788 until now.  
SPECIAL PAYMENTS.—Hon. Jno. Lynch, of Maine, in a letter to a gentleman in Washington, announces his intention to call up on the first day of the next session of Congress his bill to provide against undue expansions and contractions of the currency, which attracted some attention upon its original introduction last winter. His bill provides for the gradual redemption of specie payments.  
An English paper says that Disraeli has discovered a remarkable move in chess. It may be freely described as follows—"If you find yourself hopelessly beaten, look your adversary coolly in the face, turn the board round as unobservedly as you can, so that his pieces appear to become yours, and say 'Mate' before he can protest."  
A GOOD ONE.—The Bangor Whig tells a remarkable story of a man down at Tennant's harbor, who, being out in his dory, fell overboard, and, not being able to swim, conceived the idea of striking bottom and footing it ashore. Accordingly, shutting his eyes and his teeth firmly together, he struck out for the shore, until, thinking he must be near land, he opened his eyes and found himself in the middle of a cornfield.  
The maiden name of Milton's mother has long been a matter of doubt. A writer in the Athenaeum states that he has recently discovered in the marriage registry of the Bishop of London entries which prove that Milton's mother was the daughter of Paul Jeffray or Jeffries, merchant tailor of St. Swithin's, who died before 1602, and of Ellen, his wife, who survived him, and who was buried February 22d, 1610-11.

Subscribers receiving their papers with a cross before their names are reminded that their subscription has expired, and unless renewed in two weeks will be discontinued.  
**Rates of Advertising.**  
1 sq. (10 lines or less) 1st insertion, \$1.00  
Each additional insertion, 50  
Six months, 6.00  
One year, 10.00  
2 columns 1st insertion, 1.50  
Each additional, 50  
Six months, 15.00  
One year, 25.00  
3 columns 1st insertion, 2.00  
Each additional, 75  
Six months, 20.00  
One year, 35.00  
4 columns 1st insertion, 2.50  
Each additional, 1.00  
Six months, 25.00  
One year, 40.00  
SPECIAL NOTICES 50 per cent higher than the above rates.  
Court orders, \$5 in advance.  
Yearly advertisements changed quarterly if desired. Payments quarterly in advance. Since uniting The Patriot and Times the press upon our advertising columns has been so great, we have been forced to receive but a few select advertisements, and adhere strictly to the above CASH RATES.  
Obituary notices, over five lines, charged as advertisements.

**Business Directory.**  
**Attorneys at Law.**  
Scott & Scott,  
North Elm, opposite Court House.  
Giles & Gilmer,  
North Elm, opposite Court House, (see advertisement.)  
Adams & Staples,  
Second floor, Tate building.  
Scates & Scates,  
North Room, Patrick Row, in rear of Porter & Eckle's Drug Store.  
**Apothecaries and Druggists.**  
R. W. Glenn, M.D.,  
West Market Street, McConnell building.  
Porter & Eckle,  
West Market, next courthouse, (see adv.)  
**Auctioneer.**  
Jas. R. Pearce.  
**Barbers.**  
Wilkes & Wiley,  
North Elm, opposite Court House.  
**Bankers and Insurance Agents.**  
Henry G. Kellogg,  
South Elm, Tate building, (see adv.)  
Wilson & Shaber,  
South Elm, opposite Express Office, (see adv.)  
**Boot and Shoe Makers.**  
E. Kirch Wagner,  
West Market, opposite Mansion Hotel.  
Thos. S. Hays,  
Davis st., 4 doors North Steele's corner.  
**Cigar Manufacturer.**  
A. Beckwith,  
South Elm, Caldwell block.  
**Cabinet Makers and Undertakers.**  
John A. Pritchett,  
South Elm, near Depot.  
Wm. Collier,  
Corner of Sycamore and Davis streets.  
**Contractor in Brick-work.**  
David McKnight.  
**Contractors in Wood-work.**  
J. J. Collier,  
Jas. L. Oakley,  
David Kezzy.  
**Confectioners.**  
F. DeSart,  
Tate building, corner stairs.  
J. Harper Lindley, Jr.,  
South Elm.  
**Dress-Making and Fashions.**  
Mrs. N. Moore,  
South Elm, (see adv.)  
Mrs. A. Dilworth,  
Next door to Times Office.  
**Dentists.**  
J. F. Houtlet,  
1st floor left hand, up stairs, Garrett's building.  
**Dry Goods, Grocers and Produce Dealers.**  
W. S. Moore,  
East Market, Albright's new building.  
L. H. Rountzahn,  
Corner East Market and North Elm, Lindsay corner, (see adv.)  
A. Weatherly,  
Corner East Market and Davis streets.  
W. D. Todd,  
East Market, Albright's new building.  
L. R. May,  
West Market, opposite Porter & Eckle.  
J. C. Dulaney,  
West Market, opposite Court House.  
Jas. Sloan & Sons,  
South Elm, near Depot, (see adv.)  
G. G. Yates,  
South Elm.  
Smith & Gilmer,  
Opposite Southern Hotel.  
J. D. Eline,  
East Market street.  
S. Steele,  
Corner East Market and Davis streets.  
W. F. C. Brubaker,  
Corner South Elm and Sycamore.  
Bogert & Murray,  
East Market, South Side.  
**Foundry and Machine Shop.**  
J. H. Tarpley,  
Washington st., on the Railroad.  
**Grocers and Confectioners.**  
Sturtevant & White,  
East Market, next Post Office.  
**General Emigration Office, for the West and South-West.**  
Louis Ziemer,  
Gen'l Southern Agent, B and O R. R.,  
West Market, opposite Mansion Hotel.  
**Guilford Land Agency of North-Carolina.**  
Jas. B. Greeter, Gen'l Agent,  
West Market, opposite Mansion Hotel.  
**Harness-makers.**  
J. W. S. Parler,  
East Market st., near Court House.  
James E. Thoon,  
Corner South Elm and Sycamore.  
**Hotels.**  
Southern Hotel, Scates & Black, proprietors,  
West Market, near Court House.  
Planter's Hotel, J. T. Resno, proprietors,  
East Market, near Court House.  
**Liquor Dealers.**  
Dean & Dryer, Wholesale Dealers,  
West Market st., Garrett Building.  
**Livery Stables.**  
W. J. Edmondson,  
Davis street.  
**Milinery and Lady's Goods.**  
Mrs. W. S. Moore,  
East Market, Albright's new building.  
Mrs. Sarah Adams,  
West Market, opposite Court House.  
**Music and Musical Instruments.**  
Prof. T. B. Maurice,  
South Elm, (see adv.)  
**Tailors.**  
W. L. Fowler,  
West Market, opposite Southern Hotel.  
**Tinners.**  
Jas. E. O'Sullivan,  
Corner West Market and Ashe streets.  
C. G. Yates,  
South Elm.  
**Photographers.**  
Hughes & Ayres,  
West Market, opposite Court House,  
up stairs.

**Tomb-Stones.**  
Henry G. Kellogg,  
South Elm.  
**Sign and Ornamental Painting.**  
A. W. Ingold,  
East Market, Albright's block.  
**Physicians.**  
A. S. Porter,  
West Market st., (near Times Office.)  
R. W. Glenn,  
West Market, McConnell building.  
Jas. K. Hall,  
North Elm, opposite court-house.  
J. E. Logan,  
Corner West-Market and Greene.  
**Watchmakers and Jewellers.**  
W. B. Farrar,  
South Elm, opposite Express Office.  
David Scott,  
East Market, Albright's block.  
**Guilford County Officers.**  
Sheriff, R. M. Stallard.  
Coroner, John A. Pritchett.  
Treasurer, John Hall.  
Clerk Superior Court, Abram Clapp.  
Recorder of Deeds, J. W. S. Parker.  
Surveyor, G. W. Bowman.  
Commissioners.—Wm. M. Mebane, Chairman;  
Wm. W. Wheeler, John C. Denny, Jonathan Anthony, Zephaniah Mitchell, (colored)  
J. W. S. Parker, Clerk ex-officio of the board.

**Facts for Farmers.**  
DIPHTHERIA.—In the Paris Journal des Connaissances Medicales we find an interesting paper, by Dr. Ozenam, on the treatment of diphtheria, attended with the formation of adventitious membranes. The specific he uses is bromine, which has an electric action on the pharynx, the velum pendulum and the larynx; so also has promide of potassium. Three German experimentalists—Frantz, Schmidt, and Taube,—were the first to prove that bromine introduced into the respiratory organs caused false membranes to be formed in the larynx of pigeons. From this they concluded, according to the homeopathic principle—*similia similibus curantur*—that this element would cure croup and membranous diphtheria. Dr. Ozenam took up the matter allopathically, and by experiment found that bromine first hardened the adventitious membrane, and then reduced it to dust. This led him to conclude that both the homeopathic and allopathic principles of medicine coincide in certain cases; but letting this question alone, his researches have gone further, and show that bromine destroys contagion as well as chlorine, and prevents the spreading of epidemics. This fact, of course, became a stepping-stone to using bromine as a curative medicine, and nearly all the cases treated with it have been successful.  
As a preservative from epidemic diphtheria, Dr. Ozenam administers from ten to twelve drops of bromine in the course of the day, in sugar and water, and in proportion of twenty to fifty gms. of the latter per drop. This liquid solution must be kept in the dark since light would cause the formation of hydrobromic acid.  
The vial must be kept well stopped, and its contents must be changed as soon as the light amber color has disappeared. To the patient the solution is administered in drops hourly, in a table-spoonful of sugar and water, so as to give from one to two grammes of the former in the course of twenty-four hours. In the case of croup Dr. Ozenam prescribes fumigations of bromine. A basin with hot water is placed before the patient; a large pinch of bromine of potassium, or else common kitchen salt, is thrown in, and then in the course of five minutes three tea spoonfuls of the above bromided solution are added. The patient inhales the vapor of bromine thus evolved through a glass funnel. By this means our author has cured upwards of one hundred and fifty cases of croup or diphtheria, with only five failures.  
An Ohio Farmer bets on the following:  
Large horses are generally most admired by farmers; but farmers are most admired who pony up.  
Prosperity is generally based upon knowledge and industry; the swine will always get most that nose most.  
Farmers are like fowls; neither will get full crops without industry.  
Because a man who attends a flock of sheep is a shepherd, makes it no reason that a man who keeps cows should be a coward.  
We like to see a farmer increase the growth of useful plants and shrubs around his home, but do not like to see him use rails, poles and boards to prop a gate with.  
SAUSAGE.—Housekeepers will do well to preserve the following first rate receipt for sausage:  
To every twelve pounds of meat take three table-spoons of salt, not much heaped, three table-spoons black pepper, eight table-spoons of sage, and a teaspoonful red pepper.

**USEFUL HINTS.**—New milch cows should be carded daily. They like it, and it pays.  
The potato is a great absorber of potash. Therefore wood ashes are a good manure for it.  
Put a few live fish into wells, if angle worms infest them.  
If the roots of trees are dipped into water just before planting, the earth that sticks to them will give immediate support to the small fibers.  
John Johnson says that farmers must give special attention to sheep and cattle keeping if they want to make grain growing more profitable.  
Calced plaster is as good a fertilizer as the uncalced, but it is usually wasted after its use in the arts.  
Some one says if salt is kept before a horse in the stable, he will not gnaw his manger. Trial will tell.  
Root crops, not grain, are the thing for young orchards. They do not steal so much tree food.  
Toads are capital helpers in taking care of vine patches.  
Experiments seem to prove that fence posts sets up the reverse way from which they grew, will last much the longer.  
It is difficult to tell colic from bots in a horse, but a table-spoonful of chloroform, in twice as much mucilage, is a good remedy for either.  
Rich milk is not the best for calves. A butter cow is not a good stock cow.  
TEA DRINKING.—Persons unaccustomed to drinking tea are aware of the peculiar sleeplessness which follows an indulgence in the beverage. This effect is due to an alkaloid which exists in tea, known by the name of "theine." A medical student in Boston recently tried some experiments with this substance, the result of which he describes as follows:  
"I took myself theine gr. xii., at about 2 P. M., by the mouth, and about two hours after there came on a state of great physical restlessness, and at the same time a very uneasy state of mind, which Lehmann describes in this connection, as a "mental anguish." Soon after, there was a tremulousness, most marked in my hands and arms. On attempting to write and control the muscles of the hand, the hand trembled so violently that it was impossible to write with any regularity, nor could it be restrained for more than a few seconds. My mind was also in an excessively uncomfortable and anxious state, which admitted not the slightest rest, whether I sat or lay or attempted reading. This lasted, perhaps, two hours, when there were no other phenomena, except sleeplessness, until 2 A. M., having gone to bed at 10.—Meanwhile, the mind was in a state of most active and persistent thinking, in spite of all attempts at forgetfulness."  
The same substance injected under the skin of a toad, produced death in a very short time, and the experiment came to the conclusion that theine is to all intents and purposes a poison. Still, tea-drinkers will probably say, as the tobacco chewer did, when told that tobacco was a poison, "If it be a poison, is is a very slow one."

**CORN.**—A great deal of corn is woefully wasted after all the trouble and expense of plowing, planting and harvesting. This waste is absolutely wicked, and with a trifling extra care may be easily remedied. In the first place, in husking, a vigilant look out ought to be kept that no urine, unsound ear or half made "nubbins" goes in with the pile that is to go into the crib. The pig-pen is the better place for all such material. One unsound ear may, and often does damage a whole bushel of sound corn. Next, wherever you are going to put corn to keep, put coal or gas tar about the premises pretty liberally at first. It is an utter abomination to rats and mice. They will not board in the corn crib flavored pretty strongly with gas tar. Half a dollar's worth of tar will save ten dollars worth of corn.  
The Virtue of Borax.—The washer-women of Holland and Belgium, so proverbially clean, and who get up their lincens so beautifully white, use refined borax as washing powder, instead of soda, in the proportion of a large handful of borax powder to about ten gallons of boiling water. They save in soap nearly half. All the large washing establishment adopt the same mode. For laces, for crinolines (requiring to be made stiff) a strong solution is necessary. Borax being a neutral salt, does not in the slightest degree injure the texture of the linen. Its effect is to soften the hardest water, and, therefore, it should be kept on the toilet-table. To the taste it is rather sweet; is used for cleaning the hair, is an excellent dentifrice, and in hot

countries is used, in combination with tartaric acid and bicarbonate of soda, as a cooling beverage.  
**THREE WORDS OF STRENGTH.**  
There are three lessons I would write,  
Three words as with a burning pen,  
In tracings of eternal light  
Upon the hearts of men.  
Have hope. Though clouds environ now,  
And gladness hides her face in scorn,  
Put then the shadow from thy brow,  
No night but hath its morn.  
Have faith. Where'er thy bark is driven,  
The calm's disport, the tempest's mirth,  
Know this: God rules the host of heaven,  
The inhabitant's of earth.  
Have love. And not alone for one,  
But man, as man; thy brother call;  
And scatter, like the circling sun,  
Thy charities on all.  
Thus grave the lessons on thy soul,  
Hope, Faith and Love—and thou shalt find  
Strength when life's surges cease to roll,  
Light when thou else were blind.

**THE MYSTERY OF AN OLD FORT.**  
A letter writer, in describing Fort Marion, one of the defences of Augustine, Fla., gives the following story:  
Fort Marion has an old, solemn and rather threatening warlike appearance. The outer wall, five feet thick, of the material called coquina, (ko ke na) found in great abundance on the beach, near the light-house, has quite a slant, or inclination inward, several degrees from a perpendicular. An inner wall, two and a half feet thick, standing perpendicular, keeps in position a bank of sand, some eight or ten feet thick, between the outer and inner walls. Behind these walls are arranged the casemates, strongly arched overhead, and extending all round the interior. Upon these arches and the walls, a floor of brick, stone and concrete is laid, whereon the heavy guns of the fort are placed; very few are in position now.—Within the enclosure of the fort below are piles of cannon balls and quite a number of old Spanish guns, partly eaten by rust. In 1858, while putting some heavy guns in position on the fort, an arch gave away, making a hole some five feet wide; disclosing a cell hitherto unknown to any person living. In this new and strange apartment were found one or two gun carriages, made of mahogany, finely wrought. During the excavations made by the officers, one of them accidentally discovered the appearance of a doorway that had been masoned up.—They determined to test the reality of the suggestion, and removing a few stones revealed an opening into another cell, where was found a bedstead, on which lay the skeleton of a man chained to a huge staple in the wall; beside the bed stood an open mahogany chest five feet long, two and a half feet wide, sides of plank two inches thick, mounted with huge iron strap hinges and three enormous locks. No clue has yet been found to the history of this case, or the offence of this terribly punished victim.  
A very Curious Election has been held in Chili. The people of that country have had some apprehensions that they were to be visited by an earthquake. They have had, it is said, the same premonitory signs, whatever they were, which preceded the terrible earthquake in Peru, last August.—They, therefore, deemed it advisable to elect a patron saint to intercede for them, that the apprehended calamity might be averted. The election took place on the 6th of September. The Valparaiso Mercury says the favorite candidate was Jesus Christ the "adorable Saviour of the world," who polled 10,946 votes; "the Most Holy Virgin" followed with 4,132; sundry other saints put in a poor show, polling in the aggregate 384 votes. After the election a Te Deum was sung and a sermon pronounced in celebration of the joyful event.  
Printing By Sunlight.—One of the most novel recent inventions is printing by sunlight. A company has been organized here for reproducing by photo-lithography music in a miniature form. Through this process sheet music is reproduced, notes and all, on a scale of four or five inches square and retailed at three cents "a song." The camera is destined to play an important part in the art of printing.—New York Commercial.

**Election Returns.**

COUNTIES.	Vote on Constitution.		Vote for President.	
	For.	Against.	Seymour.	Grant.
Alamance	965	1012	1055	1102
Alexander	367	501	516	351
Alleghany	229	210	284	245
Anson	988	846	1050	1002
Asher	620	614	624	620
Bertie	1224	1056	1227	1318
Bertie	1320	618	753	3517
Bladen	1270	971	1079	1372
Brunswick	754	785	698	878
Boncombe	1047	878	1090	1085
Barke	779	635	741	927
Cabarrus	832	1062	1111	940
Caldwell	384	623	617	394
Camden	474	517	530	528
Carteret	896	916	898	824
Caswell	1416	1438	1409	1957
Catawba	409	1060	1131	488
Chatham	1846	1162	1540	1765
Cherokee	588	262	423	443
Chowan	701	457	590	692
Clay	128	399	243	165
Cleveland	693	915	1037	656
Columbus	439	816	951	512
Crawlev	3101	1460	1493	3535
Cumberland	1770	1233	1680	1597
Currituck	437	87	907	416
Davidson	1705	841	835	1843
Davie	524	753	690	652
Duplin	962	1489	1580	1025
Durham	2340	1158	1479	3218
Forsythe	1179	317	727	1262
Franklin	1431	1239	1376	1431
Gaston	803	603	678	875
Gates	418	650	672	452
Granville	2514	1805	2148	2754
Greene	891	594	557	236
Groves	615	825	791	529
Halifax	3046	1317	1593	3206
Harnett	657	686	780	645
Haywood	404	407	660	412
Henderson	582	334	361	640
Hertford	805	592	714	744
Hillsborough	437	808	834	572
Iredell	844	1552	1412	950
Jackson	235	503	607	220
Johnston	1364	1008	1348	1204
Jones	594	451	422	502
Lenoir	1195	845	861	1215
Lincoln	647	608	738	625
Macon	307	521	572	323
Madison	285	505	544	325
Martin	937	920	607	740
McDowell	670	499	607	740
Mecklenburg	1705	1925	2149	1962
Mitchell	543	120	118	529
Montgomery	722	253	341	727
Moore	1093	734	884	1019
Nash	141	1045	1096	857
New Hanover	3571	2235	2344	3215
Northampton	1904	805	1045	1931
Onslow	417	724	879	417
Orange	1324	1863	1907	1453
Pasquotank	923	515	588	1047
Perquimans	870	533	580	913
Person	906	718	1054	953
Pitt	1797	1238	1559	1531
Polk	480	93	135	405
Randolph	1559	711	877	1752
Richmond	1029	675	808	1254
Robeson	1613	1259	1377	1504
Rockingham	1403	1143	1513	1463
Rowan	1162	1641	1530	1332
Rutherford	1350	457	689	1279
Sampson	1026	1180	1447	1626
Stanley	423	600	651	466
Stokes	761	449	744	783
Surry	185	614	737	818
Transylvania	148	254	232	186
Tyrell	237	395	339	195
Union	760	731	930	811
Wake	3341	2282	2353	3453
Warren	2225	944	1653	2308
Washington	320	307	348	303
Wayne	1485	1232	1487	1421
Wilkes	1445	540	820	1205
Wilson	923	891	1103	897
Yancey	283	454	435	266
Yadkin	796	654	622	840
Total	92084	74015	84181	96488

**THE SOUTHERN TRANS-CONTINENTAL RAILROAD.**—Has recently been the subject of a letter written by General Rosecrans, in view of his mission to Mexico, the northern States of which are interested in the route. The General proposes a great trunk line from El Paso, in the Valley of the Rio Grande, to a point on the Rio Colorado, where connection could be made with the Southern Pacific or San Diego and Gila City Railway, of California. On the eastern end it is suggested that three of the principal lines only—that is, the Kansas branch of the Pacific, the Memphis and New Orleans, and the Fulton and Shreveport—should ask for aid from Congress to build as far as El Paso, and that the road reaching that point first should be entitled to receive the subsidies for the trunk line. The northern States of Mexico would, it is asserted, connect with this route, and obtain all their supplies and machinery for the development of the immense mineral resources of the region.—Whig.

**RECAPITULATION.**

1st. Dist.	2nd. "	3rd. "	4th. "	5th. "	6th. "	7th. "	Rad.	Dem.
3,583	2,602	1,961	1,240	3,402	1,089	18	12,788	1,107
Rad. maj. 11,681.—Sentinel								

**The Ladies' Mount Vernon Association** have been holding their annual meeting at Mount Vernon since the 17th inst., and adjourned Friday evening. Miss Ann Parmelia Cunningham, of South Carolina, was re-elected Regent, and her report shows that the treasury has, within the past year, been replenished to a greater extent than ever before, which fact is attributable to establishment of all daily communication with Washington by the steamer Arrow. With the funds now on hand the grounds will be beautified and the property preserved.  
The bread of idleness—Loafing.