

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

THE STATE. The governor authorizes exchange of courts between Judges Robinson and Timberlake.—The State Colored Teachers' Assembly will meet at Shaw University June 15th.—The Carolina Central railroad will build a station at...

MUCH BAD BLOOD.

DEVELOPED IN SENATE OVER THE CUBAN RESOLUTION.

Senators Morgan and Hale have a sharp fight. The latter repels the charge of being in communication with the Spanish authorities.—Senator Morgan deplores the apathy of the Government in protecting Americans against Spanish persecutions.

Washington, April 6.—Much bad blood was developed in the senate today over the Cuban question and there were numerous stormy passages and acrimonious personal charges. Most of the day was given to the bankruptcy bill, Senator Stewart of Nevada, speaking in opposition to the discussion drifted to the financial question, Senators Chandler and Stewart having an amusing discussion on bimetalism.

During the day Senator Earl, democrat of South Carolina, introduced a resolution for the immediate reorganization of the senate committees and the filling of all vacancies. He spoke briefly for the first time since entering the senate, on the injustice of keeping the new senators from committee work until the resolution went over till tomorrow.

The Cuban question came up on Senator Morgan's resolution declaring that a state of war exists in Cuba and recognizing both parties as belligerents. Senator Morgan was recognized in support of the resolution, speaking in his usual calm and dispassionate style.

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IN HONOR OF OUR GOVERNOR.

New Railroad Station at Penitentiary Farm Named After Him—An Exchange of Courts—Colored Teachers' Assembly, Penitentiary Convicts.

Raleigh, N. C., April 6.—Governor Russell authorizes exchange of courts between Judges Robinson and Timberlake whereby the former will hold Edgecombe court and the latter Franklin court, both beginning April 12th. The State Colored Teachers' Assembly is to be held here at Shaw University June 15th and 20th.

Superintendent John R. Smith, arrived today from the Wadeboro farm and says a railway station will be built there named Russellville, by the Carolina Central. He gives the following as the number of convicts: At the penitentiary 123, California farm 450, Halifax and Northampton farms 300, Castle Haynes phosphate works 40, Wadeboro farm 159.

Charter was granted by the secretary of state today to the Tarboro Water Supply Company. The charter is being pushed on the annex to the male wing of the state hospital for insane here, so it can be occupied in six weeks. It will accommodate 100 patients.

Governor Russell this afternoon pardoned a man named Vinson, of Bladen county, who was serving a three year term in the penitentiary.

First Weekly Weather Crop Bulletin (Special to The Messenger.) Raleigh, N. C., April 6.—The first weekly weather crop report was issued today, and says: The crop season has not opened very favorably. Heavy rains delayed all farm work, while excess of temperature advanced vegetation so fruit trees were generally in bloom before the end of March and were considerably injured by frosts. Though the farmers are still behind, a week or two of hot weather will enable them to catch up.

The weather conditions for the week ending yesterday have not been favorable. The temperature fell to the freezing point March 29th and April 2nd as far east as Raleigh, with considerable injury to peaches, plums and pears, though apples escaped.

The tobacco crop is generally backward. Planting is progressing rapidly, while some early planted corn on dry uplands is coming up well. Rye and wheat are looking well and will have a good crop. Tobacco plants are growing nicely and are numerous. High water has delayed plowing in the river fields and put that work behind about two weeks. Much work has been done on truck farms and big crop planted.

Supreme Court Decisions. (Special to The Messenger.) Raleigh, N. C., April 6.—The supreme court justices filed following opinions today: Halston vs. Glenn, from Forsythe, affirmed; Duffy vs. Duffy, from Forsythe, affirmed; Building and Loan Association vs. Bethel, from Forsythe, affirmed; Henderson vs. Williams, from Wilkes, reversed; Shober vs. Wheeler, from Forsythe, affirmed; Trust Co. vs. Forbes, from Forsythe, affirmed; Land Co. vs. Crawford, from Forsythe, affirmed; Nelson vs. Insurance Co., from Lenoir, affirmed; State vs. Coombs, from Surry, affirmed; Stanley vs. Railroad, from Durham, new trial; Spruill vs. Insurance Co., from Franklin, affirmed; Stern vs. Auster, from Vance, affirmed; State vs. Snyder, from Watauga, dismissed for failure to print record; Presnell vs. Moore, from Forsythe, affirmed; Killian vs. Bollinger, from Caswell, affirmed; Ray vs. Bank, from Yadon, reversed; Bailey vs. Commissioners, from Mitchell, reversed; Tucker vs. Satterthwaite, from Pitt, new trial; Miller vs. Ellis, certiorari allowed.

England's Dependence on United States. London, April 6.—Attention was called in the house of commons today by Henry Selon-Karr, conservative, to the wholly inadequate production of food supplies in the United Kingdom. In relation to his large and increasing population, Mr. Selon-Karr announced that the dependence of the United Kingdom upon foreign imports for the necessities of life and the consequences which might arise therefrom in the event of war demand the serious attention of the government. Speaking to the motion, he expressed the belief that the reserve of breadstuffs never used in three weeks' supply and frequently sank below a week's supply, France, he pointed out, was self-supporting, and Russia and the United States were able to make large exports. The Drebahn, he continued, was practically self-supporting and great Britain alone lived from hand-to-mouth and drew her principal supplies of wheat from the United States and the United States might possibly at some time be hostile to Great Britain. Mr. Selon-Karr further remarked that should the harvest in America fail and Russia refuse to supply Great Britain, the latter's position would be most serious.

Mr. Selon-Karr called attention to the danger due to the commerce of the United States by the Alabama and remarked that many such vessels might be set to prey upon British commerce in time of war. He did not desire action which would raise the price to consumers, but he hoped the government would consider the subject seriously and proposed that state granaries be erected for keeping supplies and freights reduced. A radical contended that Russian exports of wheat to Great Britain were decreasing and he asserted that the export of Great Britain's food came from the United States.

To Remove the Personal Effects of Mr. Crosby. Havana, April 6.—A special commissioner will be sent to Arroy Blanco, to receive the personal effects of Mr. Crosby, an American resident of New York, who had been transferred from the Cabanas fortress to the city jail.

General Sangully in Hiding. Jacksonville, April 6.—General Juan Sangully the Cuban leader, who has been in Jacksonville since last Friday, is still here but in hiding. He is supposed to be waiting for a favorable opportunity to slip to Cuba. He is, however, being watched by Spanish spies.

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JUDICIAL CONFLICT.

BETWEEN THE STATE AND THE FEDERAL COURT.

The Former Grants an Injunction Against an Order of the latter—To be a Large Increase in Cotton Average—Enthusiasm of Raleigh Democrats—Important Circulars from Superintendent of Public Instruction—Improvements at Pinehurst. Messenger Bureau, Park Hotel.

Raleigh, N. C., April 6.—The citizens of Maxton and A. Purvis petition the railway commission to order new depots erected at those places, for passengers. Chairman Wilson of the commission has gone to both points, to look into the situation. Governor Russell will not go to New York, to the ceremonies at the dedication of the Great Northern, but does expect to go to Tennessee, to attend the Asheville Light Infantry. The Asheville Light Infantry has tendered its services as a special escort to him to Nashville. May 1st, and he has accepted it, provided he attends.

Upon inquiry of a number of democrats it is ascertained that prospects brightening, though matters are yet greatly unsettled. There appears to be no manner of doubt that there will be a large increase in the cotton acreage in the state; in fact it seems reasonably certain that it will be even larger than last season. The farmers are now in good spirits and are working hard. Improvements of farming and more judicious use of fertilizers will result in larger yields. Many farmers have a habit of planting cotton too soon.

The democratic city primaries here last night were the largest ever known in this section. The regular party doors were thrown open to all who intend to vote the ticket and this drew some republican and populist voters. William M. Russ, the nominee for mayor, got nearly equal votes to elect him. Ex-Lieutenant Governor Charles M. Stedman, after a brief residence at Atlanta, returns to North Carolina and will locate at Greensboro for the practice of his profession.

A white man who ever since the present month, that any admittance will get its courage up to the point of sending our ships to Havana and demanding justice and liberty for our people. He referred to the death of Dr. Russ and commented on the reported purpose of the administration to send a lawyer to Havana to investigate. Instead of hunting out a lawyer to go down to Havana, he declared, "our authorities might well send a ship of war to Havana with a commissioner on board and say to the man who has been murdered, you must punish the guilty ones, and on that point make immediate indemnity." Senator Hale came with a serious question and there was a rapid exchange of letters between the two. Senator Hale called it a "rash" and "unintelligent" action.

Senator Hale called it a "rash" and "unintelligent" action. He said that the senator objects to sending to Cuba an agent—a lawyer or not—to establish the fact. "As an American," responded Senator Morgan, "I would regret to see a British subject I would expect to see a ship of war, as well as a lawyer, go there." "Then, the senator would send a ship of war to Cuba to establish the fact," pursued Senator Hale. "I would send both the ship of war and the lawyer," answered Senator Morgan, and then he added amid laughter that he would send a ship of war to Cuba to establish the fact.

Senator Morgan argued that the recognition of the belligerence of the Cubans could not be construed as a hostile act against Spain. The belligerence of the confederate states had been recognized by Great Britain and Spain, but the United States never contracted this as a hostile act. Spain's recognition of the confederacy was before the war and the United States never contracted this as a hostile act. Spain's recognition of the confederacy was before the war and the United States never contracted this as a hostile act.

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YESTERDAY'S ELECTIONS.

Municipal Elections Held in Many Cities. General Democratic Gains—Carter Harrison's Plurality in Chicago 90,000—Near by All the Democratic Aldermen Elected. Milwaukee, Wis., April 6.—Party lines were not closely drawn in the municipal elections throughout Wisconsin today. At Lacrosse in the mayor's election ticket was elected by large pluralities. At Chippewa Falls, democrats and republicans divided honors, the former getting the city council and the latter the mayor. At Green Bay an independent mayor Fred Graham, democrat, the republicans getting a majority of the aldermen. At Oshkosh and Watertown the democrats were successful.

Milwaukee, Wis., April 6.—The election at Milwaukee today was for judges of the superior and county courts and for associate justice of the supreme court, thousands of heads of workingmen were present. The republican ticket was elected county judge and George R. Sutherland, republican, is elected superior judge. The democratic ticket was elected mayor. The city was 9,000 against 60,000 in favor of Harrison. There was no opposition to Marshall for the mayor.

Chicago, April 6.—At midnight the available figures gave Sears, republican, 5,000, against 4,281 for Harrison, independent. The democratic ticket was elected county judge and George R. Sutherland, republican, is elected superior judge. The democratic ticket was elected mayor. The city was 9,000 against 60,000 in favor of Harrison. There was no opposition to Marshall for the mayor.

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THE FLOODS INCREASING.

MISSOURI AND OTHER RIVERS STILL RISING.

Hundreds of Miles of Land Under Water and Thousands of People Driven From Their Homes—The Worst Spring Freshets Ever Over Land—A Statement from the Memphis Relief Committee—Congress Asked for Aid. Washington, April 6.—Messrs. R. C. Graves and J. S. Menken, representing the citizens' relief committee of Memphis, Tenn., organized for the purpose of relieving the people of the flooded country tributary to that city, have arrived in the city. They have prepared a statement which will be submitted to the president. Among other things, it says: "From Marion, Ark. north of Memphis, to Greenville, Miss., there are now at least fifty towns and villages under water, and territory extending from 100 miles north of Memphis to 200 miles south and 5 to 40 wide, is submerged and devastated by the flood. Hundreds of thousands of acres of cultivated soil, with growing crops, are inundated in this submerged territory, and there are from 50,000 to 60,000 people whose property has been destroyed and whose business has been suspended thereby. The amount of damage to property is incalculable. In addition to the growing crops which have been destroyed, thousands of head of working stock and of cattle have been drowned and starved."

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