

The Messenger.

JACKSON & BELL COMPANY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY, APRIL 23, 1897.

VERY IMPORTANT TO WILMINGTON.

Sanitary engineering is not only a science, but a profession. There is a well equipped class of educated professionals who have done much and will do more to advance the cause of health.

The growth of this branch of engineering is not due to any deliberate effort to create a separate profession; but rather to the growth of intelligent knowledge of the laws of sanitation.

Twelve or fifteen years ago we urged that the best thing for Wilmington that the authorities could possibly do was to begin the construction of a system of sewage, working on the principle of the most important undertaking an accomplished fact.

These sanitary engineers look after the private dwellings also, and the perfection or defects of their drainage. The public health requires both private and public sanitation.

More has been done in the last quarter of a century than ever before to lessen the mortality rates in the cities, and to demonstrate that public health is greatly dependent on pure drinking water, pure air, and pure dwellings.

The high death rate of former years was largely due both to the scarcity and the impurity of the public water supply. The fact has been established that this supply was pumped from an adjacent river, that was carrying the drainage of town and city into it.

Birmingham is preparing to get its water from the mountains in Wales far away from that city. The fact has been proven that a source of contagion and death that is built upon its banks. The triumphs of sanitary engineering are nowhere more manifest than in those elaborate plants which have been established for the purification of sewage and the recovery of its organic matter as a valuable commercial product.

No people are awake to their own interests, to their own well being, to their chances of living who are blind to sanitary laws, indifferent to scientific sanitation, careless as to the public health. They should read up. No town needs worse a sewage than this town of Wilmington. Ride over the place, walk about many streets at night and get the answer. With certain houses all over the city to be counted by hundreds sending up their malarious gases and effluvia day and night, and expect an improved health condition and a lower rate of mortality is as fatuous as to pile up inflammable material upon a burning mass and expect not to add to its heat and consuming power. The noxious gases in the dwellings mean sickness, may mean death. They should be removed. It is possible to reduce the death rate, to lessen sickness, to purify the atmosphere, to sweeten life. Sanitary science can do this. Our householders, teachers, intelligent voters, teachers and physicians should consider well these things. Augusta, Ga., Memphis, Tenn., New Orleans and many other southern cities are striking examples of the improved health, lower mortality and more enjoyments in living from sanitary reforms instituted.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c

PURE BALLOT AND FREE ELECTION IN RHODE ISLAND.

You heard from the election in Rhode Island. It was all one way. The New York Mail and Express, intense republican protection tooter, said:

"At the recent elections in Rhode Island the democrats carried only one town in the whole state. That is how one of the greatest manufacturing regions of New England repudiated the Dingley bill."

All for the robber system. But attend. What are the facts? What happened in "Little Rhody"? What fine methods prevailed? What honorable course was pursued? Read and learn. The fact is the working men were bought just as they had been bought all through the north in the November election of last year. They were treated as "dumb driven cattle" and taken to the political slaughter pen of principles and desires. Do you know what sort of a paper is the Boston Herald? It is the largest circulated paper in New England, is independent, and able and with character. It is essentially a great paper. It is a good witness and is free by the title state.

"The regular quotations for votes in the Rhode Island election this year were below the usual price, chiefly for the reason that the voters were all one way down there. There was a brisk demand in some of the senatorial and representative districts however, and the price of votes was \$10 each, or \$5 down and \$5 more if the election resulted all right. This money was paid not only on the signs, which were paid at the most, but also on the admission of those who were to be at those who received it. In one town there were 800 voters it is calculated that there were not for sale to the highest bidder. There was no attempt to stop bribery. It was accepted for the reason that the voters were apparently was not that money was being used, but that so much of it was being used to best good men."

This is at the close of the nineteenth century. The scene is boastful New England—rich, literary, educated New England. Rhode Island is the scene of the play. The democrats had but little showing from the start, really made but little fight, but the rivalry was between republican factions. The price for votes ruled rather lower than usual as the Herald states. It was all one way—for a high robber tax. Here we see how the "free ballot" is preserved and a pure electorate is guaranteed. Men are bought as you would buy ducks and geese, at so much the head. This is corruption of the very worst kind. It deprives the voters of manhood and free suffrage. It humiliates and disgraces the voters, it puts the control of everything in the hands of the moneyed class, the factory owners; the bosses. We have seen no comments upon these outrages in either northern or southern newspapers that supported Cleveland and the ghost ticket went over to McKinley and robber protection. Perhaps they just overlooked it of purpose.

HOME FOLKS.

If "Judge" Purnell did draw those "extremely defective" insane asylum bills they show he is a very bad drawer, and if he is no better lawyer than legislator he would be over-burdened with a judicial robe.

Mr. Frank B. Wimbish, of Oxford, who gets a pile of his penitentiary bookkeeper, was not long ago a democrat—as, if we remember correctly, chairman of the county committee. He later on—but before the election—"lined the radikals" and now is up at the counter with a slice of pie.

The Chicago Electrical Journal has a brief biography of a Wilmingtonian—Dr. Francis B. Bishop—who will interest some of our readers. He was born in this city 13th August 1853. He had a common school education. His parents were poor, he began to seek his living in the city. His clerk was John Dawson, married at 21, studied medicine for five years under Dr. H. S. Norcum, graduated in 1883, at the medical college of Charleston and from the University of Maryland. Located at Southport, went to Washington after two years where he has since practiced, "with Neurology and Electro-Therapeutics as a specialty. He has built up one of the largest and most lucrative practices in this line in his section of the country. Dr. Bishop is president of the Medical and Surgical Society of District of Columbia, having been elected in September, 1896, during his absence in Boston while attending the meeting of the American Electro-Therapeutic Association, of which body he is one of the vice-presidents. In the spring of 1896 Dr. Bishop was elected director of the Electro-Therapeutic Clinic at the Eastern Dispensary at Washington."

This shows energy, good ability, success. The Messenger likes to record the success of North Carolinians, young and old, at home or abroad.

SNAPS.

Dr. Hunter was so guilty of offering bribes to get elected to the United States senate from Kentucky, he could not stand the pressure, the exposure, and has withdrawn. He is the republican nominee.

Ah! The intendendant of finances in Cuba, makes a bad showing for the administration. He places the expenditures for 1897-98 at \$121,000,000, and has estimated the receipts at \$20,000,000, much of the latter being expected to come from new imports.

PIMPLES AND FACIES.

Pimples, blotches, blackheads, red, rough, oily, itchy skin, itching, scaly scalp, dry, thin, and falling hair, and baby blemishes presented by OTCICURA Soap, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery.

butcheries of helpless men, women, and children given by Mr. William Law, of Worcester, Mass., but now in the Cuban army. It is most sickening and shows how terribly merciless and villainous the Spanish soldiers are. Take this: "Last night we saw the bodies of three beautiful little Cuban girls, aged 8, 6, and 4 years respectively; of their mother, possibly 60 years of age, all in one heap, with their throats cut. The women and the oldest girl had been ravished by the soldiers of General Weyler. Their war seems to be on women and children."

SHARPS AND FLATS.

Hark! hark! The extreme goldbug New York Evening Post says this and it admits just what all the bimetallic papers have asserted time and again, and the Evening Post says: "We had good times till the panic of 1893. We have had bad times since, as compared with the years immediately preceding." The "good times" prior to 1893 were threatening times and for years were growing worse, so that the course of Cleveland in 1893, intensified the bad and invited worse times, which came. Yes, the New York gold tooter is correct—"We have had bad times since." "Alas! how true, and tens of millions of our people can certify to the truth of the statement."

The Wilson tariff was not remotely an ideal or a desirable tariff, but was a combination of protection, low tax and free trade. It was loaded with wrongs and absurdities, and the Messengers condemned it from the start. It was "a makeshift." The fact that it was nearly 40 per cent. average on thousands of articles, shows it was not a democratic tariff in a true sense, and not as much of a "revenue tariff" as the party promised and expected. But it produced more revenue than the lying republican organs state. If paid our debts abroad very considerably. It did not produce as to revenue that a better bill would have done, but it had produced a better balance of trade for the United States than any other bill has done. The difference in value of exports over imports was nearly 50 per cent. For this year it is also probably that the excess will be \$300,000,000.

The following table makes the showing, the present year, as yet unexpired, being only an estimate. Excess of Exports.

Table with 2 columns: Year, Excess of Exports. 1893: \$6,214,802; 1894: \$27,849,605; 1895: \$13,837,630; 1896: \$35,000,000; Total: \$1,046,432,065.

THE WORLD'S DEBTS.

The Messenger gave recently statistics showing the growth of expenditures in the United States. It is instructive to learn of what the indebtedness of our country is and of the other nations. There is a vast indebtedness and it is growing daily. The increase in the last twenty years is enormous. If great debts are good and show prosperity and permanency of institutions and government then all the nations are well backed and extremely sound. In 1873, the world debt in English money was \$4,200,000,000. In 1875 it was \$4,275,000,000—an increase in two years of \$75,000,000. It is estimated in England that the world's debts today are \$5,800,000,000. Of all the countries France is the heaviest burdened. Its many wars, and particularly its last war with Germany has left France sorely burdened. The latest estimate is \$1,200,000,000—or in our money over \$5,500,000,000. This is double the debt of Great Britain. Here is the table published in The London Pall Mall Gazette:

Table with 2 columns: Country, Debt (Estimated). France: \$2,900,000,000; Great Britain: 750,000,000; Germany: 540,000,000; Italy: 390,000,000; United States: 400,000,000; Austria-Hungary: 350,000,000; Germany: 200,000,000; Australia: 40,000,000; Turkey: 135,000,000; Portugal: 69,000,000; India: 120,000,000; Brazil: 84,000,000; Egypt: 75,000,000.

Total: \$4,324,000,000. It will be seen that these nations pile up debts with age and growth in population. Some have reduced their debts in a score of years, the increase being \$248,000,000 or \$444,000,000. The interest to be paid each year upon the enormous debt is more than \$1,000,000,000, and Turkey some \$600,000,000. The interest on the public debt of the United States is about 45 cents per capita annually. This is lower than that of the European nations with perhaps the one exception of Germany.

PEOPLE ALL ABOUT.

The emperor of Germany stands 21st in the direct line of succession to the British throne. President McKinley is so fond of fish that he uses a Dolphin on his little recreation trips—Jacksonville Times-Union.

That New York dentist who is going to fill the German emperor's teeth better be careful not to fool much with a nerve. Dean Farrar, who is spending a few weeks well, will deliver three lectures in that city on "Rome in the Age of the Caesars." "Daily Christian Art" and "Medieval Art."

Rev. S. G. Sammis, of the Tabernacle Baptist church, at South River, N. J., introduced the photograph in his master service. The instrument rendered a violin solo, a psalm and a prayer, and also pronounced the benediction. "Your very respectful servant, JOHN HAY WILLIAMS, M. D."

Read what the noted Dr. Thomas S. Powell has to say for Harris' Lithia Water: Mr. J. T. Harris: Dear Sir—I have found the use of the water from your Lithia Springs in South Carolina, the most pleasant and effective remedy for years with Diabetes, with all its different attendant troubles. I want to add my testimonial to the many you already have. The patient I refer to has used the water freely at home for scarcely a month now, with more beneficial results than from any other medicine. I have used lithia springs in different parts of the United States, but never with such good results as at home. Other of my patients and friends are now using the water, and I cordially recommend it to all suffering from similar diseases. Your very respectful servant, THOMAS S. POWELL, M. D., President Southern Medical College, on sale at R. R. BELLAMY'S, N. B. HANKINS.

ON DRAUGHT AND FOR SALE.

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PUBLIC OPINION.

A New Yorker, writing from Hot Springs, Va., where he has evidently been refreshing his intellect, puts his inconvent question to The New York Tribune: "Let us see what the proslavery swung our way, we made it a matter of enthusiasm and serious congratulation. We said that the people were awake and thinking, and we took great heart for the future. Now that the center of government has moved in the other direction, are we to call it eccentricity, and say that it doesn't count? All for the soldiers of General Weyler? Their war seems to be on women and children?"

Mr. Gladstone's letter to Dampeas, a Macedonian leader, is a most important public document, for it says with authority that the liberals and all enlightened organs of opinion the world over have been saying it all along—that the English government is obviously being used as a tool by the proslavery Turkish empire, and that the concert, instead of settling the eastern question, is containing and inflaming it. "It is not the people or government of Great Britain that are directing the course of the Cretan and Cretan questions. Under the most deplorable schemer, our government has to do to be pleased for its opinions as if it were before a tribunal of those youthful despots, the emperors of Germany and Russia, and to abide by and help execute their decisions. The proslavery Austria behind them, and through one of the two have a relentless hold upon France."—New York Evening Post.

The following paragraph is from the New York Mail and Express: "Great Britain doesn't like the Dingley bill, and the Netherlands have recorded their disapproval. France, according to a separate register, has also expressed its displeasure. What more vigorous endorsement of the proposed tariff legislation could there be? The tariff is impossible. The countries named are the greatest buyers of our products. But it produces more revenue than the lying republican organs state. If paid our debts abroad very considerably. It did not produce as to revenue that a better bill would have done, but it had produced a better balance of trade for the United States than any other bill has done. The difference in value of exports over imports was nearly 50 per cent. For this year it is also probably that the excess will be \$300,000,000."

The widely spread reports of profitable activity in southern cotton manufacturing, not only alarmed the Massachusetts manufacturers, but rendered it necessary, it seems, that the latter should take some steps to discredit the rumors of industrial boom in the south. In order to quiet the restlessness both of labor and capital in the eastern mills, it is sought to accomplish this latter necessity now by publishing the report of some kind of a commission that visited the southern establishments and made copious notes and comparisons. The commission professes to have found no cotton manufacturing in the industrial condition in the south. They declare that southern operatives work sixty-six and seventy-two hours per week where the Massachusetts hands work fifty-four; that the increase in cotton manufacturing is not rapid and competition is not dangerous to the northern mills. They found the mills in the south, but do not disturb the fact that the cotton industry so far as developed in the south cannot be more than a supplementary one. The situation when it declares that cotton manufacturing is not rapidly increasing in the south.—Houston Post.

A low tax rate means a high rate of municipal prosperity.—Baltimore Herald.

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Marion Harland says: "Lard unadulterated is less wholesome than vegetable oils, and absolutely pernicious to most stomachs."—National Cook Book. Cooking experts and physicians unite in commending lard for its indigestible and unhealthy qualities, and these same eminent authorities say "Use COTTOLENE" that pure, healthful vegetable food product. Containing only refined cotton-seed oil and choice beef suet, Cottolene is wholesome, nutritious, and easily digestible.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO., RALEIGH, N. C. Beautiful French Organdies.

ORGANDIES. THE SHOWING OF THIN, Dainty WASH FABRICS ORGANDIES. AT "THIS BIG STORE" EXCELS IN BEAUTY ANYTHING SEEN IN FORMER SEASONS. ORGANDIES. IN ORGANDIES THERE IS AN ALMOST BEWILDERING CHOICE BETWEEN THE VERY FASHIONABLE NEW GREEN TONES IN STRIPED AND ALLOVER DESIGNS, DELICATELY TINTED PERSIAN COLORINGS, ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS; COOL, SUMMERY-LOOKING OLD DRETT BLUES; THE EXCEEDING TASTY ORGANDIES. SMALL DRESSED STYLES, AND MANY OTHER CHARMING EFFECTS, WHICH ARE AMONG THE BEAUTIFUL THINGS ONE ALWAYS EXPECTS TO FIND HERE. BY BUYING EARLY AND IN LARGE QUANTITIES ENABLES US TO MAKE THE PRICE 30c PER YARD. YOU WILL WANT THE Dainties BY-AND-BY, AND YOU WILL WANT THEM IN A HURRY. YOU HAD BETTER TAKE THEM NOW. YOU GAIN NOTHING BY WAITING. THEY ARE FRESHER NOW. THEY WILL BE NO CHEAPER THEN. THE PRETTIEST STYLES WILL BE GONE SOON. EVERYTHING FAVORS YOU BUYING NOW.

NEWEST AGES. - NEWEST LACES. THE LACE QUESTION WILL BE VERY IMPORTANT TO YOU CONCERNING YOUR NEW SPRING COSTUME—AND YOU MUST HAVE LACE TRIMMINGS OR YOU'LL BE OUT OF THE WORLD OF FASHION. OUR NEW SPRING STOCK IS ALL ON DISPLAY—IMMENSE QUANTITIES AND ENDLESS VARIETIES OF THE MOST WINSOME AND PRETTIEST FANCIES IN NET-TOP LACES, VALENCIENNES LACES, ORIENTAL LACES, RUSSIAN LACES, ARABIAN LACES, BOURBON LACES, TORCHON LACES, IRISH POINT LACES, GAUZE LACES, POINT DE PARIS LACES AND A SELECT VARIETY OF THE NEWEST STYLES IN ALLOVER LACES—BESIDES A COMPLETE LINE OF P.L.W INSERTINGS. TO MATCH ALL LACES IN BLACK, WHITE AND CREAM. ALL AT OUR USUAL LOW PRICES.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. RALEIGH, N. C. Better Write Now for Samples.

BUCK'S WHITE ENAMEL OVEN DOOR. If these goods do not surpass anything on this market prove it, and we will present you with one of them for your trouble. We know just what we are saving!

Wm. E. Springer & Co. Sole Agents. PURCELL BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C.

If You Want Good Goods, Guaranteed Quality, and at Living Prices, YOU SHOULD NOT FAIL TO SEE US BEFORE BUYING YOUR

General Groceries, Ganned and Boxed Goods, Lime, Cement, Grain and Hay.

WORTH & WORTH. CUPID KNEELS AT BEAUTY'S FEET

When Beauty wears a pair of our new Coin Toe Tan and Black Oxforde. They are attractive and stylish at which we offer them considering the quality of goods, is a surprise to all buyers. We invite you to call and inspect them.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE. Schedule in Effect April 15th, 1897. Departures from Wilmington: NORTHBOUND. DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 9:00 a. m., Warsaw 10:35 a. m., Goldsboro 12:00 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Weldon 3:00 p. m., Petersburg 5:24 p. m., Richmond 6:50 p. m., Norfolk 8:06 p. m., Fayetteville 9:24 p. m., Baltimore 12:35 a. m., Philadelphia 1:45 a. m., New York 3:00 a. m., Boston 5:00 p. m. DAILY No. 49—Passenger—Leave Magnolia 9:00 a. m., Warsaw 10:35 a. m., Goldsboro 12:00 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Weldon 3:00 p. m., Petersburg 5:24 p. m., Richmond 6:50 p. m., Norfolk 8:06 p. m., Fayetteville 9:24 p. m., Baltimore 12:35 a. m., Philadelphia 1:45 a. m., New York 3:00 a. m., Boston 5:00 p. m.

A Card. WILMINGTON, N. C., MARCH 6, 1897. MR. WALKER TAYLOR, AGENT, CITY. DEAR SIR: I TAKE PLEASURE IN TESTIFYING BY MY OWN EXPERIENCE TO THE PROMPTNESS OF YOUR COMPANIES IN THE ADJUSTMENT OF INSURANCE CLAIMS. MY LOSS ON BUILDING OCCUPIED BY MESSRS. POLVOGT & CO. WAS SATISFACTORILY ADJUSTED, AND I WILL TAKE PLEASURE IN RECOMMENDING ANY ONE NEEDING INSURANCE TO CALL ON YOU. S. BEHREND.

WILMINGTON, NEWBURN & NORFOLK RAILWAY CO. IN EFFECT SUNDAY, MAY 11, 1897. Daily Except Sunday. NORTH BOUND STATION SOUTH BOUND

CONDENSED SCHEDULE. In Effect April 4th, 1897. South Bound Daily No. 1 MAIN LINE North Bound Daily No. 2

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