

The Wilmington Messenger

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TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

Dr. W. J. Head, of Andalusia, Ala., was fatally shot yesterday in a quarrel with Dr. Cicero Jones. The committee on Common Carriers of the Alabama House of Representatives has decided adversely on the proposition to give the Railroad Commission mandatory powers. It is said 12,000 Chilian troops have joined the rebels. Reports have been received of several bloody engagements between Chilian troops and the rebel forces. A resolution was introduced in the Pennsylvania Legislature yesterday condemning Senator Cameron's course on the silver and the Force bills and calling on him to stick close to his party or resign. It was voted down. The only son of the late Secretary Windom is traveling somewhere in the South and the time of his father's funeral will depend upon his arrival in Washington. The secretary will be buried in Rock Creek cemetery near Washington City. Charles Bradlaugh, M. P., died yesterday. For forging divorce papers two men in New York were on yesterday sentenced to imprisonment for terms of five and seven years. The Illinois Legislature has taken fifty ballots for Senator without the change of a single vote. The House Coinage committee is investigating the subject of free coinage of silver. The President and most of the members of the Cabinet and heads of bureaus in the Treasury Department met the remains of the late Secretary of the Treasury at the depot and accompanied the body to the Secretary's residence. The Washington "Star" thinks Congressman McKinley will succeed Secretary Windom. The Connecticut House of Representatives will vote on the State election case next Tuesday.

PISTOL GRAPHS.

Senator Hoar is sore. It is said Col. Richard F. Beirne can not survive long. Alas! No money for Fairs with the Bayonet at the throat of the South. Millions for Peace but not one cent for Bulldozers and Oppressors. The very best analysis yet made of the infamous Force bill of Radicals was made by Senator Vance.

Senator Gorman has been managing the fight against the Force bill on the Democratic side. He is adroit. The Winston weekly Sentinel of Brother Foy is a handsome and well filled paper—clean, newsy and able.

The Calveston News thinks that "some people never have a sober second thought. The first one they bring forth kills them as dead as a dead herring."

There was never a wiser or a more needed effort to rebuke folly than the movement to withhold money and patronage from the Chicago Fair. It promises to be as effective as needed.

And now Bellamy who wrote "Looking Backward" or some such title, for we never read it, is to lose some of the money he has made in a daily paper. He will have now to look forward.

The Philadelphia Times pithily puts it: "Now that Hoar's Force bill won't carry a bayonet, is it possible that Quay's substitute will desert?"

Young Southern found it very inconvenient to be the son of an eminent father when he entered the theatrical profession. More was expected of him than was just, and it made him nervous and diffident.

The South will regret to hear of the severe sickness of Mrs. Davis, widow of the illustrious President of the Confederacy. Her heart is involved. Her daughter is with her in New York. We hope her life will be long spared.

Professor Woodrow Wilson is writing a volume for the series known as "Epochs in American History." His theme will be the United States from 1829 to the present time. By the way, the number of series now being published is something hard to remember.

He speaks: "You never can object to my arm round your waist. And this reason you'll readily guess: I'm an editor, and I always insist on the liberty of the press!" She replies: "I'm a minister's daughter, believing in texts. And think all the newspapers bad; and I'd make you remove your arm, were it not that you were making the waist places glad." —Exchange.

Dr. Liebman, of Berlin, seems to confirm Virchow's experiments with the lymph. He reports that he has discovered tubercle bacilli in the blood of nine patients treated with Koch lymph, mostly phthisical, but without a trace of miliary tuberculosis.

The Chicago Times refers to the bitter legalisms as one "whose tongue has so bitterly denounced the South, demanding bayonets at the polls and the subjection of the rights of all citizens to the domination of party necessity, etc." And yet this brilliant hater and defamer has admirers in the South strange to say.

THE INTEREST BILL.

THE ALLIANCE MEMBERS CAUCUS ON THE MEASURE.

They Determine to Limit the Rate to 6 Per Cent—Bank Men Oppose the Bill—The Death of Rev. R. H. Phillips—A Noted Engineer Ill—A Pensioner's Encampment—The Morrill Fund Received.

MESSSENGER BUREAU, RALEIGH, N. C., Jan 30.

The Farmers' Alliance members of the Legislature had a long caucus last night at which the matter of rate of interest was discussed. There were many speeches and suggestions. It was decided finally to make the rate 6 per cent., this being a reduction of 2 per cent. One of the leading Alliance men stands by the caucus action. There has been a general movement for reduction of the interest rate, both by the county and State Alliances and the action taken last night will give the order general satisfaction. The bank men will oppose the reduction. It is safe to say that the bill will become a law.

Mr. J. J. Thomas has been elected President of the Raleigh cotton mills, succeeding Mr. Julius Lewis.

Charles M. Gushee, who last week was married at Washington returned here last evening with his charming bride.

The nomination of James H. Young, colored, to be collector of the port of Wilmington, was expected by the negro politicians here, who were well acquainted with the strong backing he had. It was said that but for Young's nomination the break between the white and black Republicans, already wide, would become far wider.

News was received here last night of the death of Rev. B. H. Phillips at Reidsville.

The weather has become quite spring-like. The buds on some trees and shrubs are quite large. The effect of the presence of an electric light upon plants in this respect is very noticeable.

Rev. Dr. Tupper, president of the large institution for negroes here, known as Shaw University, tells me it is overcrowded, there being over 425 students.

Early this morning a negro brakeman named Henry Jackson, employed on the Seaboard Air-Line was instantly killed here. He was on a train on the Raleigh and Augusta Air-Line, and in the darkness, while attempting to step from a flat car on to the tender lost his footing and fell. The fingers of one hand were cut off, yet strange to say there was not another injury, not even a bruise. He was killed instantly, however, the injuries being probably internal.

Mr. Albert Johnson, one of Raleigh's oldest citizens, who as engineer brought the first train on the Raleigh and Gaston railway, is very ill here and his death is expected at any hour. For over half a century he has been with the Raleigh and Gaston company and is one of the oldest living railway engineers.

Maj. Vass, the treasurer of the same road and who, like Mr. Johnson, has been continuously in its service for over half a century, is the oldest railway treasurer in the world.

The pensioners are considering a plan for an encampment next summer, at or near some place in the mountain section which will offer them inducements and advantages. They expect to be able to gather in large numbers at such a reunion.

The Legislature will elect next week twenty University trustees to fill the places of those whose terms expire this year; three to fill vacancies being caused by death; four to fill vacancies caused by resignations, and one to fill a vacancy caused by removal.

The Executive committee of the State Board of Agriculture has been in session here, arranging for the analyses of fertilizers, the tagging of the bags, etc. The revenue this year will be about \$11,000 or \$12,000.

The State Treasurer has received \$15,000 of the Morrill fund, for agricultural colleges. This has to be divided equally between the whites and blacks. The Legislature will soon pass a bill making an appropriation for such a college for the negroes. The Morrill fund cannot be expended for buildings, or indeed for anything save the expenses of maintenance of the college.

The Ladies Memorial Association here has taken prompt action to support the bill in aid of the Soldiers Home. There need be no fear that the bill will fail to pass. There is no opposition to it.

No Mandatory Powers.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Jan. 30.—The House committee on Common Carriers, after weeks of careful and patient investigation, voted unanimously last night to make an adverse report on the bill to give mandatory powers to the Alabama State Railroad Commissioner. The railroad companies have taken great interest in defeating the bill and have brought before the committee their ablest counsel, managers and agents.

Forgers Sentenced to Imprisonment.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—William H. Butner and William D. Hughes, convicted of forging divorce papers, were sentenced in the court of General Sessions this forenoon by Recorder Smyth—Hughes to five years imprisonment and Butner to seven years at hard labor.

A Fatal Quarrel.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 30.—An Age-Herald special says: Dr. W. J. Head was shot and killed yesterday at Andalusia, Ala., by Dr. Cicero Jones. Jones surrendered himself to the authorities. The shooting was the result of a quarrel.

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

Arrival of Secretary Windom's Remains—His Only Son Absent on a Tour of the South—The Secretary's Successor.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—All the morning a stream of carriages were arriving at the family residence of the late Secretary Windom on Massachusetts avenue bearing friends who came to manifest their love and sympathy for the sorely stricken family.

The only son, William D. Windom, is now travelling in the South, and although telegrams have been sent to all points where they could in any likelihood reach him, no response has yet been received. Yesterday, it is believed, he was in Baton Rouge, La.

The time of the funeral will depend upon the arrival of this son, but it is probable that it will take place Monday, with private services at the family residence and with public services at the Church of the Covenant, of which Mr. Windom was a member.

Assistant Secretary Nettleton, who has been on a visit to Oberlin, Ohio, left there yesterday for Washington and is expected to reach here this afternoon. As he is the Senior Assistant Secretary in point of service, he will probably be designated to act as Secretary of Treasury for a period of ten days, which is the limit of a designation of this kind.

The interment will be made at Rock Creek cemetery near the Soldiers' Home and the President accompanied by Mrs. Dimmick and the Postmaster General drove out to the cemetery this afternoon for the purpose of selecting a suitable lot for the burial.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The effect of the death of Secretary Windom is clearly visible in all the Departments of the Government this morning. While the Treasury Department was the only building actually closed, business was practically suspended in all the Executive Departments.

The President is very deeply grieved over the loss of his friend and this morning gave instructions to inform callers that he would see no one on business today. Gen. Spaulding, who is acting Secretary of the Treasury, called on the President this morning and immediately on his return to the Treasury Department issued an order closing the Department for the day.

The flags on all the Executive Departments were placed at half mast and the Treasury Department heavily draped in mourning.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The President and members of his cabinet assembled at the Baltimore and Ohio railroad station this afternoon at 4:15 o'clock for the purpose of receiving the remains of Secretary Windom, whom they last saw alive on Tuesday at the regular meeting of the cabinet. The remains were brought in a special car attached to the regular train leaving Jersey City at 11:30 o'clock and arriving in Washington at 4:30 o'clock. It arrived promptly on time and was received by a most distinguished assemblage, including nearly all the leading public officials in Washington. All the bureaus, divisions and branches of the Treasury Department were represented by their principal officials and many clerks and subordinate employees. These all assembled at the Treasury Department at 4 o'clock and proceeded to the railroad station in a body. The Presidential party consisted of the President, Vice President, Secretary and Mrs. Blaine, Secretary Proctor, Postmaster General Wanamaker, Secretary Noble, Secretary Rusk, Gen. Schofield and Solicitor General Taft. The casket containing the remains was removed from the train in Washington at 4:30 o'clock. It was then taken in charge by eight members of Company B of the Treasury National Guards, in uniform, under Lieutenant Moore and borne to the hearse. Carriages were provided for all and the cortege, headed by two mounted policemen, moved slowly to the Secretary's residence.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The silver hearings were continued by the House Coinage committee to-day. Director Leach of the mint was questioned by members of the committee. The effect of the passage of the free coinage bill, he thought, would be that foreign nations having stocks of silver on hand would ship it here, but before these shipments could arrive the alarm would be so great that gold would be withdrawn from the Treasury and hoarded by banks, so that the Government would have no gold with which to pay for silver. The effect of free coinage would be a contraction of the currency; but how long this would last he could not tell.

Edward Atkinson was then given a hearing. He said that credit depended not upon the quantity of money but the quality. In the business of the world credit was a factor to an extent twenty or thirty times as great as that of actual money. He declared that free silver coinage would stop credit, which would stop business, as business had already been restricted very largely by fear of such legislation.

The Vote to be Taken Tuesday.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 30.—Further debate on the committee's report on the canvass of votes for State officers was continued to-day in the House. The House took a recess till 10:30 o'clock a. m. next Tuesday, and at 1 o'clock on that day a vote will be taken.

Tarboro Southern: Tuesday evening about 8 o'clock the chimney of the dwelling of Geo. Gairnor, of Bethel, Pitt county, caught fire and the flames were soon communicated to the roof, and the entire dwelling was destroyed.

Recently Rev. G. P. Hebbard, Rector of Calvary Church, and Rev. D. Herndon Tuttle, pastor of the Methodist church, have preached sermons on temperance, urging total abstinence from intoxicating drink.

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

R. G. DUNN & CO'S REVIEW AND SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Business Unprecedented in Volume—Trade Larger Than Ever Before at this Season—Dry Goods Trade Satisfactory—Fair Trade at the South—Effect of Secretary Windom's Death on the Money Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—R. G. Dunn & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Business continues unprecedented in volume and satisfactory in character. Measured by the Clearing House returns trade exceeds that of a year ago by about 24 per cent. in amount, and that means a volume of business larger than in any other year at this season.

The tone in commercial circles throughout the country is hopeful and the money markets are now comparatively easy. At nearly all points uncertainty regarding the monetary future causes some hesitation, especially as to new undertakings, but there is, underneath, an abounding confidence that in some way the fertile genius of the people and measureless resources of the country will meet every difficulty. So strong is this feeling that it is often hard to realize that the pressure and anxiety of November and December lasted until within thirty days. But there are some grounds for caution still.

The dry goods trade is, on the whole, very satisfactory for the season and, while buying is conservative both in cottons and woollens and prices are low enough to embarrass some branches of production, trade is clearly on a more healthy basis as well as larger in volume than it was a year ago.

The trade in boots and shoes and leather is somewhat retarded by monetary uncertainties.

The embarrassment in iron and steel manufacture and trade is now clearly perceived to be the result of the marked shrinkage in demands for consumption. Bar iron is very dull; the demand for plates is very much smaller than was expected and for sheets is irregular and unsatisfactory, while structural iron is dull and lower. There is very little doing in rails at prices now nominally asked and there is much pressure to sell pig iron, Virginia competing in Pennsylvania markets and Southern No. 2 being offered at \$14.50 against \$15.25 for Lehigh. No. 1 Northern is quoted here at \$16.75 and unsold stocks of pig iron are now said to be 400,000 tons more than a year ago.

The accounts from Southern cities indicate only a fair trade, with improvement at Atlanta and slight improvement at Jacksonville, but with increasing receipts and lower prices for cotton at New Orleans.

The startling death of Secretary Windom caused a sudden fall in the price of bar silver from 47 1/2 to 46 1/2 in London, it is stated in dispatches, but no change whatever in the financial policy of the Government is likely to result, though it may easily happen that his successor, however able, may not possess the fertility of resources which Mr. Windom has shown in meeting emergencies. The operations of the Treasury during the past week have in no way affected the money market, which is well supplied. Speculation, accordingly, is more active and wheat has advanced 3/8 cents, corn 2 1/2 cents, oats 1/8 and coffee 15 cents per 100 pounds, but cotton is 1-16c lower and all 2 1/2 lower.

Failures for the week are 278; for the corresponding week of last year the figures were 246.

Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—[SENATE]—The Senate met at 11 o'clock. After prayer by the Chaplain the journal of yesterday was read and Senator Morrill rose and in a voice tremulous with emotion, said:

"In consequence of the recent calamity which has visited us in the sudden decease of a former eminent member of this body and a distinguished officer of the Government, the Secretary of the Treasury, I move that the Senate do now adjourn."

The motion was agreed to and the Senate adjourned till to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The journal having been approved Mr. McKinley rose and offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the House of Representatives has heard with profound sorrow of the death of Hon. Wm. Windom, Secretary of the Treasury, who for ten years was a member of this body and for twelve years, a member of the Senate.

Resolved, That a committee of nine Representatives be appointed by the Speaker to join such committee as may be appointed by the Senate to attend the funeral of the late Secretary of the Treasury on behalf of Congress and to take such other action as may be proper in honor of the memory of the deceased and as an appreciation of Congress of his public services.

Mr. Dunnell—I second the motion made by the honorable gentleman from Ohio. I have the honor to represent the district which for ten years was represented so ably by the honorable Secretary of the Treasury whose death we deplore and who was for twenty-two years representative in this branch and in the Senate of the State of Minnesota.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Mr. McKinley—As a further mark of respect I move the House do now adjourn. The motion was agreed to.

The Speaker appointed the following committee to attend the funeral. Messrs. McKinley, Mills, Dunnell, Holman, O'Neill, of Pennsylvania; Forney, Vandever, Blount and Snider.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

Charles Bradlaugh Dead—The Chilian Rebellion—Government Troops Join the Rebels—Sanguinary Battles.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Charles Bradlaugh, member of Parliament for Northampton, who has been critically ill for some time past, died at 6 o'clock this morning. His end was quiet and peaceful. He was insensible when he died and seemed to suffer no pain. The immediate cause of his death was uraemia. The funeral will take place on Tuesday. There will be no funeral procession, no show of mourning and no religious services.

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 30.—There is a panic feeling in the Pedulas, and there is much anxiety expressed as to the position of Provincial Mortgage bank. The Government has notified the bank that it must depend upon its own resources to pay coupons so far as its receipts allow, and has ordered it to give bonds with one per cent a mortizacan for the balance.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—Advices received in this city from Buenos Ayres state that 15,000 insurgents are massed at Quilote, a province of Valparaiso, fifty miles from Santiago, and it is reported that they are contemplating an advance into the capital. The insurgents threaten to bombard every port on the coast unless their demands are granted by the Government. President Balmaceda's forces have recaptured Quilote. The insurgents have been forced to withdraw from Lapena, where after a desperate engagement, 5,000 Government troops compelled the insurgents to retreat to Lomarite.

PARIS, Jan. 30.—The Gaulois of this city to-day says that 12,000 Chilian Government troops, despatched from Valparaiso against the insurgents have revolted and joined the rebel forces.

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 30.—According to Chilian advices received here desperate and sanguinary battles have been fought in the provinces of Chilli between the rebel forces and Government troops. Many were killed on both sides, but the reports are conflicting as to which side proved victorious. There seems to be but little action taken on either side at Santiago De Chilli, the capital.

Laurinburg Notes.

A touch of summer weather to-day. Last night was quite warm, this morning a heavy fog, and to-day noon thunder and lightning with a heavy rainfall.

Our farmer friends are all busy now handling fertilizers preparatory to making another big (?) cotton crop. We "town folks" hope their expectations may be realized.

Mr. A. D. McCall and daughter who were so badly burned last Sunday morning are getting on as well as could be expected.

Mr. Sidney J. Jones captured the driver, two mules, wagon and about 100 gallons "blockade" whiskey yesterday near here. The owner of the goods succeeded in making his escape.

I am told that since the dry ticket prevailed in our county that these "blockade runners" are becoming quite numerous. We trust they may all be captured.

The two burned engines sent from Raleigh to the shops here for repairs will soon be ready for the road again.

Mr. W. D. James will soon have his double story iron front store finished. This with the McKay block of five stores on East Main street gives that street quite an imposing appearance.

If this article should be read by any one thinking of buying a new home, my friend, let me advise you to see Laurinburg before you go further. Blessed as we are with such fine farming lands, good water and all the elements necessary to good health, this is the country you are looking for. Just come out and see us and be convinced.

Laurinburg has twenty general merchandise stores, 3 drug stores, two millinery stores, one furniture store, three blacksmith and wood working shops, two as good hotels as there are on the line of the Carolina Central. The railroad shops are located here and the money paid the employes spent at home. We have four churches for whites and several for the colored people and no bar-rooms, in fact it is against the law to sell liquors of any kind in the county.

The gripe is still abroad in the land. Capt. D. K. F. Everett is off this week with it while Mr. John M. Patterson pulls the bell cord and manipulates the way-bills for him on the local freight.

Judging from the new buildings going up in our town it looks like we are on a quiet little boom. Mr. G. W. Goodwyn is erecting a large eight room dwelling on the lot lately purchased from Mr. Cronly. Mr. Gallagher will soon erect a three room cottage for rent and we hear of others soon to be built.

After Senator Cameron's Scalp.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 30.—A resolution was offered to-day in the House condemning Senator Cameron's course on the silver question and the Election bill and calling upon him to adhere closer to his party and party principles or else resign. From the United States Senate. Immediately after the reading of the resolution a motion was made and seconded to lay it upon the table. The Speaker, however, decided that, as the resolution had not yet been read a second time, it was not yet before the House. On the question of reading the resolution a second time the yeas were so decidedly in the majority that Representative Thompson, who had offered it, allowed it to drop.

Telegraphic Sparks.

In joint assembly yesterday two additional ballots for United States Senators were taken without change in the Illinois Legislature.

The strikers have resumed work on all Scotch railroads with the exception of the Caledonia road.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

THE DISCUSSION ON THE INTEREST BILL IN THE SENATE.

Senator Bellamy Makes a Strong Speech in Opposition to the Bill—The Free Ferry Bill Passes the Senate—Numerous Bills Introduced in Both Houses—Many Bills Pass Third Reading.

SENATE. RALEIGH, Jan. 30.—[SPECIAL]—The Senate met at 11 o'clock, Lieutenant Governor Holt presiding; prayer by Rev. Dr. Nash, of the city; the journal was read and approved.

Reports from several committees were submitted. The following bills were introduced: To amend the charter of the Atlantic and Western Railroad company; To amend the Code relative to unauthorized land grants; To allow the city of Wilmington to establish a system of sewerage; To amend the charter of the Salem Water-supply company; To apply taxes collected in Pender county to the Wilmington, Onslow and East Carolina Railroad company.

The bill to erect free ferries across the Cape Fear and Brunswick rivers at Wilmington passed its third reading. The bill to incorporate the town of Aiden in Pitt county passed its third reading.

The bill to appoint trustees for the Leaksville Academy and for other purposes passed its second reading. The bill to authorize the Board of Education of Hayward county to pay school claims passed its third reading. The bill for the relief of the Superior court of Robeson county was laid on the table.

The bill for the relief of the clerk of the Superior court of Moore county (relieving him of responsibility for loss of certain papers destroyed by fire) passed its third reading.

The bill to allow the clerk of the Superior court of Pamlico county to absent himself for a few days in the week passed its third reading. Several bills amending the Code in important particulars were passed. The bill to authorize an uniform system of cancellation of county script when paid, said system to be inaugurated by the State Treasurer was laid on the table.

The bill to incorporate the Wacovia Trust company passed its third reading. The hour of twelve having arrived, the special order was taken up, being the bill introduced by Senator Williams, of Pitt, to amend the Code of North Carolina in regard to interest. The bill makes the legal rate of interest in the State, 6 per cent, with no power to go beyond that amount, even by agreement.

Senator Bellamy, of New Hanover, took the floor in opposition to the bill. The bill creates the most intense interest. During the discussion the lobbies and galleries were filled with spectators.

Senator Bellamy took the ground that the passage of the bill would work irreparable injury to our people, especially at this time, when we were just emerging from a depressed condition and entering upon an era of unbounded prosperity. He cited instances in the government of Great Britain and other countries to show that they enjoyed the greatest prosperity at the times there was no restriction upon the worth of money. He cited the cases of Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, Louisiana and other States to show that these States allowed interest at 7, 8 and even 10 per cent., and their prosperity is known to be phenomenal. He said the tendency of the passage of the bill would be to close up the savings banks of the State which had and are still doing so much to aid our people of moderate means in the way of saving their earnings.

The speech of Mr. Bellamy was listened to with marked attention. Senator Aycock moved to amend so that the bill should not go into effect until November 15th, 1892, and made a speech in favor of the bill.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House was opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. L. Branson of the city. The following petitions were introduced: By Mr. Patterson, To prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors within two miles of Trinity church, Caldwell county; Mr. Biddix, From Ladies of the town of Marlon; Mr. Franks, From Onslow county Alliance in regard to the debt of said county; Mr. Cowan, To incorporate a high school.

The following bills and resolutions were introduced: By Mr. Pritchard, In regard to public printing; Mr. Hopkins, To improve the labor system in North Carolina; Mr. Reed, In regard to raising revenue; Mr. Nash, For relief of R. B. Tucker in Stanly county; Mr. Robertson, To incorporate a colored church in Yancy county; Mr. Lowe, To amend the charter of the Durham Waterworks company; Mr. Dewey, To provide for the payment of interest on bonds of Mt. Airy township; Mr. Long, To prohibit the sale of liquor within two miles of Bethesda church, in Columbus county; Mr. Hickman, To allow Brunswick county to levy a special tax; Mr. Bond, To amend the charter of the town of Edenton; Mr. Bass, To change the name of Toisnot to Elm City; Mr. Lineback, To prohibit the sale of liquors near certain churches in Forsyth county; Mr. Sutton, To incorporate the Fayetteville Land and Improvement company; Mr. Beard, To prohibit the sale of liquor near certain churches; Mr. Alexander, Resolution that the House hereafter during the session meet at 10 o'clock a. m. on Saturday and 3 o'clock p. m. on Monday, adopted.

The bill to amend the charter of the town of Salisbury, passed its third reading. The bill to amend Sec. 1,590 of the

[Continued on fourth page.]