PRICE 5 CENTS.

TELEGRAPH SUMMARY.

THE STATE. In the federal court at Raleigh the government asks judgment of \$50

against D. L. Russell and other bondsmen of ex-Postmaster Shaffer-Elliott Danforth, of New York, is in Raleigh-Marshal Dockery appoints two more deputy marshals—The state supreme court, by mistake, failed to give license to one of the class who answered every question put to him-Eight more fourth-class postmasters are appointed for this state During 1896-97 this state shipped to China and Japan 2,517,907 pounds of cotton sheetings.

DOMESTIC. Jas. J. Hill lays before the chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations figures showing the trade of the southern states in raw and manufac tured cotton with China and Japan Ex-Governor Boiles makes a speech at Fairfield, Ia., explaining his plan for a redeemable government currency-Two companies of troops are to be sent to Alaska to preserve order When the court opened yesterday for the trial of Sheriff Martin and his deputies, the judge announced that he had received a threatening letter and then denounced the sender as a scoundrel and a coward-The Cuban junta in New York have a letter written by Minister de Lome, which is very abusive in its terms of President Mc-

The earthquake shocks continue Asia. Minor; about 4,000 people have been rendered homeless and 120 killed. -The German government is more lenient than at first in enforcing the decree against American fruit and plants—Minister Thomas presents his credentials at the court of the king of Norway-The Fourteenth parliament of Queen Victoria's reign was opened yesterday.

this world and can think of no pleasanter of better way to do it than by recommending One Minute Cough Cure as a preventive of pneumonia, consumption and other serious lung troubles that follow neglected colds. R. R. Bellamy.

A STUNNER FOR SPAIN.

A Letter from Minister de Lome Unearthed Abusive of and Ridiculing President Me Kinley-Its Genuineness Vouched fore

tomorrow say that a representative of the Cuban Junta yesterday gave out copies of a letter signed "Enrique Dupuy the Lome," who is minister of Spain in Washington and addressed to Jose Canalejas, who went to Cuba last September as Premier Sagasta's personal representative. In This letter, the Spanish minister refers to President McKinley as "weak and catering to the rabble" and as a "low politician who desires to stand well with the lingues of his party." The Washington correspondent of The Press says that when a copy of the let ter was shown to be Lome he promptly pronounced it a forgery. He also says that an official of the state department discussing the matter said: De Lome did not write the letter. The Cuban jun-On the other hand, Horadio L. Rubens, counsel for the Cuban junta, says: "We know absolutely that this letter is gen-uine. A man risked his life to obtain it. We do not hesitate to acknowledge that it was stolen from Canalejas. It is written on the paper of the legation. The handwriting is de Lome's and the signature is his. He may dony it until he is black in the face, but it to genuine and everybody who has seen it knows that it, is. The man who stole it abstracted it from the envelope and left the latter. If he had attempted to steal the envelope he never would have gotten away with Mr. Rubens was asked about the translation and if there was not some danger that it might be wrong. He replied: "No: the translation was made in the office by

"Where is the letter now," he was That I decline to answer, There are three little things which do more work than any other three little things sreated-they are the ant, the bee and DeWitt's Little Early Risers,

men who thoroughly understand both

languages and it his as near correct as a

the last being the famous little pills for stomach and liver troubles. R. R.

Bellamy. Death of Mrs. B. F. Newcomer.

The acquaintances of Mr. B. F. Newcomer, of Baltimore, who is so largely interested in the Atlantic Coast Line and is one of the directors will regret to learn of the death of Mrs Newcomer, on Mon day, at her home in Baltimore, The Baltimore Sun, of yesterday in an

mounting her death says: "Her death was a shock to a large circle of friends, to whom she had endeared therself by many noble traits. Mrs. Newwas identified with several institutions.

Her charities were privately distributed and she took a deep and practical interest in helping those in need."

sale at R. R. Bellamy's, Wilmington, N. C.

Veritable Harbor Training Ships.

Captain E. D. Williams, of the tug Mar-Jon, informs us that it has been his pleasure and good fertune since 1873, to turn out from his tugs six masters of steamers and eleves engineers. These were young men whom he employed as firement and deck mands. These young men are all getting good pay and Captain Williams is proud of them. From the repord, it will be seen that Captain Williams' tugs are training ships

"I don't know, there may be others," he said, "but I have used 'Parker's Tolu Cough Syrup' in my family for years and would not be without it." He knew better than to buy the inferior preparation that was being urged spon him." Parker's Tolu Cough Syrup" has no equal. It will immediately relieve any Cough or Cold, Whooping Cough, Sone Throat, Hoarseness, Croup, Brenchitis and kindred allments. Contains no injurious ingredi-ents, is pleasant to take and a safe remedy for children. For sale by J. C. Shepard, J. H. Hardin, and H. L. Fen-Death of a Well Known Colored Woman

Rebacca Rollinson, a well known colored woman who made her home in Wilmington nearly all her life, died in Ral-eigh at 7:30 o'clock Monday evening. She was aged in years. The jemains arrived there at 5:50 o'clock yesterday evening and the funeral will take place at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon from St. Stephen's church.



THE TRIAL OF ZOLA.

DISORDERLY PROCEEDINGS THE COURT ROOM.

Troops Needed to Expel the Crowd, who were Yelling Against the Novelist-In the Hands of the Mob after Close of Court-Rescued with Difficulty-Women Especially Violent-Most of the Defendant's Proposed Evidence Ruled Out by the

Paris, February 8 .- When the trial of M. Emile Zola and M. Perrieux, manager of The Aurore, growing out of the former's denunciation of the Esterhazey court-martial in a letter to the newspaper mentioned, was resumed in the assiz count of the Seine today, scenes similar to those of yesterday morning were witnessed. When the court opened there was a terrific struggle to enter, people fighting their way with blows and kicks toward the court room. The entrance of M. Zola was the signal for an outburst during which the few cries of "Vive Zola" were drowned by shouts of "A Bas When the judge entered the scene was so fumultuous that he directed the municipal guards to force the crowds from the doors and to remove some of the people from the overcrowded

The court admitted the claims of the defense and decided that General Merrier, the former minister of war, and Major Paty du Clam should be resummoned. The court also decided that the other witnesses alleged to be ill shoold the visited by a doctor and that if found able to appear they should be resum-

Madame Dreyfus was the first witness today. M. Laborie, who examined her, asked what she thought of M. Zola's good faith and whether she could say under what circumstances she was in-formed by Major Paty du Clam, in 1894 of her husband's arrest. The judge declined to put the last question. Zola here arose and cried: "I de sire the same treatment as the assassin or the thief. They have always the right defend themselves, but I am deprived this, I am mocked and insulted in the streets and the obscene press drags me in the mud. You see, gentlemen of the jury, the position I am in. I wish to have my witnesses heard, but I am pre-After a long and heated argument the

court decided that no question, not contained in the indictment, could be al-M. Leblors, a lawyer and a witness for ricquart were old friends and had studied together, consequently when Picquart was connected with the war intelligence department, he consulted the witness on certain grave matters he had uncarthed in confection with the carrier ters. When doubts on the Dreyfus mat-ter arose, M. Scheurer-Kestner questioned the witness on the foregoing matter and the witness gave him certain information, including letters which General Gonz wrote to Picquart which convinced M. Scheurer-Kesther of the imnocence of Dreyfus. The witness urged M. Scheurer-Kestmer to apply to the minister of justice to annul the Dreyfus judgment, in view of the sacriment submitted to a court-martial, but as he was lacking in material proofs, M. Scheurer-Kestner

ad not acted immediately. M. Scheuger-Kestner, who was next exmined, said he learned last July that Colonel Picquart had discovered that the bordereau had not been written by Drey-fus and he submitted Major Esterhazey's ndwriting to M. Bertillon, who agreed in the same hand as the bordereau. Witness suggested to General Gonz that a fresh expert examination be made, but the general dissuaded him fined sense. from so dolnig. There was much stir in the court when was announced that M. Casimer-Perier. he former president of France would be he next witness. When he was called

speak without animus and fear and to speak the truth and nothing but the M. Casimer-Perier said: "Pardon me. I annot swear to tell the truth, because cannot do so. It is my duty not to

The presiding judge resumed: "The law compels you, before even speaking or refusing to testify, to take the oath.' M. Casimer-Perier then submitted, raised his hand and took the oath. "Can you say," asked, M. Laborie, "If, when you were president, you knew before his arpest that a staff officer, was suspected of reason, and that charges had been made The presiding judge intervened, sayng: "You cannot ask that."

Counsel for M. Zola then put another question to Mr. Casimer-Perier, saying: "Did M. Casimer-Perier know that a seeret file of papers existed at the war "I was not aware of a file of papers ncerning Major Esterhazey," was the

"Did you," continued M. Laborie, know that a secret document was handed to the count-martial?" "You cannot ask that question," interupted the presiding judge.
"I do not know any facts subsequent to my presidency," said Mr. Casimer-Perier. "I can only speak as a private which I am willing to do.' M. Laborie here made a formal appli-

caltion, "in the interests of justice," that his previous question be allowed to be put. The judges, after deliberating on he matter, refused to allow the ques-M. De Castro, a banker, was then examined. He declared he recognized the Esterhazy and that of the writer of the

pordereau. The witness revealed this dis covery to Mathieu Drevius; and he addd, he had since received a number of hreatening letters. The court then ros amid great excitement and shouts for and against M. Zola. There was a big crowd outside the lowr court and as the people were leaving he building a man cried: "Vive Zola," "Down with France." He was immediately arrested. A tremendous rush fol M. Zola, on emerging from the jury foor, was recognized and obliged to re-urn and seek refuge in the robing rooms,

he doors of which were then locked The crowd remained outside yelling 'Conspuez Zola," etc., led by a number of young barristers in their robes, who until a detachment of republican guards cleared the approaches to the court. M Zola then emerged, pale and trembling, and the moment he appeared on the stairs leading to the court yard there was an immense clamor and shoulds of "Down with Zola," "Long Live Zola," and "Death to Zola," the last cry dominating the others. The novelist, with hi few friends, had difficulty in keeping his In the meanwhile the police, misunderstanding their orders, closed the gates and M. Zola thus found himself inside threatening miob. The police were powerless, and for a moment it looked as though he would be lynched with the friends who formed, his bodyguard. His friends railled around him and eventually The Worth Compa

the gates were re-opened and the police, having been reinforced, escorted M. Zola to the street, while the majority of the mob was confined in the court yard, shricking threats against the novelist, shricking threats against the novelist, who eventually entered a cab and drove quickly away. The women in the crowd were 'especially violent. A man who cheered for Zola was set upon by a mob of people who hustled him to the St. Michael brilge where they tried to throw him into the River Seine, but the police were reinforced and gayed him. The crowd remaining in the court yard greeted at Roche Fort's exit with great cheers of "Vive l'Armee" and "Vive la France." They were 'eventually dis-

You need Cod Liver Oil, you say but think you can't take it? Try "Morrhuvin" a perfected "Wine of Cod Liver Oil." You can get all the virtues of the oil without the disagreeable effects, Sold by J. C. Shepard, J. H.

They were eventually dis-

Hardin and H. L. Fentress. Daughters of the Confederacy There wil be a meeting of one of the standing committee of the Daughters of the Confederacy this morning at 10.30 o'clock at the residence of the president, Mrs. William M. Parsley. A meeting of the committee on history and relics will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the veteran's room lat the Wilmington Light Infantry.

In Failing to Grant License to Percy Mc Mullan-Judgment Against Russell as THREE RESOLUTIONS ON THIS termined contest for liberty. The govShaffer's Bondsmen Prayed in Federal
Court-Suit Against ex-Postmaster Davis

SUBJECT INTRODUCED.

SUBJECT INTRODUCED.

(Special to The Messenge.) Rafeigh, N. C., February 8.-It is as serted positively that the supreme court made a great mistake yesterday in falling to give Percy McMullan, of Perquimans, an attorney's license after he had answered every question. He led the law class at the university. Twenty-five of the applicants for license sign a statement that McMullan answered all questions asked him. Judges Furches and Douglas acknowledge that the court made a mistake. Tomorrow the court

will consider this odd case. In the federal court here today the suit against Frank Davis, ex-postmaster at Southport, for \$388 shortage, was continued to the May term.

Judgment was prayed in the suit against D. L. Russell, S. H. Manning and other bondsmen of ex-Postmaster A. W. Shaffer, of Raleigh, for \$50. The United States claims the latter amount. Shaffer says it is not due and resists pay-

Elliott Danforth, chairman of the New

York state democratic committee, is here, a guest of Ed. Chambers Smith. United States Marshal Dockery apof Oxford, and Henry L. Stogner, of Rockingham. The auditor has resumed editorial work on Senator Butler's Caucasian.

AT THE THEATER.

The Susie Kirwin-Wilbur Opera Company Again Last Evening Entectained a Large Audience with a Magnificent Production

'The man that hath no music in himself. Nor is not moved with concord of

sweet music,

Is fit for treason, strategems and spoils."-Merchant of Venice. The above speech as delivered by Lorenzo to Jessica we have scanned time and time again and have, too, heard it recited by some of the finest Shakesperean scholars, many of whom have gone to join the immortal Shakespeare in the "undiscovered country, from whose bourne no traveler returns," but never did we give it as much serious thought as we did last night, when enscended comfortably in pigeon affair at Nancy, and in regard a cozy seat at the theatre. It was then to which he had received menacing letthat this quotation was revealed truthfully, as we watched the shining lights of many professions, the well read

young lady and gentlemen, those in the middle walks of life and the street urchin. All of these unconsciously did heir share towards verifying this quotation, for they showed their appreciation of music in a most hearty manner, and from pit to gallery all wore a look of rapt appreciation.

Of course, for music to apply indiscriminately to all classes and be in accord with the only proper conception that can be placed upon Lorenzo's speech,it must be taken in its most de-

So when we say that every person, regardless of sex, color or politics, enjoyed the second evening's perforthe presiding judge said: "You swear to mance of the Susie Kirwin-Wilbur Opera Company at the theatre last evening, you can readily understand what a great opinion we have of the performance. And is our opinion justified? Well certainly it is; for have you ever seen an attraction that has ever given more satisfaction than this company has? It is one of superoir merit, presenting operas of a high class order, and with magnificent cos-

tuming and stage setting. Last night the bill was "Royal Middy." and in the title role Miss Kirwin appeared to the best advantage. Her acting is grace itself and well adapted to any part she plays, and "there's a language in her eye, her cheeks, her lips," while her singing is simply

Mr. Will Te Ellwarger made a most excellent Don Januario, and his Brazilian accent, which he used with so much ease, was truly delightful, As Murgo, Jannario's servant, Mr.

Clarence Harvey was the cause of tons of laughter. This gentleman receives a most hearty welcome from the audience whenever he appears.

In fact the entire cast managed their parts skillfully and well, and those that deserve especial mention are. Misses Louisa Roberts, Baxter, Belle Hamilton and Alice Hare and Messrs. C. A. Ferguson, Chas. A. Fulller, Lyman Wheeler and Geo. Muzzy. The choruses, for their fine work, de-

serve rich compliments. Among the

chorus singers we noted the pretty

flaces of Misses Ellen West, Lilly Agnue and Hattle Foy. At special matinee this afternoon the tuneful "Bohemian Girl" will be presented in fine style, and all the ladies roughly handled M. Zola's sympathizers and children should surely attend. Admission 25 cents to any part of the

A magnificent production of the 'Queen's Lace Handkerchief" will be given tonight

A thrill of terror is experienced when a brassy cough of group sounds through the house at night. But the terror soon changes to relief after One he count yard, surrounded by a howling. Minute Cough Cure has been administered. Safe and harmless for children.

ticles of Incorporation.

The Messenger yesterday announced that the state had granted a charter to the Worth Company, of this city, with a capital of \$100,000 paid in, and an authorized capital stock of \$500,000. Yesterday the charter and articles and the United States are sending money, incorporation were filed in the office of food and clothing to Cuba to aid the the clerk of the superior court, of this county, Colonel John D. Taylor, and by

him duly recorded. The charter is granted for a period of thirty years dalting from and after the | Spanish war measure, and their care | stationed at the principal ports and on 7th Instant, and the incorporators, Mr. | would devolve upon Spain and would B. G. Worth, and all members of the so be regarded by every civilized nafamily of the late David G. Worth, and tion in the world. Under the present are as follows; Mrs. Julia A. Worth, C. W. Worth, J. S. Worth and Geo. C. Worth.

Why allow yourself to be slowly tortured at the stake of disease? Chills and Fever will undermine, and eventually break down the strongest constitution. "Febri-Cura" (Sweet Chill" Tonic with Iron) is more effective than Quinine, and being combined with Iron is an excellent tonic and Nerve medi-cine. It is pleasant to take, and is sold under positive guarantee to cure or money refunded. Accept no substitute. The "just as good" kind don't effect cures. Sold by J. C. Shepard, J. H. Hardin and H. L. Fentress

THE SUPREME COURT'S MISTAKE CUBA DAY IN THE SENATE. and abiding interest the heroic battles of the Cuban patriots against cruelty and oppression. And our best hopes go out for the full success of their de-

WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1898.

the property or lives of resident Ameri-

can citizens, or to comply with its

treaty obligations, we believe that the

government of the United States should

actively use her influence and good of

fices to restore peace and give inde

pendence to the island.'-Cuban plank

in the republican platform adopted by

the republican national convention at

"The people of the United States d

not seek to acquire title to Cuba, no

borne the assault on the health of the

have patiently waited, not wishing

tian civilization. The people of the

justice of our position, do, in the pres-

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

an allegation vigorously denied by the

figures so as to size Aldrich a plurali-

the majority report, deplored the fact

that a partigan body was called upon-

to pass upon an election case, but in

this particular instance, he said, there

had been no draft upon his political

prejudices. He explained the Alabama election laws, which, he said, could not

have been framed more effectively to

encourage fraud and thwart the peo-

ple's will. The illiterate voter, he said,

was absolutely at the mercy of the

ticket marker Fraud, he said, was

everywhere; not lurking or secret, but

Mr. Fox. democrat, of Mississippi,

which reported that Mr. Plowmen was

entitled to retain his seat. He dwelt upon the fact that Mr. Aldrich was not

the regular nominee of the republican

party and was opposed on the stump

by leading republicans and populists

and that any assumption that he com-

manded the full strength of the re

publicans and populists of the district was unwarranted. While there was a

time, said Mr. Fox, when the magic

names of Lincoln and Grant together

with a baseless fear that the domina-

tion of their former masters might

again impress them into slavery, kept

the negroes solld, that time had gone.

Republicans of the north had no right to assume that every negro was a re-

publican because his skin was black. He controverted the claim that a

conspiracy existed and maintained

that a revision of the returns, in ac-

cordance with the testimony, would

still give Plowman a plurality of 2,487.

Mr. Mann, republican, of Illlinois, a

nember of the committee, who follow-

ed, in concluding his argument in

favor of the majority report, said he

had gone into the case with his preju-dices in favor of the south. His peo-ple were all southerners; but after ex-

amination of the testimony fraud was

patent and he could not but condemn a condition which, by conspiracy,

sought to control the congress of the

United States and legislate through

fraud for the business interests of the

country. He appealed to his republi-

can associates to vote to seat "the man

who in the face of villification had the

nerve and the manhood to say to the

rascals who pursued him 'I will fight

Mr. Settle, democrat, of Kentucky,

pening his argument said that while

another member of the committee, in

he feared the verdict against Mr.

Plowman was already made up he

could not believe that honest men

would seize upon a combination of

issolated irregularities, none of which

amounted to actual fraud, as a sop to

conscience and vote to unseat a fellow member because he was a democrat.

Mr. Settle was very severe in his con-

demnation of Mr. Aldrich's tactics.

His remarks were given close atten-

tion and frequently aroused his politi-

cal associates to manifestations of

enthusiastic approval. Some of his

Without completing his argument,

Mr. Settle yielded to a motion to ad-

journ and at 3:05 p. m., the house ad-

will be reached tomorrrow.

bill was sent so conference.

ourned. It if expected that a vote

During the early part of the session

the senate a sendments to the agri-

cultural bill were disagreed to and the

sallies were applauded even by the re-

you till I die.

publicans.

est in favor of sustaining

ence of the givilized nations of

in Cuba must cease,"

n executive session.

ty of 342. *

ate argun

St. Louis June 16, 1896.

Oceas a Proposed Rider to the Diplomatic Bill, Granting Belligerent Rights-The Others Declaring Cuba an Independent Country-Spain Called on to Cease Hostilities by a Certain Time or This Government will Enforce Peace-First Contest Case in the House

SENATE. Washington, February 8 .- Three ropositions differing materially as to

Senator Allen, of Nebraska, offered as an amendment to the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill a resolution

Senator Cannon, of Utah, and Senator Mason, of Illinois, also offered

benator Allen, of Nebraska, said inpresenting his amendment to the dipomatic and consular appropriation bill that since the opening of hostilities in Cuba more than 300,000 pacificos had died of starvation, or of disease directpoints as deputy marshals D. A. Moore, by traceable to insufficient food or lack of proper sanitary conditions . He said that he had been informed that it was the custom of the Spanish government to herd hundreds of families together in inadequate quarters, starving them until they have been more than decimated by disease. He expressed the hope that the committee on foreign relations would act promptly upon the amendment, so that the senate could

have an opportunity to vote upon it. The amendment is as follows: "That a condition of public war exsts between the government of Spain and the government proclaimed and for some time maintained by force of arms by the people of Cuba, and that the United States of America shall maintain a strict neutrality between the contending powers and accord to each all the rights of belligerents in

the ports and territory of the United Senator Allen said that he desired to have the amendment made a part of the diplomatic bill, so that the house. of representatives might have an opportunity to vote upon the proposition and not be stifled by the committee on foreign affairs of that body or by other influences.

Senator Hale said the amendment proposed was subject to a point of orier, even though it should be reported by the foreign relations committee, as t was general legislation. "Do you know of any appropriation fill passed in the last few years," inquired Senator Allen, "that has not arried with it general legislation?" Senator Hale replied that much mater was put into the appropriation bills by unanimous consent that would be ubject to a point of order. "Under the rules of the senate and under those of the house-which are very strict-

general legislation does not belong pon appropriation bills." Senator Cannon, of Utah, then offered the following resolutions which he asked to lie over until tomorrow. when he would submit some remarks

"Whereas, The peon of the republic of Cuba are, and or right ought to e, free and independent, and "Whereas, The continuance of the barbarous warfare of Spain in her atempt to subjugate the patriots of that republic is in violation of the law of humanity, is a menace to the freedom and progress of the people of the western hemisphere, and is the jusdiffication for a demand by the governnerlt of the United States that Spain shall withdraw her land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters, and shall leave that republic and her people to their enjoyment of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, there-

fore be it Resolved, By the senate that the president of the United States is urged o notify the kingdom of Spain that if Spain shall fail to recognize the independence of the republic of Cuba on or before the 4th day of March, 1898, the government of the United States will on that date recognize the belligerency of the Cuban patriots and will within ninety days thereafter assert the independence of the republic

of Cuba.' Senator Mason, of Illinois, kept the Ouba ball rolling by offering another, resolution giving notice that he would omorrow at the conclusion of Senator Cannon's remarks address the senate upon the resolution. His resolution is as follows:

"Resolved, That the president of the United States be, and he is hereby requested, to notify Spain and the insurgents of Cuba that the war (so-called) must at once cease and be discontinued, and that the United States of America hereby declare and will maintain peace on the island of Cuba." The resolution of Senator Mason was preceded by the following preamble: Whereas, The war between Spain and the insurgents of Cuba has continued until all Christendom is chocked by its barbarities. Pretended autonomy has been offered by Spain and refused by the Cubans in arms. The Spanish as a war measure, burned the homes and drove the women and children (since known as concentradoes) into fortified towns, where some of them have been starved, others have been murdered, and women and children have been debauched and treated beyond the power of language to describe. Daughters of insurgent soldiers have been sold into houses of infamy and boys of tender years have een shot as spies, under the form of civilized war. American citizens have been driven into the towns and refused. an opportunity to work, and left to

United States.

"All parties declared before the last

What pleasers is there in life with a headache, constipation and billious-ness? Thous has experience them who could become perfectly healthy by using DeWitt's Little Parly Risers, the famous little pills. R. R. Bellamy. starve, as a part of the Spanish war neasure, until we were compelled to take, by appropriating funds of the The German Embargo on American Fruits people of the United States, large sums and Plants. of money to feed and clothe our citizens Berlin, February 8 .- An official newsand to return them to our country, and now has the Spanish war measure paper today deries the identity of the of concentration continued so far that German blut ans with the San Jose the concentradoes are unfed and staryscale, on authority of the president of ing, naked and filthy, insomuch that the pomological college, of Gelsenhelm disease and death is among them and Thus far the Sundesrath resolution regarding American fruit has been fairly applied. There has been only a single case of compaint. Eighty one boxes has spread into our own country. Hun-The Worth Company File Charter and Ar- dreds of thousands have perished in this way and by this means. The unholy work of extermination goes on, of American Truits stopped at Hamthe slaughter of innocents and nonburg are alleged to be infected by the combatants goes on, the flag of truce San Jose bug. Washington, February 8.—It is inti-mated that the German authorities are beginning to believe that they have has been adandoned and extermination or independence of the insurgents must be the final outcome. The people of acted with undue precipitation in he enforcement of the decree excluding dying Cubans which ought to be fur-American fruits and it is said that a disposition has been shown to attribute nished by Spain, for the reason that the concentradoes are the legitimate the severity of the action taken to the wards of Spain, having been put to excessive zer of subordinate officers their present starving condition as a

> the frontier. It is principal to the state department that the present importation of live plants was absulutely prohibited, but the fresh fruit not infected was being admitted freely. Inasmuch as the value of the live plants and strubs exported from the living States to Germany last year charity seeking of the administration, charitably disposed citizens of the United States cannot contribute money, medicine, food or clothing to the insurgents in the field or hospital, and United States to Germany last year was only a liftle more than \$8.000, the last phase of the exclusion decree is not regarded a of very large imporshould any attempt be made to do so it would be captured and prevented by order of the government of the

> election in favor of the independence More Barthquake Shocks. of Cuba and the republican party em phasized its opinion as follows:
>
> "From the hour of achieving their own independence, the people of the United States have regarded with sympathy the struggles of other American peoples to free themselves from European domination. We watch with deep

THE END IN SIGHT

OF RUSSELL'S ANTI-RAILWAY LEASE CASE.

ublic Opinion Says it Will Close Friday-Two Industrial Companies at Greensbero Chartered-Northerners to Visit Raleigh. Raleigh Aldermen Condemned for Charging for Use of Public School Buildings-Nurseries Free of San Jose Scale-Fatal Fall in a Mine.

Messenger Burueau, Raleigh, N. C., February 8. do they seek to gain advantage in any-way, directly or indirectly, of any na-tion by reason of this barbarism called war. They do not complain of our loss Ex-Congressman Thomas Settle is here. He is now out of politics but it is quite well known he will be in of trade with Cuba and have patiently again when the next campaign opens. The state charters the Greensboro people by the filth of Spanish rule in Novelty Company, to make Furniture, Cuba. They seek no redress for loss bed springs, wire coops, etc.; capital of business or health or money. They \$10,000, stockholders C. N. McAdoo, (even indirectly) to interfere with the and others; also the Guilford Roller affairs of other nations, until the stench Flouring Mill Company, capital \$9,000: on our very borders has passed endurance and the barbarous situation stockholders J. A. Hodgin and others. in Cuba has become a stain upon our E. C. Potter has gone to Tampa, continent and a blot upon our Chris-Florida, as a delegate from this state to the "South and West Congress." United States, demanding no personal profit, having no fear and seeking no Next week there will be a large exfavor, clear and conscious as to the cursion here of northern visitors who are spending the winter at Pinehurst and Southern Pines, and who will visit world, and in the name of justice and liberty, demand that the so-called war this city to see the public buildings,

The right of Hon. Henry W. Corbett The supreme court this morning beto a seat in the senate from Oregon, gan the regular call of the docket for occupied the senate's attention for two hours, Senator Chandler, speaking in favor of seating the claimant. The re-mainder of the afternoon was spent the spring term. There are no cases of general importance so far filed. Judge Purnell has written the opinion for the United States circuit court of apppeals in the case of the Schloss Iron and Steel Company vs. the South Carolina and Georgia Railway, involving \$40,000. The action was to re-The house today entered upon the cover that sum for refusal to take coal onsideration of the Aldrich-Plowman ontested section case from the under a contract made by Receiver Chamberlain, of the road. The decis-Fourth Alabama district. The maion is in favor of the defendants and ority of the committee reported in affirms the judgment of the United favor of seating the republican con-States circuit court of South Carolina. testant on the ground of conspiracy There is hearty condemnation of the Raleigh board of aldermen for charging rental for one of the public school-buildings. It is said it was a caucus democratic minority. Mr. Plowman's plurality on the face of the returns was 2,967. The majority revised the measure, and that there, is need for money as expenditures have exceeded appropriations in some of the depart-Mr. Tayler, republican or Ohio, chairman of elections committee No. 1, who opened the debate with an elabor-

The state has paid a son of Dr. Mott, who is, by the way, a penitentiary steward, \$25 for guarding the railway commission against assailants who exist only in Governor Russell's vivid imagination. All the fruit nurseries in this state are now pronounced free of the San

Jose scale and have been given cer-It is the general belief that next Friday will see the end of the farcical proceedings about the lease of the North Carolina railway to the Southern. Governor Russell has tried pittfully hard to make the matter of political use to Senator Butler and himself. but the current opinion is that his

failure is complete.

as solicitor.

At Concord today the cornerstone of the Coleman cotton mill was laid: This is the only mill in the world owned and to be operated by negroes. The white people of Concord joined in the celebration of the day. The exercises were held in the court house and there were white and negro speakers. Among the latter vere Congressman White and Booker C Washington of Atlanta. The mill is about two-thirds contacted and is a very fine structure. B. W. Weston, who graduated last May at the state university, was killed yesterday by falling into an old mine near Morganton. He was a chemist by profession. The adjourned term of the federal court began here this morning, Judge

Purnelll on the bench, C. B. Aycock

Our Cotton Trade With the East Washington, February 8 .- Mr. James J. Hill called upon the senate committee on foreign relations today and submitted to Senator Davis certain statements respecting the freight shipments to China and Japan via the Northern transportation lines and their steamship connections during the years 1896 and 1897 which Senator Davis thinks have an important bearing upon the Hawaiian treaty and our Oriental commerce. The says the figures show especially the great interest of the cofton states in the situation and enforce the argument in favor of the annexation of Hawaii from a commercial standpoint. There went over these lines in 1896-97 in cotton: From Missouri 208,662 pounds, from Mississipp 337,046 pounds, from Texas 33,444,605 pounds, from Alabama 315,327 pounds, from Tennessee \$3,463 pounds, from New York 295,830 pounds; total 34,641,873. Still more remarkable, he thinks, is the showing as to sheetings. Of these there went: From North Carolina 2,517,907 pounds, rom Virginia 105,505 pounds, from Mississippi 40,380 pounds, from Alabama 335,872 pounds, from South Carolina 15,707,603 pounds, from Georgia 1,804,707 pounds, rom Ontario 33,125 pounds; total 20,654,-

Minister Thomas Presents His Credentials Stockholm, February 8.-William M. Thomas, the new American minister to Sweden and Norway, was received in special audience today by King Oscar for the purpose of presenting his credentials. This is the third times Mr. Thomas has represented the United States as minister to Stockholm, something unprecedented in the history of the Swedish court, and the reception accorded him today reflects honor upon Minister Thomas and upon the United States.

A Shattered Hervous System. FINALLY HEART TROUBLE.



R. EDWARD HARDY, the folly manager of Sheppard Co's, great store at Braceville, Ill., writes: "I had never been sick a day in my life until in 1890. I got so bad with nervous prostration that I had to give up and commence to doctor. I tried our local physicians and one in Joliet. but none gave me any relief and I thought I was going to die. I became despondent and suffered untold agony. I could not eat, sleep nor rest, and it seemed as if I could not exist. At the end of six months I was reduced to but a shadow of myself, and at last my heart became affected and I was truly miserable. I took six or eight bottles of Dr. Miles Nervine. It gave me relief from the start, and at last a cure, the great-

est blessing of my life."! Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded, Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address, DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

\$100 REWARD

Is offered for the arrest and conviction of the person who set fire to the building owned by O. M. Fil yaw and situate on the east side of Eighth b tween Brunswick and Bladen Sts. Date of fre Thursday night, Feb. 3rd, 1898.

WILLARD & GILES, Agents.

-PLUMBERS ON BICYCLES-

FUNNY. IS IT?

HAVE YOU EVER STOPPED TO THINK HOW MANY HOURS ARE WASTED ON THE STREET?

You Pay by the Hour.

TRY OS AND SEE THE DIFFERENCE.

Owen F. Love & Co.

They Stand High



ON A PEDESTAL OF POPULAR FAVOR WHEN WE MAKE YOUR CLOTHING OR OVERCOAT. THEY ELEVATE THE WEARER ABOVE THE ORDINARY, EVERY DAY STYLE OF MAN, AND GIVE A SWELL APPEARANCE THAT IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO GET FROM ANY ONE BUT AN ARTIST IN TAILOR ING LINE. WE NOT ONLY MAKE THE CLOTHES BUT 'ADORN THE MAN. THE FADS IN FURNISHING GOODS AND NECKWEAR.

M. H. CURRAN

, W. NORWOOD.

107 Princess Street.

LEE H. BATTLE

Atlantic National Bank, WILMINGTON, N. C.

GAPITAL \$1, 5,000. SURPLUS AND PROFITS \$75,000. Everage Deposits \$700,000.

STATE AND CITY DEPOSITORY. We desire new accounts, both large and small, endeavoring at all times to please our customers. We extend every accommodation consistent with good business. Safety Deposit Boxes for rent at a nominal price.

FOR SALE!

A VERY DESIRABLE RESIDENCE ON SECOND, NEAR DOCK. ALSO SOME DESIRABLE VACANT LOTS

W. M. CUMMING. Real Estate Agent and Notary Public.

Remington Typewriters____

ARE THE STAN ARD. OVER 75 PER CENT OF ALL THE MACHINES USED IN THE C TY ARE REMINGTO N'S. THE PRINCIPAL MERCHANTS, BANKS AND RA LROADS USE THEM. SE THE NEW Nos. 6 and 7.

OLD MACHIN'S TAKEN IN EXCHANGE. LIBERAL TERMS FOR CASH OR INSTALLMENTS. TYPEWRITER RIBBONS 50c EACH. LINEN TYPEWRITER PAPER 50c PER REAM. CA RBON PAPER IN ALL COLORS-STENOGRAPHER. NOTE BOOKS, TE XT BOOKS, ETC., ETC.

C. W. YATES & CO. WILMINGTON, N. C.

Nine rich men in North Carolina out of every ten commenced life poor, They became rich by spending less than they made. No one gets rich who does not spend less than he makes. Any one will get rich who continually spends less than he makes. Every young man of ordinary ability in Wilmington can and should save something each month. The man who will not save a portion of a small salary will not save in ortion of a large salary. The boy who saves something every month will be profitted before the boy who spends all he makes. True manhood is required to deny re's self and save. It is weakness and folly to spend all, regardless of the "rid y day." Industry, economy and integrity cause prosperity-not "Luck" or "Good For-

For reasonable interest and absolute security, deposit your savings in THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY.

The C. W. POLVOGT Co. No. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

WILL OFFER FOR ONE WEEK THE FOLLOWING REDUCTIONS IN THEI STOCK OF BLANKETS, COMFORTERS AND UNDERWEAR.

Our regular \$8.00 Down Quilt, now \$6.50. Our regular \$1.25 Cotton Comforts, now Our regular \$6.75 Down Quilt, now \$5.50. Our regular \$5.00 Down Quilt, now \$4.25. Our regular \$8.50 Wool Blankets, now Our regular \$7.00 Wool Blankets, now Our regular \$4.50 Wool Blankets, now Our regular \$2.50 Cotton Comforts, now

Our regular \$1.50 Gents' Underwear, now Our regular \$1.25 Genits' Underwear now Our regular \$1.00 Gents' Underwear now 85 cents.

Our regular 75 cents Ladies' Ribbed Underwear now 50 cents Ladies' Ribbed Underwear now 50 cents.

Our regular 50 cents Ladies' Ribbed Underwear now 39 cents.

Teh per cent. discount on Childrens Underwear. Ladies and Children's Wrays at Cost. Special prices throughout our Carpet Department. March Patterns and Fashion Sheets have arrived.

COME GET ONE Sole Agents for the W. B. CORSET.