## TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

The Senate has confirmed the nomination of John B. King, as collector of customs of Mobile.—The unemployed workmen of GIVEN AN AIRING IN THE London will hold a meeting at Trafalgar Square Saturday. Their leader, Williams, made a most nihilistic speech to them yesterday, advising the use of dynamite, etc. -The Anarchist, Vaillant, was guillotined at Paris yesterday .-- The Senate Judiciary committee devoted much time yesterday to the Peckham nomination but came to no vote. The matter will be taken up again to-day .- Secretary Lamont ascertains that there are 8,200,000 men in the United States available for military duty. - The Postmaster General is making investigation of the rumored resurrection of the Louisiana lottery .- The count of the silver in the treasury vaults shows a shortage of \$804, atolen by Anderson.-The resignation of the surveyor of customs at Chattanooga has been called for .- At Pittsburg Landing. the house of George Bartlett and attempted an assault upon his wife, but was frightened away. A posse from Judge Lynch's court is in search of him .- Savannah, Ga., suffered a \$370,000 fire yesterday morning -Wilford, S C., on Saturday night one man was killed and another badly wounded by a posse of dispensary constables.—George pose of making some remarks upon it. N. Henson, president of the Citizens' Bank

out of the fact that three months ago Mr Henson brought suit for a divorce from his wife and named Wert as the co-respondent. The affair caused great excitement in the city. - The Federal Circuit Court of Ap. peals sustains the commissioner of patents in refusing Governor Tillman his "Pal\_ metto' trade mark .- The Mississippi Legislative caucus has taken sixty-three unsuccessful ballots for Senator. -The Bodley wagon works at Staunton, Va., will close down until the sugar market becomes more settled. They make wagons and carts for the Louisiana sugar planters.—Harry Hill, the superior question of man and his of Atlanta, was yesterday sentenced to four liberty. He wished to speak briefly in beof the American Government and the of Atlanta, was vesterday sentenced to four years in the penitentiary.—Cooper & half of the colored people of the country, who were sadly in need of national contract that charge against the President Andone Spotswood, a lumber firm of Petersburg, sideration and national protection. make an assignment. --- Admiral Da Gama

#### The Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk's Up-town Station.

The first regular passenger train on the road to leave the up-town station at Worth & Worth's yard, took its departure yesterday at 2:15 o'clock, p. m. Besides the passengers, Messrs. H. A. nard, General Manager of the Wilmington street railway, and Aldermen Latimer, Fowler. Northrop, Gore, Yates, Walker and Nixon, and other citizens, took in the journey as far as the Wooster

Beginning with to-day both the passenger and freight trains will arrive and depart from the new up-town station, election laws were a part of the great scheme

A Disastrons Fire at Savannab. SAVANNAH, Feb. 5 .- The Savannah Grocery company and M. Ferst's Sons & Co. wholesale groceries, and the Wilcox & Gibbs Guano company, manufacturers of fertiliz ers, occupying nearly an entire block of five of the wholesale section of the city, were burned out to-day, and other property suf-

fered heavy damages.

M. Ferst's Sons & Co. are the heaviest losers. The loss on their grocery stock is \$150,000. The Savannah Grocery company's stock is \$130,000. Wilcox & Gibbs lost on buildings and grocery \$75,000, on the guano company's stock and buildings \$15,000, making the total loss \$370,000. The insurance is follows: Savannah Grocery company, \$125,000 M. Ferst's Sons & Co. \$12,000; Wilcox & Gibbs, on building, \$57,500, on stock of fertilizer, \$12,000. There was a shed in the rear of the a shed in the rear of the grocery building used for storage of salt immediately adjoining the shed of the guano company where a lot of sacking was stored. The fire began at this wall and swept into buildings, entried by a strong wind. So rapid as its advance that, although the fire began in the extreme rear of the Grocery began in the contract of the Grocery company's b uilding, the occupants of the building baret, had time to escape and building baret, ot a few of the most valuable papers. The h. was the worst since the nightee of 1889, and the fames spread with the same rapidity which marked that disaster. The firemen were at a disadvantage from the beginning. Who a they arrived smoke was pouring out in great volume points from which to work and by that time the fire was beyond control

The only casualty was the injury of Wm. Tilton, a spectator who was riding on a truck and was injured in jumping off. fire burned three hours and threatened the city hall, one of Savannah s most venerable buildings, and all the city records were removed and placed in the banks until the fire was subdued. The fire started on River whether in the Savannah Grocery com-pany's building or the Wilcox & Gibbs company's building is not known.

A Fatal Street Duel. More Terrino, Ky., Feb. 5—At 12:30 o'clock to day, just after the adjournment of the Circuit court. H. Clay furner, of Morgan, and Capt. J. L. Bomar, of this city, two deadily enemies, met in front of the court house on Court and Broadway streets. Both are determined men, and they at once drew thair metals and been firing. Others drew their pistols and began firing. Others enjoined in and Bomar fill filled with bul lets in the body and head from which he died in a few minutes. Turner escaped unburt, although one ball passed through his coat. H. Clay Turner, Bruce Furner and his son James and Thomas Blair, of Morgan, are in jail. Blair received a wound in the arm. About fifteen shots were fired. This meeting was no surprise. Bomar had charged Clay Turner with being the cause of the separation between himself and his wife, and their meeting was looked for with

It is a great domestic remedy, and should be kept in every home. Mr. Norman Cheatham, Waverly, Sussex Co., Va., who has never been without it for twelve years, subscribes to this opinion. He says: "Our famscribes to this opinion. He says: "Our family has been using Br. Bull's Cough Syrup for twelve years and are never without it in the house. It is invaluable."

### Governor Tillman Loses His Trade-

mark Case. Washington, Feb 5.—The Circuit Court of desire to add to my speech of Saturday openls to day handed down an opinion revening. For the last twenty-five years, and the decision of Justice Bradley in the days of reconstruction began, after the close of the war, the shibboleth

SENATE PROCEEDINGS.

Senator Chandler Grows Floquen Over Southern Outrages-Messrs. Morse and Boutelle Make Use of Most Violent Language Towards the President and Democratic Leaders

SENATE.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—A feeling reference to the death of Mr. Childs was made in the this morning.

Senator Hale offered resolutions reciting that the Tariff bill has come to the Senate. that the representatives of many great industrial interests and many laboring men Fla., on Sunday night a negro broke into believe that no opportunity has been heretofore given to be heard upon its provisions, and that they now desire to present their objections to it before any action is taken by the Senate, and instructing the Committee on Finance to give opportunity to all The Virginians will vote in November on a parties, who believe their interests affected. constitutional amendment doing away with to be heard before the committee reports its trial by jury in misdemeanors - Near action to the Senate. He asked that the resolution should lie on the table, fand said that he would call it up soon for the pur-

Senator Berry moved to refer to the Judiand Trust company of Chattanooga, yester-day shot and killed J. B. Wert, a well known insurance man. The trouble grew in order to correct some misapprehension

Sinator Washburn moved to amend the motion so as to refer the bill to the Committee on Agriculture, but said that in the absence of Senator George he would not press the amendment, but let the bill remain on the table for the present. He, like Senator Berry, should vote for it, if it was the best bill that could be reported, because his belief was stronger to-day than ever as lieved the American Minuster mainly in-S nator Washburn moved to amend the to the necessity of a measure of that kind. tion laws was then taken up and Senator Chandler addressed the Senate in opposition to it. He began by saying that the Senate turned now from the question of money to

make an assignment.—Admiral Da Gama yesterday gave forty-eight hours notice of his intention to blockade Rio Janeiro.—A street duel occurred yesterday in Mount Sterling, Tenn., in which J. L. Bomar was killed by H. Clay Turner and his friends. Domestic affairs caused the encounter.

He declared that if emancipation was right to put on the satute books of the country the National election laws, which it was now attempted to repeal. Would not the next attack, he saked, be on the Fifteenth amendment? And, little by little, in the process of retrogression the black man would be virtually right to put on the satute books of the country the National election laws, which it was now attempted to repeal. Would not the next attack, he asked, be on the Fifteenth amendment? And, little by little, in the process of retrogression the black man would be virtually right to put on the satute books of the country the National election laws, which it was now attempted to repeal. Would not the next attack, he asked, be on the Fifteenth amendment? And, little by little, in the process of retrogression the black man would be virtually right to put on the satute books of the country the National election laws, which it was now attempted to repeal. Would not the next attack, he asked, be on the Fifteenth amendment? And, little by little, in the process of retrogression the black man would be virtually proposed to such as the Democratic party now presented. He appealed to the House to wipe out the last the locking the promothes again to a state of slavery. That, at least, he said, was a fair inference. The sature books of the country the National election laws, which it was now attempted to repeal to the House to wipe out the asked, be on the Fifteenth amendment? And, little by little, in the process of retrogression the decion laws, which it was now attempted to the House to wipe out the satute books of the country now presented. He appealed to the House to wipe out the satute books of the country now presented. He appealed to the Hou work which would begin to morrow in the this degredation on the nation. But even passage of this bill would, if it were not stopped before it reached its legitimate result, be destructive of the freedom and in-Wilmigton, Newbern and Norfolk rail- terests of the black men throughout the en- is the key to the Pacific ocean, but we must

As a fair summing up of the system of lynchings and other outrages upon the negroes in the South, Senator Chandler sent. That order was upconstitutional, when that to the clerk's desk and had read some ex-Whiting and J. W. Martenis, of tracts from a recent lecture delivered in Washington, Newbern and Norfolk railroad; Mr. John H. Barwhich he had seen defections on the Republican side of the Chamber—referring specifi-cally to the case of Senator Stewart, of Nevada, who, he said, although the author of the Fifteenth amendment and the leader in the movement to pass the statute of May 15, 1870, the most valuable portions of which were to be repealed by the pending bill, now gave to that bill his support. He submitted in conclusion, that the national lant admiral to "haul down that flag." Oh, you are making a splendid record for your-The passenger train will leave daily at 2:15 o'clock p. m., and arrive daily at 12:10 p. m. The freight train will leave at 6:45 a. m., and arrive at 6:55 p. m. selves," he cried sarcastically, as he turned towards the Democratic side of the House. He looked with apprehension on the era which they were now inaugurating. The majority report proclaimed twice that it was the purpose of the majority to wipe out the legislation which grew out of the war of the rebellion. The reconstruction measures of Congress were to be wiped out; and the wiping out process began with striking down the National election laws. If it was the intention of Senators to go on with that procession and to undo the results of the last thirty years, they had undertaken a task in which he believed they could not be sustained by the people of the country. Senator Palmer, Democrat of Illinois, supported the bill because he believed that the Federal election laws were useless, mis eading and a menace to every community where they were put in force. It was con tended on the other side of the Chamber, he said, that the colored people in the South had not their proper representation in gov-erumental affairs. "We have been recently engaged" said he, "in a discussion of the Hawaiian question. The total popula-tion of those islands is about 90,000. The white American population is less than 2,000 and yet those 2,000 whites own more than 74 per cent. of the entire property of the islands, the notives owing but four-tifths of 1 per cent. of it. And the whites have overthrown the Government, and have proclaimed, or are about

men there who have overthrown the native Government were to be compared to the Washingtons, Russells, Sidneys, and other umes and kept them back. Until the broke through and cleared away the smok. Washingtons, Russells, Sidneys, and other devotees of freedom. This is the view of the firemen were at sea as to locating the | the party that now claims to be the chempion and preserver of the rights of the Senator Frye said that if the States could e depended upon to do what is just and fair, they ought to be allowed to administer he election laws, but that, if the States could not be depended upon, the Federal election laws should be retained. He did not believe any such dependence could be placed upon the States. He referred to the provision in the constitution of Mississippi that yoters must be able to read the constitution of the State or to interpret its mean-ing. He was told by Senator Gray that that

to proclaim, a constitution with property qualifications. And I have heard one of the

leaders of the Republican party in this Chamber, a few days ago, declare that those

was no worse than the provision in the constitution of Massachusetts.
Senator Frye—the State of Massachusetts
has no such law. Senator Gray-It has a more stringent "The constitution of Mississippi," Senator Palmer put in for the special benefit of Mr. Frye, "has very much resemblance to the

constitution of Hawaii." [Laughter.]

The discussion on the relative restrictions of the Mississippi and Massachusetts constitutions was carried on for some time with Finally the day's debate closed with the declaration by Senator Palmer that the election law was a miserable abortion. The bill went over till to-morrow, and the Senate, at 4:15 o'clock; after a short execu-

### tive session, adjourned

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. The House took up the consideration of the Hawaiian resolution and Mr. Johnson, Republican, of Indiana, was recognized He arraigned the administration for its acts in Hawaii and declarde that if its efforts to

Mr. Johnson yielded two minutes to Mr. Morse Republican of Massachusettes, who "Mr. Speaker, there is one remark that I did not have time to make, which

s'aunch Southern Democrats, the loudest shouters for a white man's Government, dis-regard all their ancestors' traditions about white supremacy and the white man's Gov-

Mr. Outhwaite, Democrat, of Ohio, took exception to the words, and demanded that they be taken down and that the gentleman he called to order. Mr. Morse asked what there was in his speech that was objectionable.

M. Outhwaite—I object to the inso-

M. Onthwate—I object to the insolent and insulting language addressed to this side of the House.

After a little debate, the words were taken down and read at the desk, when Mr. Morse arose to explain his remarks, but the Speaker called him to order.

The Speaker, after weighing the words, gave it as his opinion that the language was not parliamentary; no member had the right to speak of any member of the House or Senate as controlled by their master the

On motion of Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, On motion of Mr. Burrows, of Michigan,
Mr. Morse was allowed to explain, Mr.
Outhwaite alone voting no.
Mr. Morse withdrew the objectionable words
relative to control of Democrats by their
master, the President, and all was peace

and harmony again. and harmony again.

Mr Patterson, Democrat, of Tennessee, said the Republican party is now taking up the Southern campaign cry for "white man's Government" for Hawaii; yet in South Carolina, few years ago, in the land of Sumter, Marion; and Moultrie, they had upset the white man's government and turned the State over to the rule of a class much lower than Hawarians. Responsibility for this rested upon the Republican party and they had endeavored to perpetu-ate that action by the enactment of the Force bill.

Mr Wheeler, Democrat of Alabama, up-held the administration's non-annexation policy. It has been proposed to pay the Queen for surrending her claim to the Government, but he emphatically depreciated the proposition to pay an annuity of \*30,000 to a woman who bore such a reputation as was given her had all United States representatives in Hawaii. Mr. Oates defended Mr. Blount from the

his belief was stronger to-day than ever as lieved the American Minister mainly instrumental in the overthrow of the Queen. The House bill to repeal the Federal elec- He admitted no actual force used, but claimed that coercion was used, which was Mr. Boutelle, in defending the action of Minister Stevens, said his greatest crime

might search the records in vain to show He declared that if emancipation was where the sycophants and parasites of a eral Bissell is thoroughly alive to the necesalso degrade our American navy by putting it in the hands of a Georgia politician, in That order was unconstitutional; when that House of Representatives. The Secretary of the Navy, writing to the Admiral of the American fleet, (Admiral Skerrett) a man who had before carried the American flag ashore at Honolulu. amid the plaudits of the American people, told him that he must confer with Mr. Blount, a private citizen of Georgia. And Mr. Blount, taking advan-tage of the first opportunity that ever pre-sented itself to him, gave order to that gal-

> letter of ex-Secretary of State Foster disa-vowing the action of Minister Stevens in substituting the American flag for the Ha-waiian as the emblem of authority. This was greeted by loud applause on the Demo-Mr. Van Voorhis, Republican of New York, appealed for the annexationists and said it was all very well that we would re-gard any approach by a foreign Govern-ment as an act unfriendly to our own, but if the Hawaiians, after being refused an-nexation by the United States, should ap-

opposite end of the argument and delivered

speech scintillating with wit. He read a

ly to Great Britain, what could we do At the conclusion of Mr. VanVoorhis speech Mr. McCreary moved that at 5:30 clock the Honse take a recess till 8 o clock p. m .- the evening session to be for debate

only on the Hawaiian question which was agreed to.
Mr. Griffin, Democrat, of Michigan, said he cordially and enthusastically endorsed the administration. He would not change the dotting of an "I" or crossing of a "T" che right time, and at the right place. He (Griffin) was ready "to rally round the flag" —to put it up when it was improperly hauled own, and to haul it down when improperly put up. But he did not want to see it float at Honofulu as a signal that the great republic of the United States had overthrown a peaceable and constitutional Government and substituted in its stead a Government and substituted in its stead a wretched and miserable ofigarchy.

At 5:30 o'clock the gavel fell and the House took a recess until 8 o'clock p. m.

#### Anarchism in London. London, Feb. 5 .- Another meeting of the

unemployed was held at Tower Hill to-day, at which the Socialist leader, Williams, announced that a demonstration would be made in Trafalgar Square on Saturday, He declared that if the police interfered, the procession of the unemployed will send them to heaven. This statement was greeted with cheers by the assembled mob. Continuing, Williams declared that a piece of explosive the size of a perior, which could be carried in the pocket, would remove two lines of police. Again the crowd broke out into appreciative cheers as Williams enunciated his dangerous hint, and many of the crowd shouting: "It should be done." Williams further said that if the foreign Anarchists, reinforce the unemployed there would be warm work for the police. The speaker was repeatedly cheered.

Hunted by Judge Lynch's Bailiffs. JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 5 .- Sunday night at Pittsburg Junction, a small station on the Jacksonville and St. Augustine road. about fifteen miles from Jacksonville, John Johnson, a negro. who had been employed n that vicinity, broke into the house George Bartlett while Mr. Bartlett was absent from home and attempted a criminal assault on Mrs. Bartlett, who, save a child only 4 years old, was alone in the house. The fiend seized Mr. Bartlett and began to choke her, but she fought the brute and at the same time began to call to her brother, who was in an adjoining house, The negro fearing the brother had heard the cries of the woman, fled. A posse is in pursuit and if the negro is caught an obi-

### The Most Gorgeous Treasures of

Arabia. What a splendid picture it brought before your mind! You read the glowing descriptions of the secret treasures which the genii of the ring spread before Aladdin's gaze. You perused this favorite story of yours in You perused this favorite story of yours in "Arabian Nights' when a boy, and your imagination pictured brilliantly for you everything that the words suggested.

That was when you were a boy. To-day, possibly, you are unable to do it. Shall we tell you the reason why? Most probably because your liver is sluggish, and as a consequence you suffer from sick headache, dizziness, and constipation. Do you want to cure all these troubles permanently, make your liver actively, your imagination lively. are the decision of Justice Bradiey is since the days of reconstruction degree court in the case of the Disa. Ulman against the commissioner of patents, to case of the political war cry that has downed all opposition, that

### PECKHAM'S NOMINATION

BEING CONSIDERED BY THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE.

ienator Hill Confident of Defeating It-Our Available Military Force -Resignations Called For-Nominations and Confirmations-Investigating Rumors as to Revival of the Louisiana Lottery.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 .- The Senate Judi

ciary committee went into session this morning at 10:30 with all members present and when noon came there were no indications that the committee was ready to adjourn. This indicated an effort to dispose 12:15 o'clock the committee rose, having was up, broke and run. postponed action until a special meeting tothe session there was a great deal of discussion of the case, and more letters, both for of the committee, and, finding it impossible to agree to a vote to-day, the postponement was invitable. It is understood that one was opposed to Judge Hornblower, is wavering in his opposition to Mr. Peckham, ane that he was the cause of the cause of the postponement. It is not, at the same time, said to be certain that all the Republican members who supported Judge Horn-blower will support Mr. Peckham. Senator Hill expressed himself as satisfied with the situation and believed Mr. Peckham would

a report showing that about 8,223,997 men are available for military duty in the United Up to this time Postmaster General Bis sell has received no official information of the proposed or actual resurrection of the usiana lottery and the establishment of its headquarters at Fort Tampa City, Fla. Some two weeks ago, however, a report to that effect reached the Department and the Postmaster General at once referred the matter to the inspection division, with instructions to have the matter immediately nvestigated. These instructions were sen to the proper officer in the field, who, it is said has had wide experience with the lottery ing drawings in one country in order to evade the laws of another, be prevented. The President to-day nominated to be postmasters: In Alabama—Mary M. Force,

Secretary Lamont sent to the House to-day

Selma. In Florida-D. Shepard Shine Or-The count of the silver in the vaults in the treasurer's office was completed this morning. A shortage of \$804 was found, all of which was stolen by Anderson, the young messenger. His friends, who are highly connected politically and socially, are making every effort to have the affair settled, and have agreed to reimburse Treasurer Morgan if the prosecution is dropped.

Secretary Carlisle has called for the resignation, among others, of E. W. Matteson, surveyor of cusioms at Chattanooga, Tenn. This afternoon Action Secretary Curtis sent a letter to each assistant treasurer in the United States, in which, after giving instructions upon matters of local detail con-cerning the issue of the new bonds to subscribers, he writes: "It should be understoo that deposits are to be made, according to the terms of the circulars of January 17 and 24, 1894, in United States gold coin or Mr. Black, Democrat of Illinois, took the gold certificates." The Senate has confirmed the following nominations: J. A. Taylor, to be United States Attorney for the Western district of

l'ennessee and John J. King, to be collector of customs at Mobile Ala. A SENSATIONAL TRAGEDY

A Well Known Insurance Man of Chattanooga Killed by a Bank President of That City-The Consequence of a Divorce

CHATTNOOGA, Feb. 5 .- George N. Henson, president of the Citizens' Bank and Trust company, and one of the most prominent referred men in Chattanooga's financial field and man, the father of a large family and with country. The city to night is agog with exin what had been done or said by the administration in regard to Hawaiian affairs.

The President had done the right thing, at the right time, and at the right place. He of the passenger elevators in the Richardcitement in consequence of the sensational son block, the largest office building in the

> Some three months ago Mr. Henson sued his wife for divorce, naming Wert as co-respondent. On account of the prominence of all parties concerned, the suit awakened the liveliest interest and engendered most bitter feelings. Henson stoutly maintained that Wert had been unduly intimate with Mrs. Henson and Wert as stoutly denied it. Following the filing of the bill for divorce, Wert printed a card in the newspapers denouncing Henson as a liar and a calumni Henson replied, reiterating the

charges.

Through mutual friends the husband and wife divorce proceedings were withdrawn, the husband agreeing to maintain his wife and children and paying the costs of the divorce suit. Wert's friends claimed this exonerated him, but Henson continued to contend that he was guilty of the undue in timacy. Some few weeks ago the Centenary Methodist church, of which Mr. Wert was a prominent member, placed him on trial be-fore a jury of seven of the church members. Five voted for conviction of adultery and two for acquittal. Accordingly he was ex-pelled from the church. To day the tragical chapter of the unfortunate affair was enacted. Both men had been avoiding one another, fearful of the

consequences of a meeting. This afternoon Henson had business with the bank's at-torneys on the fourth floor of the Richard-son block, and after fluishing his business he started down to make his exit from the uilding. As he reached the recond floor below. Wert, in company with a young attorney, entered the elevator. Thus the men met face to face for the first time since the church trial Between the first floor and the ground the shooting occurred.

Henson says he intended leaving the elevator as soon as he recognized the new passenger, but his exit was interfered with by men entering. He further claims that in the descent he thought he detected in the descent he thought he detected Wert reaching for a weapon. However that may be, ere the elevator reached the ground Henson began to shoot, firing two bullets while the elevator was in motion. The last shot was fired just as the elevator reached the ground floor. One shot entered Wert's right breast, passing through the fifth rib. ranging to the left and passed through the edge of the right lung and through the base of the heart. The second shot struck Lavin Thomas, young attorney inflicting a flesh wound in the arm. Wert died fifteen minutes afser the shot.

The wildest excitement prevailed, and in less than ten minutes thousands surrounded

the building. The banker, after he had done the shooting, filed in wild exciter done the shooting, filed in which excitement back up the stairway to the attorney's office where, later, he waived preliminary hearing. He is in the office of the jail to-night and will probably be given a preliminary hearing to-morrow. Wert's clothes gave evidence of the fearful mistake under which Henson was laboring. The only character of weapon found on the dead man

#### AN UNFORTUNATE AFFAIR. One Man Killed and Another

Wounded by Governor Tillman's Dispensary Constables.

WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1894.

[The Columbia (d. C.) State.] Wellford, Feb. 4 .- The killing of Crawford Ballew and the wounding of Perry Moore by State constables, near here last night, was one of the coldest blooded outrages ever perpetrated in the name of law. Ballew and Moore were recent comers in this neighborhood, from Greenville county-They were farmers, living on the farm of Capt. J. M. Benson, about two miles from Wellford.

Last night, according to the facts elicited at the coroner's inquest, one of Tillman's spies came to Ballew's house about 11 o'clock, pretending to be drunk, and asked him to show him the way to the railroad. Moore got his lantern and piloted the man to the railroad. When they reached the railroad Chief Constable Fant and Deputy Sheriff Dean, with a posse of six constables. of the Peckham nomination to-day, but at halted Moore, who not understanding what

The constables say he ran, but fired as he ran. He says he did not shoot until fired morrow morning at 10:30 o'clock. During at, and is borne out in his statement by two disinterested witnesses and by some women who are related to the dead man. All agree and against Mr. Peckham were read. No attempt was made however, to test the sense iust below the knee, and he fell crying for help. The wounded man's cries brought his brother-in-law Ballew, out of his house about fifty yards away. Moore says Ballew carried him into the cotton field towards his

(Moore's) house. The women at Ballew's house were very much alarmed, and in order to quiet them Ballew left Moore on the ground and ran towards his house He was intercepted by Chief Fant, Deputy Boyce, Dean and several others. According to the testimony of the two disinterested witnesses the several of the several others. two disinterested witnesses, the only word spoken at this meeting was the heartbroken cry of an excited woman, "That is my man; please don't shoot him." She was answered by the crack of a Winchester, and Ballew pitched forward into the arms of death. The stillness which always follows death. the agonizing shrick of a woman and the brutal voice of a man demanding of the woman if there was any more "damned men about here," and the tragedy was over. The testimony of the constables differ from that of Babb and Gregory, the disintereste men quoted before, who say that Ballew of-

fered no resistance. The constables say that after Moore fled and they had fired on him, they advanced toward Ballew's house; that they met Ballew and saw him advancing on them with drawn pistols; that they covered him with shot guns and rifles and ordered him to throw down his pistols. He haited and low-ered one and partially lowered the other, company, and it is expected that his report but immediately presented his pistol again will soon be forthcoming. Postmaster Gen- and advanced until he was within ten feet of the posse, Boyce Dean and Fant, tell him at every step to stop or they would kill him. When they got within ten feet, Mas-sey fired a Winchester at him.

(By Southern Press,1 CHARLESTON, Feb. 5.—A special to the News and Courier from Spartanburg, S. C., says: The coroner's jury in the Dispensary killing case near Welford, reached a verdict State. The corps was organized in October to-day. The first jury was squashed, at the snogestion of Sheriff Dean, because the tar occasions in that State since that date. suggestion of Sheriff Dean, because the father and some of the kindred of Boyce Dean, his deputy, was on it. A new jury, a very good one, was selected. They rendered the following verdict, which is singular in its phraseology: "We, the coroner's jury, agree that the deceased. Crawford Ballew, came to his death on February 3, 1894, by a gunshot wound in the hands of F. C. Massey, while resisting officers of the law."

With this verdict Coroner Pollard was in doubt as to his duty as to Massey. Finally he decided to commit him to the jail and await instructions from the solicitor. So Massey was arrested this afternoon and turned over to Sheriff Dean. It will be two or three days before Solicitor Schumpert can be heard from. If he decides that Massey should be held under arrest, then application will be made before a judge for bail which will be easily secured.

#### COMMERCIAL NEWS. Stocks and Bonds in New York-The Grain and Provision Markets

of Chicago. New York, Feb. 5.—During the first hour f business at the Stock Exchange the trading was all in the industrial stocks to the ex-clusion of the railway list. All the industrials were in demand, especially just after the opening, when Sugar soured up to 82\$, Chicago Gas to 66\$, Distillers to 29\$, Lead to 30\$ and Lead, perferred; to 76\$. No new reasons were given for the rise, which was again based on the short interest made while the Wilson bill was under discussion in Washington. At that time a big short interest was made, particularly in Whiskey and Sugar, and the bears then anticipated no difficulty in covering after the passage of the measure referred to. In this they were totally mistaken, as the insiders were quick to perceive that the short interest was uncommercial circles, this afternoon shot and killed J. B. Wert, a well known insurance advance from 75 last week to 82 to-day is proof conclusive on this score. was even stronger than Sugar, for after risconnections throughout this section of the ing 1s per cent. to 24s at the opening, it was allowed to recede to 28, and at the close suddenly pushed up to 30‡. Sugar, on the other hand, ran off to 80‡, and closed at that figure, a net gain of only | per cent Chicago Gas jumped to 661, but near the close on moderately large offerings the price fell back to 642 to 642. The raiway list developed nothing of interest, and, if anything, was weak during the early part of the day. Reading showed a little strength advancing I per cent. to 212. Near the close Norther Pacific prefered, loomed into remining and rest. It per cent. to 134. prominence and rose 12 per cent. to 132. The stock was influenced by statements by President Hill, of the Great Northern, to the effect that trans-continental rates had been fixed up. A sudden rise in Whiskey over 30 just near the close stiffened the whole market, which left off firm and 1 to 22 per cent higher for the stock name i, Reading, Norther Pacific preferred, Lackawanna, and the Lead. Chicago Gas lost 1 per cent., but he decline otherwise was merely fractional. The total sales were 152,000 shares, of which 101,000 shares were industrials Railway and miscellanous bonds were strong. Chicago, Feb. 5.—There was a weak feel ing in wheat to-day, with hardly a grain of consolation or endorsement for a bull. Trade, while moderately active, was not marked by any important operations. The market opened \(\frac{1}{2}\) to \(\frac{1}{2}\) lose, ruled easy, declined \(\frac{1}{2}\) for May and let for July. The close showed a loss of \(\frac{1}{2}\) cor May and 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) for July. Corn was weak. Selling orders from the country were quite numerous and t is fact was taken as an inclination of a c ntin red

ncreased movement. The market at the lose was # to #c lower than final figures of aturday In oats offerings were rather liberal and were doubtless induced by the weaker wheat and corn market The close was with a net

oss of a to ic for the day. Provisions opened firm on an advance of the per hundred weight in the price of hogs. Frade was at no time heavy, and values responded to moderate buying or selling. The hog market closed with the advance lost and then product sold off, but shortly before the close some buying orders appeared and were influential in causing a reaction, with ribs a trifle firmer than pork or lard. May pork closed unchanged; May lard unchanged to 2½ clower, and May ribs 5c higher. The domestic markets were weak and the for-eign quiet.

To Blockade Rio. his fleet accordingly. This step is intended to assert belligerent rights for the insur-gents. The action of the foreign com-

manders is awaited with anxiety.

## THE BURGESSES CORPS.

THE MEMBERS DELIGHTED WITH THEIR RECEPTION.

Farm Work Progressing Rapidly-New Odd Fellows Hall - Arrested for Abducting a Young Girl.

MESSENGER BUREAU, RALEIGH, Feb. 5. Guard called and paid their respects as did

Another cold snap came last night without warning by the weather bureau. The Supreme court will to-morrow take

There is a great deal of talk about the verterm in the penitentiary.

Farm work has progressed rapidly. There has been no snow since November and the farmers say that more ploughing is now done than they ever remember to have seen this early in the year. Large crops of spring oats will be planted.

notaries public. nearing this week.

The Odd Fellows of this city are to have their halls in the handsome building which Mr. R. S. Pullen is to erect in this city.

There are now 130 children in the Baptist orphanage at Thomasville. The superintendent urges that accommodations be provided for lifty more. vided for fifty more. The saloon keepers of this city ask the city to regulate their hours of opening and closing. The city will prescribe the hours. It appears that the street railway, which

will be sold some time in April, will probably be purchased by other parties. The franchise expired yesterday, but of course the city will grant a new one.

The members of the Burgesses Corps express delight with their reception here.
They will probably get breakfast here on their return next Friday. The Burgesses Corps is one of the most celebrated and renowned military organizations in New York President Lincoln during his life, and after his death the organization was the special escort to his remains. The corps was the guard of honor at the Capitol and in the parade of the funeral obsequies of Gen. Grant in 1885, and the following year act d as escort to President Cleveland for four days during the bi-centennial celebration.

The city will fit up its theatre and lease if Complaint is made by the owner of the Academy of Music that it is not proper for

the city to manage its own theatre.

The Agricultural Department has issued a bulletin giving the fertilizer analyses made United States Marshal Carroll to-day com pleted the appointment of his deputy marshals. There are some thirty-five in all. A white man about 40 years of age, whose name is given as H. H. Rush, is in jail here He was arrested to-day upon a warrant sworn out by a girl who says her age is 14 years. She says he has forced her to accompany him and live with him unlawfully

magistrate will investigate fully. [By Special Telegram.] The girl's name is Laura Walker and she as well as Rush are from Richmond county. She says Rush took her away from her mother while the latter was sick and, by threats, made her accompany him; that Rush carried a gun and said he would kill her unless she would tell people she was his wife; that she tried to escape but he hunted her down and forced her to walk all the way from Rockingham here. He made her wear a long dress. She does not know her

The magistrate here had her examined by two women who say she is about 13 years old. They found her clothing was so padded as to make her appear larger than she really is. The girl says she knows Hec-tor stcNeill at Red Springs and he has been written to. She says her mother has died since Rush took her away. Rush tells a confused story about marrying her in South Carolina. He says he is wounded and that he was shot by officers who mistook him for another man, a fugitive from justice.

The Sun's Cotton Report.

review says: Cotton advanced 10 to 11 points reacted and closed at a net rise of 6 to 7, ending steady. Sales were 106,900 bales. Liverpool advanced 1 to 11 points, closing steady Spot sales there were 10,000 bales at steadjer but unchanged prices. Manchester was quiet. Bombay receipts for the half week were 30,000 bales, against 17,000 for the same time last year. Spot cotton was steady and unchanged. Sales were 61 bales for spinning. Southern markets generally were very quiet and unchanged. Galveston declined New Orleans sold 2,200 bales, Memphis 1.150 and Galveston 75. Port re eipts were 24.384 bales, against 19,292 this day last week and 15,960 last year: thus far this week 38,631 bales, against 43,441 thus far last week. Exports to-day were 7,345 bales to Great Brstain, 981 to France and 2,987 to the continent. Augusta receipts were 338 bales against 149 last year. Memphis 995, against 2.182 last year; St. Louis 489, against 1,216

Particulars of the Fight in Madison County.

few additional particulars of the fight on the State line between farmers of North Carolina and Tennessee. One of the men engaged in the affair, Phillip Rice, was brought into Marshall, the county seat of Madison county, yesterday. He says the men engaged in the fight were all from M.dison county and working on the road under Alex riensley. They became involved in a quarrel which resulted in Frederick, a brother of Phillip Rice, being shot dead. Clarence Ray and Wm. Morton are not expected to live. Phillip Rice was shot through the leg. Dan Morton and Haight Morton

Highest of all in Leavening Power.-Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Last Reception of the Senson-Much Talk About the Fuller Trial-

gave the last public reception of the season at the Executive mansion. Mrs. R.S. Tucker, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Carr. Mrs. William B. Grimes, Miss Mary Hinton and Miss Mary Davis, of Louisburg assisted in receiving. Members of the Governor's staff L. T. Henderson, of U. S. A. Haywood's orchestra furnished music. The attendance was large. These receptions are very popu-

up the docket of appeals from the First district. It is a light docket.

dict in the Fuller murder case. It is the popular belief that Fuller will get off with a

Governor Carr appoints G. P. Livingston, of Tryon, and J. L. Crowell, of Concord, The Railway Commission has no cases for

The city will fit up its theatre and lease it

The girl is also here. There are some sing-ular features about this case which the

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.-The Sun's cotton

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Feb. 5 .- A special to the Citizen from Hot Springs, N. C., gives a participants in the affray, have been jailed.

Vaillant Guillotined. PARIS, Feb. 5.-Augusta Vaillant, the An-Janeiro late this afternoon says: Admiral of Deputies on December 9th, was gained Da Gama has given forty-eight hours notice, tined at 7:10 o'clock this morning at the prison De la Roquette. Vaillant's last words as he was led to the guillotine were: "Death the will blockade Rio and has disposed as he was led to the guillotine were: "Death the Rompeoise. Long live Anarchy." to the Bourgeoise. Long live Anarchy."
About 1,200 people were present. No disturbances occurred

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