TELEGRAPHIC SÜMMARY.

In the New York city courts yesterday there was a weeding out of fraudulent election officers, several being sent to the penitentiary .- J. M. Moss, the hold-over postmaster at Henderson, sells the postmastership there to a man named Basket who mortgaged his farm to raise the purchase money, \$900. Moss attempted to sell the farm to refund the money spent on a trip to Washington in which he made a futile attempt to carry out the bargain. The case has gotten into the courts .-Gen. Gordon, as commander of the United Confederate Veterans, issues an order an nouncing the death of Gen. Early .- The President and party stopped at Norfolk last evening on their return to Washington .-There is probability of the Liberals and Union-Liberals, of England, uniting .-Gladstone recommends two men for the peerage,---John Morley declines the office of Lord President of the Council and Secretary for India. Gen. Early's remains were buried at Lynchburg yesterday after noon. Many distinguished Confederate officers were among the honorary pall bearers, and many of the dead general's old soldiers followed his corpse to the cemetery. -The tug which took the Norfolk reporters out to interview the President was amending the Virginia election law was defeated in the House of Delegates by a tie vote last afternoon, and will come up to day on a motion to reconsider.—The Virginia printed, as a public document—It was so or-Legislature passes the Inter-State Oyster Pirate bill. - The presidents of the Cotton Exchanges of New York and New Orleans go before the House Agricultural committee to oppose the Hatch Anti-Option bill. They contend that dealing in futures does not depress the price of cotton, but, if anything, stimulates it.—Mr. J. T. Murray, of New York, formerly of this State, dies suddenly. -The British Parliament has adjourned The Democrats of the Senate Finance committee yesterday found themselves sur

prepared for an all night session on the bill.

Thirty negroes leave Atlanta for Africa. The San's Cotton Review. NEW YORK, March 5.-The Sun's cotton review says: Cotton declined 12 to 13 points losing quiet and steady at a loss for the day of about 12 points. Sales were 144,800 ba'es. Liverpool declined 4 to 5 points, closing easy spot sales were 10,000 bales, with easier but unchanged quotations. In New Orleans futures declined 9 to 11 points. In Man-chester yarns were dull, cloths dull but Bombay receipts for the half week were 33,000 bales, against 19,000 for the same time last year. Spot cotton here was 1-16c and deliveries 1,800. There was a decline of 1-16c at New Orleans, Galveston and of 1-16c at New Orleans, Galveston and Mobile, &c at Savannah and Charleston and partially &c at Augusta. New precede any consideration of the tariff. be-Orleans sold 1,400 bales, Galveston 214 and cause until the people had money to buy, Memphis 750. Port receipts were 13,150 the tariff was unimportant. He offered as bales, against 11,849 this day last week and 11,224 last year; thus far this week, 21,335, of silver. against 21,131 for the same time last week. Exports to-day were 8,356 bales to Great Britain and 770 to the Continent. Augusta received 202 bales, against 296 this day last Memphis received 930 bales, against 1,680 this day last year, shipments to-day, 2,863. St. Louis received 156 bales, against 427 last year. Houston received 1,550 bales, against 1,489 last year; shipments to-day, 2,671. New Orleans receipts to-morrow were estimated at 6,000 possibly 7,200 bales, against 7,581 on the same day last week and 4,442 last year. Exports this season from the ports up to Saturday night were 4,087,386 bales, against 3,092,501 for the ame time last season; receipts, 5,204,170 bales, against 4,298,643 for the same time last year. It will thus be seen that exports are about 1,000,000 ahead of last season and receipts 906,527 ahead of last season. The

counded by more difficulties, and last nigh

ANOTHER TRAGEDY. A Fight Between Two Men in Cum-

an inch at Abilene and light elsewhere.

berland County Ends in the Serious Wounding of One-The Oakes Meetings - A New Lodge of Knights of Pythias Formed. [Correspondence of the Messenger.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Feb. 5.

Another deplorable difficulty happened about two miles from the city yesterday morning. In a fight between Lucien Herring and John Green, the former was seriously cut with a knife and has been in a precarious condition since. It was reported that he was dead, but the doctors say this morning that there is a fair chance of his recovery. From reliable evidence from parties who saw it, it appears that Herring eaught Green, when he met him on th road, and began a quarrel, Green all the time protesting that he did not want any trouble, but Herring knocked him down. and while on top of him beating him Green cut him in the breast, arm, etc.
Green promptly delivered himself up to an officer, and is in jail. Both men are

At a joint meeting of the county commissioners and justices of the peace held to-day a resolution was passed providing \$1,000 for the purpose of partially furnishing the new The meetings conducted by Rev. E. W. Oakes in the Presbyterian church for the past ten days closed last night. The attend-

ance has been good, and Mr. Oakes pleased movement is on foot to organize

another lodge of Knights of Pythias here. The requisite number of names have been secured and the lodge will soon be instituted. Cumberland lodge has over 200 mem bers, and there is plenty of room for another lodge and plenty of good material to make up its membership. It is hoped the new lodge will have a vigorous start, and do as made! good in the community as Cumbermal will have a vigorous start, and do as made! good in the community as Cumbermal will have a vigorous start, and do as made! good in the community as Cumbermal will have a vigorous start, and do as made in the community as Cumbermal will have a vigorous start, and do as made in the community as Cumbermal will be supplied to pay duty on imported goods, but the people of the States in favor of the granting of pensions. land lodge has done.

Children who are puny, pale, weak, or scrofulous, ought to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. That builds up both their flesh and their strength. For this, and for purifying the blood, there's nothing in all medicine that can equal the "Discovery." all medicine that can equal the "Discovery.

In recovering from "Grippe," or in convalescence from pneumonia, fevers, or other wasting diseases, it speedily and surely invigorates and builds up the whole system.

As an appetizing, restorative tonic, it sets at work all the processes of digestion and nutrition, rouses every organ into natural ac-For all diseases caused by a torpid liver or impure blood, Dyspepsia, Billiousuess, Scrofnious, Skin, and Scalp Diseases—even Consumption (or Lung-scrofula) in its early stages-the "Discovery" is the only guaran-

If it doesn't benefit or dure, in every case, you have your money back.

Loan department of the Metropolitan Trust company held their first annual meeting last evening in the Mayor's meeting last evening in the Mayor's coffice, J. C. Dancy, the president, was last been done away with. It was the intention of this administration not to allow restore healthy action to the digestive or large and action of the Metropolitan of miles away examined the cases of pensioners; the boards of physicians who had made personal examinating boards. Now men thousands of miles away examined the cases of pensioners; the boards of physicians who had made personal examinations of applicants had been done away with. It was the intention of this administration not to allow restore healthy action to the digestive or large transfer and the cases of pensioners; the boards of physicians who had made personal examinations of applicants had been done away with. It was the intention of this administration not to allow restore healthy action to the digestive or large transfer and the cases of pensioners; the boards of physicians who had made personal examinating boards. Now men thousands of pensioners the deadches will find a most efficacious. This medical journal questioned the merits of the many physicians here say is the only cure for this disease. Amick keeps his formula the cases of pensioners; the boards of physicians who had made personal examinations of applicants here are the cases of pensioners; the boards of physicians who had made personal examinations of applicants here are the cases of pensioners; the boards of physicians who had made personal examinations of applicants here are the cases of pensioners; the boards of physicians who had made personal examinations of applicants here are the cases of pensioners. The case of pensioners are the cases of pensioners are the case of pensioners. The case of pensioners are the case of pensioners are the case of pensioners are the case of pensioners. The case of pensioners are the in the chair and J. B. Dudley was secretary. A majority of the stock was tary. A majority of the stock was A controversy took place between Mr. represented. The secretary read the anmual report which was favorably com- South Carolina, over a statement of the former that if the Democrats believed their mented upon and adopted.

J. Byrd, Daniel Howard, David Jones, Valentine Howe, Isham Quick, J. H. Johnson, R. H. Lane, Jas. B. Dudley, Jno. Holloway, J. C. Dancy, McLaue

After adopting a motion thanking the mayor for the use of his office, the association adjourned.

cases of fraud in pensions had been discovered by the pension office, and 147 convice ered by the pension of for ered by the pension of fire this ered by the pension of fire ered by the pension of f

POLITICAL VENOM

DISPLAYED IN THE HOUSE ON THE PENSION BILL.

Mr. Hepburn Denounces What He Calls the Opposition of the Late Confederate States to Liberal Pensions-The Bland Bill Before the Senate-Compilation of the Coinage Laws.

WASHINGTON, March 5 .- The Seigniorage bill was received from the House and was, for the time being, laid on the Vice President's table.

SENATE.

A resolution for a change of Senate rules was offered by Senator Allen, and was referred to the Committee on Rules. It makes the duty of a committee to which a bill or resolution or other measure is referred to report it back within thirty days, and, in case of its not doing so, the Senator who introduced it is to have the right to demand its being reported within five days from the time the demand is made.

Senator Voorhees reported from the Committee on Finance a compilation of the coinage laws of the Government from 1789 to 1894, which he spoke of as a work of in-estimable value, gotten up by Mr. Dirfee, late him, acted as the attorney for the Demoto 1894, which he spoke of as a work of inclerk of the committee; and asked that it be

Senator Cockrell called attention to the fact that within a few days past, he had re-ceived "cart loads of letters" from druggists in Missouri asking him to vote against the Tariff bill, because it increased the tax on alcohol, which they described as one of the necessaries of life. He could not understand, he said, the re ceipt of so many letters on the same point and largely couched in the same language until the inspiration of this mani-fold letter-writing had been sent to him by a good friend. That inspiration was a circular from the Iowa State Pharmaceutica association, of Dubuque, Iowa, asking drug gists in Missouri to send to both their Senators a protest against any increased tax on alcohol—"an article more necessary even than tea or coffee." "Imagine," Senator Cockrell exclaimed, "alcohol as absolutely

ecessary in prohibition Iowa: The Vice President proceeded, as a matter and to have them referred to the appropri ate committees. He had reached the Seigni rage bill and was about to have it referred to the Finance committee, when objection was made by Senator Stewart. He said that ne desired the bill to lie on the table to be called up hereafter. Everybody knew what the bill was and there was no use in re ferring it to the Finance committee, which an amendment a bill for the free coinage

Objection was made to the second reading of the Seigniorage bill, and it went over un-til to-morrow with the understanding that the Vice President would lay it before the

Senate at any time he pleased A resolution heretofore offered by Senator Peffer for a change of the rules so that all executive sessions shall be open, except in causes where the President of the United States suggests that the subject matter of his communication requires secrecy, was laid before the Senate and, after some re-marks by Senator Peffer, was referred to the Committee on Rules.

The Senate then took the calendar in regular order, the first bill upon it being the one referring the McGarrahan claim to the court of private land claims. On the re quest of Senator Morrill, who has heretofore been the leading opponent of the measure rain fall for 24 hours was 2.42 inches at Senator Teller, who has charge of it, con-Charleston, 1.42 at Fort Smith, Ark; .64 of sented that it should go over till to-morrow. Three private pension bills were passed. The Senate, on motion of Senator Gorman,

went into executive session. The doors were reopened at 3:15 o'clock when Senator Morgan, offered an amend-ment to the Tariff bill, providing for the appointment of a board of tariff revision. It was read and referred to the Finance committee and then at 3 20 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. The bill to enable New Mexico to become a State, which was called up by Mr. Joseph, Democrat, of New Mexico, immediately deeloped opposition. Mr. Cannon, Republican, of Illinois, de-

Mr. Cannon. Republican, of Illinois, demanded a second and tellers were ordered.

The Republicans refrained from voting, and the result was 126 yeas and 1 nay. No quorum having appeared, Mr. Joseph withdrew his motion and Mr. O'Neill called up the regular order—the Pension Appropriation bill and Mr. Delliver Pension. tion bill, and Mr. Dolliver, Republican of hio. addressed the House on its provisions, riticising the present administration of the

Mr. Hephurn, Republican, of Iowa, scored the action of 'the Representatives of the late eleven Confederate States' for their opposition to liberal pensions. Not one of these States, he said, contributed a dollar, not even a nickel to the pension roll. The ate Confederate States contribute but a small proportion to the expenses of the Gov-ernment. In all the ports of the United States \$177,000,000 was collected and of this wast sum the Confederates contributed but

Messrs. Livingston, of Georgia, and Enloe of Tennessee, objected to some of Mr. Hep-burn's statements on the South's proportion of contribution to the Government's ex-penses and Mr. Hepburn admitted that there was justice in the objection. A large proportion of the Southern people, he said wore cheap cottons; a large proportion went bare footed and did not have to wear shoes. States wanted to know what the people of other States should do with their own money. The Confederate States did not contribute to the pension roll [Applause.] He said he could show that the present administration was opposed to a liberal pension policy, and the first proof was that Grover Cleveland was President of the Grover Cleveland was President of the liberal pension policy. United States. He had vetoed a hill granting pensions to deserving men, and had coupled his veto with many insulting expressions to old soldiers. The selection of Hoke Smith to administer pensions was another evidence of hostility. Mr. Smith was referred to in sarcastic terms, and the reading of his biography from the Conpressional directory, which Mr. Hepburn hinted was prepared by the subject himself, created much laughter among the Repub-

licans, particularly the detailed account of Mr. Smith's law studies. Mr. Hoke Smith, he held, was unfit to administer the great office he held. He had been brought up under influences opposed to the old sol-diers, and those influences dominated him Annual Meeting.

The stockholders in the Building and Loan department of the Metropolitan

Loan department of the Metropolitan tention of this administration not to allow

any pensions during this fisqal year. charges that the pension roll was running Other routine business was transacted, after which the following stockholders were elected directors for the ensuing year: W. H. Williams, Johnson ing year: W. H. Williams, Johnson ing year: W. H. Lane, A. Bowens, J. E. Taylor, Jas. H. Lane, A. Bowens, Ja Mr. Enloe took the opposite view from the preceding speaker. He said there was a large amount of money involved, a large number of votes involved in the pension number of votes involved in the pension question, and it opened up a chance for demagogues to exercise their vocation. He defended the Secretary of the Interior and his pension policy. He contended that justice had actuated every suspension of pensions. Since the beginning of the Cleveland administration until February 9th, last, 303 cases of fraud in pensions had been discov-

COTTON FUTURES.

bers of the 17th Kentucky regiment, which had served between three and four years and participated in fifteen battles. This regiment was being investigated by the pension office, said Mr. Enloe, and with this statement as a basis, he proceeded to defend the methods of the present commissioner of pensions.

ensions.

He made the accusation that persons em ployed in the pension office, who were in sympathy with the last administration, had rejected deserving aplications for pensions rejected deserving aplications for pensions in order to injure the administration. He knew of such a case in his own knowledge. In conclusion, Mr. Enloe, in reply to criticisms of Mr. Hepburn and others, wished to say that he had as much right to speak on the pension question as had any other member on the floor. It did not matter whether he was too young to go into the whether he was too young to go into the war, nor did it matter what section he came from, he had a right to speak on any question that concerns the people. He was there to protect the tax payers of the coun-try, to stop fraud, and that was not only the position of the committee of pensions and secretary of the Interior, but of the Presi-

ing it over again, leaving it from generation to generation as a heritage. Mr. Baldwin also wanted to know if the gentlemen on the other side, in endeavoring to make extravagant pensions appropriations, were trying to embarrass the tariff legislation, for pensions must be paid out with the money provided by tariff laws.

Mr. Cannon, Republican, of Illinois, said the gentleman from Illinois (Black,) the

cratic party in its pension policy. In his speech last Saturday he had told of the magnificent charge of the present commissioner of pensions at Gettysburg; and it seemed to him that the gentleman was ensioner of pensions at Gettysburg, and it seemed to him that the gentleman was en-deavoring to have the record of commissioner Lochren spread over the pension policy and the unfriendliness of the admin-istration to the pensioners. He would like o know whether the gentleman from Illinois was in favor of the pension vetoes which Mr. Cleveland made during his first

Mr. Black said the bills vetoed came to nim from the President through the Secreary of the Interior and were by him referred to various divisions for report. He had then sent the cases back to the Secretary of he Interior with reports sometimes giving opinions whether the bills should be vetoed.

At the conclusion of Mr. Cannon's remarks, the House at 5:40 o'clock adjourned mtil to-morrow. Mr. Livingstone, of Georgia, offered in

the House to-day a bill appropriating \$100,-000 for a bonded warehouse at Atlanta. MORE TARIFF TROUBLE.

The Democrats of the Committee Not Yet Ready to Report the Bill to the Full Committee-Prepar-

ing for an all Night Session. Washington, March 5 .- One hitch in the bill in the Senate committee appears to follow. When the Democratic members of the committee separated Saturday, they believed a formal consideration of the work to-day would result in final action. When evening came to-day, though, these Senators found themselues more at sea than when they came together. No one yentured to say when the bill would be laid before the Republican members. No notice was issued for a meeting of the Finance committee, and masmuch as tomorrow is the regular meeting day, Senator Voorhees took the precaution to personally inform his Repub-

lican colleagues that there would be no When asked during the day what progress When asked during the day what progress was being made, members of the committee shook their heads dubiously and other Democratic Senators, notably "the conservatives," declared they could not see how the bill could be got ready short of two or three days. During the day Secretary Carlisle, Assistant Secretary Hamlin and Commissioner of Internal Revenue Miller were all before the committee Mr. Miller was all before the committee. Mr. Miller was there, as heretofore, to give information needed on revenue matters. It is understood that a discussion developing some warmth was had this morning when an at-tempt was made to reconsider the tax fixed on manufactured tobacco. It is said that the committee raised this tax from 8 cents a pound under the present law to 10 cents. Senator McPnerson to-day endeavored to have it changed to 12 cents and pointed out that the manufacturers favored this, if any hange was to be made, for it would not interfere with existing package systems, whereas if the dispropotioned amount of 10 cents were fixed much of the machinery now used in manufacturing would be use-less. The committee is understood to have resisted any effort to change from the amount said to have been agreed upon, as this would necessitate a complete overhauling of the rates fixed on imported tobaccos. The administrative feature of the bill re ceived a great deal of attention, and the alleged failure of the House committee to permit a thorough supervision of this part of the bill came in for some criticism. Secretary Carlisle and Assistant Secretary Hamlin have each gone carefully over this part of the Senate bill, and many changes have been made at their suggestion. Secretary Carlisle has been especially solicitous that there shall be an entire absence of amiguity, and if his advice is followed much of the trouble found in the different interpretations placed upon the administrative

Members of the Financial committee took their luncheon at the Capitol, preparatory to a night session, in the hope of reaching a final vote in the question of reporting the bill. The changes made by the sub-com-mittee are very numerous and begin with the date which the law is to go into effect, which is made June 30th, 1894, instead of June 1st, and follow on through all the schedules, commencing with the first item in the first schedule-schedule "A," chemicals, oils and paints and running clear through to the free list.

The President at Norfolk. NORFOLK, Va., March 5 .- The steamer Violet, with the Presidential party aboard, arrived here at 6 o'clock p. m. She was met down the harbor by a Firginian reporter, to whom Mr. Cleveland stated that his trip had been a very enjoyable one and sport fine. He was looking splendidly. The Violet coaled at the navy yard and resumed her trip to Washington at 9 colored nor met. She will arrive there about noon to-morrow. In the interview, the President stated that he killed about thirty ducks and twenty geese, and swan, He declined to speak about Congressional matters and merely said that he had heard that the Bland bill had passed the House.

The reporters who interviewed the Pres ent went down the river on the tug David B. Hill, Capt. Jester. As the little tug approached the light house tender, the President, Secretary Gresham and Capt. Evans craned their necks for several minutes lookng at the name on the little vessel mazement. The President looked as if he hought the matter might have been a putup job, but the reporters aver that it was merely a coincidence.

People troubled with sick and nervous

Liberals and Liberal Unionists to

LONDON, March 5 .- The St. James Gazette is authority for the statement that a reunion of the Liberals and Liberal Unionists is probable, Lord Roseberry having already entered into communication with the Unionist leaders, Joseph Chamberlain and the Duke of Devonshire, on the subject.

It is understood that Mr. John Morley has declined the office of Lord President of the Council and Seceetary of State for India, not wishing to take an office that will separate him from the cause of Ireland.

Gladstone has recommended that Stuart
Rendel, member of Parliament for Montgomeryshire, and Sir Reginald Earle Welby, permanent Secretary to the Treasury, be elevated to the Peerage.

THIS QUESTION BEFORE THE HOUSE COMMITTEE.

Presidents of the Cotton Exchanges of New York and New Orleans Opposing the Hatch Bill-The Price of Cotton Not Depressed by Trading in Futures, but Stimulated.

WASHINGTON, March 5 .- Mr. J. W. Labouisse, the president of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, appeared before the Agricultural committee of the House this morning in opposition to the Anti-Option bill. Mr. Labouisse read extracts from speeches made in the Senate and House going to show that the fall in the price of farm products was due to "futures" dealings; but that when the same gentleman were speaking on the question of silver, they claimed tion of that metal. He contended that sellaffect the price of the product. Sometimes, some extent upon the amount of the crop, England mills were now running on half time and that some would in a few months shut down altogether, not so much because of the price of cotton, as because of the inability to sell the manufactured product. The writers said that nothing approaching this state of affairs had existed for twenty five years; yet notwithstanding this fact, the price of cotton is higher to-day than it was two years ago. He argued that the effect of the bill would be to dive the small dealers out of the market and give a monopoly of the trade to a few principal houses. In the absence of competition these latter would fix their own term. Where the exporters now made } cent a pound, they would make 1 and 2 cents a pound to com-pensate them for the additional risk in-curred and this increase in their profits would be taken from the cotton grower. He contented that the fall in prices of farm products was simply in keeping with the fall in the prices of most articles of human industry during the last decade, and that the question of "future" dealings had no connection with this fall in any way. connection with this fall in any way. He went on to show how that away back in 1845 and 1847 the price of cotton was about 7½ cents per pound when the output was only about 2 250,000 bales. At the present time the market is following a crop of 9,000,-000 bales and one of the year previous o higher than they were in 1847 when there was no suggestion of "future" deliveries.

operations of the cotton exchanges of New York and New Orleans and the effect of future dealings on the price of cotton, to which he replied fully. Mr. Funston, of Kansas, one of the members of the committee, desired to know, if the brokers contracted to deliver cotton in November, where the farmer would come in who attempted to sell his cotton during that

Mr. Labouisse replied that if he were to deliver the cotton in November he would buy it from the farmer himself.

Mr. Funston asked it the broker could not fix the price by destroying his only competitor, namely—the farmer. He made his position clear by explaining that the broker contracts to furnish the cotton, and when the time comes to deliver it there is nobody to purchase the cotton from the farmer but the broker; [consequently the latter gets the product at his own price.

Mr. Labouisse said that in his opinion it made no difference who bought from the farmer, whether it was himself or the mill owner; each intended to get it as cheap as possible and that the farmer could deal with the one quite as well as he could with the other.

J. O. Bloss, president of the New York Cotton Exchange, replying to Mr. Hatch, said that the average sales of cotton in New York was about 200,000 bales per day. He was of the opinion that speculation had the effect of stimulating the price of cotton. On the highest markets the greater business was done. When the market was low the Mr. Hatch he said that there was no agree-ment between the buyer and the seller that an actual delivery of the goods should

not be made. The committee adjourned until to-mor-row when the hearing will be continued. LAID TO REST.

The Burial of the Late Gen. Jubal A Early-An Imposing Ceremony-Many Old Confederates in Funeral Procession.

LYNCHBURG, Va., March 5.-The of the late Gen. Jubal A. Early took 3:30 o'clock this afternoon from Sali aul's church, Rev. T. M. Carson, he rector, officiating, assisted by Revs. Hall and Fleming of the Presbyterian churches. The proces sion which moved from the residence on apper Main street promptly at 3:15 o'clock, lower and May ribs 12½ to 15c lower. sion which moved from the residence on was an imposing one, and was witnessed by thousands of people who lined the thorough-fares along the entire route. Hundreds of old Veterans, who served under the dead General during the war were present from all sections of the State and marched on foot in the procession. Many distinguished Confederates were among the honorary pall-bearers, including Gens. Eppa Hunton, L. L. Lomax, Fitzhugh Lee and Dabney Maurey, ex-Governor McKinney, Col. C. S. Veneable and Cel. Robert E.

Governor O'Ferrall was not ent, but was represented by his chief of staff, Col. C. O'B. Wardin, Private Secretary Chesterman and Adjt. Gen. Anderson. A detachment of the Rich. mond Howitzers, numbering thirty men, also took part in the ceremonies. The corps of cadets of the Virginia Military institute about 200 strong, were conspicuous in the line. From the church the procession moved to Spring Hill cemetery, where all that was mortal of the dead Confederate was laid to rest, the Lynchburg Artillery Blues firing a salute of seventeen guns ove

Cured cough left after lung fever, with two bottles. Mrs. Lizzie Burns, Barclay, Sangamon Co., Ills., writes as follows: "I think Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is truly an excellent remedy for coughs left from lung fever, as two bottles entirely cured my

Dr. Amick Gains a Judgment. Sr. Louis, March 5 .- Judgment was ren dered yesterday in favor of Dr. Amick, of restore healthy action to the digestive or- to himself, and sends, free, medicines gans, and thus afford speedy and permanent proving to the consumptive he can be cured.

All this is against the medical code; hence

sion in the cafe of M. Very.

A NOVEL CASE.

A Hold-Over Postmaster Sells the Office to Another Man Who Mortgages his Farm for the Purchase Money-The Case in the Courts.

[Special to the Messenger.] RALEIGH, N. C., March 5 .- One of the most remarkable transactions ever attempted in this State causes quite a sensation at Henderson. J. R. Moss is postmaster there. He is a Republican hold-over and his attempt was to seil the postmastership to a man named A. M. Basket, who lives a couple of miles from Henderson. The consideration was to be \$900, to be paid by Basket. The latter mortgaged his farm to raise the necessary money, and paid \$20 to a lawyer to prepare the papers. He also agreed to pay the expenses of Moss and the attorney to Washington to make the transfer. When Moss and the lawyer returned and Basket found they could not deliver the goods he raised a row and declined to pay any more money. The lawyer at once made an attempt to sell the land in order to pay the cost of the Washington trip and other expenses, amounting to \$192. Basket was ing cotton for future delivery could not compelled to go before a judge and get an order restraining the lawyer from selling when the deliveries were made the market the property. The judge said he wished to was higher than the contract price, and at have nothing to do with such a case and has long trip North. He says he expects to soon other times lower. The prices depended to referred the matter to a prominent citizen place coal in great quantities on the market. to act as referee.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

Stocks and Bonds In New York-The Grain and Provision Markets

of Chicago. NEW YORK, March 5 .- Hopes of modified tariff legislation by the Senate started up a lively bull speculation at the Stock Exchange to-day. The feeling was more confident than of late and the unfayorable features of the situation were not permitted to exert any influence on the market. Sterling exchange was stronger than ever and will make further gold exports tolerably firm. In fact, unless there is materal change in commercial bills before the end of the week, the French steamer will take out some gold, and it is quite likely, so foreign bankers say, that an efflux to London may set for the fourth week and month of February served to check the bullish tendency. So far as railway earnings are concerned. operators were disposed to accept them as a reflection of past conditions and not a fore-cast of the future. American Sugar was the great speculative card. The stock opened if up at 85% and advanced steadily to 90 closing at 89%. Nearly 120,000 shares were traded in and the dealings were attended with considerable excitement. The rise was assisted by reports that the regular dividend cent. on the stock would February were \$83,490. be declared by the directors this The speaker was interrupted a number of week. The rumored formation of a times by the members of the committee, who plied him with questions relative to the pool to take 50,000 shares of the stock did not receive much credence The preferred stock jumped 42. Lead, General Electric and Whiskey were also in demand. Chicago Gas first rose # per cent. to 63½ and then fell to 63½ on the revival of the old Hyde park opposition reports and possible action by the Chicago Common Jouncil at their session to-night detrimental to the old concern. Later on, there was a sharp rise to 642. The Western Railway group attracted more attention than for a long time past, and there were evidences that the bears in these stocks had been defeated. Brokers who have a monopoly of

the business of the Lakewood, the up-town bear clique, were buyers of the Grangers and their purchases stimulated the upward movement. St. Paul advanced 2, Illinois Central 1‡, Rock Island 1§, Burington and Quincy 11 and Northwestern 14 The Southwesterns, notably Kansas and Texas, preferred, and Missouri Pacific, were stronger on a more active business. Lou s-ville and Nashville fell # to 47# and rallied to 47% to 47%. This stock was depressed by the big loss in February earnings. The general market was strengthened by a belief that the St. Paul and the American Sugar lirectors would declare the regular divi

dends at their meetings this week. The market closed strong with an advancing endency. Total sales were 302,000 shares. Railway and miscellaneous bonds were very strong with an excellent demand. CHICAGO, March 5 .- Wheat was quiet and weak at the opening to-day, developing into one of decided firmness during the session and at the close was steady with a slight gain over Saturday. There was nothing startling in the way of news, and but little trading that could be called really important. May wheat opened to lower at 59% after

which it sold between 597 and 591, closing with a kc gain over Saturday.

Corn showed remarkable firmness and closed ic higher than on Saturday. The strength was independent of that shown by May corn opened a fraction lower than it closed on Saturday at 36½ to 36½c, ranged be-tween 36½ to 37½c, closing at 37 to 37½c. Oats were inclined to follow the lead of corn rather than wheat. The feeling was

firm with a net gain of tc for the day. Cash oats were firmer. Provisions were weak all through the session. Packers sold freely, particularly of pork. A weak hog market was of course reflected in produce. Business was not very risk at any time and it took but little buy

General Order Announcing D

Gen. Early. HEADQUARTERS UNITEL CONFEDERATE VETERAM NEW ORLEANS, March.

It becomes the painful duty of the general ommanding to announce to the survivors of the Confederate armies the death of another reat chieftain of the Lost case.

Lieut. Gen. Jubal A. Early closed his long and eventful career on the 2nd inst., at his home in Lynchburg, Va. A truly represen-tative American, he illustrated in his person that highest distinction, the dual service of citizen and soldier. Eminent in his early live for his forensic ability at the hustings in the forum and legislative halls of his native State; at the call to arms he always promptly entered the service of his country and became a hero of three wars. His name is enrolled as one of the nost conspicuous in the annals of our civil strife, in which he was distinguished for his strong convictions, high order of skill as a commander, coupled with unflinching per-sonal courage. Associated from first to last with the operations of the army of Northern Virginia, his corps participated in the midst of the brilliant and fateful struggles of that renowned command, and his name will be forever associated in history with Lee and ackson.

> J. B. GORDON. General Commanding. Adjutant General, and Chief of Staff. The Oyster-Pirate Bill.

RICHMOND, Va., March 5.—The Legislature to-day passed the Maryland and Virginia Reciprocity Oyster-Pirate bill. The bill provides that each State shall be allowed to pursue trespassers in its waters for ten miles into the waters of the other State, and PARIS, March 5.—Nine more Anarchists when a capture is made the offender shall be tried in the courts of the State in which a man named Francois, who, it is alleged, was implicated with Ravachol, in the explosion in the cafe of M. Very.

miles into the waters of the other state, and when a capture is made the offender shall be tried in the courts of the State in which the trespass was committed. If Maryland passes a similar bill Congress will be asked to ratify the legislation.

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report.



ANOTHER HOMICIDE

SAID TO BE COMMITTED IN CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

The Two Men Fight Over a Dispute About Religion-Cotton Seed Oil Mills to Close-Large Orders for Chatham Coal-Richmond Pearson Wants to Become Governor-Chronicle Case.

MESSENGER BUREAU, RALEIGH, N. C., March 5. Rev. L. B. Turnbull, now of Richmond. accepts a call to be pastor of the Presbyterian church at Durham. The cotton seed oil mills here will shut

down at the end of the present month, the season being shorter than usual. To this date, about 8,000 tons of seed have been crushed, the manager states. Near Fayetteville yesterday two white men, John Green and Lucien Herring, quarreled about religion. A fight followed and Green killed Herring. The slayer is in jail at Fayetteville.

Mr. S. A. Henszey, manager of the Egypt coal mines, was here to-day, after quite a He has large orders.

Many people in this State place much credence in the weather predictions of Hicks, Foster and others. These prophets said there would be a storm period on the 3rd and 4th. On the contrary, the weather is the finest ever known here at this season. Robins, which are always looked for by the pot-hunters, have at last made their appearance in great numbers in this section.

The Supreme court will to-morrow take up the docket of appeals from the Fifth dis-

State Treasurer Tate, who is in his office. after three months' absence, had many callers to-day.

Wilson D. Williams of Elizabeth City,
Shade G. Wooten of Clarkton, S. S. Bradley
of Bradley's Store, and W. F. Henderson of
Maxton, are appointed deputy marshals by
United States Marshal Carroll.

Marshal Carroll left to-day for Seven
Springs, Wayne county, to lease the hotel
and springs property which he controls

bankers say, that an efflux to London may set in shortly. Neither the likelihood of an outflowing of the yellow metal nor the poor exhibit of earnings made by some of the roads car, making analysis of the water at the various tanks. The season's local cotton receipts here to date are 23,651 bales, against 18,949 to this date last season.

There is a rumor that Mr. Richmond Pearson will not only seek to be the Republican opulist nominee for Congress in the Ninth istrict this year, but that he desires to be the nominee of the coalitionists for Gov-ernor in 1896.

The Chronicle case was before the Superior court to-day, Mr. Josephus Daniels and Mr. T. R. Jernigan being witnesses. The persons who furnished paper and other managements of the chair speciments. terials to the paper claim that their claims have precedence of Mr. Daniels' mortgage under the terms of which he sold the prop [By Special Telegram.]

This afternoon, after the dinner recess udge Hoke waited quite a time for the par-ies in the case and their attorneys to appear. he withdrew a juror and made a mistrial, so the case goes over until next term. Our Fayetteville correspondent gives different account of the tragedy in Cumber-land county, mentioned above. His letter will be found elsewhere in these columns.

The Queen of Fashion Best Ladies' Fashion Journal published for the money. None better at any price. Only 50 cts. a year, post-paid. Send three 2c. stamps by mail for a sample copy. Besides giving general fashion and other news, it contains illustrations of The McCall Co.'s latest Paris, London and New York fashions and patterns. Address The Queen of Fashion, Union Square, N. Y.

A Happy Ending

OTTERVILLE, Va.-For fifteen years 1 was a great sufferer from dyspepsia and nothing relieved me until I tried Simmons Liver Regulator. This is the best medicine in the world. I am now in good health.-Mrs. N. J. Collins. druggist sells it in powder or liquid. The power to be taken dry or made into a tea.

at the expense of the Body.
While we drive
the brain we
must build up the body. Exercise, pure air

foods that make healthy flesh-refreshing sleep-such are methods. When loss of flesh, strength and nerve become apparent your physician will doubtless tell you that the

quickest builder of all three is Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, which not only

creates flesh of and in itself, but stimulates the appetite for other Prepared by Scott & Bowne. N V. All druggists.

New Books.

MARCELLA." BY MRS. WARD, NEW.

"A Lone House," Mrs. Amelia Barr, new.
Bow of Orange Ribbon, Mrs. Amelia Barr, new.
Ed Pudney and Walp, by F. Dean. Heavenly
Twins, Mme. Sarah Grand, new "Princess of
Paris," the latest by Gunter. "Saracinesca," F.
Marion Crawsford, new, and msny others, new
and high class books. New books added as soon
as issued Full line of stationery. Call and see wm. L. DEROSSET, JR.,

Job Printing in all its branches.



A startling Fact. That very few persons have perfect eyes. It must be evident that it requires both knowledge and skill to know what the eyes need and to fit them properly with grasses. Those who trust this work to uniostructed dealers are criminally careless of the most valuable of all the senses, their sight DR. M. SCHWAB'S Gla-ses correct all visual imperfection that may exist. Spectacle and Eye Glasses to suit all eyesight. Dr. G. MARCUS, Eye Specialist and graduated Optician, 220 Market street, near South Third street. Spectacles and Eye Glasses repaired. This Optical Institute is permanent.

Sealed Bids

DOR THE ERECTION OF A SCHOOL BUILD ING WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO MARCH 9TH, 6 P. M, AT THE OFFICE OF MESSES

HANSEN & SMITH, WHERE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS MAY BE SEEN. A CERTI-FIED CHECK OF \$250.00 WILL BE REQUIRED WITH EACH BID, AND BOND FOR DUE PERFORMANCE OF CONTRACT WILL BE

THE COMMITTEE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REJECT ANY AND ALL BIDS. E. P. BAILEY, ANDREW SMITH. F. E. HASHAGEN.

New Advertisements

Three Car Loads Just Opened.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

BED ROOM SULL ALL STYLES. OUR \$25.00 SOLID OAK SUIT 24x30 BEVEL PLATE MIRROR

CALL AND INSPECT OUR IMMENSE STOCK. WARE ROOMS FULL FROM pit to dome, see us and you will make your purchases, we will not be undersold. Remember we are Headquarters for everything in the

MATTRESSES! MATTRESSES!

Give us your order for a fine Hair Mattress. They beat the world. Or will Renovate your old one.

SNEED & CO.

No. 16 South Front St.

The Cheapest Furniture House in North Carolina.

Metropolitan Dry Goods Establishment.

Davis & Zoeller,

Revenue collections of this district during The Leaders in Dry Goods,

Corner Front and Princess Sts.

New Building, Four Floor Space 120x240 Feet

Popular Dress Goods (all wool) in French and German weaves at astonishing olues in plain and mixed materials at 23c, 39c and 49c. All wool Henriettas; Serges, Whipcords, and Irish Poplin, in new Spring Shades A selected lot of Imported Easter Dress Suits, at 33 per cent. below regular

Domestic Department.

FILLED UP WITH A NEW LINE OF SPRING PRINTS Purchased direct from the factory in case lots Lousdale Shirting 8c, regular Remnant Unbleaching. 1,000 yards, best quality, 5c.

Calicoes in Spring Shades, at 4c. Shirting Prints at 5c. 12½c Cheviot at 10c. Plaids and Checks, (for apron) 2,000 yards, at 5c. 500 yds Dress Silks in an unusually wide range at 27c. Exclusively Novelty Effect, wide, at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.49, less 25 per cent., making net price of 75c, 94c and \$1.13.

We want the trade if low prices and clever treatment will do it. Dress and Wrap Trimming in Persian Design to match, (any material) at 25 per cent. less than the ordinary prices.

Advance Spring Goods, Wash Dress Fabrics, "Beautifui Zephyrs," as shown in

Duck (a novelty) in all leading shades at 12½c.

Crepons, a new lot, worth 25c, at 12½c and 18c.

A beautiful line of Dress Trimming Laces, Irish Point, Point de Spre, Point de Paris, Point de Chene, &c., in Ecru, White, Black, Chantilley and others at cut

CORSETS! CORSETS!

In all the Leading Brands at astonishing prices.



The \$1.25 Dr. Warner's Health Style for 75c. The Celebrated R. & G. at 49c. Call early as there are \$2.93 all Silk Umbrellas with name, worth \$2.49. A special job \$1.49. 25 pieces Matting worth 15c for 10c.

All wool 3-ply Ingrain all wool carpet worth \$1 for 69c. Moquette Rugs, 27x56, of exquisite design at \$1.75. A Trunks, new styles, at prices ranging from 50c to \$20.00 Curtains in Point de Spre, Point de Chene, &c., at 65c

Curtain Poles and Fixtures complete for 25c and up.

Big Drive in every Department too numerous to men-DAVIS & ZOELLER'S,

17 " " 25c for 18c.

Leaders in Low Prices,

Cor. Front and Princess Sts.



1 Do You Wear Pants?

WE HAVE A FEW DESIRABLE styles left which are going at a bargain. Don't know as your size is among the lot but it won't hurt to come and see. Winter Suits are low in quantity, while the usual high standard as to quality is strictly maintained. We're anxious to close out balance and the price now quoted is certainly a big inducement to

purchase. Too much Underwear on hand. The price this week can not fail to reduce same, A few extra suits would fill out the winter and be good for next season. as well.

A big reduction on all our Winter Goods this week.

MUNSON & CO