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# The Wilmington Messenger

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### TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

Spain has appointed a new Minister to the United States.—Mr. Gladstone expresses his opinion on our new tariff law and its effects upon British and American foreign trade.—Congressional candidates were nominated in the Sixteenth Pennsylvania district yesterday.—Two witnesses in the Irish conspiracy case were sent to jail for refusing to answer questions.—The Supreme court of South Dakota declares the recent election in Hughes county illegal.—Minister Lincoln leaves England for home on a leave of absence.—Quiet has been restored in Canton Fribourg.—Diphtheria is introduced into a house in Wisconsin by a stray cat and three of the family die of the disease.—Fresh sailors refuse to work on a steamer carrying cattle of boycotted men.—By agreement of all parties the Cincinnati injunction suit is to be taken to the Supreme court at once for final decision.—Mr. Balfour has pushed forward the arrangements for railroad building in western Ireland.—The proprietor and editor of the "North American" was bound over to court yesterday in the sum of \$1,500 in the Pattison libel case.—The President expects to leave Washington on Sunday to go home to vote.—The New South Wales strikers have determined to continue the struggle. There was rioting among the men at Adelaide yesterday.—Those in authority positively deny the rumors that the Brice-Thomas syndicate have gained control of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern and of the Richmond and Danville railroads.—The Circuit court has declared the Chicago gas trust to be illegal.—The Dutch Parliament yesterday declared the King of Holland incapable, by reason of falling health, of ruling.—The Edwards County bank of Kinsley, Kan., closed its doors yesterday.—The Mutual Fire Insurance company of Chicago makes an assignment.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Stanley sailed for New York from Liverpool yesterday.—The Mexican Government has placed a tariff duty of \$500 a car on American cattle.—The principle leaf tobacco dealers of Louisville and Cincinnati have united in one grand corporation.—The treasurer of a temperance society defaults and commits suicide.—A suit has been begun to test the Speaker Reed's decisions.—A company has been formed to fight the Standard Oil company.—The trouble in the telegraph office at St. Louis is over and the operators have all returned to work.—Minister Douglass will probably not return to Hayti.—The Portuguese minister to the Court of St. James has been recalled.—Thomas Woolfolk was hanged at Perry, Ga., yesterday for the murder of all the members of his father's family, one in number.

### PISTOL-GRAPHS.

The crisis in South Carolina continues. Democrats of North Carolina are you trying to serve your State? Silver continues to tumble. The dollar is worth but 81 cents. The Concord daily Standard has completed its first half-year. It is a neat and newsy little paper and we wish it great success. "H. McG." gives a graphic account in the Lumberton Robesonian of his hearing of the music and preaching at the Sam Jones meeting in this city. One of the brightest and best dailies yet published in North Carolina is the Durham Globe under the new management. It is very bright and full of brains and culture. The registration at Raleigh, Charlotte and other points show a great falling off in the registration of the negroes. Peg-leg Williams certainly took away many Radical voters. Dr. O. W. Holmes has concluded his pleasant "Over the Teacups" series in the Atlantic. It will now go into a book. He is passed his 81st year. A green and graceful old age. A great bridge across the Mississippi at Memphis is being constructed. The bluff on the Memphis side is very high while on the Arkansas side it is low and swampy. It will be of iron. The assessed value of property in the South shows an increase in ten years of \$1,673,000,000, or some 80 per cent. Is not that progress? It is the South that Radicalism is trying to blast by bad and oppressive laws. Mr. Mewborne is now the Democratic nominee for the U. S. House in the Second District. The Congressional Committee have now put him in nomination. Now go to work and elect. An earnest, determined, united effort can probably do it. Mrs. Joe Person, of this State, is making quite a name as a pianist in Texas. She created a sensation at the State Fair. A Dallas paper says: "Mrs. Person held audiences spell-bound yesterday, and as long as she remained at the piano thousands congregated to hear her play." In fourteen years the improvement in Wilmington is most striking as well as important. The number of private dwellings of a handsome and tasteful and of a roomy and convenient kind that have been erected will astonish the absent ones on their return. There are the fine hotel, many new stores, warehouses, shops, etc., that show progress and push.

### SHORT OF FUNDS.

CLERKS TRYING TO RAISE MONEY FOR THE CAMPAIGN. Clerks in the Revenue Office Assailed.—Some Refuse to Pay—Working Hard to Defeat Senator Vance.—Johnston County Democracy all Right—Francis Murphy Probably to Lecture in this State. MESSENGER BUREAU, RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 29.—Governor Fowle left for Weldon this morning, in order to formally open the fair. Not many Raleigh people went. Mention was made just after the Republican State convention that Collector E. A. White of this district had the pleasure of paying out some \$400 for "expenses." It is now learned that Mott and Eaves sent word to the delegates to come here, by all means, and that their expenses would be paid. They come, but things did not go Mott's way and so they got nothing from him. They did not get anything from Eaves either, and were referred to White, who thereupon footed the bills. He will not get caught that way again. David Flowers is the revenue officer who has brought suit for damages, for alleged libel, against the State Chronicle. The Republicans are moving heaven and earth to beat Vance. They are now saying that the Democrats themselves will beat him. This is the burden of their talk. The Republicans have sought in every way to get hold of campaign funds. Eaves, in plain violation of the civil service law, sent out circulars, making assessments on clerks in the revenue office here. A few paid, but others refused to contribute a cent. Many attribute the failure to pay to the way in which Collector White, who is a very generous man, was treated in the matter above referred to. A Republican told me to-day that his people had succeeded in obtaining only about a thousand dollars from contributions, barely enough to pay for their tickets and to meet other little expenses of their committee. News came to-day to Chairman Smith from Johnston county, that it pledged 1,500 majority to the Democrats. A letter says: "The registration is the biggest ever known and every man is carrying a rabbit's foot." Many people will remember Professor G. W. Millman, who used to teach penmanship here. He is now in trouble, it was learned to-day, and is charged with the theft of diamonds valued at \$2,000, from some town in Pennsylvania. He is also wanted at other places. Three convicts were brought to the penitentiary to-day from Forsyth and four from Washington. There is a strong probability that the railway from Petersburg to Ridgeway will speedily be built. Negotiations are in progress to secure the presence here, and in fact at several points in this State, of Francis Murphy, the famous temperance orator and advocate. The Progressive Farmer says editorially that the legislative candidates who are not in favor of a railway commission will certainly be beaten. It declares that a commission is a certainty; that nine-tenths of the people demand it and will have it. It says if any of them (the candidates) will say they oppose a commission their defeat is certain. Of the nominees for the Senate and House in Wake all the Democrats have signed the Alliance "demands." Only one Republican has done so. This leaves out D. P. Meacham for the Senate, L. M. Green, T. R. Purrell and C. W. Horner (colored) for the House. Of course the Alliance will go against them.

### Diphtheria Caught From a Cat.

DODDVILLE, Wis., Oct. 29.—The family of Robert Paul, at Middleton have been afflicted by diphtheria which was brought into the house in a singular manner. About four weeks ago a stray cat came to this home and one of the children handled and played with it. Although it was noticed at the time that it discharged at the nose and mouth, nothing was thought of it until soon after when a little boy was taken down with black diphtheria, one of the most malignant kind, that the doctor said he had caught from the cat. The boy died, then the second took the disease and died. The father, mother and a daughter were also stricken down and recovered. Allan, the only remaining son and support of his parents, cared for them all through their terrible sickness, holding one of the boys when dying and preparing them for their last resting place with his own hands. When the others were recovering he was taken down and died.

### The Cincinnati Injunction Suit.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 29.—The parties to the injunction suit against Mayor Mosby to prevent him from appointing members of the newly created board of city officers have agreed to take the case at once to the Supreme court for final settlement. The petition was, therefore, dismissed by the Superior court and it will be heard by the Supreme court as soon as possible. Meantime, it is understood that the mayor's appointees, who have been selected, will not present their bonds for approval nor attempt to execute their functions as officers.

### An Election Declared Illegal.

HURON, S. D., Oct. 29.—The Supreme court has rendered an opinion that the action of the Commissioners of Hughes county, in attaching to that county unorganized counties in the Sioux reservation for election purposes, is in violation of the election law and therefore illegal.

### FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

The President to go Home to Vote.—Secretary Blaine Does Not Want Minister Douglass to Return to Hayti. WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—President Harrison expects to go home to vote if no unforeseen obstacle to his leaving Washington at that time turns up between now and Sunday. Secretary Windom to-day appointed J. K. Moore, of St. Paul, Minn., to be chief of the appointment division of the Treasury Department, to succeed T. B. Hyman, resigned. Moore was for many years editor and proprietor of the Tribune of St. Peter, Minn., and recently was private Secretary to Governor McGill, of Minnesota. WASHINGTON CITY, Oct. 29.—Minister Douglass still lingers in Washington, and it is understood he is not likely to return to Hayti at all. He was all ready to return a couple of weeks ago, when the State Department asked him to remain in Washington a few weeks longer, and Admiral Bancroft Gherardi, commanding the North Atlantic station, was sent for and left his flagship, the Philadelphia, at New York and came to Washington. He remained here a week and had prolonged conferences with Secretary Blaine almost every day. These conferences were confined to Haytian matters, and the situation on the island was fully discussed. It is understood as a result of these conferences and information gathered from other sources that Mr. Blaine has concluded it would not be for the best interests of this country to have Mr. Douglass return.

### To Fight the Standard Oil Company.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 29.—A special from Lima, Ohio, says: The independent combine of oil interests in the upper field, as related in the Finalday special to-day, strikes the producers of the lower Ohio field like a ray of sunshine, and has been the absorbing topic of the day. Already steps are taken by the independent companies here to join the consolidation, as it is the only way to get out of the Standard's monopolistic grasp. It is very likely the Geyser Oil company, the Manhattan, the Shawnee, the Niagara, the Delaware, Hoover Bros., Spear, Apple & Co., Mallory, Rathbone & Treat, the East Consolidating Refining company and others, who control large acreage of good territory, will join the combine. The Geyser, Manhattan, Shawnee, Delaware and the Eagle Refining companies are operating their own pipe lines, tank cars and have large storage capacity, which places them in good shape to join the independent movement at once. A meeting will be held to-morrow to further the matter.

### Mexico's Retaliatory Tariff.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 29.—There is considerable excitement to-day among Kansas City stock men relating to advice received from Mexico to the effect that that country has placed a duty of \$500 per car on American cattle. If the advice are true, and they come from reliable source, this practically ruins all livestock trade between this country and Mexico. The act of the Mexican Government is purely retaliatory and was precipitated by the fear the Mexicans have of the McKinley bill. Many cars of American cattle are now at the Mexican borders. About 500 bushels of grain have to be sent with every train load of live stock shipped from this city to Mexico and the Government will not even permit this to go through unless the duty of 30 cents per bushel is paid. It has been rumored among the stock men of this city for the past three or four days that the Mexican Government was contemplating a move of this kind, but there was thought to be nothing in it until the dispatches were received from agents there to-day apparently confirming the reports.

### Contesting Speaker Reed's Rulings.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Proceedings were begun to-day in the United States court which are calculated to call forth from the bench a legal opinion of the legality of Speaker Reed's rulings on the subject of the quorums. They are brought by the importing firm of Ballin, Joseph & Co., and involve the legality of the imposition of duties at the rate of 35 cents a pound and 35 per cent ad valorem on a consignment of cloth which arrived in this port on July 10 by the steamer City of Richmond. It is set forth in the papers that the McKinley administration act classifying worsted cloths as woolens is of no force, as it was never passed according to law, there being no quorum in Congress when it was said to have been passed. Judge Lacombe granted an order requiring the appraisers of the port and the other Government officials to file in court all the documents upon which they base their action in enforcing the duty complained of by the petitioners.

### Nominating Congressional Candidates.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Oct. 29.—The Republican Congressional conference of the Sixteenth district, after balloting five weeks, early this morning succeeded in nominating A. C. Hopkins, of Lockhaven, Clinton county, a prominent lumber man. The Democratic Congressional conference met here this morning immediately after the close of the Republican conference and nominated Mortimer F. Elliott, of Tioga county, who was Congressman at large in 1882. Shot by an Unknown Man. MIDDLEBOROUGH, Ky., Oct. 9.—Norris Watts, son of Edward Hanby Watts, of London, Eng., a rich capitalist and one of the syndicate which is building a large iron and steel plant in this city, was shot through the groin at a late hour this afternoon by an unknown party, while hunting in the woods near Cumberland Gap, Tenn. Watts is not expected to live.

### WOOLFOLK-HANGED

#### FOR THE MURDER OF NINE MEMBERS OF HIS FAMILY.

An Account of His Crime—Father, Step-Mother, Brother and Sisters Butchered in a Most Horrible Manner—The Infant Even Not Spared—Fraying on the Scaffold and Declaring His Innocence. PERRY, Ga., Oct. 29.—Thomas G. Woolfolk was hanged at 1:30 o'clock to-day for a wholesale butchery which he committed in the summer of 1887. On the morning of August 6th in that year nine corpses, bespattered with blood and brains, were found lying in a house about thirteen miles from Macon. In the hallway, red with blood and clotted with brains, and hair, lay a short-handled axe, with which the fearful crime had been accomplished. The scene of the butchery was a humble one-story building, with a long veranda in front and a hallway running through the centre, into which opened four rooms. The house was the residence of Richard F. Woolfolk, a respectable and well-to-do white planter. On the right, on entering, was a parlor, in the rear of which was a sleeping room, which was occupied by Mrs. West, an aged sister of Mrs. Woolfolk, and Pearl, aged 17 years; Annie, aged 10 years, and Rosebud Woolfolk, aged 7 years, daughters of Mrs. Woolfolk. The sleeping room on the left of the entrance was occupied by Thomas G. Richard and Charles Woolfolk, the last two aged respectively 20 and 5 years, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Woolfolk. The rear room on the left was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Woolfolk and the youngest child, aged 18 months. In the last named room the father, mother and infant lay on the same bed, each reeking with the blood and brains of the other. The bodies were almost lying across each other, and their position gave evidence of agonizing death. Across the three corpses was slung that of the eldest daughter, Pearl, a recent graduate of the Wesleyan Female college, with her head beaten to a pulp and her neck and body mutilated by blows from the sharp blade of the axe. On the floor, in the same mangled state, lay the body of Richard, the eldest brother. It was evident that Pearl and her brother had been awakened by cries during the butchery of their parents, and had rushed into the room only to share their fate. On the bed in the opposite room lay the body of Mrs. West, soaked in her own blood and her brains oozing from her head, which, like that of the victims in the other room, was crushed into a shapeless mass. On the same bed lay the body of Annie Woolfolk, with her head cloven in twain. On the floor, in an attitude of supplication, lay the body of Rosebud Woolfolk, with the left side of her head and face so mangled as to make recognition almost impossible.

In the room where the three brothers had slept Charles, the youngest brother and ninth victim, lay dead from a blow of the axe. Pearl's bed was without sheets, Annie pulled off one in her struggles. Pearl's clothes were scattered by or a chair on which she had placed them on retiring, evidencing a struggle. In the hall between Pearl's room and the parlor was a pool of blood, and there were splashes on the wall several feet above the floor. The theory of this pool was that Pearl and the murderer struggled from her room to the hall, when the killing of her was effected just outside her door, and that then the assassin carried her body into the room of her parents and threw it across the bed. The ceilings and walls of the rooms were bespattered with blood and brains, while here and there a piece of flesh which had been flung from the uplifted axe clung to the walls and wainscoting. The bedding was soaked with the crimson life-blood, and on the floor great pools had formed. The doorman slept well last night from 10 o'clock until 4. He got up at 8 and had a long interview with a party of newspaper men with whom he conversed for half an hour, laughing and exchanging jokes and being seemingly absolutely undisturbed by his approaching death. After the departure of his visitors he bathed and shaved and put on a new suit of clothes. He was then visited by several of his relatives whom he bade farewell without betraying any emotion. Later he was closeted with his spiritual advisers, to whom he professed his belief in his salvation and his perfect hopes for a future life, telling the ministers that he hoped to meet them in Heaven. For several hours thereafter Woolfolk was left alone and devoted the time to meditation and prayer. About 10 o'clock he was conveyed under escort of a local military to the gallows, which had been built in a little valley in the outskirts of the town. Seven or eight thousand people swarmed the hill sides around to watch the execution. On the gallows Woolfolk was cool and composed. After the ministers had prayed he himself prayed fervently, declaring his innocence in his invocation. A written statement, signed by Woolfolk, was read in which he gave it as his dying declaration that he was innocent of the crime for which he was being executed. At 1:30 o'clock the drop fell. The fall failed to break his neck and death resulted from strangulation, his pulse continuing to beat for eleven minutes after the fall. Twenty-five minutes later the body was cut down.

### Failure of an Insurance Company.

CHICAGO, Oct. 29.—The Mutual Fire Insurance company made an assignment yesterday to T. G. Hislop. Its liabilities are said to be \$57,500 and \$25,000 of contested claims against the company; its assets are set down at \$187,000, \$150,000 of this amount being in premium notes and the balance consisting of accounts receivable, notes and mortgages.

### THE THURMAN BANQUET.

#### Distinguished Men Who Will be Present to Do Honor to the "Old Roman."—Senator Vance Among the Number.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 29.—The several committees having in charge the preliminary arrangements for the Thurman anniversary banquet November 13th, are busily engaged, but only a general programme has as yet been prepared. The preparations contemplate an attendance of 1,000. The invitations have about all been sent out. Favorable responses have been received from ex-President Cleveland, Senator Carlisle and Governor Buckner, of Kentucky, Don M. Dickinson, of Detroit, and Thomas Ewing, of New York. The invitation list includes Senators, members of Congress and prominent newspaper men from all parts of the country. The committee has received information that Democratic clubs at Indianapolis, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Wheeling, Detroit, Cleveland and other points will send prominent representatives. Advice has been received that Senators Vance, of North Carolina, and Barber, of Virginia, Congressman Remick, of Texas, and A. K. McClure, of Philadelphia, will be present if they can possibly arrange to do so. The occasion will be national in character. Judge Thurman, who will be 77 years old on the anniversary, has written a number of private letters to prominent Democratic friends in different parts of the country, soliciting their presence. Mr. Cleveland will respond to the toast, "Citizenship in America," and it is expected to make all the toasts on the programme as nearly notable as possible. Many Republicans are purchasing tickets to the banquet.

### Railroad Rumors Contradicted.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—Gen. Samuel Thomas was seen this morning about the reported deal whereby the Brice-Thomas syndicate secured control of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern system. He characterized the whole story as a "fake," saying that the first he heard of any such action was when he saw the report in a morning paper. Then he had to look on the railroad to find the line in question as he did not even know where it was located. At the office of the Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern railroad it was stated by officers that the first intimation of any such movement they had, was the dispatch from Cincinnati published in a morning paper. It was rumored on the "street" in this city this morning that the Richmond and Danville road was also taken into the Baltimore and Ohio combine by the Brice-Thomas syndicate. John H. Inman was asked about this and positively denied that such was the case in any particular.

### A Gigantic Tobacco Corporation.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 29.—Incorporation papers for a tobacco company which embraces nearly all leading warehouses in this city and Cincinnati, and of which much has already been published, were filed to-day. Its business embraces storing and selling leaf tobacco and everything that usually belongs to warehousing. The capital stock is \$1,000,000, one half preferred. The preferred stock is to have dividends of 8 per cent per annum out of the earnings, but nothing more. The corporation may issue \$1,000,000 in bonds. The principal places of business are Louisville and Cincinnati, and the directory, which holds till January, includes the best warehousemen in the two cities. It is claimed by the incorporators that the organization will be of great benefit to tobacco growers. There will be fewer agents, and the agents pay, they assert, comes finally from the grower. The organization will control nine-tenths of the leaf tobacco trade in this region.

### Telegraph Operators Return to Work.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 29.—The trouble which has existed here for the past few days between the Western Union Telegraph operators, who were or are members of the newly organized Brotherhood of Telegraphers and the Western Union Telegraph company has been amicably settled. The members of the St. Louis Lodge held a meeting to-day and it is officially announced that preliminary steps were taken to dissolve the local lodge. The lodge will be disbanded as soon as regular forms necessary for such action can be gone through. This removed all local cause for contention between the two parties and telegraph officials have re-stated, not only the operators who voluntarily left their instruments and walked out of the office, but those who were discharged. At least outward harmony is restored and the ripple of excitement which disturbed the troubled waters has subsided.

### A Prominent Octogenarian Dead.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 29.—Briggs Swift, an octogenarian, noted pork packer and pork merchant and during his life a bank director, and president in various Cincinnati banks, a man identified with business in Cincinnati for more than half a century and a millionaire, died at his country residence a few miles north of the city last night. Another Libel Defendant Under Bond. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 29.—At the hearing this afternoon before Magistrate O'Brien in the libel case of ex-Governor Pattison against Clayton McMichael, proprietor and editor of the North American, McMichael waived a hearing and was held in \$1,500 bail to answer at court.

### A Bank Failure.

KINSEY, Kan., Oct. 29.—The Edwards County bank of this city failed yesterday. Its assets are said to exceed its liabilities by a large amount and the depositors will doubtless receive their claims in full. No statement of assets and liabilities has been prepared.

### LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

#### MR. GLADSTONE SHOWS UP THE EFFECTS OF OUR TARIFF LAW.

A New Spanish Minister to Washington City—Irish Witnesses Impelled for Refusing to Testify—Hastening Arrangements for Building Railroads in Ireland.—Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Sail for America. LONDON, Oct. 29.—Mr. Gladstone arrived at Dundee to-day and was presented with the freedom of the city, in accepting the honor he made an address in which he referred to the commerce of the city, which, it was said, was threatened by the adoption of the new tariff bill by the American Congress. He would not, however, he said, bring a railing accusation against the people of the United States. Protection, although it might inflict incidental collateral blows in other countries, did far greater mischief to the people of the country which adopted such policy. He then proceeded to contrast the decrease in tariff in England with the increase in tariff in the United States and said he found comfort for England in the fact that it was not true that any tariff adopted by any country on the earth could interfere seriously with the prosperity of Great Britain. The first effect of the McKinley bill would be to raise the standard of prices in the United States. This meant diminished power of exportation. This again meant that while we were damaged in one of our twenty markets we derived benefit in the other nineteen from the diminished power of merchants of the United States to compete with British merchants in any one of them, this being due to augmentation of prices in the United States and increased restraints under which the merchants of the latter country have to work. He advised the manufacturers to allow America to find out for herself the evil effects that will follow high tariff.

#### DUBLIN, Oct. 29.—Mr. Balfour has pushed forward the arrangements for the construction of railways in the distressed districts in the west of Ireland. The work of building the roads will furnish employment to a host of laborers besides those living in the districts through which the roads will be built. Men coming from a distance can, if they desire, have part of their wages remitted free of charge to their families.

#### CORK, Oct. 29.—The sailors employed on the steamship Finbarr declined to work yesterday if the consignments of cattle belonging to owners who are boycotted were carried on the steamer. The men held out in their determination, and rather than provoke an open conflict, the steamship company to-day forwarded the cattle to their destination by rail themselves paying the freight charges of the railway. Notwithstanding this action the union will see the steamship company for refusing to ship cattle on their steamer yesterday.

#### TIPPERARY, Oct. 29.—Among the witnesses called to-day to give evidence for the prosecution in the conspiracy case were Simon Gienason and Alice Sadder. When questioned by the counsel for the Crown each of the witnesses refused to answer. The court directed them to answer the questions, but they still persisted in the refusal. The magistrates thereupon committed them to jail until Friday.

#### SYDNEY, N. S. W., Oct. 29.—Three thousand strikers at a meeting to-day declared in favor of continuing their struggle. The miners of New Castle have delayed resuming work. There was rioting in Adelaide to-day caused by unionists molesting non-union men.

#### THE HAGUE, Oct. 29.—The Dutch Parliament, by a vote of 109 to 5 to-day declared the King incapable of governing by reason of falling health. The Council of State has temporarily been invested with regal powers.

#### BERNE, Oct. 29.—Quiet has been restored at Fribourg, capital of the Canton of the same name, the scene yesterday of conflicts between Radicals and Conservatives growing out of the Cantonal elections held last Sunday.

#### MADRID, Oct. 29.—An official gazette to-day announces the appointment of Senor Miguel Suarez Ganeza, now Spanish consul general at New York, to be Spanish Minister to the United States in place of Senor Marasga, who recently resigned.

#### LONDON, Oct. 29.—Robert Lincoln, United States Minister, left London to-day for Liverpool where he will embark for New York, having been granted leave of absence by his Government. He will return to England in January to resume the duties of his office. A large number of his friends gathered at Euston Station to bid him farewell. Among them were the new American Consul General at London, Lieut. W. H. Emory, naval attaché of the American legation, S. Dana Horton and Col. Thomas Ochiltree.

#### LISBON, Oct. 29.—Letters of recall have been sent to Senhor Freitas, the Portuguese Minister to England. Lord Salisbury, in an interview with the Portuguese Charge d' Affaires in London, showed a disposition to negotiate a fresh treaty with Portugal with reference to Southeast Africa. A modus vivendi during the negotiations is under discussion.

#### ATHENS, Oct. 29.—The ministry of Greece has resigned, and a new cabinet is being formed.

#### BERNE, Oct. 29.—The Bundesrath has declined to interfere to settle the disputes between the political parties in Fribourg, the Cantonal Government having undertaken to maintain order.

#### LONDON, Oct. 28.—Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Stanley sailed on the Tuetonic from Liverpool to-day for New York.

#### The Junior Reform Club of Liverpool gave a parting luncheon to-day to T. P. O'Connor.