The Wilmington Messenger.

ESTABLISHED 1867. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, JANUARY 31, 1897. PRICE 5

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

THE STATE.

The house committee on annulment of the North Carolina railway lease will take up the matter next Saturday and hear arguments on the question; the bill was drawn by Hons. A. C Avery and W. H. Day; its purpose is to make foreign become home corporations——A bill to repeal the act creating the railway commission has been prepared.

DOMESTIC.

Mr. Cox, of Tennessee, introduces in the house a bill appropriating $200,000 to pay the cavalry and artillery officers of General Lee for the horses, side arms and baggage taken from them by federal soldiers after the surrender at Appomattox——Tickets for the presidential inaugural ball are now ready for sale, a handsome souvenir accompanying each ticket——Mr. McKinley has received no letter from Judge Goff declining a cabinet position——Secretary Olney and the British ambassador sign a treaty for settling the Alaska boundary; it will be sent to the senate Monday——The senate committee on foreign relations amends the general arbitration treaty with Great Britain in two important particulars and agrees to report it to the senate tomorrow——The striking miners at Spring Hill, N. S., will call out all the men fighting the fire now burning in the mines——Rev. Dr. McIlvaine, president of Evlyn college at Princeton, N. J., is dead——Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher suffers a relapse——The government weather bureau issues a special bulletin on the recent cold wave stating that it was remarkable for its great extent, severity and duration; the minimum temperature at several points are given; a severe storm moved along the Middle Atlantic and New England coasts——Secretary Herbert reprimands Captain Waller, of the marine corps for criticising the naval department——Fourteen of the city officials of Louisville are indicted for malfeasance in office——At Baltimore the federal grand jury finds true bills against General Roloff and Dr. Jose Luis for engaging in the Woodall filibustering expedition in July, 1895——A man is hanged in Holt county, Mo., for murder; he announced on the scaffold that he was going straight to heaven——The former president, the teller and a customer of the defunct Commercial National bank of Denver, are sent to the penitentiary for wrecking that bank——The Charleston, S. C. electric railway company buys out the two old street railway companies——Secretary Herbert will be at Charleston while Admiral Bunce's fleet are practicing their blockading maneuvers of that port——J. J. Corbett will close his theatrical season February 5th, and go to California to go in training for the Fitzsimmons fight——Mr. Lyman Gage denies that he is a single-tax advocate——A receiver is appointed for the Dime Savings bank of Chicago——The Norfolk and New Brunswick hosiery works of New Brunswick, N J., which have been closed for several months, will be re-opened——The fusionists of the Nebraska legislature unseat four republican members——In the Utah senatorial contest Thacker comes within three votes of the requisite number——L. C. Evans, of Springfield, Ohio, a millionaire, attempts suicide with a revolver——The copy right and trade mark provisions of our treaty with Japan already negotiated, are not to go into effect till 1899; a new treaty is negotiated to give them immediate effect——A youth in Florida dies of hydrophobia from a dog bite received last September——The steel billet pool is dissolved; efforts will be made to form another combine——The river and harbor committee of the house of representatives is in Texas examining the ports of that state——The British steamer Alliance is aground near Hampton Roads——A company is to be formed at Galveston to establish and operate all over the cotton belt cylindrical bale cotton compresses——Governor Bradley of Kentucky receives a letter from Jacksonville, Fla., purporting to be from Pearl Bryan, for murdering whom Jackson and Walling are condemned to be hanged——At Ava, Mo., a man is executed for having murdered three members of one family.

FOREIGN.

The Madrid press publish rumors of peace negotiations with the Cubans; Minister Taylor has a conference with the minister of foreign affairs——The Irish national party are stirred up over the question of choice of a leader; the Dillon faction are short of funds for support of their members at parliament——The famine in India is extending and growing in intensity; relief will be needed for about 3,500,000; the famine insurance fund created by Lord Lytton, of £1,500,000 annually, laid aside has been used for other purposes——Professor William Crookes before the British Society of Psychical Research claimed the existence of brain waves, which could be put in motion from one person's brain to another's——There are many conflicting rumors as to the condition of health of the czar and czarina, of Russia——Ambassador Bayard is being lionized in London; the prince of Wales and a large party of the most distinguished men of England dine with him next Wednesday——The French are greatly alarmed at the fact that the population of France is not increasing; the government is petitioned to take measures to induce people to increase the size of their families.

A Boxing Tournament.

New York, January 30.—The boxing entertainment tonight of the Polo Athletic Club was well attended and a good programme was presented. The principal bout was between Australian Billy Murphy and Jack Delaney, of New York, who were substituted for Tommie White and Jimmy Lynch, both of the latter having been taken ill with pneumonia. The bout was for fifteen rounds at 125 pounds. The men were about evenly matched, but Delaney had all the best of the contest, landing terrific swings at will and was awarded the decision.

A Death From Hydrophobia.

Gainesville, Fla., January 30.—A. B. Thomas, a boy of 15 years, died at his home near Hague yesterday of hydrophobia. He was bitten by a mad dog last September, but the wound healed and he was apparently enjoying good health until last Thursday when he was attacked with fits, which came spasmodically until Friday, when he died.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE PASSES THE BILL TO REDUCE SALARIES AND FEES.

Majority and Minority Reports on the Broughton Young Contest—Bill for Graded School at Whiteville—For Exhibit at Tennessee Exposition—To Amend Stock Law in Several Counties—Bill to Make Slander Indictable Passed by the House.

(Special to The Messenger.)

SENATE.

Raleigh, N. C., January 30.—The senate met at 10:30 o'clock.

Bills and resolutions were introduced as follows:

By Senator McCaskey, to prescribe the terms in which foreign railroads shall operate in North Carolina.

By Senator Clark, to amend the charter to Enfield.

By Senator Grant, to regulate the sale of liquor, and establish a dispensary in Wayne county.

By enator Moye, to incorporate the Tar River and Carolina railway.

By Senator Person, to increase the public school fund.

By Senator Early, to incorporate the Wellington and Powellton railway.

Bills passed third readings as follows:

To allow the commissioners of Robeson to hire out the chain gang.

To reduce the salaries and fees so as to conform to the price of farm products. This bill calls for a committee of five to look into the salaries and fees of officers, so as to reduce them.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House met at 10 o'clock.

The committee on privileges and elections submitted a majority and a minority report in the case of Broughton against Young from Wake. The majority report favors Young, colored, the sitting member.

Among the bills and resolutions introduced were the following:

By Mr. White, of Bertie, to amend the charter of Wellington and Powelton railway.

By Mr. Alexander, a resolution appropriating $1,000 towards the erection of a statue of George Peabody in Statuary hall in the capitol at Washington.

By Mr. Currie, to allow the sheriff of Robeson county to collect arrears of taxes.

By Mr. Schulken, to provide for graded schools at Whiteville.

By Mr. Lusk, regarding the Tennessee exposition, providing that for the purpose of making an exhibit there, a board of managers be created, composed of the governor, board of agriculture and nine other citizens selected by the governor; that the board of agriculture be authorized to make an exhibit and to use for this purpose any funds it may have on hand or to its credit in the treasury, and to further carry out the provisions of the act $10,000 is appropriated out of the funds in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Bills passed third readings as follows:

To allow Richmond county to levy a special tax.

To amend the charter of the Carolina Savings bank, of Monroe.

Mr. Reed introduced a bill to so amend the law regarding tramps and vagrants as to remove jurisdiction from the superior court to magistrates' courts.

The bill to change the name of the Carolina Mutual Insurance Company to the Piedmont Fire Insurance Company, doing away with the mutual feature and increasing the capital stock to $100,000, passed its final reading.

Mr. Brower introduced a bill to restore Surry county to the Fifth congressional district and Durham and Orange to the Fourth district.

The bill passed to require Craven county commissioners to refund taxes illegally collected under the act of 1895.

The bill passed amending the stock law so that a majority of the qualified voters must ask for an election instead of one fifth. Clerks of courts are to appoint judges and registrars. It includes Green, Johnson, Craven, Pamlico, Hyde, Dare, Wilson and Cumberland.

The bill to punish slander, providing that any person who slanders another shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined or imprisoned or both, in the discretion of the court, came up with adverse report. Despite the adverse report, it passed its second and third readings.

Charleston's New Electric Railway Company

Charleston, S. C., January 30.—The owners of the Charleston street railway, a new electric line in course of construction, have just purchased the two horse car lines now in operation here, the Enterprise railroad and the City railway. These companies have been doing business for many years and are operated upon some of the most important thoroughfares. The purchase price of the City railway is par for stock and 95 per cent. for bonds. The Enterprise stock was somewhat less. This gives the Electric company all available streets in the city and all lines will be electrified.

Death of Mr. Jacob Cohn.

The Argus is deeply pained to learn of the death of Mr. Jacob Cohn, 30 years of age, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Cohn, which occurred this morning at the home of his parents on John streets, of consumption, consequent upon an attack of the grip some two years ago. He leaves a young wife and three children, several brothers, a devoted sister, many relatives and a wide circle of friends to mourn his untimely demise——Goldsboro Argus, 29th.

Was Going Straight to Heaven

St. Joseph, Mo., January 30.—James B. Inks was hanged at Oregon, Holt county, thirty miles north of this city, this morning. He walked upon the scaffold with a firm step, and after declaring he was going straight to Heaven, had his neck broken by the drop. On May 15, 1896, he brutally murdered John Patterson, one of the most prominent residents of Holt county, meeting him on the street and shooting him down without a word because of a fancied insult.

Telegraphic Sparks.

President Cleveland and Secretary Lamont reached Washington from New York at 7:40 yesterday morning.

George B. Roberts, president of the Pennsylvania railroad, died at his residence in Philadelphia at 4:30 o'clock last afternoon.

The resignation of Lieutenant C. A. Stone, U. S. N., retired, has been accepted, to date January 31st. Lieutenant Stone is in the employ of the Cardenesie Company, Worcester has been designer of the Cushing and ordered tached from the Cushing to the Ericsson.

TO HEAR ARGUMENTS

The Legislative Committee on the North Carolina Railroad Lease Will Take That Matter up Next Saturday.

(Special to The Messenger.)

Raleigh, N. C., January 30.—The house special committee on annulment of the lease of the North Carolina railway met this afternoon. It decided to take up the matter next Saturday at 3:30 o'clock, and at that time all persons in interest are notified to appear and present arguments why the bill should or should not be reported favorably, and the committee adopted a resolution that argument should be had and committed the same evening.

It is learned that ex-Justice Avery and W. H. Day drew the bill. Mr Day said this afternoon that its purpose is to make every foreign corporation become a home corporation.

Chairman McCaskey, of the populist bolters, says tonight that Butler populists seem friendly; that a lot of them do not consider themselves bound by their caucus, as they did not attend it.

A bill to repeal the act creating the railway commission, has been prepared.

CYLINDRICAL COTTON BALES.

A Company to be Formed at Galveston to Establish Presses Therefor All Over the Cotton Belt.

Galveston, Texas, January 30.—It is learned from a very authentic source that there is in contemplation here the formation in the near future of a stock company with an authorized capital of $5,000,000, having for its object the introduction and operation of cylindrical bale cotton compresses throughout the cotton states. As this system of compressing involves a complete change in the present manner of handling cotton, it is aimed to make it an international affair in order to find a ready outlet for the cotton thus put up. The company contemplates establishing ginning and compressing plants at all points in the cotton growing districts where it may expect to handle 10,000 bales during a season. Each of its plants is to have a capacity of not less than 100 bales per day and is to be of the most improved order. The company will control the patents covering the compressors as well as other machinery used in the make-up or its system of ginning, cleaning and compressing cotton and will erect machine shops and foundaries at the most advantageous points for the manufacture of all the machinery. This system of baling cotton will, it is claimed, result in great saving to the producers as well as to shippers of cotton.

Enthronement of Bishop of London

London, January 30.—The formal enthronement of the Rt. Hon. and Rt. Rev. Mandell Creighton, as bishop of London to succeed the Rt. Hon. and Rt. Rev. Frederick Temple, who was elevated to the archbishopric of Canterbury and primacy of all England, took place in St. Paul's cathedral today, and, contrary to expectations, it was in no wise an imposing spectacle. The cathedral was only about half filled with spectators and there was not a fair attendance of the London clergy. The actual enthronement took place in the choir, out of sight of the majority of the people present. The mandate of the archbishop of Canterbury for the enthronement of the bishop of London was delivered by the Rt. Rev. George Rodney Eden, bishop of Dover and the dean of St. Paul's cathedral, the Very Rev. Robert Gregory, D. D., administered the oath. After these ceremonies communion was celebrated by Bishop Creighton.

Secretary Herbert to Visit Charleston

Charleston, S. C., January 30.—In response to a cordial invitation from the Charleston chamber of commerce, Secretary of the Navy H. A. Herbert has expressed his intention of coming to Charleston and remaining during the maneuvers of Admiral Bunce's squadron of evolution. Secretary Herbert will be the guest of the chamber of commerce. The secretary is a native of South Carolina and has hundreds of admirers here who will do all in their power to make his stay interesting. Preparations are being made in Charleston for a great crowd of visitors during the naval rendezvous. Excursion rates are to be made to this point from all sections of the south. Arrangements are pending for a grand military and naval ball and other social functions. It is thought that a land parade of the sailors and races between ships' cutters in the harbor can be arranged for.

Hanged for a Triple Murder.

Ava, Mo., January 30.—Ed. Perry, who killed three members of the Sawyer family for the purpose of robbery, in Douglas county, May 20th, paid the penalty with his life this afternoon. The drop fell at 1:37. The hanging drew several thousand excited people to the town, but only about 200 witnessed the execution. So intense was the interest and the desire to see vengeance meted out that at one time it seemed as though the excited people would storm and tear down the stockade. The flourish of Winchesters was all that held the crowd at bay. Perry died from strangulation. Shortly before his death the Rev. J. H. Bridges made a statement for Perry declaring that Perry's uncle, William Post, was guilty of connection with the crime. Perry averred that he was preparing to die.

Acquitted of the Cahaba Train Wrecking

Birmingham, Ala., January 30.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon Judge Banks decided that the state in the case of Sam Palatka, who was charged with wrecking the Birmingham Mineral train at the Cahaba river bridge on December 27th, had not shown that a rail had been removed or a crime committed and he, therefore, discharged the prisoner.

Palatka was arrested in Eatonton, Ga., and brought to the city, he having confessed to wrecking the Cahaba river bridge and Birmingham Mineral train, causing the death of twenty-seven people. The man appears to be of unsound mind and acts it.

Attorneys who have suits against the Louisville and Nashville for damages for deaths resulting from the wreck claim a victory in the ruling of Judge Banks.

England's Care for the Workman

Sentiment among the influential classes seems to be far more considerate of or tender towards the rights and wrongs of labor in Great Britain than in the United States. This was shown when, a few weeks ago, public opinion there compelled the largest railroad corporation in the kingdom to restore to their former positions employes who had been discharged because they had said they would cling to their labor union in the event of a strike.—Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

Corbett Going to Nevada

Reno, Nev., January 30.—A telegram was received here today from William A. Brady, manager of James A. Corbett, asking if suitable training accommodations for the champion pugilist could be secured at Steamboat Springs, a few miles south of Reno. He was answered that everything desirable in the way of quarters could be found there, consequently, it is regarded as almost certain that Corbett will finish training at that point.

LA GRIPPE.

Johnson's Chill and Fever Tonic cures colds and la grippe in one day—24 hours.

The dealer gives the money back if it does not cure.

BRAIN WAVES.

A LECTURE ON THIS SUBJECT BEFORE A BRITISH SOCIETY.

Professor Crookes Claims They Can be Concentrated by one Person Upon Another—Conflicting Rumors as to Health of the Czar—Minister Bayard in Great Demand—To Dine the Prince of Wales—Efforts to Cause Increase of Population in France.

(Copyrighted by The New York Sun.)

London, January 30.—The latest discovery, or rather the latest theory in science, is that of brain waves; so at least, it is described in the presidential address delivered Thursday to the British Society of Psychical Research by Professor William Crookes. He entered, before launching his theory, upon an elaborate calculation as to the vibrations which produce sound and light. Then he applied a similar law to the subject of thought transference and suggested that it was quite conceivable that intense thought concentrated by one person upon another with whom he was in close sympathy should induce a telepathetic chain along which brain waves should go straight to their goal without use of energy due to distance. Such a speculation was, he admitted, new and strange to science. It was at present strictly provisional, but he was bold enough to make it and the time might come when it could be submitted to experimental tests. The professor spoke of the work which is being done by the society as likely to form no unworthy preface to the profounder science of a man's nature and of the world's not realized than we yet had, and said he could see no reason why any man of scientific mind should either shut his eyes to or stand deliberately aloof from it. He endeavored in a long argument to clear away the "scientific superstitions" which prevent many from venturing into research which might in time dominate the whole world of thought.

It is difficult, not impossible, to discover the truth among the mass of conflicting reports in regard to the health of the czar. It is a matter of some significance that all the pessimistic messages come from St. Petersburg and Vienna, while all the official announcements affirm unequivocally that the czar is in the best of health. Still, it is practically admitted in the semi-official reports that the postponement of certain royal visits is due to the unsatisfactory condition of both the emperor and empress. There is no doubt whatever that the terrific strain of events during the past year has had a severe effect upon the royal couple. It could not have been otherwise had they been of the most robust physique. It is admitted also that the young emperor committed the same mistake as his father in insisting upon making personal investigations of every matter demanding his attention as a sovereign. His constitution is weaker than that of Alexander III and the result is a partial nervous and physical break down. This, according to the most reliable accounts at hand, has caused frequent attacks of neuralgia in the nature of occasional emotional collapses even one or two hartbreaks. The situation has been aggravated by the sharp and jealous rivalry between the two factions at court with regard to certain features of the government's policy. This has greatly distressed the czar who does not possess his father's lofty, though arbitrary decision of character. It is said that he expressed helpless disgust at the cabinet council. The latest blow was the loss of the expectation of the early birth of an heir to the throne which was a great disappointment to the czar as well as to the whole Russian people. It is not fully realized that the situation demands rest more than medicine for both the emperor and the empress and the organization of a new council of state to relieve the czar of a large measure of detail work will do much to restore him to his full vigor.

No day now passes which does not add to the evidence of how great a man is the American ambassador in the estimation of the English people. His public engagements for the next few weeks are limited only by his inclination to accept invitations. He is already booked to speak at Harrow, at Sheffield, at the Mansion house, at the Washington's birthday dinner, and at other places. Next Wednesday he will entertain at his own table twenty-six gentlemen who, from the English point of view, include the most distinguished individuals in all the land. The prince of Wales will for the first time thus honor an American envoy. In fact it begins to appear that the foremost men of the empire propose to indicate to the unappreciative authorities at Washington that, in their opinion at all events, Ambassador Bayard is a bigger man than his titular superiors.

Frenchmen, or a large section of them, are beginning to manifest serious concern over the revelation of the last census that France is the only great nation which no longer is obeying the divine command to "increase and multiply." The subject is taken vigorously in hand by public men and others and various plans have already been suggested for making Frenchmen amenable to compulsory fatherhood. It has been pointed out that by reason of the shortcomings in this respect France loses every year a battle of Sedan. The national alliance for the increase of the population of France has this week presented a petition to the prime minister setting forth certain drastic measures which the government is urged to adopt. Dr. Berillon, the inventor of the system of measuring criminals, is the head of the society and its plan includes some interesting features. It proposes that government scholarships in schools, lyceums and academies be given only to families having at least three children living. All favors of the government, such as tobacconists' license, concessions in the colonies, etc., shall be given such families. When the claims of government officials for promotion are decided the number of their children shall be taken into account. Allowances and traveling expenses to officials as well as salaries of such shall be regulated according to the number of their children. Posts under the government, except those requiring special qualifications, shall be given only to fathers having more than three children. Already something has been done to encourage large families. For instance, every seventh child may be educated and boarded at school at the expense of the nation. This law was passed some years ago but no results are apparent.

A Letter From Pearl Bryan

Frankfort, Ky., January 30.—Governor Bradley received the following letter today:

"Jacksonville, Fla., January 30.

"Governor Bradley, Frankfort, Ky.:

"Sir: It would be injustice to hang Scott Jackson and Walling on my account. for I am alive and well and my parents will never be able to find me.

Respectfully,

PEARL BRYAN.

"P. S.—I leave here this afternoon."

The governor has received numerous letters threatening him with punishment if he does not pardon or commute the sentences of Jackson and Walling. Other letters say he will meet with a terrible fate should he show mercy.

THE FAMINE IN INDIA

Extending and Growing in Intensity—Relief Required for 3,500,000 People—The Lord Lytton Relief Fund Squandered.

London, January 30.—The famine in India spreads in area and increases in intensity. The famine fund fails to mount up so rapidly as to warrant the sanguine estimate that a total of £1,000,000 will be reached. Thoroughly reliable and independent Indian advices concur in stating that relief will be required for about 3,500,000 people before the famine abates, the period of relief extending to September next. Nobody attempts to forecast what will happen if favorable rains fail to fall in the famine district in July and August next.

The urgent and prospective pressure of the situation has awakened public recollection to the existence of the famine's insurance fund, initated by Lord Lytton, as viceroy after the famine of 1877. The government of India then undertook to set apart annually £1,500,000 as a famine fund. A scheme of special taxation for this fund was adopted and carried out. What has been done with the fund? It has been largely misappropriated for military purposes, and, worse still, it has been drawn upon to give compensation allowances to the vast body of civilian and military officials in India whose fixed salaries have suffered by the depreciation of the rupee. Even men who accepted office in India when the rupee stood at its lowest and who knew what the sterling value of their salaries would amount to, have claimed and got out of the famine insurance fund compensation for the depreciated rupee. The dishonor attaching to this scandal will tarnish for all time, the history of British rule in India.

The Russian fund for the relief of India has fizzled out. The foreign press spoke of it, but it turns out to be nothing tangible. If Americans think of contributing, the relief should be given in grain. Tinned meats or other foods excepting grain would touch the caste prejudices even of the famine-stricken.

IRISH POLITICS

Trying to Settle Upon a Leader for the National Party—The Dillon Faction Short of Funds for Support of Their Members of Parliament.

Dublin, January 30.—The Most Rev. William J. Walsh, Roman Catholic archbishop of Dublin, has written a letter in which he advises the reference of the question of leadership of the Irish national party to a small representative committee, whose decision shall be final. The archbishop also expressed his approval of an article written by Timothy Harrington, member of parliament for the harbor division of Dublin, and published in United Ireland, suggesting the reunion of the factions of the party under the leadership of John Redmond.

The Dublin Independent, commenting upon Archbishop Walsh's letter, declares that Redmond will never sit in council with the men who betrayed Parnell.

London, January 30.—The Dillon faction of the Irish party are understood to be afflicted with such a want of funds as may prevent them mustering their full strength in the house throughout the session. Some twenty-four Dillonites require aid from the party funds, involving a drain of about £400 per annum. About fourteen of Mr. Healy's supporters require similar help, but the Healy supplies are proportionately greater than those under Mr. Dillon's deposit. No contributions of any consequence now come from America.

The Congressional Harbor Committee at Galveston.

Galveston, Texas, January 30.—The congressional harbor committee arrived at Beaumont this morning and immediately departed for Port Arthur and Sabine Pass, and spent the day in inspecting the harbor improvements at these points. The committee on their return took a special train to Houston. Tomorrow they will inspect Buffalo bayou and its approaches, with a view of improvement by the government so as to admit of the passage of ocean-going steamers to Houston. The committee is looked to arrive here tomorrow evening and they have wired to have the revenue cutter Galveston in readiness to convey them to Velasco, where they will inspect the improvements at the mouth of the Brazos river Monday. An effort is being made by the citizens of Dallas to get the committee to visit that city and inspect Trinity river, with a view of rendering it navigable by appropriations from the general government. The committee is attended by the United States engineers having charge of the various harbor works on the Texas coast.

Steel Billet Pool Dissolved.

Pittsburg, January 30.—Considerable misunderstanding has resulted from the reports that have been published regarding the decision of the billet pool yesterday. The pool, after hearing the report of the special committee of three on the matter of reorganization, instructed the executive committee to return the "earnest money" which had been deposited when the association was formed, as guarantee that the depositing firm would observe the rules of the pool. The return of the guarantee fund ends the association.

It was then decided that the committee act as a special committee in considering any plans that may be evolved to get the manufacturers together again. Any proposition to this end will be considered and if the committee sees fit it will call a meeting of manufacturers to consider the formation of a new pool.

A manufacturer said today that all the steel makers, even the Bellair Steele Company, were willing to go into the combine, but under an entirely different plan.

Captain Waller, of the Marine Corps, Reprimanded

Washington, January 30.—Secretary Herbert has publicly reprimanded Captain Littleton W. T. Waller, of the marine corps on the battleship Indiana and informed him that he will not be permitted for the next twelve months to appear as judge advocate, recorder or counsel before any naval court or board. It appears that at an inquiry into the charges against Lieutenant Commander Allibone for tyrannical and capricious conduct, Captain Waller criticised the department for reprimanding Lieutenant Anderson without warrant. Secretary Herbert declares the court was remiss for not calling the captain to order.

A Company Fined for Contempt

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 30.—An interested episode in the government's suit against the cast iron trust now awaiting a decision in the United States circuit court was the assessment of a fine of $500 against the Howard Harrison pipe works of Bessemer, Ala., for contempt of court. The offense named consisted in shipping 1,700 feet of water pipe to St. Louis under a contract made prior to the restraining order of the court, December 10, 1896, and under the terms of the alleged pooling agreement. District Attorney Bible prepared contempt proceedings against all the defendants, but the petition was disallowed as to the other.

Highest of all in Leavening Strength.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

CUMBERLAND JAIL GUARDED

TO PREVENT THE POSSIBLE LYNCHING OF A PRISONER.

A Member of the Legislature Suffering From Delirium Tremens—Bill To Prevent Paralleling North Carolina Railroad—Democrats Abandon Hope of Preventing Vicious Legislation—Populists Still Deserting the Majority Faction. Great Interest in the Ten Hour Day Bill.

Messenger Bureau, Park Hotel,
Raleigh, N. C., January 30.

The jail at Fayetteville is being well guarded to save Archie Young, colored, from a possible lynching. Young is charged with two cases of rape and this week murdered his mother with an axe.

One of the republican members of the legislature has been constantly drunk since the night after Senator Pritchard's re-election and last night and today had delirium tremens.

The bill to annul the lease of the North Carolina railway contains a provision intended to absolutely prevent any paralleling of that road.

Just as was predicted, the bolters or minority populists will co-operate with the republicans on all legislation. Their chairman says they were elected with this end in view. Today one of their members, Representative Brown, of Jones county, said: "That is correct. That has been our purpose and determination all the while."

A democrat remarked that his party had abandoned all hope of being able to prevent vicious legislation. It had been the hope that the matter could be checked in the senate, but that ends since D. Reid Parker yesterday renewed his allegiance to the bolters.

Senator Grant remarked this morning: "Our ranks are filling all the time." By this he meant that populists who have heretofore been acting or pretending to act with the populist majority were coming over to the minority, which really means falling in line with the republicans.

So far as matters stand today Senator Butler is absolutely whipped. The matter now goes before the populists of the state and it remains to be seen whether they will support the majority or the minority populists. That now comes to be an issue.

It has been known all the while that such populists as Speaker Hileman and James M. Mewborne were dominated by republican influences. The Butler populists suspected it. Now they know it. These majority populists certainly hate to confess themselves beaten.

The discussion before committee February 4th of the bill to make ten hours a legal day's labor in factories will be interesting. Many factory men will be here. Two years ago petitions came in from operatives, urging that no legal time be fixed. It was contended by the persons promoting the bill that these petitions were signed under duress. Mill men say the operatives do not want the legislature to tinker with this matter.

Congressman Skinner, with yellow jacket and peacock feather, will arrive here tomorrow, and will, of course, rejoice at his victory over Butler. He will now be formally put up by the bolting populists as the head of the populist party in this state, in accordance with instructions and suggestions from Senator Pritchard.

It is a hard matter to find Judge Norwood, who is to be impeached if he does not quickly resign. His nephew, who is a member of the legislature, yesterday telegraphed to eight places in an endeavor to find him and get him to resign. He was looked for here, but did not arrive. He was drunk somewhere. The republicans are intensely anxious for him to resign, though the resolutions of impeachment are already introduced.

City Officials Indicted

Louisville, Ky., January 30.—The grand jury today returned indictments against fourteen people connected with the city government, including aldermen and police officers. Other indictments may also be expected. The indictment against Alderman de Garmo charges him with obtaining money by false pretense for alleged influence. Henry Debo and William Kimball were indicted for false swearing. Major of Police Gunther and Policemen Connelly and Purvilla are charged with malfeasance in office, in failing to suppress gaming. James Drake, a contractor, and Aldermen Leatherman and Breuer will have to answer a joint indictment on the charge of conspiracy in getting a contract through the council. The indictments against Aldermen King, Leatherman and Jenne charge them with offering complete police protection to a faro bank in consideration of one-third of the net profits.

LA GRIPPE.

Johnson's Chill and Fever Tonic cures colds and la grippe in one day—24 hours.

The dealer gives the money back if it does not cure.

Striking Miners' Desperate Move

Halifax, N. S., January 30.—The striking miners at Spring Hill are about to play their last card. The situation is becoming desperate, and as the mine owners ignore the strike committee the miners have decided to call off all the men who are fighting the fire in the east slope. This would mean the destruction of the mine, but it is thought the provincial government will interfere, the government being virtually the owner of the mine and the company only the lessee.

"DR. MILES,

Through His Nervine Is a Benefactor to Thousands."

A WIDELY known Wisconsin publisher, who resides at Green Bay, writes March 8th, 1895, as follows:

"Five years ago I became so nervous that mental work was a burden. I could not rest at night on account of sleeplessness. My attention was called to Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and I commenced to use it with the very best effect. Since then I have kept a bottle in my house and use it whenever my nerves become unstrung, with always the same good results. My son also takes it for nervousness with like never failing success. I have recommended it to many and it cures them. All who suffer from nervous troubles should try

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.....

It is free from narcotics, perfectly harmless, and yet soothes and strengthens. Dr. Miles, through his Nervine is a benefactor to Thousands."

"A. C. LEHMAN.

Editor and proprietor of DER LANDSMAN.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

FILIBUSTER INDICMENTS.

True Bills Found Against General Roloff and Dr. Luis in Baltimore—The Cases Against the Parties in New York Continued.

Baltimore, January 30.—The United States grand jury today found indictments against General Carlos Roloff, secretary of war of the Cuban government and his compatriot, Dr. Jose J. Luis, on the charge of "beginning, setting on foot, and providing within the district of Maryland means for a military expedition against the territory of a foreign prince with whom the United States is at peace, to wit, against the island of Cuba."

The crime is charged as committed July 3, 1895. Captain Hudson on that date purchased the steamer Woodall in this port for $13,000 for the Cuban junta and fitted her up as a filibuster. On July 9th, of that year, the Woodall sailed hence, ostensibly for Yucatan; but it is alleged that Roloff and Luis caused the vessel to be put in at Arbor key, Florida, where men and munitions of war were taken on board and subsequently landed on the Cuban coast.

A second indictment for conspiracy is found against the men in which the name of John T. Smith, otherwise known as J. T. Smith, is included. Roloff is said, in the indictment, to have been otherwise known as C. Miles and Dr. Luis has a number of aliases, among which are J. J. Luis, J. J. Luccas and Dr. Luccas.

A bench warrant will be issued and the men brought here from New York, where they are held in bail by United States Commissioner Shields for trial. It is thought the hearing of the case before Judge Morris in the United States district court will be begun promptly upon their arrival. The witnesses before the grand jury, and also the witnesses who will appear at the trial of the charges, were Captain John M. Hudson, of Brooklyn, and John Cronin and John Lockney, of this city.

New York, January 30.—When the case of General Carlos Roloff, who is accused of having aided and abetted a filibustering expedition to Cuba on the steamship Woodall in 1895, was called before United States Commissioner Shields this morning, United States District Attorney McLane appeared for the government, but when he called for witnesses none responded. After waiting for their appearance, he asked for an adjournment until next Saturday, which was granted. The cases of Dr. Jose. J. Luis and Enrique Trujillo, who are also accused of aiding filibustering expeditions, were also adjourned for the same reason. It is believed that the charges against General Roloff, as far as the Woodall expedition is concerned, will be held in abeyance or dropped in this district, as the witnesses were today before the United States grand jury in Baltimore, and it is probable that the whole Woodall matter will be disposed of there. Dr. Luis' connection with the Woodall affair was also being investigated in Baltimore today.

Impure Blood

and its consequent ailments are speedily cured by taking Anheuser-Busch's Malt-Nutrine—the food drink. At all druggists.

Corbett and Fitzsimmons Will Fight in Carson

San Francisco, Cal. January 28.—It is almost a foregone conclusion that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight will take place in Nevada, and it is about equally certain that the ring will be pitched in Carson. Everything points to the verification of this dual prophecy.

No opposition to the measure was manifested in the upper house, and the vast army of Nevadans who are favorable to the measure voice the opinion that it will go thrugh without a struggle.

A number of Carson clergymen will lend their moral support to the opponents of the scheme, but the friends of the bill are not worried over the outlook. They claim that public sentiment is too strong to be combatted, and that a vote in Carson alone would develop the fact that 90 per cent. of the people want the championship of the world to be decided in that section of the country.

DIED.

LESSMAN.—In this city, Friday afternoon January 29th, at 5.15 p. m., Mrs. Hattie F. Lessman, wife of C. F. Lessman, aged 44 years, 4 months and 27 days.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend the funeral at 10 o'clock this (Sunday) morning from the residence, corner Ninth and Dock streets, thence to Oakdale Cemetery.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

YOU CAN MAKE MONEY BY FOLLOWING the advices given in our manual book and market letter, free. Correspondence invited. PO D & CO., Members N. Y. Consolidated Exchange, 60 Broadway, New York. jan 31 1

TO PE ULATORS—CUCCESSFULLY YOU must be reliable information. We operate for customers on information only and take no chances by guessing the markets. Correspondence solicited. WE LEY, CH P-IN & CO., Brokers, 42 New St., N Y. jan 31 1t

NOTICE.—I HAVE OPENED A GUNSMITH and General Repair Shop at No. 7 North Second street. I have had 30 years' experience in the business and guarantee satisfaction. Repairing and stocking fine guns a specialty. CHARLES H. POLLEY. sun jan 31 4t*

MEN WANTED IN WILMINGTON AND elsewhere to sell Clothing. Good wages, steady job; Suits to order $5.00 to $10.00. AMERICAN WOOLEN MILLS, Chicago. jan 31 4t sun

JUST RECEIVED, A FINE LOT OF FRESH Goose Feathers, also Early Rose Seed Potatoes. R. E. WARD, City. jan 29

JUST RECEIVED, A LOT OF PRETTY Calendars. Children will please call and get one. See our new style New Home, it is a beauty. Our $30 Hub is the best Machine ever sold for the money. Examine before purchasing any other. T. W. WOOD, 124 Princess street. jan 29

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR A PERMANENT position; good salary guaranteed; must furnish $1.0 for sample. Address P. W. CHASE, Sun building, Washington, D. C. jan 28 7t*

WANTED—DRUGGIST SALESMAN TO handle our Trusses; good commission. Address with references WETMORE TRUSS CO., 317 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y. jan 26 6t

LOST—FIRST WEEK IN JANUARY, WHITE Spotted Puppy; answers to name of Lassie; white with black back, black ears, blue ribbon around neck. Information received here. jan 29

JOHN G. RUSSELL, 219 SOUTH FIFTH street. Voice Culture, Chorus Training, Piano and Organ. Careful attention given to fine Piano Tuning. nov 5 sunu tues

THOMAS & CO. ARE SELLING FINE Creamery Butter at 25c per pound. Call and see the special inducements offered to cash buyers at their new store, corner Fourth and Campbell streets. jan 14

ELEVEN O'CLOCK TOAST, THE LATEST and prettiest March, for sale by us at 8c. All the late music. Folios can be had as soon as published, from GEO. HAARS MUSIC HOUSE, 122 Market street. jan 14

WANTED—A POSITION WITH A WHOLESALE firm or Traveling Salesman. Address W. P., care of The Messenger. jan 10

DEPOSIT BOXES NOW IN THE WILMINGTON Savings and Trust Company. Capital $50,000. Surplus $6,000. Interest paid at rate of 4 per cent. jan 5

THE FOUR-HUNDRED CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS are the latest style; handsomest finish and best Christmas presents, all at 4 per dozen. They are dandies. U. C. ELLIS, 114 Market street. nov 24

OFFICE FOR RENT IN BY 18 MULBERRY, 5 steps from Front. Door opens on sidewalk. Large southern windows. Private bath and closet. $10. Apply to Y. M. C. A. or Roger Moore. oct 5 tf

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS, Stores, Offices and Halls. For Sale—Dwellings, Stores, Vacant Lots; Cash or time payments. Cash advanced on improved city property. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C. jan 24

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE Mechanics' Home Association OF WILM