TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

Mrs. Cleveland and children leave Washington for Gray Gables .- Commander Thomas, of the Bennington, finds it necessary to land troops at La Libertad, Salvador, to protect American and other foreign residents. —The State officials have taken charge of the telegraph offices in the neighborhood of the disturbances in Colorado and will let no news be sent. — One thousand deputies followed by 200 cavalry left Divide Col. at 7 o'clock yesterday morning and soon after heavy firing was heard in that direction. The wires were opened to Press news at 6 o'clock a. m. - The Louisville and Nashville railroad gives notice of a big cut in freight rates from Memphis and all Ohio river points to the Southwest. - The State of Virginia declines to pay the \$540,000 State bonds held by the Federal Government for the Indian fund, claiming an offset of greater amount against the Government. The Indians will lose nothing in any eyent as the Government guaranteed the bonds.

The court at Columbia, Miss., is after the whitecappers. During twenty-four hours there were forty-eight new cases of cholera and twenty-one deaths therefrom in Warsaw. The disease is increas ing in other infected places of that see tion of Emope. - The Pope has been losing strength for some days .- In his address at the State university yesterday Secretary Smith said that slavery and reconstruction had been the twin-evils that retarded the material prosperity of the South. He was made an LL. D. by the university. - The Sugar trust declares quarterly dividends of 3 and 14 per cent, and semi annual dividend on certain preferred stock of 31 per cent. - Governor Tillman says he will be in the race for Senator against Senator Butler and expects to win. - The deand advocates gold and silver, --- Govstrickers in Eastern Ohio. - Twentyfive New England Coxeyits joined the army in Washington. They were disgusted to find the men there had nothing but bread, and little of that, to eat. The condition of the men is deplorable .--Five thousand strikers surrounded the National tube works at McKeesport. The mayor can get no men to act as special deputies. The strikers force the workmen est the Duquesne works to quit. They zear down and burn two coal tipples. -The strikers' attempt to close the

lils., results in the death of one man, the wounding of many others and the destruction of \$30,000 worth of property. RICTERS ON THE RAMPAGE. Tube Works Surrounded by 5,000

Strikers-Men in an Other Plant Forced to Quit-Coal Tipples Torn Down and Burned.

McKEESPORT, Pa., June 6.-The National tuce works, to-hight are surrounded by a crowd of at least 5,000 strikers and sympathizers. The men are nervous and anxious but in no way desperate. No trouble is looked for unless an attempt is made to start] the works. All trains are closely watched by the strikers for deputies, but as yet none have arrived. A proclamation was ishave arrived. A proclamation was issued to-day by the mayor inviting all good citizens who are in favor of main-Baskerville, assistant professor of chemtaining law and order in the city of McKeesport to assemble at the mayor's office at 7 o'clock this evening and be sworn in as special officers, because the present conditions demand that the regular police force be assisted in enforcing the laws of the city and Commonwealth. Only four citizens responded to the mayor's proclamation to act as deputies. As the majority of the people of this city, are wage earners, it is readily seen with whom they sym-

At 3:30 o'clock this afternoon the tube wors's strikers, to the number of 3,000, marched to Duquesne, two miles below here and forced the 250 men at work there to quit. The men did not hesitate. but obeyed the command of the strikers. The National tube works strikers claimed the Duquesne tube works was filling orders for the National tube company. General Manager Lunshee, of the Duquesne company, said he was filling no orders for the National tube works. He said the Duquesne works would start in the morning and that he would appeal to the authorities for protection.

Early in the day a crowd of 2,000

strikers tore down two coal tipples on the opposite side of the river from here. After the tipples were wrecked the crowd set the pile of debris on fire. What the object was in destroying the tipples is not known, as the coal was not

supplied to the tube works. The saloons opened for a while this morning in violation of the mayor's proclamation, but were ordered closed. The order was observed. While the strikers are nervous, there is no sign of liquor to be seen among the large crowd. The tube works officials had intended to try and start up in the morning, but to try and start up in the moraing, but as the strikers are in full control of the large plant there is not much likelihood of an attempt being made to start the works until some plan of protection is works until some plan of protection is derbit university; Augustus S. Seyworks until some plan of protection is arranged for men willing to enter the plant. The reports circulated that the strikers had three cannon on the hill side directed at the tube works is untrue. There is but one cannon in the city and that in the possession of the W. Dewees Wood company. The tube works officials sent a committee around to-day to look after the men injured in last night's riot. The men are injured in last night's riot. The men are

out in another spot yesterday and this time Memphis consigners get the benefit Nashville in Memphis notified shippers that there will, in a few days, be put into effect a sweeping reduction in freight rates from all Ohio river points and Memphis to Southwest territory. These reductions are on the first six classes and on class "A" which includes dry goods, boots and shoes, molasses, hardware and, in fact, nearly all articles of general merchandise, excepting hay, grain and flour. This reduction will go into effect on June 16th.

The university makes three new departures this year. At King's Mountain it will have, for a month a summer school of geology, under the direction of that. The Gommonwealers are blue of the surrounding counties. Wet weather and little to eat make their condition deplorable.

Two or three ladies from the State Normal and Industrial school will, it is said, attend the biological school. During July a summer normal school will be in honor of Coxey, Browne and Jones on their release from jail. of an extensive cut. The Louisville and Nashville in Memphis notified shippers

COMMENCEMENT DAY EXER-CISES AT CHAPEL HILL.

Orations by Members of the Graduating Class-Honors Announced and Medals Awarded - Faculty Appointments - Degrees Conferred-Secretary Smith's Admiral Address.

CHAPEL HILL, N. C., June 6. The University of North Carolina today celebrated its 99th birthday. This commencement day. The attendance was up to the average of recent years and prominent men from all parts of the State were present. The number of trustees was larger than usual. The exercises were held in the Memorial hall, only used once a year. Governor Carr was on the platform, and beside him was Hoke Smith, the orator of the day. Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. T. H. bers of the Legislature and six married men. The average age of the students is greater than ever before. The attendance at the faculty reception last evening was very large, and the affair did not end until 2 o'clock this

The orations by members of the grad-uating class, which this year consists of thirty members, were delivered, as fol-lows: T. S. Rollins, of Asheville, "Two Factors of Modern, Cigilization." A secretary Hoke Smith was, with one exception, the tallest and larg-est man, in all the assemblage. The ex-ception was Rev. John L. Carroll, pastor of the Baptist church here, who is per-haps an inch taller. Factors of Modern Civilization;" A. C. Ellis, of Louisburg, "Permanence in Change;" E. E. Gillespie, of Greensboro, "A Plea for Scientific Training of the Teachers;" T. B. Lee, of Mocksville, "The State and the Child;" C. L. Van Noppen, of Durham, "The Influence of Holland on American Institutions;" W. F. Harding, of Greenville, "Truth and

The other graduates presented theses as follows: H. H. Atkinson, of Asneville, "Stability of our Government;" L. E. Barnes, of Wilson, "The Life and Age of Savonarola;" Y. H. Boyden, of Salisbury, "The Property Rights of Married-Women as Affected by the Const tution and feat of the Brawley bill in the House Laws of North Carolina;" E. W. resterday will make liable for taxes and penalties those banks that issued altering the staff;" W. P. M. Currie of West End, "The Character of the Scotch;" Claudius clearinghouse certificates during the Dockery, of Mangum, (same subject as panic last year.—The Georgia Banking association indorses the financial legislation of Congress.—The Mississippi Lack.

Dockery, of Managun, (Same Stoject as V. H. Boyden). James R. Harris, of Raleigh, "Nitrification;" L. N. Hickerson, of Ronda, "The New Theory of Life;" L. A. Hodgin, of Greensboro, Life;" L. A. Hodgin, of Greensboro, W. P. Prohibition convention meets in Jack-son. Three districts are represented by Kenan, Jr., of Wilmington, "The Artifififteen delegates — The Ohio Republicial Production of Petroleum;" G. R. Plays"-(George Elliott); J. M. Oldham, in its platform lauds the McKinley bill, of Oaks, "The Part that Theory Plays denounces the Wilson and Brawley bills in Life"; G. E. Petty, of Greensboro, "Rousseau and his Emile;" Charles Roberson of Chapel Hill, "Some Proofs of ernor McKinley orders out 1,200 troops | the Theory of Evolution;" James Sawto protect the railroad property from the yer of Asheville, "The Truths of Fiction;" T. C. Smith of Asheville, "A Subtle Influence;" E. M. Snipes of Lambsville, "Southern Achievement and Southern Problems;" L. M. Swink of Winston, "The Origin and Rise of Civil War;" Nathan Toms of Hertford, "A New Highway of Nations;" C. H. White

of Ledger, "Glaciation;" T. J. Wilson, Jr., of Chapel Hill, "Origin of Language;" Benjamin Wyche of Chapel Hill, "The Progress of Geological Thought;" J. W. Yates of Wilmington, The Formation of the Atlantic Coast.' The following theses for advanced degrees were presented: Master of Arts. J. . Pugh, "A Comparative Study of the Infinitive in the Satires of Horace and Little Brothers' mine near Tazwell City, Persius." For Doctor of Philosophy. Charles Baskerville, "A Comparison of the Methods of Estimation and Separa-

tion of Zirconium. President Winston announced the under graduate honors, and also awarded the special certificates for proficiency The following prizes were conferred:
The Mangum medal for oratory, to Chas.
L VanNoppen; the representation medal,
also for oratory, to H. H. Horne; the
essayist's medal to G. R. Little; the Worth prize for excellence in philosophy to L M. Swink; The Kerr prize in Geology to C. H. White; the University magazine essay prize to H. H. Horne; the his

tory prize to E. M. Wilson. President Winston then introduced the orator of the day, Hon. Hoke Smith, who took as his subject "The Possibilities and Responsibilies of North Caro-

The announcement of the faculty ap-pointments for 1894-95 was made as folistry; T. R. Foust, instructor in mathematics; J. T. Pugh. instructor in Latin; H. H. Horne, instructor in modern languages; Benjamin Wyche, librarian, W. C. Smith, L. C. Brogden, assistant libra-rians on the part of the two literary societies; G. G. Stephens, instructor in

physical culture. -Degrees in course were confered as follows: Bachelors of arts: E. W. Braw-ley of Mooresville, W. P. M. Currie of West End, A. C. Ellis, (magna cum laude) of Louisburg, E. E. Gillespie of Greens-boro. T. B. Lee (cum laude) of Mocks-ville, J. M. Oldham of Oaks, L. M. Swink of Winston, T. J. Wilson, Jr. magna cum laude) of Chapel Hill. Bachelors of Philosophy: W. F. Harding of Greenville, S. A. Hodgin of Greensboro, G. R. Little of Bethel,

James Sawyer (cum laude) of Asheville, T. C. Smith, Jr., (cum laude) of Asheville, ville, E. M. Snipes (cum laude) of Lambsville, Nathan Toms of Hertford. Bachelors of Science: H. H. Atkinson of Asheville, J. R. Harris of Raleigh W. R. Kenan, Jr., of Wilmington, G.

E. Petty of Greensboro, Charles Robertson of Chapel Hill, Charles H. White of Ledger, J. W. Yates (cum laude) of Wii

Bachelors of Laws: V. H. Boyden of Salisbury, Claudius Dockery of Mangum. Master of Arts: J. T. Pugh of Morris-

Doctor of Philosophy: Charles Baskerville of Columbus, Miss. The following honorary degrees we

injured in last night's riot. The men are all able to be about to-day and none of them are dangerously injured.

The Southern Bailroad War.

Memphis, June 6.—The railroad war wages with increased virulence. It broke out in another spot yesterday and this the present summer the more modern

ones will be renovated.

The university makes three new de- ton, Md., and were surprised and dis-

held here. At this both sexes will receive instruction. Some of the faculty were asked by your correspondent as to their views on permanent co-education. Two or three said they would favor it earnestly if the university were near a city, but not in the present location. Professor Alderman is to be in charge of the support school.

the summer school.

The defects of the Memorial hall certainly ought to be remedied. Such a handsome and unique structure ought to be in daily use. As yet no experts have ever examined it to ascertain whether its defects in an acoustic way can be remedied. Such an examination ought to be made at once.

The "University Press" is the fourth

in operation at institutions in this counin operation at institutions in this country, and it is turning out good work, doing all the printing needed.

In the graduating class are two married men, one of whom has also served in the Legislature, having been elected during his freshman year. This gentleman is Mr. W. P. M. Currie, of Moore country. Claudius Dockery, who was for

county. Claudius Dockery, who was for four years Vice Consul at Rio de Janeiro, a noble structure, the acoustics of which are unfortunately so defective that it is

morning. Secretary Hoke Smith was,

It was the intention to have a game of base ball this afternoon between the University of Virginia team and that of this university, but the former team could not come, so a game of tennis, (doubles) was played between Richmond college and the University of North

Many persons greatly regret the aban-lonment of the good old custom of havdonment of the good old custom of having a procession of the faculty and dulging in what boys used to call "Instudents on commencement day. It is a

thing of the past now [By Special Dispatch.] The Alumini banquet was a great success, as has been every feature of this commencement. Rev. J. L. Carroll said grace and short talks were made by Elder P. D. Gold, W. D. Pruden, Judge Avery, R. B. Peeble, Paul B. Means Charles M. Cooke, Marion Butler, Charles D. McIver, President Winston, Secretary Hoke Smith, Dr. Kemp P. pose change would be as little satisfac-Battle and by W. F. Harding, C. L. Van tory to the Florida Senators as it was to Noppen, and T. B. Lee, of the Senior him, because of it would be the breaking class. Secretary Hoke Smith was made a member of the Dialectic society.

OHIO REPUBLICANS.

The State Convention in Session-The Platform Endorsing the McKinley Bill, Denouncing the Wilson Bill and the Proposition to Repeal the Bank Tax.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, June 6-When the Republican State convention met to-day matters went smoothly. S. M. Taylor was renominated for Secretary of State without opposition. John A. Shanick, of Dayton, was nominated for Judge on the third ballot over Chief Justice Dickman, candidate for renomination and John A. Pierce, C. E. Groce was re-nominated for board of public works and O. T. Carson for school commissioner. Most of the speeches were to the effect that Foraker is favorite for United States Senator and McKinley for President.

These are the tariff sections of the plat-

"We recognize the tariff act of 1890, known as the "McKinley Act," as the ablest expression of the patriotic principle of protection yet enacted and condemn and denounce any attempt to re-peal or amend it, which does not have for its object better protection to American labor and American interests than is secured by it.

"We denounce the unjust and in-equitable tariff measure known as the Wilson bill and the Senate substitutes therefor and amendments proposed thereto, as unpatriotic, favorable to trusts, and sectional in their provisions and as subversive of the prosperity and happiness of the people of the United

"The change from specific to ad valorem duties would promote undervaluations, fraudulent invoices and importations with loss of revenue to the Government of nany millions and result in a constantly increasing annual deficiency, which it is proposed to meet by the resort to such war measures as income tax and increased internal duties.

On the financial ques ion it says; "We favor bi metallism. Bilver, as well as gold, is one of the great products of the United States. It coinage and its use as a circulating medium should be steadily maintained and constantly encouraged by the National Government, and we advocate such a policy as will, by discriminating legislation or other wise, most specifically restore to the silver its rightful place as a money metal. "We denounce the avowed purpose of the Democratic leaders to restore the era of "wild cat" and "red dog" money by repealing the prohibitory 10 per cent. tax on State bank issues. All money of whatever kind should be under National and not State control."

Whitecapper Convicted. COLUMBIA, Miss., June 6 .- The court to-day disposed of the first case of whitechapping of which there is any record. It was the case of Abe Ard. He was not mington.

Bachelors of Letters: L. E. Barnes of Wilson, L. N. Hickerson of Ronda. T. S. Robbins of Asheville. C. L. VanNoppen of Durham, Benjamin Wyche of Chapel present at the trial and he has been in attempted to regulate the negro farm hands and to oblige them to work for whoever the whitecaps dictated. John Sprights was taken from his house and severely beaten by the whitecaps.
Since the quashing of the indictment

against E. S. Hopgood, the grand jury no other indictments would be found.

Deplorable Condition of Coxeyites, were footsore from their walk from Elk-

WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1894.

The Senate Completes the Tobacco Schedule and Takes up Agricultural Products and Provisions -A Long Debate on Various Subjects - Republicans Filibuster Against a Longer Sitting.

SENATE. WASHINGTON, June 6 .- In the morning half hour the Senate passed several local and private bills and a resolution was reported by Senator Blackburn from the Committee on Rules, for the appointment of a select committee of five Senators on the existing public distress and to which shall be referred the petition of

from such distress. At 10:30 o'clock the Tariff bill was taken up, the question being on the tobacco schedule. Paragraph 184, as it came from the House and as it was reported by the Finance committee, im. posed a duty of \$1 per pound on all leaf tobacco suitable for cigar wrappers, if unstemmed, and \$1.50 per pound if stemmed. The Jones amendment was to strike out the paragraph and substi-Mr. D. G. Worth, Capt. W. R. Kenan and Miss Mary Lilly Kenan are here from Wilmington; Col. Wharton J. Green from Fayetteville.

stemmed. The Jones amendment was to strike out the paragraph and substitute for it the following: "Wrapper to-bacco, unstemmed, imported in any

bale, package or in bulk, \$1.50 per pound; if stemmed \$2.25 per pound."
Senator Jones, on behalf of the Finance committee now modified the amendment by making the rates \$1 on the unstemmed wrapper tobacco and \$1 25 on the stemmed (the House rates). Senator Platt opposed the modification and compared the action of the commitdian giving"-that is giving and taking back. The proposed change, he said, would be very sad news to the Democratic friends of the committee engaged in the growing of leaf tobacco in Conneticut and Massachusetts. The increase of duty on leaf tobacco in the existing law harmed no one; while the proposed change would result in throwing away \$3,000,000 of revenue every year and in benefitting nobody. He fancied the pro-pose change would be as little satisfac-

Senator Vest, on behalf of the Finance committee, admitted that differences of opinion on this matter existed even on the Democratic side, and he suggested that the modification be withdrawn and that the amendment remain as originally proposed -\$1.50 and \$2.25 per pound. He made the suggestion in order to save time. The matter could be afterwards considered in the Senate. Senator Vest's suggestion was concurred in, and the Jones amendment as

originally proposed, was agreed to. The next paragraph read as it came from the House and as it was reported from the Finance committee, "all other leaf tobacco, if unstemmed 35 cents per pound; if stemmed, 50 cents per pound."
The amendment proposed by Senator
Jones on behalf of the Finance committee, was to substitute for that paragraph the following: "Filler tobacco, un-stemmed, imported in any bale, box, package, or in bulk, 35 cents per pound; if stemmed, 50 cents per pound"-with various provisos-agreed to.

The next paragraph remains as in the House bill—40c per pound on tobacco not specially provided for in the bill. The next paragraph was amended so as to make the duty on snuff 50c per pound instead of 40. The next paragraph was amended so as

read: "Cigars, cigarettes and cheroots of all kinds, \$4 p-r pound and 25 per cent. ad valorem; and paper cigars and cigarettes, including wrappers, shall be subject to the same duties as are herein imposed on cigars."

The next paragraph taken up was Agricultural products and provisions," the first paragraph being 20 per cent. ad valorem on live animals not specially pro-Senator Hale moved to strike out the

paragraph and insert paragraph 247 of the existing law, making the duty on horses and mules \$30 per head; horses valued at \$150 and over to pay a duty of

30 per cent, ad valorem.

Then followed the long debate of the day, a very little of it devoted to tariff subjects and a great deal of it to a wide range of subjects. Senators Hale, Aldrich, Vest, Dolph, Gallinger, Peffer and Cullom had more to say about the Oregon and Illinois elections than about the Tariff bill, and Senator Stewart broke in with one of his usual speeches on silver. Senator Hawley made a short speech, bristling with epigrammatic sayings, such as these: "The doctrine of free trade is cruel. It is the doctrine of wild anything having been previously said on beasts. It is 'every man for himself and the subject, except in the most secrecy, the devil take the hindmost' the world every man apparently came armed. They over. It is not our duty to break down were desperate and were ready to use the bars and let all the wild cats of the desperate means to accomplish their world run through our garden.'

The vote was taken and Senator Hale's amendment was rejected-yeas,

28; naye, 3u. The next paragraph (190) was read. The House bill puts a duty on buckwheat, corn or maize, corn meal, oats, oatmeal, rye, rye flour, wheat and wheat flour, of 20 per cent. ad valorem. The amendment reported by the Finance committee is to reduce the duty on oatmeal to 15 per cent. The paragraph also provides that each of these products shall be admitted free of duty from any country that imposes no import duty on the like product when exported from the

United States. Senator Washburn inquired why the same terms that were applied to oats and wheat, etc., were not also applied to barley—to which the same provision was attached.

Senator Vest gave as a reason that Senators and others representing large bar-ley interests had appeared before the Finance committee and strenuously obinst E. S. Hopgood, the grand jury jected to the reciprocal arrangement to-night to prevent the interference with notified the witnesses to go home, as being applied to barley; and the committee had gone as far as it could in meeting those representations.

Senator Harris said this was the sixty-

fourth day of discussion of the Tariff bill and that the Senate was now on page 43. Proceeding at that rate, the bill would get out of committee "by Christmas come a year." He hoped that Senators on both sides would stay till 7 or 8 o'clock and try to make some progress.

The discussion went on until 6:45 o'clock when Senator Aldrich moved an executive session. The Republicans generally refrained from voting so there generally refrained from voting so there are all the Baltimore and Ohio road on a special was no quorum. Then there was a roll

call to which forty-five Senators re-sponded, and then the vote was again taken with the result of no quorum.

his purpose to get into any wrangle, or to attempt to force reluctant Senators to remain in session. Whatever was the feeling which should exist in regard to the course of the other side, he was not willing to subject either side to the in convenience of remaining until absent Senators might be sent for. He therefore moved an adjournment and the Senate, at 7 o'clock adjourned until to-

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. After disposing favorably of the New York and New Jersey Bridge bill and also a bill for a bridge across the Monongahela river the House proceeded to the consideration of the bill to repeal the State bank tax, under the arrangement agreed to yesterday.

The debate closed at 2:10 o'clock and

vote was taken on the Cox amend ment to repeal the 10 per cent. tax outright. The vote was announced as— yeas, 102; nays 170. The announcement was received with slight applause.

The substitute of the Committee or Banking and Currency for the original Brawley bill, suspending the operation of the 10 per cent. tax as to issues of cer-

tificates, etc., by clearing houses and other organizations last year, merely changing the verbiage so as to make it more explicit, was defeated on a viva voce vote. Then the original bill was lost, also without a division. This was the end of ten days debate and a result that occasioned some surprise, and the announcement was received, amid much confusion, with applause.

Mr. Holman moved that the House, in Committee of the Whole take up the Indian Appropriation bill for the year ending June 30, 1895—agreed to.

Mr. Holman asked that the first reading of the bill be dispensed with. Mr. Ray, Republican, of New York, objected. The clerk began the task of wading through the 138 printed pages of the document, but had proceeded only a little way when an arrangment was effected by which Mr. Ray withdrew his demand for the reading of the bill and Mr. Holman promised that the House should adjourn-it then being 2:55

When the committee had risen Mr Holman found it diffiulty to carry out his agreement, many of the members objecting to adjournment at that hour. On division the House vote 82 to 52 to adjourn, but Mr. Bynum demanded the yeas and nays. The vote resulted-yeas, 104; nays, 96. So the House at 3:25 o'clock adjourned until to morrow.

Secretary Smith's Address at Chapel

HIII CHAPEL HILL, N. C., June 6 .- The ninety-ninth commencement exercises of the University of North Carolina were held to-day. Secretary of the Interior Hoke Smith was the principal guest and the orator of the day. Secretary Smith was given an ovation when he arose to address the throng of 3,500 people that packed Memorial hall to its utmost capacity. He spoke for an hour, and his speech was warmly received and heartily applauded His allusion to the fact that slavery and reconstruction had been the twin evils that had retarded the material prosperity of NorthCarolina and the South was received with manifestations of approval. When he said that the South loved the negro and there was no room here for Coxevism, the audience broke forth in great applause. In the course of the speech he incident-ally intimated that the new Tariff bill would become a law by July 1st. and the invincible Democracy present received this news with great joy. The speech made a profound impression and old timers declare that it is the greatest

oration delivered here in a quarter of The university has conferred the degree of LL. D. upon the secretary.

A Deadly Struggle With Strikers, PEORIA, Ill., June 6 .- One dead body, several men on the verge of the grave, a number of others seriously injured, \$30,-000 worth of property absolutely destroyed, and many homes made desolate was the result of an attempt made today by the miners of the Peoria district to close the mine operated by the Little Brothers in Tazewell county, a mile or

more back of Wesley City.

Several miners were shot but were taken away and no one could secure any information from them about anything. The tragedy was the sequel of the meeting held at Bartonville the other day about which there was so much secrecy. No one could get the faintest inkling of what was done at the meeting. Now every body knows. It was to decide at that time that the Little

Brothers' mine must close. In consequence of the conclusion arrived at that meeting, about 400 miners started out of Bartonville at 1 o'clock this afternoon. They came from nearly all the mines in the district. Without

The Strikers Attacked,

DENVER, June 6 .- A special from Divide at 7 o'clock a. m. says: The deputies left here this morning to give battle to the strikers. Heavy firing has been heard since they left, The newspaper correspondents were all looked up and the wires cut in order to keep the news from getting out. At 6 o'clock the telegraph office was opened and press telegrams were put on the wire. The deputies were fully 1,000 in number. Sheriff Bowers was in the lead, followed by Gen. Adams in charge of 200 cavalrymen. The firing is supposed to have been between skirmishers, The spies of the strikers are known to have been in the vicinity all day.

Ohio Troops Ordered Out. COLUMBUS, O., June 6.-Governo McKinley ordered out 1,200 State troops the operation of railroad trains in East ern Ohio by striking coal miners, which has been going on for several days. The troops called out are the Eighth, Fourteenth and seven companies of the Seventeenth regiments of infantry, and Battery H of the First artillery regiment.
The order was given very quietly and
the movement of the local troops put in

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BUSBEE AND BLEDSOE

THEIR REMAINS BURIED THE SAME AFTERNOON.

Telephone Between Raleigh and Durham-Numerous Visitors at Chapel Hill-Durham's Hospital-Safe Arrival of the Excursionists -The Federal Court-Death of Miss Lula

MESSENGER BUREAU, RALEIGH, June 6. The funeral of the late J. Eaton Bledsoe, who was for years a prominent lawyer and politician here, was held yesterday afternoon at 6 o'clock from the

Methodist church. The remains of the late Walton M Busbee were met at the depot yesterday afternoon by relatives and friends, and were borne to Christ church, where his funeral was held at 5 o'clock. The papers had published a terrible account of his last days and his death from opium, but it seems now that there i

are true or not. Raleigh will soon be connected with Durham by telephone. The stretching of the wires has begun, and the system will be fully equipped and in operation in about ten days.

much doubt as to whether these reports

Miss Kate Hale, who sailed for Europe a short time ago with a party of friends, has sent a cablegram telling of their safe arrival at Gibraltar.

Judge and Mrs. Simonton have gone up to Chapel Hill. Quite a number of the young people went up yesterday afternoon and this morning. Mrs. A. B. Andrews chaperoned quite a party.

Ground was broken yesterday in Durham for the hospital which Mr. Watts gives that city. It is quite a treat to read of such liberal, public spirited men. We have one such man in Raleigh. If we had a few more the capital of the State would push ahead, and be a source

of pride to every one.

The sheriff of Guilford county brought ten convicts to the penitentiary yester-day, the sheriff of Vance one and the sheriff of Craven two. The force inside the penitentiary has been reduced to 100 convicts, so many being out at work on the farms.

The excursionists all returned last night delighted with their trip. The Richmond and Danville reached the Union depot at 11:20 o'clock and the Seaboard Air Line section an hour later. The Seaboard Air Line route is nearly seventy miles longer. It was reported here yesterday that the convicted murderer, who broke jail here, was working near Pine Level about thirty-five miles from here. Deputy Sheriffs Watters'and Brooks were sent yesterday to see if the man was really Orange Page.

A white man was brought here yes terday from Sampson county and placed in jail charged with retailing liquor without license. He will be tried at the present term of the United States court. The United States circuit court was engaged yesterday in trying illicit distillers, but no important cases have been tried as yet. The present court will pass upon the recent sale of the will pass upon the recent sale of the Raleigh Street Railway company, so it is to be hoped the people will soon know whether we are to have a street car service or not.

Dr. W. I. Royster and his son Jimmie left yesterday for Philadelphia, where Dr. Royster's oldest son, Hubert, graduates at the Medical college. Dr. Hubert Royster is not yet 23 years old and yet his examination before the State medical board was so high as to call for special

Miss Lula West, aged 20 years, died at her mother's home, Park Place last night after a lingering illness.
Rev. D. H. Tuttle, of the Central Methodist church, left this morning for Littleton to deliver the address before the Littleton Female college. Rev. Dr. Daniel, of the Presbyterian Church, leaves this afternoon to deliver

the address before the High school of Orange Presbytery at Mebane. The Odd Fellows will run an excursion from Raleigh to Norfolk some time be-The closing examinations of the Raleigh Male academy will be completed to-morrow, and the honors will be awarded on Friday. Hon. J. C. Scarborough, superintendent public instruction, will

deliver the annual address. The farmers in this section are more opeful since the hot weather has set in.

Base Ball, BOSTON, June 6 .- Boston, 11; Pittsburg, 27. Batteries-Lampe, Smith, Connaught and Ganzell; Colcolough and BROOKLYN, June 6.-Brooklyn-Louis-

ville—game postponed, rain. NEW YORK, June 6.—New York-Cincinnati—game postponed, rain.
PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—Philadelphia St. Louis—game postponed, rain.
BALTIMORE, June 6.—Baltimore-Chi cago—game postponed, rain.
Washington, June 6.—Washington-

Cleveland—game postponed, rain.
ATLANTA, June 6.—Atlanta, 4; Nashville, 6. Batteries—Chard and Boyle; Harper and Swett. CHARLESTON, June 6.—Charleston, 12: Mobile, 5. Batteries-Blackburn and Fields; Underwood and Wells. SAVANNAH, June 6.-Savannah, 1; New Orleans, 2. Batteries—Hill and Jantzen; Braun and Schabel. New Or-leans refused to finish their half of the ninth on account of a decision of the umpire who gave the game to Savannah

y a score of 9 to 0. MACON, June 6.—Macon, 6; Mimphis, 14. Batteries—Kerwin and Welch; Wads-worth and O'Meara. Called on account

Landing Troops at La Libertad, WASHINGTON, June 6.-Dispatches received to-day from Commander Thomas, of the United States steam ship, Beninghas found it necessary to land a force from his vessel. He reports that the commanders of the Salvadorian soldiery have left the town and that a state of have left the town and that a state of anarchy prevails. There are few, if any Americans outside of the Consulate in La Libertad, but Commander Thomas will protect, not only these, but also care for British and other foreign residents until order is restored, in pursuance of the understanding which, for a long time, has existed between the United States and British naval commanders in Central and South American ports.

and South American ports. Bucklens Arnica Salve The best salve in the world for Cuts, Braises, Sares, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Bores Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to be erfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by lob't F Bollamy.

Monroe Whalen of Birmingham, Ala. Monroe Whalen of Birmingham, Ala., writes: "I purchased six boxes of your Japanese Pile Cure from Mr. Amzi Godden, and it has entirely cured me of a case of Piles of 22 years standing; will advise my friends to use it." J. Hicks Bunting and J. H. Hardin, Wilmington, N. C. new Lavertisements.

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