TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

THE STATE.

legislature for the purpose of changnot repeal their old charters, but re enacts them: the old boards have retained counsel to fight the case. - The ion appointed by the legislature to extirpate the San Jose frui scales meets and considers plans for the work .- Safe blowers crack a safe

President McKinley sends in his message to congress; it deals entirely with ready for her trial April 3rd. - The issue of standard silver dollars by the their terms .- The sec-

laws .- At Lynchburg Jas. chief features of the bariff Pocahontas, Va., James Neff is shot and killed by a 16-year-old girl of bad -The American Cotton Grow-

Hollman, head of the German admiralty, has resigned .- The prime minister of Greece says his govn Cretan waters, ex-Italian and French, have held between the commanders of the foreign-fleets at Canea and the chiefs of the Cretan insurgents; the latter express desire to be annexed to Greece,
—Germany and Austria decline to take part in the mixed occupation of

THE ASYLUMS GRAB BILL.

Scale Commission—Safe Blowers at Work

(Special to The Messenger.) Raleigh, N. C., March 15.-The asact, which was drawn, it is understood. roe, C. B. Aycock, Isaac T. Dortch, and F. A. Daniel. The new boards of day. The act of the republicans and pitals is everywhere condemned.

a recent act of the legislature to ex-An expert will at once visit all nurmeasures will be adopted, as the act

safe of W. L. McGhee, a merchant at Franklinton, and got \$150.

Augusta, Ga., March 15 .- The meet-Protective Association here today was attended by a very representative body of men. President Hector D. Lane, of presided and addressed the convention. An address was also made by ex-Senator Patrick Walsh. Resolutions were also adopted urging the ners to first make the cotton states orting and then the care decotton yield more profitable returns than if they sought to increase

from E. S. Moorman, treasurer of Campbell county, conveying to Volney E. Howard trustee, certain real and personal property, for the benefit of creditors, sureties, and indorsers. Among the liabilities named are \$4,000 of balance due the state of Virginia. for which suit has been instituted in the circuit court of Richmond; other sums, not ascertained, due the state, and certain sums due county and district school funds. Neither liabilities nor assets are named, and it is impossible to estimate them from facts given

in the deed. Shot by a Girl. Richmond, Va., March 1.—At Pocahontas, Tazewell county, Sunday, James Neff, a native of Smythe county, and who was connected with the Pocahontas mines, was shot and killed by a girl named May Edwards. The girl is only if years of age and is of bad repute. Neff

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

THE OPENING OF THE EXTRA

Referred to Committee-Election of Officers of the House-Speaker Reed Announces Two Committees Strength of Parties in the House-President's Message Received and Read-The Tariff Bill

SENATE Washington, March 15.-The extraordinary session of the Fifty-fifth con-Sixty-eight senators answered to the roll call and the galleries were filled to

Senator W. A. Harris, populist, of

bett, appointed by the governor of Oregon to succeed John H. Mitchell, the presented by Senator McBride, repub-Corbett was present and ready to take

Senator Gray, of Delaware, thought view of the unusual circumthe credenitials should be referred to the committee on privileges and elections. He made a motion to that effect,

After the appointment of committees notify the president and the house that the senate was ready to begin its duties, a recess was taken until 2 Alt 3:11 o'clock Senators Hoar and

Cockrell, the committee on the part of the senate, reported that "the presiwould communicate a message in writing in a short time." Assistant Secretary Pruden was announced and presented the message which was read by the clerk.

The message occupied the undivided attention of the senators and of the audience in the galleries, but no deonstration followed its conclusion. Then, on motion of Senator Allison the senate at 3:25 o'clock adjourned

session was witnessed in the house today by an immense crowd of spectators. The corridors of the capitol were overrun with people fully an hour before noon; and, although police officers were stationed at the foot of the marble stair cases to keep back necessary printing done; and then at 4 all who were not provided with cards o'clock p. m., the house adjourned till of admission, there were enough per- Thursday next sons so provided to occupy every se

Of the 357 men who constitute the membership of the house, 132 have never before served in that capacity, while sixteen more have served in former congresses-making altogether 148 members and 209 who served in the last congress. Politically classified, there are 206 republicans, 122 democrats Speaker Reed did not make his appearance on the floor until just before the stroke of noon.

house, called the house to order at noon, when prayer was offered by the The clerk then read the president's proclamation convening congress and ed by states, alphabetically. The clerk announced as the result of the call, ames, and at the same time suggested Defective In That It Does Not Change that there should be slience on the tors Employ Counsel-The San Jose Fruit part in the proceedings." The oddity of this request created laughter among

members and spectators. clerk, was the election of speaker and nominations are now in order.

Mr. Reed, of Maine; Mr. Richardson, democrat, of Tennessee, Joseph W. Bailey, of Texas; and Mr. John C. Bell populist, of Colorado, was put in nomination by Mr. Jere Simpson, populist, The clerk stated that there were six embers whose names were not on the roll because their credentials had not

been received by him. They were from the Tenth district of Iowa (Mr. Dolliver), the Sixth district of Mississippi tricts of Tennessee (Messrs. McMillin and Pierce), the First district of Texas (Mr. Pell), and from Utah (Mr. King). election of speaker was then pro ceeded with, the result being: For Mr. Bell, 21; Mr. Newlands, of Nevada, A. nent was applauded on The clerk announced that Mr. Reed

having received a majority of all the votes cast, was duly elected speaker and he appointed Messrs. Grosvenor, Bailey and Bell to conduct the speaker elect to the chair. A member appealed to the clerk to

insist on order; and the clerk replied that if every member would keep quiet house would be in perfect order, and the remark was duly appreciated and hailed with laughter. Mr. Reed having been conducted to the chair, amid much applause, ad-

tiality in administering his office. The oath of office was then administered Reed by Mr. Harmer, republican, of Pennsylvania, the senior member in consecutive service. This was followed by the ceremony of swearing in the members. It was done by calling the states in alphabetical order— the representatives from the states facing the clerk's desk and holding up American Cotton Growers their hands while the speaker administered the oath to them.

Four representatives whose names had not appeared on the clerk's list were, by unanimous consent, permit-ted to take the oath. They were Messrs. McMillin, democrat, of Tennessee; Dol-liver, republican, of Iowa; Pierce, demof Tennessee; and Bell, demo-

pointment of the following officers were made: Alexander McDowell, of Pennsylvania, clerk; Benj. F. Russell,

Lynchburg, Va., March 15 .- A deed the rart of the senate, was appointed of assignment was recorded here today to wait upon the president.

from E. S. Moorman, treasurer of The first hitch in the otherwise smoothly-acting machinery of organization occurred when Mr. Henderson,

republican, of Iowa, offered a resolution that, until otherwise ordered, the rules of the house of the Fifty-fourth congress be adopted as the rules of the house of the Fifty-fifth congress, and on this he moved the previous question. To this another republican nember from Iowa (Mr. Hepburn) proposed an amendment, limiting the continuance of those rules to thirty days

Mr. McMillin asked Mr. Henderson, indirectly, whether it was the purpose of the committee on rules to report a code of rules, and to let the house have all previous records at the New York to Novel all previous records at the New York of the Novel all previous records at the New York of the Novel all previous records at the New York of the Novel all previous records at the New York of the Novel all previous records at the New York of the Novel all previous records at the New York of the Novel all previous records at the New York of the Novel all previous records at the New York of the Novel all previous records at the New York of the Novel and State of \$26,508.

The Mobile and Ohio road earned gross for January, \$322,978, an increase of \$34,371, and net \$114,037, an increase of \$35,035.

The Mobile and Ohio road earned gross for January, \$322,978, an increase of \$34,371, and net \$114,037, an increase of \$35,035.

derson's motion for the previous question and the speaker reported the close vote of 157 ayes and 158 nays, when the speaker announced an addition of one vote to the ayes (making it a tie) but that was immediately followed by an addition of one of the noes. The vote was thereupon taken by yeas and nays, and resulted in ordering the previous question on Mr. Henderson's resolution by 183 yeas and 152 nays, several republicans having changed

their votes from no to aye.

A point having been raised that under the rules there were twenty minutes for debate, the speaker said:
"There are rules and rules. There is a rule for the previous question in the Fifty-second, Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth congresses, and also under gen-eral parliamentary law. In the house of representatives, heretofore, the rule has allowed twenty minutes for de-bate. But that is not the rule under vere, there has been debate enough, before the previous question, to cut off that twenty minutes. The question n agreeing to the resolution. The house divided and the speaker eported-ayes, 157; nays, 133. So Mr. nderson's resolution was agreed to. The usual drawing of seats was proeeded with, preference being given, or ecount of long service, to Mr. Grow, repulican, of Pennsylvania; Mr. Hol-man, democrat, of Indiana; and Mr. Harmer, republican, of Pennsylvania. While the drawing for seats was in progress the committee appointed to wait upon the president reported through Mr. Payne that the president had "sent his kindly greetings to congress and said that he would communi-

ate immediately in writing." The makly (at 3:15 o'clock p. m.) by the delivery of the president's brief message but its reading was withheld until the seating of members was completed. The president's message was read and was referred, on motion of Mr. Dingley, to the committee on ways and Mr. Dingley hen introduced his tar-

iff bill, which was referred to the committee on ways and means. The speaker announced the appoint ways and means as follows: Committee on Rules-The speaker. Messrs. Henderson of Towa, Dalzell of Pennsylvania, republicans; Batley of Texas, and McMillin of Tennessee,

emocrats. Messrs. Dingley, of Maine, Chairman; Payne, of New York: Dalzell, of Pennsylvania: Hopkins, of Illinois; Grosrenor, of Ohio; Dolliver, of Iowa; Steele, of Indiana; Johnson, of North Dakota, Evans, of Kentucky; Tawney of Minnesota. republicans: Messrs. Bailey, of Texas: McMillin, of Tennessee: Wheeler, of Alabama; McLaurin Permission was given to the committee on ways and means to sit during

CORBETT AND FITZSIMMONS.

They Put in the Last Day of Training Sharkey on Hand for the Winner-The Betting-Guarding the Telegraph Lines.

Carson Nev. March 1 .- Dan Stuart to longed, but it is not by any means equally

Two specials and the regular train landed a goodly crowd of sports today, and the town put on quite a busy appearance, which was enhanced in picturesqueness by the presence of a number of cow boys who participated in an exhibition of equine skill just outside the town. Among ed. For the first half of the present ance, which was enhanced in picturesque-

all generated with the weights and shaft which will pass into the hands of a San Francisco journalist tomorrow. Jim lost all his sentimentality when he faced the punching bag, however, and he cuffed it about as though he had no further use for it. He punched the bag for an hour and then announced himself ready to take Jim Nealon's scalp at hand ball. Three red hot games were played in less than an hour, and Nealon did not figure in any of them to much extent. Jim kept up a cross fire of sarcasm at his old friend, greatly to the amusement of the Olympic creatly to the amusement of the Olympic Club boys, who were in force around the court. His easy victory over Nealon left Jim in rare good humor and he took pity Jim in rare good humor and he took pity on his trainer when the gloves were brought out. Eighteen rounds in all were gone through with and no blood spilled. Corbett danced about and coaxed his partners to try for his head, but he took good care to keep it out of range.

On his afternoon sprint Jim narrowly escaped meeting Mr. and Mrs. Fitzsimmons. The couple were driving along the road to Shaw's Springs when they saw Corbett trotting down on them a few hun-Corbett trotting down on them a few hun-dred yards ahead. Fitzsimmons pelted his horse and jogged along until he reached

a fork in the roadway, where he turned off on the pike towards Reno. Mrs. Fitz-simmons leaned far over in front of her husband and took a good look at the Californian, but Bob kept his eyes ahead and never once glanced in Jim's direction. Corbett jogged along with his

a deal, will aso be overlooked.

Dan Stuart's office is being closely guarded by a couple of Pinkerton detectives. Thief takers in citizens clothes are scattered all over the town and crooks will find the graft very hard.

The Western Union Telegraph Company have every mile of wire between Carson and Reno guarded with patrol men and there is little chance of any successful wire tanging. wire tapping.

Telegraphic Sparks. A dispatch to the London Graphic from Canea says that a gun exploded today on board the Russian turret ship Sisoi Veliky, killing fifteen men and wounding an officer and twenty seamen.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

DEVOTED ENTIRELY TO CONDI TION OF THE TREASURY.

Greater Than the Receipts-The Deficit for the Last Three Years and Eight Months Amounts to \$186,061,580-The Annual Interest Charge Increased \$11,-493,414—Ample Revenues for Govern-ment Expenses and Liberal Pensions Necessary.

Washington, March 15.-The pr lent today sent the following message

dent administration of the government. An examination of the subject discloses this fact in every detail and leads inevitably to the conclusion that the of the revenue which allows it is unjustifiable and should be cor-We find by the reports of the secretary of the treasury that the revenues

for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, from all sources \$425,868,260.22, and the expenditures for all purposes were \$415,953,806.56, leaving an excess of receipts over expenditures of \$9,914,543.66. During that fiscal year, \$40,570,467.98 were paid upon the public debt, which had been reduced since March 1, 1889 \$259,076,890, and the annual interest charge decreased \$11,684,576.60. The receipts of the government from all sources during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, amounted to \$461,716,561.94, and its expenditures to \$459,374,887.65, showures of \$2,341,674.29.

Since that time the recepits of no fiscal year, and with but few exceptions of no month of any fiscal year, its expenditures \$442,605,758.87, leaving the previous fiscal year, its income was | 000,000. still not sufficient to provide for its

In February 1894, \$50,000,000 in bonds \$65 116 244 was announced to congress. The receipts of the government for were \$390,373,203.30 and the expenditures \$433,178,426.48, showing a deficit of ment in February 1896, the sale netting \$111,166,246 and swelling the aggregate of bonds issued within three years to

\$262,315,400. For the fiscal year ended June 30 1896, the revenues of the government Corbett and Fitzsimmons this morning when they arose to prepare for the last finishing touches which are to cap the climax of their arduous labors, like the polish on the finished manogony.

1896, the revenues of the government from all sources amounted to \$409,475, and encouraging our farming interests and encouraging our farming interests are every possible point. While the foreign value than on portion to the foreign value than on In other words, the total receipts for 1896, were insufficient by \$137,811,729.46

equine skill just outside the town. Among the arrivals by the specials were "Parson" Davis, and his colored Chicago giant, Bob Armstrang, and Tom Sharkey, who arrived by the special from San Francisco. The pool rooms opened this morning, but there was little or nothing doing in the way of betting and no big wagers were recorded.

ed. For the first half of the present fiscal year, the receipts of the government, exclusive of postal revenues, were \$157,507,603.76, and its expenditures exclusive of postal service \$195,-410,000.22, or an excess of expenditures over receipts of \$37,902,396.46, In Janwagers were recorded.

Both Corbett and Fitzsimmons bid adieu to most of their training paraphernalia today. Jim inflicted for the last time the jabs and upper cuts that have made the lives of Billy Woods and Jeffries miserable for weeks past. All the Fitzsimmons party were in town early and Bob took of this year the receipts of \$37,902,396.46. In January of this year the receipts exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal service \$30,269,389.29, a deficit of \$5,952,395.24 for the month. In February of this year the receipts of \$37,902,396.46. In January of this year the receipts exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of postal revenues were \$24,316,994.05 and the expenditures exclusive of over receipts of \$37,902,396.46. In Janble for weeks past. All the Fitzsimmons party were in town early and Bob took a drive with Mrs, Fitzsimmons out towards Shaw's Springs. They did not go quite to Corbett's quarters, but the drive came near being fraught with great possibilities, as the rivals narrowly escaped a meeting on the road. Contrary to expectations, neither of the king pins knocked off work entirely today. Both of them went through the usual programme, with slight modifications.

Corbett played with his favorite wrist machine for nearly ten minutes. He gazed lovingly at the old shaft and told the spectators how many years he had worked up muscle with the apparatus. The driving power behind the blows which laid out Sullivan and Mitchell was all generated with the weights and shaft which will pass into the hands of a San Francisco iournalize tomorrow. Jim lost cient to meet all its ordinary expenses during the past three years the gold cient to meet the demands upon it, and that bonds necessarily have been issued for its repletion. Be this as it may, it is clearly manifest, without denying or affirming the correctness of such a clusion, that the debt would have been decreased in at least the amount

of the defficiency, and businss confiimmeasurably strengthened throughout the country. existing conditions. Ample revenues must be supplied not only for the ordinary expenses of the government, but for the prompt payment of liberal pensions and the liquidation of the princi-In raising revenues, duties should be so levied upon foreign products as to preserve the home market, so far as merce; to aid and develop mining and the number of bales. While the reduction of the acreage to be planted in cotton for the sole purpose of reducing the size of the crop may be impracticable, the increase of area planted in food crops must inevitably bring prosperity to the cotton growers, irrespective of the size of the size of the cotton growers, irrespective of the size of the cotton growers, irrespective of the size of the size of the switched around when he came in the dident of the switched around when he came it to the railway track and faced in the distance to his quarters.

The democratic and populist substitudes are formally proposed and rejective of the switched around which skill and industry are justified. The necessity of the passage of a tariff law which shall provide a the distance to his quarters.

The imp building; and to render to labor in of further debt, or the continued dis-(Signed) WILLIAM McKINLEY.

Executive Mansion, March 15, 1897. Earnings of Southern Railroads. New York, March 15 .- The South Carolina and Georgia Railroad Company reports for the eight months ended February 28, 1897, gross earnings of \$861,733; operating expenses \$495,881,

and net \$365,752,

The Tennessee Coal and Iron road reports for February, net earnings of

THE TARIFF BILL,

thief Features of the Bill Introduced by Mr. Dingley in the House Yesterday-Expected to Increase the Revenue \$75,000, 000 the First Year. Washington, March 15 .- At quite

ate hour in the session of the house stood he was again to be chairman, the tariff bill upon which he and his republican associates have been engaged for

Most of the essential details of the bill, except its administrative features, which are embodied in the last 4,000 words of the bill, beginning with section 3, have already been made known in these dispatches. But in discussing the general scope and purport of the bill to a representative of the Southern Associated Press today Chairman Dingley gave an interesting synopsis of what he expected of it, as follows: "The bill has two purposes, namely, courage the industries of the United States. On the basis of the importations of the last fiscal year, the bill increase the revenue about \$112,-000,000, divided among the several schedules roughly, as follows: Chemicals \$3,500,000, crockery and glassware \$4,000,000, metals \$4,000,000, wood \$1,-,000, sugar \$21,750,000, tobacco \$7,-000,000, agricultural \$6,500,000, liquors \$1,800,000, cottons \$1,700,000, jute, linen and hemp, \$7,800,000; wool \$17,500,000 manufacturings of wools \$27,000,000. silks \$1,500,000, pulp and paper \$58,000, sundries \$6,200,000. "This statement is on the suppos

tion that the imports of each class of goods would be the same the next fiscal year as in the fiscal year ended last June. But as the imports of wool were three times as great, and those of woolen goods more than twice as great in pounds in 1893, the committee assume that their excessive importation would largely reduced by the proposed although the fact that our domestic production of wool has dimin ished 8,000,000 pounds since 1893 will necessitate the importation of much nore wool now than in the latter year. that the importations of wool will fall off at least one-third from those of 1896, on account of the anticipatory imports to avoid duties, this source at \$11,000,000. Anticipating also that the imports of woolens will fall off nearly 15 per cent., from the enormous imports of 1896, we estimate receipts of the government from all the increased revenue from this source sources, during the fiscal year ending under the proposed rates at about \$14,-June 30, 1894, were \$372,802,498.29, and 000,000. From sugar we estimate \$20. 000,000. From sugar we estimate \$20,-000,000 additional revenue. Anticipata deficit, the first since the resumption | ing a considerable falling off of imports of specie payments, of \$69,803,260.58. of Havana tobacco because of the revof \$16,769,128.78 in the ordinary expenses | mates of additional revenue to be deof the government, as compared with rived from the tobacco schedule to \$4,-

"The remaining schedules would in the treasury for the redemption of | the basis of the imports of 1896, but as greenbacks was drawn upon to meet there would probably be deminished ex-them. But this did not suffice, and the ports at some points, although the government then resorted to loans to gradual restoration of business activity would offset this by increasing the consumption of imported luxuries, we were issued, and in November follow- reduce the estimates on these to \$31,ing, a second issue of \$50,000,000 was 000,000. These would aggregate an addeemed necessary. The sum of \$117,- ditional revenue of \$80,000,000 the first 171,795 was realized by the sale of these | year. A further reduction of five or bonds, but the reserve was steadily de- ten millions for contingencies, would creased until, on February 8, 1895, a leave \$70,000,000 to \$75,000,000 as the third sale of \$62,315,400 in bonds, for probable increased revenues from this bill the first year, which would undoubtedly rise to \$100,000,000 the sec-

"The iron and steel schedule is changed very little from that schedule \$42.805,223.18. A further loan of \$100,- in the tariff of 1894, the change being entirely in the more advanced articles The same is true of the cotton schedule. In the agricultural, wool, glass and duties of the act of 1890 fully restored as a rule, and in a few cases increased, with the view of simply protecting at every possible point. While the portion to the foreign value than on manufactured articles, yet it is though desirable for the public interest and for our agriculture that we should produc this prime necessity for ourselves. The duty on carpet wools, as well as upon many other articles, is imposed main ly for revenue. The irritation caused by the use of a few wools heretofore classed as carpet wools being used for by transfering such wools to the clothing wool classes, but the duty on cloth-

ing wools has been restored to the rate "In framing this new tariff the aim has been to make the duties specific or at least partly specific, so far as possible, to protect the revenue and also to protect our own industries. This has been done in response to the wishes of the better class of importers, as well as of the adminstrators of the law, and of our own producers. The very general substitution of specific duties, lent of existing ad valorem, will of its self increase the revenue and strengthen the protection offered to our indus-

"The reciprocity provisions of the act of 1890 have not only been fully restored, but this policy has been extended by adding sugar, tea, coffee and hides as articles on which to make reciprocal agreements, such articles as hampagne, brandy, wines, artificial and natural mineral waters, chicle, argols and silk laces.

"The committee have endeavored, where it was in accord with their views of protection to keep below the McKinley rates and in every case to avoid going above them. They have been obliged to disregard this rule in a few cases, but many of the sched-ules, like iron and steel, where Mo-Kinley rates are no longer needed, can be cited as evidence that they have adopted a moderate scheme of duties They have put back the full McKinfey most cases on agricultural products, because they have felt that the farmer was entitled to all that it was possible to do for him by protective duties. The McKinley rates have been preserved also, upon tobacco, wines and silks, because they are considered essentially luxuries. There has been an increase upon filler tobacco, in order to make the difference less wide between filler and wrapper and the temptation to fraud less serious.

"The date when the new tariff is to go into effect is named in the prelimnary draft submitted to the house today as May 1, 1897,
"Among the articles named in the free list are anthracite coal and coal animals, binding twine, eocoa, coffee, cotton and cotton waste, drugs, cryolite, fruits, jute and jute butts, preclous stones in the rough, guano, manures, hides, nuts, seeds, suiphate acid for use in manufacturing fertilizers, tea, tobacco, siems, spirits turpentine, logs and timber, and cabinet woods."

Sandy Hook shortly after 9 o'clock a. m., today under her own steam. Early this morning, she was sighted off the highlands in tew of the cruiser Columbia. When near the bar the line was cast off and the Puritan proceeded slowly towards port, while the Colum-bia, turning, headed off shore again, and when last seen appeared as a speck on the horizon in the south offing,

SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS

TADE BY THE LEGISLATURE FOR CHARITABLE PURPOSES.

Superintendent of the Western Insane Asylum-Regular Populists Talking of Getting in Line With the Democrats J. Y. Hamrick Takes Charge of Office of Labor Statistics-Change in Publishing Analysis of Fertilizers. Messenger Bureau, Park Hotel.

Raleigh, N. C., March 15. The state treasurer today made the ollowing summary of the special apture: Deaf, dumb and blind institu-North Carolina and Tennessee \$300 the university, \$5,000; state normal and ndustrial college, \$12,500; institution for the blind, \$34,500; colored normal schools, \$4,000; colored agricultural and mechanical college, \$5,000; white agricolored normal and industrial school a Elizabeth City, \$5,000; Western hospita for insane, \$90,000; Central hospital, \$55,450. Eastern hospital, \$40,000; department of criminal insane, \$3,000 purchase of Moore's Creek battle portrait of Senator Vance, \$500; extra physicians of deaf-mute and blind in stitution (colored), \$750; contested lection cases in house \$1,591. Dr. Monroe, of Davidson college, who

was named by Governor Russell as su-

perintendent of the Western hospital at Morganton, declines. Inquiry was nade of a leading republican why it was that Governor Russell, after so plain intimations that he desired Dr Murphy to remain in charge of the Vestern hospital, had named Dr. Monwas one of the few which declared fo Governor Russell and that the pressur for Dr. Murphy's removal came from the Burke republicans. To the inquiry why? the reply was made that it was simply and solely because they wanted "pie." That is now in North Carolina the universal term for "office." "The wonder is that a man of Governor Russuch a plea," was the comment of the republican above alluded to. The republicans wanted all the minor places at the hospital. Dr. Monroe, as has een said is a democrat. The regular populists are deeply disgusted with the republicans, and have

cast the bolters into outer darkness They are now talking plainly about the need of getting in line with the democrats, but they want the latter to drop the name "democrat." Leading populists give assurance of startling agricultural department will in future, analyses, omit the exact figures when the analyses shows they are up to or above the guarantee made by the manufacturer. If the per centages are be ow the guarantee the exact figures for this change; first, that it will prevent manufacturers from sending out special high grade lots early in the season, so as to get high figures, and second, it will be fair to all persons

J. Y. Hamrick today took charge of he bureau of labor statistics. He is bolting populist, The legislative clerks departed today aving completed their work on the books and journals. The laws will make two large volumes. Cladius Dockery, a leading republica nember of the legislature, is quite ick here, with the grippe, Captain William Lea, a widely tnown tobacço warehouseman, of Durham, is dead. Streams in this section are very high Rain falls nearly every day. All far work is at a standstill.

The Chicago Markets. Chicago, March 15.-Wheat prices improved further today, the result of private confirmation of the extremely of bull statistics in general. Kansas crop damage stories were numerous

tradictions received by a prominent

firm and 4c higher. The undertone to corn was firm, or the continuation of firm Liverpoo cables and in sympathy with the strength predominating in wheat. The traordinary, the bulk of the transactions bearing the imprint of local scalping. Cash corn was firm to 1/4c higher Following the example set by whea and corn, oats inaugurated the session by exhibiting firmness, with no particular feature to the business. Cash oats were firm and 40 higher. The steady progress in the direction of better prices for product lately noted, was pursued today. The hog market advanced 5c, the best grades selling at \$4,05 per 100 pounds, 5c higher than was believed to be the ambition of livestock dealers generally. Com mission houses with country connec tions were the best buyers of purchases, As the session progressed, the strength intensified, quite a liberal advance resulting. May pork closed 22½c higher, May lard 2½ to 5c higher and May ribs 121/2c higher.

Cotton Futures. (Special to The Messenger.) New York, March 15 .- An encouraging Liverpool, lighter receipts and slightly higher prices were the main features to day of a very dull ectton market. Traders here had expected a decline in the Liverpool market and when the cables reported a small advance instead, some buying was encouraged and the opening her was 3 points higher than the close or was 3 points higher than the close on Saturday. Continued uneasiness over the predicted Mississippi overflow, and reports of serious delay in planting preparations resulted in a further gain of 4 points after the opening; but orders were very scarce and the improvement did not hold. May opened at 7.05, advanced to 7.09, declined to 7.0600.07 with the tone of the market steady. We see nothing in the situation encourage short selling at present.

(By Southern Press) (By Southern Press.)

(By Southern Press.)

New York, March 15.—The Sun's cotton review says: Spot cotton here was unchanged with sales of 537 bales for spinning. Middling uplands was 74c, against 7 11-16c last year; New Orleans and gulf 7'2c, against 7 15-16c last year. The principal factor in the rise today was the daily river bulletin issued by the weather bureau. This bulletin caused the advance here early in the day. Liverpool ralled after a weaker opening, receipts at the ports and the interior towns were generally smaller than a week ago, the spot ports and the interior towns were generally smaller than a week ago, the spot markets in this country were firm and shorts covered. Liverpool and New Orleans were moderate traders here, but the speculation was mainly local. Before the close part of the improvement was lost on realizing sales, but the last prices showed a net advance for the day. The receipts at the ports for the week are estimated at 70,000 bales, against 74,008 last week. The Puritan Reaches New York, New York, March 15 .- The United States monitor Puritan passed in at

Postmasters to Serve Out Their Terms Washington, March 15 .- Postmaster General Gary has made an announce ment of interest to democratic postmasters whose terms expire on various dates under the new administration, He says he has decided to adhere to the four-year tenure of office policy for few minutes today, adjourning out of postmasters except in cases where such officials should be removed for cause.

LATEST STYLES \$3.00 MEN SHOES.

Ox Blood and Chocolate.

We have just received a handsome line Men's Chocolate and Ox Blood Lace Shoes in Plain and

If you wish a Shoe for \$3 for Style, Wear and Finish equal to any \$5 give us a call.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

You Are Anxious

To have a Suit made North we will for \$11.50 and Expressage guarantee a fit out of All Wool Goods, made in a regular Merchant Tailoring Establishment. If you prefer to help home talent and enterprise for a small profit we turnish unexcelled Suitings of both Foreign and Domestic makes in ample quantities for a satisfactory selection. Quality, Trimmings and Fit goes without saying. How about Gent's Furnishings?

MUNSON & CO JOHNSON - & - FORE.

Wish to call the Ladies' attention to the Elegant Stock of

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Just received, consisting of INDIA LINENS, VIC-ENGLISH NAINSOOKS, TARLETANS, PLAID NAINSOOKS, SWISS MUSLIN, ORGANDIES BATISTE, LINEN Lawns and IMPERIAL LONG CLOTHS. We are satisfied we are showing the best line of TABLE LINENS, NAPKINS, DOILIES and TOWELS ever brought to this City.

Laces and Embroideries

in endless variety. All of the popular Brands of SHIRTING and SHEETING on hand at low prices. A special sale of Boy's Sailor Straw Hats at 25c.

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OFFICE OF CHESNUTT & BARRENTINE

Shoe Dealers, No. 30 Front Street, where we kindly ask those indebted to us to call and settle their accounts as early as possible. Will be pleased to attend to any orders entrusted to us. Hope soon to be able to an nounce our opening in the same old place. No 9 North Front Street.

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Take Laxative Brome Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it falls to cure. 25c.