TO ADVERTISERS:

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ENTABLISHED 1867.

WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1890.

PALEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

The Landon "Times" publishes an interview with Henry M. Stanly on Mr. Troupe's report. - lauxilian authorities make a decision on he foot-lana lottery question. An order has been is used to the Russian police to strictis enforce the anti-Jewish law. - The King of Holland is in good condition physically, but his mind is greatly disorded .- Russian emigrants have been fired upon by the Russian frontier goard and several killed, --- Conducfor Messimer has been bound over to court as the cause of the fatal railroad accident at Pott-lam, N. Y., last week .--- A strike of all the soal miners of Indiana is proposed. --- An attempt was made to wreck a passenger train in Chicago yesterday .--- A Russian who has bech in excle in Siberia for fourteen years has escaped and arrived in London .- A Marine collision of cars near New York in which a steamer and a schooner are sunk. Sixty-two persons were drowned .--- A negro at Pittsburg catches hold of an electric light wire and is silled instantly. -- A negro was lynched in Georgia Thursday night for an assault upon a roung lady .--- Another fatal railroad accident occurs in the tunnel near Somerset on the Cincianati Southern road .--- Leopold, Bros. & Co., manufacturers of and wholesale dealers in clothing at Chicago failed yesterday with liablitties at about \$225,000, fully covered by ass is. - The Supreme court of Ohio has refused a writ of error to the Superior court in the inanction suit against the mayor of Cincinnati, Dun & Co.'s weekly report shows reaction in trade in some localities, but in most cities it is rems kably large; business at the South is the last month have been unusually heavy .-A will of mandamus to compel the sheriff to let detectives and reporters interview one of the Hennessey prisoners was denied yesterday at New Orleans, -- The new board of officers was swere in at Cincionati yesterday on receipt of the news of the Supreme court decision .-

welcomed by the officials of Galway yesterday, PISTOL-GRAPHS,

Eleven German life boat men were drowned

vester by while trying to save the crew of a

wreated British vessel. --- Mr. Balfour was

The Rads are fat-frying to an enor-

Democrats should vote for Democrats and don't you forget it.

It is said that London increases at an annual rate of 17,000 houses.

The campaign workers ought to make it so hot that it will fairly siz.

Senator Corman, a shrewd machine politician, is reported as hopeful of a Democratic majority in the next House.

Chairman Brice is reported as confident of Democratic success in Ohio; but what does he know about it any way?

The oyster stood by the boiling pot, and locked a the soup a minute; Then turning he dropped a pearly tear, And murmared, "To not in it?" Washington Post.

Judge Beach, of New York Superior Court, is in trouble because of gambling in stocks. He owes \$15,000 and will not

lowa Republicans are reported as discouraged, and letters addressed to Chairman Mack tell the story of dis-

may at the outlook. The Richmond State calls him Robert Bryce who is visiting that city. It is James who is the author of "The American Commonwealth."

The Tennessee Radicals are paying the poll tax of the negroes "in great wads" and they hold the "stifikit" in

Senator Pettigrew, all the way from Dakota, lets the cat out of the wallet.

Columbia is all agog over a society scandal. The disgrace of sin in social life is the talk. Dr. Kendall is charged and a young lawyer are the principals. A fearful case of dishonor, shame and wretchedness. Let the curtain fall.

The Chicago Herald "totes a level head" when it says that there is "no occasion at this time to speak of possible Democratic nominees in 1892 aside from Mr. Cleveland. In all human probability he will be called by the unanimous voice of his party to the leadership." Even so.

Mr. Gladstone came very near being ki'led on 29th, He was on a bridge him. He had to cling to the girders to prevent his falling into the water. An account says "he retained his presence of mind and betrayed much less agitation than any of those who wit-nessed his peril."

Mr. Gladstone made a speech at Dundee, Scotland, on the 29th in which he discussed the McKinley monstrosity He does not think it will hurt England. But what about the laboring people in the United States? Won't they catch it? He says the new Radieal bili should be called oppression and liabilities at \$325,000, fully covered by not protection.

ANOTHER WITHDRAWAL.

MOSES A. BLEDSOE LEAVES THE RE-PUBLICAN PARTY.

A Case of Notoriety Being Tried in Wake Superior Court-Political News Still Favorable to Democratic Victory in Wake -Upchurch's Defeat Conceded-Rumors of a New Hotel-A Distressing Affair.

> MESSENGER BUREAU, I RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 31.

A case of much notoriety has been in progress, in the Superior court, for the past few days, arising from proceedings De Lunatico Inquirendo. Several years since, Larkin Smith, residing in the eastern part of Wake county, gave one of his sons a power of attorney to administer the affairs of his estate. Soon afterwards Mr. Smith came to this city, and, for some unexplained purpose, revoked the commission given his son, and granted the powers to attor ney. The son, to whom the first power of attorney was given, brought proceedings of inquiry as to his father's sanity. The case was first begun in the Superior court a few terms back, from whence it was taken to the Supreme court. It was by that tribunal sent back to the Superior court coming up on the docket at the present term. Young Smith seeks to establish his father's lunacy at the time the transfer of authority was made. The case is exciting much interest here.

The affects of the fine crops this year are being forceably felt in the way of thriving; the business for October has been the | replenishing the coffers of the county largest ever recorded, exports and imports for treasury. The Sheriff reports that taxes are being paid with more prompt ness than for several years.

Moses A Bledsoe, who for several years has been one of the most active Republicans in this section, will deliver an address at Metropolitan hall to-night, giving his reasons for allying himself with the Democratic party, Mr. Bledsoe is an able speaker and will doubtless draw a large crowd.

Arrangements are on foot to give Senator Ransom a grand reception here next Monday night, when he will deliver an address. It is proposed to make the closing of the campaign a regular "gala" occasion.

All the news from different sections of Wake still continue favorable for the success of the entire Democratic LONDON, Oct, 31.—A disptch from ticket. It would seem strange that with a white majority of eighteen hundred in the registered vote, any one of the Republican ticket should run in. Several of the Republicans of prominence here, who, a week ago, predicted the election of Upchurch as Cierk of the Superior court, now conceded his

The cotton platform here is indeed "a sight to behold." Every available space is filled, and thousands of bags of cotton are waiting their turn for the

The matter of a new hotel is being seriously agitated and it is now hoped that it will reach consummation at an early day. It was rumored to-day that a Northern syndicate would probably take it in hand. This is all well enough, but not at all creditable to our resident capitalists.

A most distressing affair took place near Apex, in this county, last Wednesday afternoon. It seems that Mrs. Medlin, wife of J. C. Medlin, was bitten in a shocking manner by a rabid dog. She was seated on her porch when the dog, a good sized one suddenly sprang at her, seizing her by the nose and lacerating it fearfully. She was also badly bitten on the hands. With great presence of mind Mrs. Medlin caught the dog by the throat throwing him to the floor and choking him. She then dragged him to a woodpile near at hand and cut his head off with an axe. At last accounts the lady was suffering much from the painful wounds.

Death From Fool-hardiness.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 31.—A special from Braddock, Pa., says: A horrible accident occurred there in the Edgar pledge of good faith. Oh, the cunning Thomson steel works last night which was due to the careless bravado of the victim, a colored man named Robert Washington. He had been working as a brick layer's laborer and it was noticed by Superintendent Pierce, of the He says that Plumb, Paddock, Ingalls, | Carnegie electric light company that Davis, Casey and Power had all agreed | Washington had often grasped the to vote with him against the Radical electric light wire when the current monstrosity. Who can rely upon such | was turned off in order to show the men he was not afraid. He was warned by Mr. Pierce that he would be caught, telling him several times that he was doing a very foolish thing. Last night at 10 o'clock Washington was seen to climb up several steps and reach out with malpractice. A reigning beauty his hand toward an electric light lamp. Some one shouted a warning to him, but too late. His hand touched the wire and in an instant his frame stiffened and he feel to the floor below. dead. Not a muscle twitched, and his death must have been instantaneous. His right hand had tooched the wire and his left, clinging to an iron rod, h. d. completed the circuit. There was not a mark on the man except on the right hard where a slight scar was found where he had grasped the wire.

A Heavy Failure in Chicago.

CHICAGO. Oct. 31 .- The clothing trade was thrown into a spasm this morning by the failure of Leopold when the train rushed by just grazing Bros. & Co., manufacturers of and wholesale dealers in clothing. Twentysix confessions of judgment were entered up against the firm in the Superior court for sums aggregating \$149,-0(n). The failure was foreseen only by members of the firm and the collapse came like a thunderbolt to the trade. The House is one of the oldest if not the very oldest in the city, having been established thirty years ago. The senior member of the firm is Henry Leopold, who has been rated as a millionaire. The stock on hand is estimated at about \$200,000. No assignment will be made. The firm employed 250 men. A member of the firm estimates the

THE ANTI-JEWISH LAW.

Its Strict Enforcement Ordered-Escape of a Siberian Bxile-Life Boatmen Drowned -Stanley Interviewed-Irish Affairs.

LONDON, Oct. 31-A young Russian, named Kelchowsky, who succeeded in making his escape from Siberia after having served fourteen years there, has arrived in this city. He was arrested in Vilna when only 18 years of age on suspicion of having in his possession revolutionary documents and being concerned in a conspiracy against the Government. His escape from unwilling, as yet, to publish an account of his life in exile and his escape, for fear that by doing so he will endanger his comrades left in Siberia. He states the exiles there are greatly encouraged by the expressions of sympathy with them in their fate by the American people and claims that the Russian Government is much disturbed thereby. The Official Messenger, of St. Petersburg, recently announced that the rumors current in Russia of Americans and others severely criticizing Russian prison management are simply concoctions of the Nihilists. M. Kelchowsky also brings news that two cent. exiles, named Peshekeroo and Makarenko, recently arrested at Ansour, have been condemned to solitary confinement, pending official investigation, for having in their possession clippings from American newspapers upon the subject of the feeling aroused abroad

cal prisoners in Siberia. DBLIN, Oct. 31.—The Express says the delegates appointed by the landupon his arrival in the city and urge him to change the proposed Irish land purchase bill by providing for the appointment of a Judge of the High Court of Justice as head of the land commission and limiting the powers of local authorities to interfere with the purchase of land.

by the alleged maltreatment of politi-

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 31.-Gen. Groesser has issued an order to the police, commanding a rigid adherence to the letter of the anti-Jewish law and saying that they must compel the families of Jews, expelled from the empire or transferred from one part of it to

Hague says it has transpired that the statements made regarding the condition of the King of Holland by the doctors and ministers are untrue. The King's physical health is good, but he is suffering from a mental malady which renders him unfit to govern. In other words he is a lunatic. The statements that he was physically ill was made simply to delude the general public and explain the necessity for the appointment of a regency.

LONDON, Oct. 31 .- The Times this morning published the parting interview with Henry M. Stanley: Stanley adds nothing to his previous statements. He accuses Troupe of using violent language and making vague charges. He says all the rear officers were of fended by his first report to the Emin relief company on the condition in which he found the rear column; that he cannot modifty the censure he then expressed and that it remains for those officers to tell their own stories.

BERLIN, Oct. 31.—The Vossische Zeitung confirms the report from Warsaw that while a number of persons were leaving Russia, their intention being to emigrate to Brazil, they were fired upon by the Russian contier guard at Slupca. The Warsaw report, however, stated that nine persons were killed, while the Zeitung says only four of the party lost their lives.

BERLIN, Oct. 31.-Eleven German life boatmen were drowned to-day while trying to rescue the crew of the British vessel Erik Berendsen which was wrecked off Slesvig. Only one of the vessel's crew was saved.

DUBLIN, Oct. 31.-Mr. Balfour was interviewed in Galway by the chairman of the town and harbor commissioners and other prominent persons. In the course of his reply, after referring to the means for improving the fishing industry, he said he feared he would be unable to do more for Galway in the matter of railways than he had already promised.

Two Fatal Railroad Accidents.

NASHVILLE, Oct 31 .- Another wreck occurred yesterday morning on the Cincinnati Southern at tunnel No. 26 in Kentucky in which Conductor Lewman was killed. The first section of the train pulled out from Somerset closely followed by the second section. When the tunnel was reached the first section stopped and the second dashed into it, crushing the caboose and several cars. Several men were seriously injured.

Conductor Ed Miller, a well known Louisville and Nashville railroad employe, was run over and killed last night. It is supposed that, as he had no lantern, he made a misstep and fell between the cars. The body was horribly margled.

An Attempt at Train Wrecking.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31 .- A dastardly attempt to wreck a train on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago railroad at the corner of Tirtieth street and Fourth avenue was discovered and frustrated by a policeman early this morning. As the officer was crossing the tracks he discovered a bar of iron about twenty-four feet in length stretched across the track and tied down. The obstruction was removed.

The Lottery Queston in Canada.

OTTAWA, Oat., Oct. 31.-In answer to an inquiry from one of the ports the customs department has ruled that Louisiana lotterylad vertising and other mat ter may be received by the various ports, but that the persons to whom cution by the legal authorities.

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

R. G. DUN & CO.'S WEEKLY REVIEW OF TRADE.

Reaction in Trade in Some Localities Noted But at Most Points Trade is Remarkably Large-The Business for October the Largest Ever Recorded-Business at the South Thriving.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31 .- The weekly review of crade of R. G. Dun & Co., slightly changed by later and more says: The approach of the elections exact compilations, but such changes Siberia was attended with many hard- has caused some slackening of trade at | will not be material. In 1880 the popships and perils. M. Kelchowsky is many points which is obviously tempo- ulation was 50,155,783. The absolute rary. At a few cities, notably St. increase of population in ten years Louis, there is observed reaction from | was 12,324,757 and the per centage of the great activity which prevailed just increase was 24 57 per cent. In 1870 before the new tariff went into effect, the population was stated at 38,558,381. the demand for the time having been | According to these figures the absolute satisfied by dealings in anticipation of increase in the decade between 1870 and that measure, but at nearly all cities | 1880 was 11,597,412, and the percentage trade continues remarkably large, and of increase was 30.08. Upon their face payments through all clearing houses these figures show that the population outside of New York, for October, will has increased between 1880 and 1890 probably be the largest ever recorded only 727,345 more than between 1870 in any month, exceeding those of last | and 1880, while the rate of increase has October by about 15 per cent, and apparently diminished from 30.08 to those of last May, which were the 24.57 per cent. largest ever known by about 10 per

Foreign trade for the month will certainly prove much the largest ever known and the great industries are all unusually active.

At the South business is thriving. New Orleans reports large receipts of sugar and rice and good prices, though | however, easily explained when the baling of cotton is hindered by the character of the data is understood. It Carolina at least two good chairmanweather, but at Galveston trade im- is a well known fact, having been dem- ships of committees. If Hon. John S. proves with better weather and orders onstrated by extensive and thorough Henderson, who is admitted to be by are free and at Savannah receipts are lords' convention will meet Balfour | 55,757 bales of cotton, 15,076 barrels of | was grossly deficient in the Southern | delegation, is returned, and his re-elecrosin and 3,488 barrels of turpentine. states, so much so as not only to give tion is virtually assured, he has a right At Jacksonville trade is rather dull, but in the Northern Atlantic States it is decidedly active. It may be said, States, but to affect very materially the moreover, that reports a to collections throughout the country are more satisfactory.

The money markets are about as last reported, though firmer with sharp demand at Boston, firm but easier at | dent Walker characterized as 'clumsy. and scarce at 7 to 8 per cent at St. at Savannah and with good demand at lows as a conclusion of the highest places. rior does not cease.

The great industries are doing more, on the whole, than at any time in the past, while the iron production is at the maximum and the market at Philadelphia is "very mixed." Iron seems onger and steel weaker.

Exports from this port for the four weeks have been \$10,000,000 larger in value than last year, when October exports for the whole country were nearly \$98,000,000, which indicates for the month much the largest movements on record. Imports here also show an increase over last year of \$15,000,000 so that the aggregate for the month may reach \$80,000,000.

Failures for the week in the United States is 190, compared with 227 for the correspondent week last year.

Two Vessels Sunk in Collision.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.-The captain of the steamer Humbolt, from South American ports, which arrived here to-day, reports that at 6 o'clock this morning, six miles east of Barnegat, he sighted a wreck and bore down to it. The wrecked vessel proved to be the steamer Vizcaya, which sailed hence yesterday for Havana. He saw several persons in the rigging and sent a boat to their rescue. The chief officer, second officer, surgeon, one engineer and eight of the crew were taken off and brought here. The persons rescued state that on the evening of the 30th inst. at 8 o'clock the steamer was run into by a four masted coal laden schooner, suppsed to be bound northward. Both vessels sank within five minutes. Captain Cunill, of the Vizcaya. was drowned as were also part of her crew, in all about sixty-one persons, sixteen of whom were passengers.

A General Coal Miners' Strike.

TERRE HAUTE, Ipd., Oct. 31.-A convention of miners of the State is being held here to consider a proposition to strike to-morrow. There are delegates present representing both bituminous and block coal mines. The convention is held under the auspices of the United Mineworkers' Union, but delegates are present representing unorganized miners, who number about one-half of all in the State. The block coal miners signed a yearly scale for 75 cents a ton the year around beginning last 'May and the bituminous miners signed for 70 cents. Patrick McBryde of the Executive Board, strongly advocates the strike. The members of the union claim that the non-union miners are the agitators.

Indicted for Causing a Railroad Accident, POTTSTOWN, Pa., Oct. 31.-Americus B. Missimer, of Pottstown, conductor of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad shifting crew, upon whom the coroner's jury fixed the responsibility of the disaster to the Williamsport express at this place on last Saturday morning, in which two lives were lost, was arrested vesterday on a warrant issued by a magistrate, charging him with criminal carelessness He waived a hearing and entered bonds in the sum of \$1,000 for his appearance at the December Quarter Session for trial.

A Negro Lynched. MACON, Ga., Oct. 31.-Near Valdosta, Loundes county yesterday afternoon a negro named Palso committed a brutal assault on a Miss Hardee, daughter of a prominent planter. Last night the negroes was taken from the officers by they are sent shall be subject to prose- a mob of whites, tied to a tree and shot to death.

INTERESTING REPORT

From the Census Bureau-Population of the Whole Country and of the Several States-Comparative Statements.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31 .- The twelfth census bulletin issued to-day says: The population of the United States on June 1st, 1890, as shown by the first count of persons and families, exclusive of white persons in Indian Territory. Indians on reservations and Alaska. was 62,480,540. These figures may be

If these figures were derived from correct data they would be indeed disappointing. Such reduction in the rate of increase in the face of the enormous immigration during the past ten years would argue great diminution in our birth rate or corresponding increase in our death rate. These figures are, investigation that the census of 1870 an exaggerated rate of increase of population between 1870 and 1880 in these rate of increase in the country at large. were they within the control of the census office. The census of 1870 was taken under a law which Superinten-Philadelphia, still tight at Chicago antiquated and barbarous." In referring to these omissions the Superin-Louis, somewhat stringent with large | tendent of the tenth census said in Denver, but easy at Kansas City and authority either that the census of 1870 easier, in spite of demand, at New Or- | was grossly defective in regard to the leans. Rates at New York have varied | whole State or some considerable parts widely, and the treasury has taken in thereof, or else, that the census of 1880 during the week about \$2,000,000 more | was fraudulent." Those, therefore, than it has put out, new silver notes | who belive in the accuracy and hopesty included. The demand from the inte- of the tenth census, and that was thoroughly established, must accept the other alternatively offered by Gen. Walker, namely, that the ninth census was grossly defective. What was true of South Carolina was also true in greater or less degree of all the South-

ern States. There is but little question that the population of the United States in 1887 was at least 40,000,000 instead of 38, 558,371 as stated. If this be correct, the absolute increase between 1870 and 1880 was only about 10,000,000 and the rate of increase was not far from 25 per cent. These figures compare much more reasonably with similar deductions from the population in 1880 and 1890

The following table shows the population of the United States as found by the census enumeration of 1890: United States, 62,480,540.

The North Atlantic division, 17,364,-429; Maine, 660,261; New Hampshire, 375,827: Vermont, 332,205; Massachusetts, 2,233,407; Rhode Island, 345,343; Connecticut, 745,861; New York, 5,981,934; New Jersey, 1,441,017; Pennsylvania, 5,248,574.

South Atlantic division, 8,836,759, Delaware, 167,871; Maryland, 1,040,431; District of Columbia, 229,796; Virginia, 1,648,911; West Virginia, 760,448; North Carolina, 1,617,340; South Carolina, 1,147,161; Georgia, 1,834,366; Florida,

Northern Central division, 22,322,151, Ohio, 3.666,719; Indiana, 2,189,030; Illinois, 3,818,536; Michigan, 2,089,792; Wisconsin, 1,683,697; Minnesota, 1,300,-017; Iowa, 1,906,729; Missouri, 2,-677,080; North Dakota, 182,425; South Dakota, 327.848; Nebraska, 1,056,793; Kansas, 1,423,485.

South Central division, 10,948,253; Kentucky, 1,855,436; Tennessee, 1,763,-

Western division, 3 008,948; Montana, 131,769; Wyoming, 60,589; Colorado, 410 975; New Mexico, 144,862; Arizona, 59,691; Utah, 206,498; Nevada, 44,327; Idaho, 84,229; Washington, 349,516; Oregon, 312,400; California, 1,204,002

The bureau to-day issued a prelimi-

pary report on the production of steel in the United States during the year ended June 30th, 1890, which shows there was 4,466,926 tons of 2,000 pounds, as compared with 1,145,711 tons produced during the year ended May 31st, 1880, an increase of 3,321.215 tons, or 290 per cent In ten years from 1880 to 1890, the production of Bessemer steel ingots and direct castings has increased from 985,208 tons to 3,-788,572 tons; open hearth steel from 84 302 tons to 504,351 tons and crucible steel from 16,201 tons to 85,536 tons. No Clapp-Griffiths or Robert Bessemer steel was made in the census year 1880 as there were no works in existence in this country at that time. During the year ended June 30th, 1890. production of Ciapp Griffiths steel in the United States was 83,963 tons and the production of Robert-Bessemer steel was 4,504 tons. The United States now leads all other countries in the manufacture of Bessemer steel rails, the out put during the year ended June 30th, 1850, amounting to 2,036,654 tons.

Some one has said with terseness that behind the Force bill crouches the Empire. That in sentiment has been often expressed in these columns.

THE NEXT HOUSE.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

REPUBLICANS CONCEDING THAT IT WILL BE DEMOCRATIC.

Democrats Claiming it by a Majority of From Ten to Fifteen-Southern Members and Chairmanships-Hon, John S. Henderson Officials Going Home to Vale Tim Lee's Citizes ship.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31 .- [SPECIAL] -

We learn from reliable private sources

that the National Republican campaign committee here has virtually given up the next House of Representatives and admits that the signs point to a rafe Democratic majority. A close observer remarks in this connection, a tendency on the part of the leading Republican organs to apologize already for the coming certain defeat. The National Democratic committee confidently claims a gain of from nine to ten Democrats from the South, three from Missouri, two from New England, one or two from Pennsylvania and several in the Northwest. Safe political calculators figure to-day on a Democratic majority of from ten to fifteen. Some of these gentlemen were in doubt about the resul ten days ago, and base their hopes on data received at the National Democratic headquarters since that time. This ought to encourage North Carolina Democrats to strain every nerve to redeem the three Republican districts in our State. A Democratic Speaker can not fail to give North far the ablest member of our House to expect one of the best chairmanship within the gift of the Speaker, and a prominent place on the Judiciary or Ways and Means committee. Maj. These omissions were not the fault nor | McClammy said before he left here that he wanted to be clerk of the House. This is a big place and the incumbent controls a great deal of patronage. It is a good thing for Maj. McClammy to aspire to it, for if he fails to get it, and a southern man can not safely count on it, his candidacy opens demand at Cleveland and Detroit, his report in relation to the taking of a chance for one of his fellow citizens strong at 7 per cent at Milwaukee, tight | the census in South Carolina: "It fol- to get one of the better subordinate The North Carolina Republican office

> holders have gone home to vote. Not three weeks ago some of the most prominent of these told me they could not afford to go to North Carolina to register and vote! But Dr. Mott and Collector Rollins came here, ostensibly. on other business, interviewed some of the Republican committeemen, and now their co laborers in the Republican vineyard have gone! It is perhaps none of our business to guess why they could "not afford" to go home and vote until after Mott's and Rollins's visit, but we wish every conundrum was as easy to solve. John Nichols and Tim Lee were among the first to leave. Tim Lee's right to vote might be questioned, and we hereby beg leave to call the attention of the able and energetic chairman of the State Executive committee, Ed. Chambers Smith, Esq., to the fact that Tim Lee kept a bar room here several years before he got a place in the Government Printing Office. Tim Lee is a carpetbagger to start with, His. last bar room was under the office of the Washington Post in this city, and according to a simple construction of the case he is a citizen of the District of Columbia. we saw his appointment papers in the private office of Mr. Cleveland's Public Printer, and his leading endorsers were prominent Irish Democrats, viz: Pat Coilins, Tim Campbell, etc., etc. The Public Printer told us he never would have taken Tim Lee for a Republican, as his Democratic endorsements were unimpeach a ble! Tim commenced his official career under Mr. Cleveland. If the fact that Tim Lee married Loge Harriss' wife's sister makes him a citizen of our commonwealth, we have nothing more to say. If Dr. Mott's campaign friends enabled Tim to visit his wife's relatives without depleting his own private purse, we have no objection to raise, but if these things are not so, then Tim's right to turn the chances of a State election ought to be looked into. Appropos of the above, we have 723; Alabama, 1,508,073; Mississippi, heard a good many compliments paid 1.284,887; Louisiana, 1,116,828, Texas, Mr. Chairman Smith for the able man-2,232,220; Oklahoma, 61,701; Arkansas, ner in which he has conducted this campaign. The only mistake that has been made has been in the Second district, where a strong candidate could have easily defeated Cheatham. It is now perhaps too late to run a new and unknown man, even if he is backed by the Alliance. But this mistake was made by the district committee, and not by the committee over which Mr. Smith so efficiently presides. Mr. Cleveland was the recipient of s

great deal of attention on the occasion of his recent visit here. He argued a case before the Supreme court bench, and the court room was crowded to its utmost capacity. Ex-Secand ex-Attorney retary Bayard General Garland were in the bar, and seemed glad to see their distinguished friend. Justice Lamar nodded and smiled from the Beach to the man who had appointed him to his high place, and even Chief Justice Fuller, who also owes his elevation to Mr. Cleveland, seemed unusually complaisant. Mr. Cleveland read his brief in the conversational tone adopted by all the lawyers before the Supreme court, and did not seem to be conscious of the sensation his presence created. The case was closed by his colleague, Judge Thos. J. Semmes, of New Orleans, president of the American Bar Association, one of the most profound lawyers in the country. we are told that Mr. Cleveland's fee in this case is.

What a lame-duck performance to hear fat-fryers crying out that the

Democrats are using "boodle."