

ARREST IN RUSSIA

Bombs Thrown at Official's Carriage.

TRIAL OF MUTINEERS

Movement Said to be Increasing.

Execution of Mutineers

Periods Varying from Six to Ten Years—Sultan of Turkey Notified That He Must Afford Protection to Greeks in Bulgaria.

August 18.—Three bombs thrown today at the Governor's carriage from a third floor window on the street. Two exploded behind the carriage, damaging it but breaking the windows of the neighboring houses. The perpetrators of the bomb were seen and the bomb throwers stood, but a fourth, unexploded bomb was found.

The governor general suspended the execution of the sentence of the mutineers by arrest and it is believed that the revolutionary movement in Bulgaria is increasing.

Seven of the mutineers of the cruiser 'Amal' who mutinied August 2 were arrested in connection with the mutiny, who were condemned to a court martial, were executed today.

Other sailors were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment for periods varying from six months to five years, thirteen were drafted for military service, fifteen were sentenced to various disciplinary terms and thirty four were acquitted. Three civilians implicated in the mutiny were handed over to the authorities for trial.

Ten of the mutineers who have been on trial have been sentenced to death, fifteen were sentenced to terms of imprisonment at hard labor.

The Turkish minister has received a circular from the Porte will present to the Porte. The circular points out that the Porte is compelled by the laws of the country to protect the liberties and interests of all Greek and orthodox in Bulgaria and east Rumelia, and that the Porte already has remonstrated with the Bulgarian agent at Sofia, who reported by retaining the conduct of the Turks in Bulgaria.

Six thousand families, fearing excesses have fled from Bulgaria and taken refuge at the border, where the authorities welcomed them.

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FOLLOWS EXPLOSION

Hundred Persons Thrown Out of Employment. A fire followed a violent explosion to-day at the hat factory of Fred Cummings, Sons & Co., causing the loss of about \$300,000 and throwing out of employment a large number of persons. A fire occurred in the north part of the factory, doing a large amount of damage. Shortly after a blast in another part of the factory was discovered and extinguished with small loss. A fire of serious origin did \$30,000 worth of damage at the factory last October. A quantity of rubber found piled up and burning in the hat factory adjoining building.

White Ready-to-Wear garments will be sold for cost at Polvogt's this week.

Will Reach \$1,000,000. Auditor of Public Accounts on the Milwaukee Avenue State bank of Chicago, given to the press today estimates the total defalcations through the manipulation of the affairs of the bank by President Stensland to be \$1,000,000, and possibly more. Examination of the closing of the bank shows the consummation of a career of remarkable in the history of

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CONFEDERATE VETERANS

Meeting of Cumberland Camp, and Nomination of J. I. Metts—News and Personal Notes.

(Special to The Messenger.) Fayetteville, N. C. August 18.—Mr. Percy Thomas, long in the service of the drug firm of Messrs. Ledberry, goes to Newbern to take a position as registered drug clerk.

At a meeting of the directors of the Fayetteville State Colored Normal School, held today in the office of the chairman, Mr. H. L. Cook, all the faculty were reelected as follows: E. E. Smith, superintendent; J. G. Smith, J. F. K. Simpson and Emma J. Council, assistant superintendents; R. E. Jacob, primary teacher. Chairman Cook and Dr. H. W. Lilly were appointed a committee to select a site for a permanent building for the school.

In enlargement and new machinery Mr. E. A. Poe has recently expended about \$5,000 on his brick manufacturing works.

Mr. John A. Oats, editor and proprietor of the North Carolina Baptist, and a strong prohibitionist, will, the correspondent has strong grounds for saying, be a candidate before the Cumberland county democratic convention for the legislature.

The Southern Cotton Oil Company has this season put about \$2,000 in improvements on its extensive plant in east Fayetteville. Its cotton ginning capacity has been largely increased.

About 10 o'clock this morning, on the spur track of the Holt-Morgan cotton mills, an engine turned over catching Fireman Carlyle between it and the tender. He was badly bruised, one leg being lacerated, and one finger being so badly torn as to necessitate amputation.

On Thursday afternoon, during a heavy storm, lightning struck a hog pen on the farm of Wiley Godwin about a mile northwest of the city, killing four fine hogs.

Camp No. 852, United Confederate Veterans of Cumberland county, met at noon today, First Lieutenant Commander A. D. McGill presiding.

Col. C. W. Broadfoot, for Commander G. M. Rose, absent on business, stated that the camp was called to elect delegates to the reunion at Morehead on the 23rd inst., and such other business as might come before it; that the round-trip to Morehead would cost \$3.20, that hotel fare there would be \$1.50 per day; that Veterans who did not go to the hotel would be accommodated in camp, provided they carried their rations and a blanket. The train leaves here at 6 o'clock on the morning of Tuesday, 22nd inst. connects at Smithfield, and goes on direct to Morehead. Tickets are good until August 31st.

On motion, all Veterans present, and reporting up to 22nd inst., are appointed delegates to the reunion. On motion of Col. C. W. Broadfoot, Col. J. B. Starr was appointed head of the delegation, and all delegates will report to him. The following were especially appointed: Commander G. M. Rose, C. B. McMillan, James Kirpatrick, H. R. Horn.

Adjutant A. A. McKethan then brought up the matter of transferring the camp to another division, and also as to a successor to Gen. Julian S. Carr, whereupon J. H. Myrover offered the following resolution, which was unanimously passed.

Resolved, 1st. That Camp 852, United Confederate Veterans, tenders its thanks to Gen. Julian S. Carr for his past services as commander of the Confederate Veterans of North Carolina.

2nd. That this camp places in nomination, as the choice of the old Southern soldiers of Cumberland, at the election on the 23rd of August, that gallant soldier, Gen. J. I. Metts, of Wilmington, to succeed Gen. Carr.

Mr. H. R. Horne, chairman of the committee appointed by the camp for that purpose, reported that \$4 had been collected for a monument to the women of the Confederacy, and \$4 for the renovation of soldiers' graves on Johnson's Island—which report was adopted.

Mr. J. W. Atkinson called attention to the recent charge of Judge Peebles on lynching, as especially applicable to the old soldiers as upholders of the law, which remarks were received with marked approbation.

Mr. J. H. Currie called the attention of the adjutant to the representation of the camp in all reunions and deliberative bodies, based on its money returns of members in good standing.

THE DRUMMER MEDIUM

Has the People in Vicksburg, Michigan, Guessing How He Works His Wonders. The Wolverine Crank a paper published at Vicksburg Michigan has the following in regard to G. A. Letford, the drummer medium, who is quite well known in this city: George A. Letford, so well known as the drummer medium, spent several days at the Spiritualist Camp grounds. During his stay here he gave many interesting tests nearly all of which were recognized, some of them were so minutely correct in every detail that the most skeptic were compelled to admit that it was not fraud or deception but by some unseen force that makes these wonderful manifestations through Mr. Letford. The Campers regret very much that he could not remain here.

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HAVOC WROUGHT BY EARTHQUAKE

Five Thousand Persons Reported to Have Lost Their Lives in Valparaiso—Property Loss Very Large—Disturbances Covered a Large Area.

Fully five thousand persons, according to the latest dispatch from Santiago de Chile, lost their lives in the Valparaiso disaster. Santiago also suffered severely. Thirty people were killed there, and the property loss is placed at \$2,000,000. Except the foregoing, no estimates of the damages and casualties caused by the earthquake in Chile had been received at New York up to 11 o'clock tonight, and the above dispatch lacks confirmation. Panic reigns in both cities. The people are in the grip of fear of further shocks and are fleeing Refugees from Valparaiso are getting into Santiago, 42 miles away.

The disturbances have covered a large area. Shocks were felt in Tacna, in the extreme north of Chile. Valparaiso has been described as "nearly destroyed," while another message says half that city has become a prey to the earthquake and the flames. The loss of life and property undoubtedly was very heavy.

Telegraph communication has been established with Chile, but no messages have yet been received from Valparaiso.

The first shock occurred Thursday evening about 8 o'clock and was followed by others at intervals throughout the night. Panic prevails and the steamers were filled with hysterical, wailing and praying people. Half the inhabitants of Santiago stayed on the streets or fled to the country Thursday night. Fires followed in Santiago, but were quickly extinguished by a heavy providential downpour. Valparaiso suffered much from fire. Many people have left the two cities and the stream of refugees continues.

The disturbances are confined to the Pacific slope of the Andes, but Iniquity, the centre of the Nitrate industry, has escaped injury. The disturbance was recorded by seismographs in Washington, Honolulu, Hamburg, and Goet, Tinger.

Various firms in Europe and America with business interests in Chile have received messages announcing the safety of employees. Among the places reported to have been damaged or destroyed are Vina del Mar 12,000 people, 2 miles from Valparaiso; Quilque and Limache, of 4,000 people each both in Valparaiso Province; Quillota, 26 miles from Valparaiso; Illapel 5,000 people 130 miles northwest of Santiago; Valparaiso, 5,000 people, 300 miles north of Santiago, and other small towns.

Houses in Valparaiso and Santiago, as well as other towns in Chile are built to withstand earthquake. They are made of stone with thick walls and are seldom more than two stories high. They are therefore not very combustible as was the case in San Francisco.

VALPARAISO DESTROYED

People Panic-Stricken—Martial Law Proclaimed—All the Buildings in the City Abandoned—Shocks Still Continue.

Galveston, August 18.—Valparaiso has been wrecked by earthquake and fire and the few buildings that escaped serious damage from the quakes have either burned or are in imminent danger of being burned. The people are panic stricken and all attempts at an effort is being made to calm the Martial law has been proclaimed and an effort is being made to calm the people, but with little hope, as the earthquakes still continue up to this afternoon, five shocks being felt today, although not so frequent nor violent, but enough to keep the people in a state of terror.

The Mexican cable was in operation all day to Valparaiso, but to interior points all overhead wires are down and it will be several days before they are restored. The entire business portion of Valparaiso has been destroyed. The authorities will not permit any lights in the buildings, and at dark the cable office was closed for the night. The dead and injured are estimated at one thousand, while wild rumors place the figures at four thousand. However, owing to the lack of a systematic report, all figures are speculation.

The shocks have continued since Thursday night and five slight shocks were felt today. The shipping in the harbor escaped damage and every vessel is a haven for refugees. All buildings have been deserted. Practically nothing has been done in the way of clearing wrecks or searching for dead bodies and laborers refuse to enter the ruins because of the continued shocks. Soldiers will force the rescue work tomorrow. The cable office closed at dusk on account of the lack of lights, and because of martial law, compelling operators to keep off the streets for fear of being shot by the guards.

Buenos Ayres, August 18.—A dispatch received here by the Havas Agency says: "News of the catastrophe at Valparaiso is beginning to come in here.

Fugitives who have arrived on horse back from the stricken city describe a condition of horror. It is believed, however, that the condition of extreme panic has resulted in exaggerated statements of the occurrence. Almost all houses in Valparaiso are said to be down. The fugitives estimate the number of dead and wounded there at 10,000. Entire streets are buried in ruins. Fires which broke out immediately after the earthquake added to the terror and danger. Sixty thousand people have taken refuge on the hills surrounding the city. Lack of water prevents efforts to extinguish the flames. It is reported that the buildings of the arsenal, naval school and navy department have fallen, as well as the custom house, the hotel Royal, the offices of the Mercurio and the houses of Ross and Edwards. The Bank of Chile and the Bank Tarapacay Argentina also are in ruins.

A state of panic prevails at Valparaiso. Santiago also suffered severely and there was much loss of life. Los Andes, 18 miles east of San Felipe and having a population of 5,000 was almost totally destroyed.

Other towns on the Chilean side of the Andes wholly or partially destroyed are Quillota, with a population of 9,000; Llai-Llai 2,500; Illapel 5,000; Valparaiso 5,000, and San Felipe having 12,000. There was great loss of life at Quillota.

From Santiago to the Andes, every bridge was totally wrecked and the railway lines torn up. The shock is supposed to have been caused by the eruption of a volcano near Junin Los Andes. It is impossible to estimate the dimension of the disaster at the present moment on account of the circuitous route over which the news is received. There is no doubt, however, that the catastrophe was of large proportion.

Berlin, August 18.—The Warsaw correspondent of the Vossische Zeitung gives the following description of it: "The population is terribly distressed, and there is hardly any street traffic on account of the insecurity of life. All the hospitals are so overcrowded that patients are obliged to lie on the floors and passages. In the morgue there are still lying 38 dead who were found in the streets. It is not known how many have been buried secretly during the night by the police. It is impossible to ascertain the number of dead or wounded. Dr. Lorten Walo bandaged the wounds of 472 persons. The center of the town is quiet but it is most dangerous to enter the Jewish quarter."

Santiago, Chile, August 18.—It is reported from Valparaiso that five thousand deaths resulted from the earthquake there. Details are incomplete as there is no direct communication between Valparaiso and Santiago. In this city there were thirty deaths. The value of property destroyed will reach \$2,000,000.

TRAIN GOES INTO DITCH

The Twentieth Limited Wrecked Near Ohio State Line.

Elyria, O. August 18.—The Twentieth Century limited east bound on the Lake Shore was wrecked about a mile and a half from the station today. The train ran through a switch at the Junction of the Lake Shore with the Baltimore and Ohio tracks and jumping the track the engine and several cars went into the ditch. The engine was overturned and now rests upon its side alongside the tracks and the coaches are damaged but it is reported that the only one seriously injured was a fireman whose legs were crushed under the engine as it went over. The track is blocked and several other trains are tied up in the vicinity of the wreck.

Dr. A. H. Holton's Ointment is for sale by all druggists at 25 cents per box. Sample box 10 cents.

Charged With Criminal Assault. Augusta, Ga. August 18.—A special to the Chronicle from McCormick S. C. says Deputy Harlow today brought back a negro by the name of Jack Samuels charged with criminal assault on a negro girl. The negroes of the community are incensed and declare they intend to kill Samuels. They are moving about the streets armed. The white people are holding aloof.

Street Railway Boycotted.

Macon, Ga., August 18.—The Central Labor Union of Macon, having placed the Macon Railway and Light company on the unfair list, all union men of the city are walking, some of them going and returning to their homes miles, on foot. The strikers are walking the streets and holding outdoor meetings and denouncing the street car company. It is announced that several cars have been knocked off the tracks by obstacles, but no serious injuries are reported. Serious trouble is anticipated.

All White Ready-to-Wear garments will be sold for cost at Polvogt's this week.

BUCKHORN FALLS POWER CO.

Receivers Recommend That the Plant be Sold.

(Special to The Messenger.) Raleigh, N. C., August 18.—At the continuation today of the hearing in the matter of the Buckhorn Falls Power company, before Judge Purnell, there was a statement by the stockholders' attorneys, who are resisting the recommendation of receivers that the plant could be completed to begin operations for eleven thousand dollars. The judge held the matter over until next Tuesday, when he will settle the question. Receivers say it will cost at least \$60,000 to put plant in operation and \$100,000 to entirely complete it.

N. C. POLICY HOLDERS

Important Meeting Will be Held September 12th.

(Special to The Messenger.) Raleigh, N. C., August 18.—State Insurance Commissioner Young today issued a second notice to North Carolina policy holders of the Mutual Life and New York Life insurance companies in which he says their meeting called by him at Raleigh on the 12th is very important, the amount of insurance being \$21,000,000. The amount in the two companies is over three as great as the state debt. He advises them not to send any proxies to any one in New York to be voted, but to await the meeting here which will arrange for voting as a unit.

PREPARING FOR CAMPAIGN

Hackett and State Chairman Simmons Confer—The Striking Carpenters.

(Special to The Messenger.) Raleigh, N. C., August 18.—Richard N. Hackett, the democratic congressional nominee, for the eighth district, is here today to confer with state Chairman Simmons, who has now regularly opened headquarters. Hackett is thoroughly organizing his plan of campaign and speaks with entire confidence of his prospects.

The American Federation of Labor has sent money here to aid striking carpenters, twenty of whom will go to Virginia next week. Labor Organizers Griffin, of Indianapolis, has been here ever since the strike began.

BASEBALL

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

At Atlanta 0; Montgomery 0. (Ten innings) called to allow team to catch train. At Birmingham 0; Nashville 1. At New Orleans 1; Memphis 0. Second: New Orleans 7; Memphis 0. At Little Rock 1; Shreveport 2. Second: Little Rock 6; Shreveport 15. (called after seventh inning account darkness.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Washington 2; Cleveland 4. At Philadelphia 4; St. Louis 9. At Boston 8; Detroit 4. At New York 0; Chicago 10.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At St. Louis 2; Philadelphia 11. At Chicago 6; New York 2. At Cincinnati 2; Boston 6. At Pittsburg 7; Brooklyn 2.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

At Jacksonville 9; Charleston 1. Second game Jacksonville 1; Charleston 2. At Macon 0 Columbia 1. At Augusta 1; Savannah 2.

VIRGINIA STATE LEAGUE.

At Norfolk 3; Portsmouth 3. (Ten innings), darkness. At Richmond: First game postponed rain. Second Richmond 4 Danville 2 (Ten innings). At Roanoke 1; Lynchburg 0. Second Roanoke 5; Lynchburg 2.

TRAIN AND AUTO COLLIDE

Three Persons Killed and Another Fatally Hurt.

Asbury Park, N. J., August 18.—Three automobilists were killed and another fatally injured at Allaire Crossing on the Pennsylvania railroad, near here tonight when an express train crashed into the automobile of J. George Laffargue, a piano manufacturer of New York. Mr. Laffargue, his wife and Mrs. Charles Lurch were instantly killed. Mr. Lurch, the only other occupant of the car was unconscious when picked up and is in a precarious condition. Mr. Laffargue handled the car himself and as the party approached the crossing the car was going at a good speed. As it swept upon the tracks a train crashed into it and the occupants were thrown high into the air. The car was hurled thirty feet and wrecked against the Allaire station. When assistance arrived Mr. and Mrs. Laffargue and Mrs. Lurch were dead and Mr. Lurch barely alive. No hope of his recovery is held out.

Eagles Will Meet in Norfolk.

Milwaukee, Wis., August 18.—At the closing session of the Grand Aire of Eagles, it was decided to hold the next Grand Session in Norfolk, Va., at a date to be selected by the incoming administration. The convention adjourned after installing of the new officers.

A FLURRY IN STOCKS

Wild Trading in Union Pacific and Southern Pacific.

HIGH PRICES MAINTAINED

Rate of Activity Equal to Boom Days of April, 1901.

Pennsylvania Reading, Amalgamated Copper and United States Steel Were Also Among the Stocks Enormously Dealt in—Field Day for Room Traders—Operations Difficult to Follow Except by Those on Floor of the Stock Exchange—Bank Statement Had Decided Effect on the Market.

New York, August 18.—The stock market continued today under the electrifying influence of the increased dividends on Union Pacific and Southern Pacific announced yesterday. A large preponderance of the enormous dealings were in these two stocks but the organized speculation shifted during the day to Pennsylvania, Reading and Amalgamated Copper. There were huge transactions also in United States Steel. Those stocks show a large proportion of the total sales of the day which ran at the rate of activity equal to the boom days of April 1901. The trading in the Pacific was wild and brokers in these stocks apparently had orders to buy unlimited amounts at the prices asked by sellers, which over these might be. The result was opening in Union Pacific all the way from 181 1/2 to 185. The spread in Southern Pacific was from 89 yesterday top prices to 91. It was a field day for the room traders and operations were difficult to follow except by those on the floor of the stock exchange. The operations by the room element were on a practically unlimited scale. Their quick profit-taking at frequent intervals kept prices fluctuating constantly. But the buying demand was kept reinforced and the uplift of prices continued. The movement to take profits became most pronounced after the appearance of the bank statement. A loss of over \$3,000,000, in cash indicated a heavier movement to the interior than had been promised by the preliminary estimates of the bank themselves. In spite of the scaling down of loans of over \$5,000,000, which served to relieve reserve requirements, the surplus was cut into the extent of \$1,170,025. The movement of currency to the interior is not expected to fall off and the speculative activity in the stock market which sprang up yesterday, must make additional requirement on the credits of banks. The active demand was continued until the closing and while prices at some point showed the effect of the profit-taking at that time, there were buoyant advances at others. Total sales bonds par value \$1,960,000.

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FUGITIVE BANK WRECKER

Man Supposed to be Paul O. Stensland Being Shadowed by Detectives.

Spokane, Wash., August 18.—Shadowed by detectives, a nervous middle aged man left Boundary, by stage this morning to go into the mountain mining camps, upholding his statement that he was a Mr. Montgomery, a mining man from Los Angeles. By officials here he is believed to be Paul O. Stensland, the fugitive president of the Milwaukee avenue State Bank, of Chicago. "Montgomery" arrived at Midway, B. C. this week accompanied by a brunette about 25 years of age, whom he introduced as his wife. He was a stout man, middle aged, a trifle gray and somewhat nervous. Comparisons of the pictures of Stensland and the woman who is believed to be with the banker, strengthened the belief that "Montgomery" was the fugitive president. A message was sent to the Chicago authorities asking a detailed description of the banker, and if this corresponds the Midway police expect to take "Montgomery" into custody. The Canadian authorities decided they would not be justified in arresting "Montgomery" and when he left for the hills today they let him proceed. The chief of police of Midway states that the officers are still shadowing him, however, and can capture him if he is the man wanted.

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