SPANISH DEMANDS

As to Terms of Surrender at Manila to Prolong Peace Negotiations

THE SURRENDER INEFFECTUAL

As Against the Provisions of the Protocol---She Will Also Attempt to Saddle Cuba With the Cuban Debt Prior to 1895 .-- Sagasta's Views

> on the Question to be Passed Upon by the Peace Commission--The London Press Predicts Retention of the Entire Philippines by America and the Con-

> > trol of Cuba for Twenty Years.

HIGH HANDED PROCEEDINGS

Wolff, the well known German exp

where he acted as correspondent of

The Tageblatt, is being prosecuted

upon a charge of having, without au-

thority, assumed the role of judge and

with having liberated thirteen Chinese

According to the evidence of Bishop

Anger, on which the prosecution is based. Herr Wolff, having heard of

the trial, appeared in court with a dag

stood in the hall in which the trial

was to be held. Wolff seated himself

n the most imposing of these, saying:

I'll take the highest and you, Herr

schuster (addressing the dog) will

take the second highest at my right.

He then ordered the clerk of the

ourt into the next chair on his right

vondering mandarin to take the fourth

and lowest chair. The mandarin ques-

the latter drew a roll of papers from

his pocket and flourished it as his au-

duced and declaring their innocence,

Herr Wolff solemnly acquitted them

The story caused the utmost as-

tonishment. Bishop Anzer was in

Germany at the time of the alleged oc-

regard to the murderers, which ulti-

mately led to the occupation of Klao

posed in China as a German envoy.

At Camp Thomas

Chickamauga National Park. August

19.-The work of preparing the Second

and Third divisions of the First corps

for their removal from Camp Thomas

Knoxville and Lexington respective

iers were sent to the various regi-

ments, directing that they immedi-

ately get the sick in their hospital.

afternoon and the ambulance compa-

nies of the two divisions were busy.

The First Vermont regiment left to

day for Vermont via the Southern

railway. It is expected to go into

The Fifty-second Iowa was this af-

ternoon ordered to Des Moines and will

leave as soon as it can get ready which

will not be later than the first of the

Tomorrow will be field day among

the troops at Camp Thomas and vari-

ous athletics will be indulged in for lib

The First Illinois cavalry today re-

ceived orders to proceed to Spring-

They will probably get away next

Discussing America's Foreign Policy,

Saratoga, N. Y., August 19.-The na-

problem before the present conference

was that of territorial expansion, on

which many distinguished men of na-

tional reputation hold widely divergent

views. Commercial interests urge that

we adopt a colonial system, said Mr.

Rogers, but business alone ought not

Ex-Senator Warner Miller advocat-

ed the construction of the Nicaragua

Carl Schurz, of New York, spoke a

ength, giving the views of the anti-

xpansionists whose cause he advo-

S. Grosseup, of Chicago, who is an

earnest expansionist, and who spoke at

Butler Declares Against Fusion

Houston, Texas, August 19.-In

speech at the big populist encampment

it Greenville today Senator Marion

Butler, of North Carolina, national

chairman of the populist party, sur-

rendered to the midle-of-the-roaders or

anti-fusionists. He declared that as

national chairman he would promise

that there would be no trades or com-

bines with either of the old parties be-

fore the next national convention; that

he would call that convention at least

month before the democratic or re-

publican conventions convened, and

More Troopships From Santiago!

New York, August 19 .- The trans-

ports Mobile, Seneca and Comanche

have arrived and the sick soldiers

aboard were landed today at Montauk

Point. The unaffected soldiers will be

landed tomorrow. Dr. Booth, the vel-

low fever expert, after a careful ex-

amination, said that there were no

cases of yellow fever aboard any of

the transports, Several of the men

were found to be suffering from mala-

rial fever. General Wheeler took com-

Eigth Congressional District Conven-

tion

district at Wilkesboro appointed a

committee of one man from each coun-

ty to confer, after which the convention

adjourned to meet at 8:30 o'clock. On

re-assembling a motion was made and

carried to adjourn until this morning

at 9 o'clock, and on assembling the

committee reported that the senti-

time a candidate is to be named.

to remaining any longer.

ments.

ment of the delegates was to adjourn

Question of Remaining in the Army

regiments at Camp Alger are canvass

whether or not they care to be mus-

tered out now or wait until later. The

First New Jersey is strongly opposed

A majority of the Seventh Ohio have

voted that they preferred to remain

in the service, while the Eighth Penn-

sylvania entertains different senti-

Death in a Threshing Machine

ing among themselves the question

Washington, August 19.-Some of the

Charlotte, N. C., August 19.-The

mand of the camp today.

thus prevent any opportunity of fu-

cates. He was opposed by Judge I

to control our conduct.

great length.

eral cash prizes.

camp at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont.

assumed definite shape today. Or

named Schuster. Four vacant chairs

nurderes of German missionaries.

Berlin, August 19.-Herr Bugen

er, who has just returned from Ch

Madrid, August 19, 5 p. m .- The gov- I to be satisfied for some time, the gov ernment has resolved to insist that the ernment declining to say anything. capitulation of Manila after the signing of the protocol, shall have no effect in the peace negotiations unfavorable to Spain. In any event the government holds that the capitulation, having been signed by the commander of the town, does not entail the surrender of the whole of the Philippines.

All the indications are that the peace negotiations will be prolonged. The opposition factions are redoubling the agitation for convoking the cortes, and it is said that Senor Sagasta begins to hesitate, although he shares the opinion of Duke Almedovar Rio, the foreign minister, as to the inconvenience involved in a meeting of the cortes and a series of debates during the peace negotiations. It is possible that the cortes will meet after the elections to the councils general about the middle of September,

THE SPANISH COMMISSIONERS. The cabinet council tonight decided to appoint General Gonzales Parrado, second in command in Cuba; Rear and declared the proceedings ended. Admiral Luis Pastor Landero, who succeeded Admiral Navarro, the Spanish commander in Cuban waters, and Marquis de Montoro, minister of fimance, in the insular cabinet, as the currence, consulting the government in commission of evacuation for Cuba. The Porto Rican commission has not yet been appointed, the government Chou, and only learned of what had awaiting an expression of the views happened on returning to China. of Governor General Macias; but it has I It appears that Herr Wolff shall be one of the commissioners. The peace commissioners have not been nonmated, but it is believed the ostion has been decided uponthough the names of its members will not be published yet as the govern-

ment is resolved to take advantage of the delay granted by the protocol in order to avoid a cabinet crisis. London, August 19.-The Spectator in its issue this week prophesies that America will retain all the Spanish possessions she has captured and thinks that "pressure from the Cuban loyalists will force the commission to stipulate that Cuba shall be governed the United States for twenty

The Spectator says: "America will find herself at the end of the year in possession of the beginning of an oversea tropical empire. Long may she rule it in the interests of humanity and justice. While it is so ruled Englishmen will never envy her possessions nor their expansion into a domain as

THE LONDON TIMES ON THE SIT-UATION IN THE PHILIPPINES. The Times this morning says editorially that it foresees circumstances which may force the United States to a permanent occupation of Cuba, and

"If America is prepared to undertake the responsibility of the government of-the whole Philippine group it is hard to see how any other power could legitimately interfere. If the United States repudiates such responsibility a very perilous state of things might ensue, because it would not be easy to dispute the right of other powers to terminate the state of anarchy. Therefore, many difficulties will avoided by American annexation. In any case no European power need reckon upon finding the United States as easy to coerce as Japan.

INSURRECTION IN SPAIN. A' dispatch to The Daily Mail from Biarritz says that another armed band has appeared in the district of Ciudad Rodrigo, about fifty miles from Salamanca. The dispatch also says that more carlist agents have been arrest-

Madrid, August 19, 10:30 p. m.-It is rumored that the government will, instruct the Cuban commissioners to present a strong case for the recognition of the Spanish claim for compensation for the cession of public works in Cuba the compensation to take the form of saddling upon Cuba the bulk of the Cuban debt existing in 1895. The papers advocate the strengthening of Ceuta and Andalosion ports in anticipation of Anglo-Russian eventualities. SAGASTA'S VIEWS OF THE SITU-

ATION. Madrid, August 19.-El Liberal pub lished remarks made by Senor Sagasta on the dipiomatic and political sit-

uation, quoting the premier as fol-"From a legal point of view, the present state of things is neither peace nor war, but merely a suspension of hostilities. An armistice would have allowed us to dispel better the obscurity of the situation, but the United States declined to agree to our

naking a step further in advance. The questions to be solved are nums rous and complex. What we have cone first is to lay down certain bases, on which each minister may make any observation which study of the subject suggests. These will continue to be reated in daily cabinet councils, it being held that the bases in question are the fundamental instructions for the guidance of the various commissions in the forthcoming

negotiations.

In Cuba, beside evacuation, there are many other problems. Spain may abandon her sovereignty over the Greater Antilles, but there will remain the question of edifices and all congressional convention of the Eighth our properties. There are lawsuits bethe tribunals affecting the interests of the Spaniards. Where and when will these be decided? In Havana, where a large number of criminals have been condemned by Spanish tribunals, what is to be done with them? Then there are other questions for which we have to fix a basis of discussion and agreement. Regarding the until the 27th of September, at which Philippines, besides these and other problems of greater importance, there is a preliminary question to be dis-

cussed. "According to international law, a suspension of hostilities has been signed and the surrender of Manila ought to have no legal efficacy. How will that principle be understood by the United States? This causes us much anxiety and we give it great attention, but we are still awaiting the information demanded from General Jaudemes, which has not yet reached us, on account of the difficulties of communication between Manila and

Hong Kong." These remarks have all the appearmance of being authentic, as they are in accord with information from other sources and in harmony with Senor Sagasta's usual style. The public is still anxious for an ex-

Richmond, Ca., August 19.-News o a terrible death comes from Rockridge county. Oliver Nutty, aged 20 years. of near Rockbridge Baths, fell from a wheat mow into the feed of a threshmachine which was running at a high planation of Governor General Aurate of speed and both legs were litgustin's mysterious departure from Manila, but its curiosity is not likely erally ground to pieces.

AMERICAN COAL FOR ENGLAND Pocahontas Company Under Contract

the World.

Norfolk, Va., August 19 .- There has bottoms, seventeen cargoes of Pocahontas steam coal, aggregating 70,12% tons. These have gone to eleven different coaling stations belonging to England and it has been believed that England was stocking such stations in event of possible war. Today it leaked out that this view is undoubtedly cor reet, as the Pocahontas Coal Company is asserted by one of its employes to have practically admitted that an unlimited contract from the British gov ernment for coaling her stations all over the world has been secured, and the work has just fairly commenced. The stations to which cargoes have thus far been sent to Montevideo, in Uruguay; St. Michaels, in the Azores; Kingston, Ja.; Singapore, India: Cape town, Africa; St. Vincent and Porto Praya, Cape de Verdes; St. Lucia, B. Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic; St. Paul de Loanda, Africa, and London. One vessel alone, the Indra, carried 9.150 tons to Singapore. The discovery has caused a sensation.

Funeral of Mrs Pentress at Raleigh on Thursday.

The Raleigh News and Observer of esterday says: "Quite a company of friends gather ed at the depot yesterday to meet the family of the late Mrs. M. J. Fentress and pay a last tribute of respect to her memory. The body was interred in the city cemetery by the side of her

me years ago. "The funeral services were conducted by Rev. E. C. Glenn , pastor of Central Methodist church. The pallbear ers were Messrs. R. T. Gray, W. J. forth the reasons for going over to oung, Jesse A. Jones, Garland Jones, H. Green.

and lastly, with a gesture, bade the "Mr. Herbert L. Fentress and Miss tioned Wolff's authority, whereupon Mr. E. F. Nadal, of Wilson, children had come to the Philippines too late thority, and the prisoners being introand grand-children of the deceased, to heal the breach created by his pred-came to attend the funeral. They left ecessors' policy of bad faith and last night on the 1:40 train for Wil- bribery and advocation of the domi-He then saddled his horse and depart-

> Churches Tomorrow And ew's Presbyterian church, Rev. A. D. McClure, pastor. Preach-

ing at 11 a. m. and 8:15 p. m. Sabbath school at 4 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday at 8:15 p. m. A hearty welcome for all.

and tomorrow evening at 8:15 oclock While here he will be the guest of Colonel Roger Moore, on Chestnut, hetween north Front and Second streets. Immanuel Presbyterian church, Rev. Dr. P. C. Morton, pastor. Services at

11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 3:30 p. m. Grace M. E church, northeast cor-The work of removing was begun this ner of Grace and Fourth streets. Rev. A. P. Tyer, pastor. Services on tomorrow at 11 o'clock, a. m., and 8:15 o'clock p. m. Sunday school 4:30 p. m. Experience meeting in the lecture room at 10 o'clock a. m. Weekly prayer meeting and lecture Wednes-

> gers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services. Services in St. John church tomorrow, eleventh Sunday after Trinity by the rector, Rev. J. Carmichael, D. D., at 7:45 and 11 a. m. Sunday school

day evening at 8:15 o'clock. Stran-

field at as early a period as possible. at 5 p. m. First Presbyterian church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., pastor. Divine service at 11 a. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday at 8:15 p. m. Seats free.

tional conference on the foreign policy Win your pattles against disease of the United States was opened here by acting promptly. One Minute Cough Cure produces Immediate retoday with an address by Henry Wade sults When taken early it prevents Rogers, of Chicago, chairman of the consumption. And in later stages it furnishes prompt relief. R. R. Bel Mr. Rogers said that the principal

> Order Against Spanish Mails Revoke Washington, August 19.-Postmaste General Emery Smith today suspended his order issued at the beginning of the war that during hostilities mail with Spain and her colonies was to be discontinued.

The Naval Parade Today

Washington, August 19.-The nation at the naval parade in New York tomorrow by six members of the cabinet Secretary Bliss, Postmaster General Smith and Attorney General Griggs lands, and today, after more than 350 left on a late afternoon train for New York and Secretaries Alger, Gage and Wilson left at 11435 o'clock tonight in nown, named Don Emilio Aguinaldo special car attached to the regular is to carry out the mightiest rebellion Pennsylvania limited. They were ac- ever known the far east," companied by Governor Pingree, Michigan, as guest of Secretary Alger.

New York Produce Exchange to Close Today.

New York, August 19,-The produce exchange members voted today unanimously to meet at 10 o'clock and adjourn for the day. Tomorrow's vote will therefore be a mere formality to comply with the rules which require that such action for adjournment must be taken on the day in question.

A Negro Soldier Killed for Lawless Conduct.

Macon, Ga., August 19 .- A special t The Telegraph from Hampton, Ga., says: Jim Neeley, a negro private in the Twenty-fifth infantry, was shot and killed at Hampton, Ga., last night. He was refused permission to drink at soda fountain and became abusive When remonstrated with for swearing in the presence of ladies, he assaulted Mr. Will Henderson with his dagger bayonet. Henderson drew a pistol, but it was knocked from his hand and se cured by the negro, who began shooting. A number of citizens joined in the fusillade and Neeley received wounds from which he died.

Drowned While Trying to Save Anoth er Person.

Charleston, S. C., Augusta 19.-Guard Charles M. Caste, of the the life saving station on Sullivan's island, was drowned this afternoon while attempting to save young Edward Schachte, who had ventured out beyond his depth. Schachte's cries for help were heard at the station and Caste was the first man to respond. He swam out to the boy and was bringing him in shore when seized, presumably by was called from his cabin late last cramps, and went down. Schachte was | night by a party of white men and saved by the other men from the station. Caste's body was not recovered.

In the Hands of a Receiver Knoxville, Ky., August 19.-The Black Diamond Coal Company, operating mines in the Jellico coal district, was today placed in the hands of T. H. Heald, as receiver, upon appli-cation of the local creditors. The liabilities are placed, at \$165,000; assets aside from land \$22,000.

American Bar Association Saratoga, N. Y., August 19.-At the oncluding session of the American Bar Association today these officers Hazel Salve was worth \$50.00 to him. were elected: Joseph H. Choate, New It cured his piles of ten years standing. York, president; John Hinkley, Balti- He advises others to try it. It also

more, secretary, and Francis Rowie, Philadelphia, treasurer.

PHILIPPINE REBELLION SITUATION IN SANTIAGO

THE CAUSE OF THE WAR DEATH RATE STILL HIGH

been shipped from Norfolk in British Spain's Efforts at Con- Reforms and Improveciliation.

A Letter to General Augustin by Felipe Buencamino, a Friendly Philippine Sent to Effect a Compromise With the Insurgents-He Teils the General the Latter Comes Too Late to Overcome the Evil Effect of the Bad Government of His Predecessors.

Correspondence of Associated Press.)

(Copyright by Associated Press.) Manila, June 24.-Felipe Buencamino a Filippino who was friendly to pain and figured in the compromise arrangement where the Spaniards hope to conciliate the rebel leaders without sacrificing too much. He was sent to Aguinaldo's camp by General Augustin with the object of securing Aguinaldo's adherence to the Spariish cause. He was arrested by the dictator's orders and held a prisoner. Three weeks afterward he issued a husband and son, Theodore, who died manifesto, renouncing his allegiance o Spain. Accompanying the manifesto was a letter from Buencamino to Captain General Augustin, setting the insurgents. Much of the letter re-R. H. Bradley, W. H. Hughes and A. fers to events of no special importance at this distance from the theatre of Blanche Fentress, of Wilmington; Mrs. action, being devoted mainly to a re-Ford Taylor and son and Miss Margie | view of the opening of hostilities | be Taylor: Mrs. Sam C. White, of Balti- tween the Spanish and the natives and more, and Mrs. E. M. Nadal and son, to telling General Augustin that he

out the hopelessness of of Augustin's position in Manila, Buencamino, addressing the Filippinos, summed up the situation at the time of writing, as 'Having relied on the valor and worth of the Spaniards and on their history and vaunted superiority of race, I offered my life and the lives of been the jurtherance of the reforms teers to defend Spain against her foes, Olive, N. C., is expected to arrive in but in view of their miserable exhithe city and to preach at Grace M. E. hitton of cowardice and stupidity, endchurch tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock ing in their capture by the rebels and there has been a slow and steady

nation of the friars. After pointing

without resisting as they ougth,] am convinced that the Spaniards are not brave, are not our superiors and are altogether incapable of upholding their sovereignty in the Philippines. From the moment this was clear they have forfeited the right to rule us and

tent of the Surrender at Manila.

Not Surrender the Entire Islands.

Seventy in all Will Assemble There.

More Troops Sail from Santiago.

Naval Parade.

Soldier is Killed.

my duty of loyalty to them ceases at

'I, therefore, join the rebels and

work energetically for our independ-

ence, which I perceive to be clearly

sanctioned by God, the Eternal Judge

of all great disputes between human

nations. In fact, God in His inscru-

table wisdom, decreed that in the Six-

and one friar should conquer these is

teenth century, fifty Spanish soldiers

years of domination, God decrees that

an humble individual, almost un-

"I thing DeWitt's iWtch Hazel Salve

is the finest preparation on the mar-

of Wheeling W. Va. Try it and ou

will thing the same. It also cures

McKipley Regrets Inability to Attend

the Naval Review.

New York August 19 - The following

from President McKinley was received

Hon. Robert A. Van Wyck, Mayor,

"The cordial invitation which you

have extended on hehalf of the citi-

zens and officials of New York for the

celebration on the 20th is deeply ap-

preciated, and I sincerely regreat that

public duties will preclude an absence

from Washington at that time. I

would be a great pleasure to unite

with the people in giving a home wel-

come to the officers and men of the

American fleet who return with such

country after a memorable campaign

signal honor for themselves and their

of blockade and battle, but some fu-

ture day I hope to make a personal

sallors and marines to show if only

in slight degree my appreciation of

I am glad to have an opportunity of

expressing my hearty sympathy with

Beaten To Death

Selma, Ala., August 19 .- Alex. Walk-

er, a negro living near Pleasant Hill,

carried to the woods where he was

strapped to a stump and beaten with

buggy traces. He was released and

managed to crawl back to his home,

where he died half an hour later. No

one seems to know who the parties

are who administered the beating and

no arrests have been made. The negro

it is said, has been very troublesome

in the neighborhood. Last week Dud-

ley Lewis had Walker arrested for

theft. It could not be proven and af-

ter the trial the negro insulted Mr

E. C. Banks, of Lewisville, Texas,

writes that one box of DeWitt's Witch

cures eczema, skin diseases and ob-stinate sores. R. B. Bellany.

Lewis and struck him.

WILLIAM M'KINLEY."

"I cannot be present on Saturday

their heroic services to the nation.

New York's tribute to the fleet.

of the soldiers

eczema and all skin diseases.

by Mayor Van Wyck today:

New York City:

Bellamy.

ket for piles." So writes John C. Dunn,

tiago and Two More are About Ready to Sal.

ments Underway.

Disinfect mis an Unusual Odor for this City-As American Trust Company and Ag leiltural Bank Established. Compla his as to Mail Service-Transports thating With Prisoners and American Troops—To Suppress Riots

in Porte Itino. (Copyriget by Associated Press.) Ponce, Pirto Rico, August 18, Delayed in transmission.)-The Concho. with the remainder of General Grant's brigade on board-The Third Ken-Indiana-arrived today.

The Florida has sailed for Santiago le Cuba to embark troops. Arrangements have been perfected

o suppress the threatened riots. Santiago de Cuba, August 19, Afternoon.-A portion of the First regiment of infantry left this morning on the steamer D. H. Miller. This afternoon 500 of the Listrict of Columbia troops sailed on the transport Hudson, 500 of the Severch infantry on the Yucatan and six companies of the Thirty-fourth Michigan son the transport Santiago. The troops are going forward as rapidly as possible. Owing to the increase in sickness there is much need of hospital ships. The number of these sick is latk and there are not sufficient accompdations for them. The en barkation of the Spanish troops col'tiques. Next week smaller

transports wil Itake the Spaniards at Guantanatio bay. (Correspondence of Associated Press.) Santiago (e Cuba, August 11.-The past week in Santiago de Cuba has and imprevements already underway colnglications have arisen New increase if the death rate.

which we are called upon to settle, The question of Spanish and Amer ican money and their respective values continues to agitate the town and this will probably last until little of the Spanish money remains, Notwith-

IMPORTANT EVENTS OF THE DAY.

Sick and Wounded Soldiers. Ten Died at Sea of Typhoid Fever.

The Relief Arrives at New York from Porto Rico with 248

The Officials at Washington are Still in Doubt as to the Ex-

Protocol and also that the Governor General of that City Could

Another Transport with Prisoners Sail for Spain from San-

Fifty-Seven Warships Have Been Ordered to Fort Monroe.

New York Exchanges Will Close Today on Account of the

Spain Chooses Her Cuban and Porto Rican Commissioners.

Of the Six Spanish Spies at Fort McInerson Five Will be

At Hampton, Ga., a Negro Soldier Attacks a Man for Remon-

strating With Him for Swearing in the Presence of Ladies. The

in some instances.

ise of future prosperity.

States in three weeks."

Given Their Freedom, The Sixth, an American, will be Court-

The Remainder of Grant's Brigade Arrive; at Ponce.

Spain Insists that the Surrender of Marila Comes Under the

ed." It cures coughs, colds and all threat and lung troubles. D. R. Bel-

den himself for the purpose of cor-recting the proofs of his father's me-

United States arfillery, died in the hospital here today of typhoid fever.

(Baltimore Sun.) The Sampson-Schley incident may be regarded as closed for the present, so far as the administration is concerned, by the announcement from Washington that both officers will be promoted to the grade of read admiral. If, however, the promotion is of such a character that Sampson will outrank Schley, even only by one or two numbers, it is probable that the question will be reopened when congress meets, and the controversy which has been waged in the newspapers will be When Secretary Long, a few days ago, made public a letter which he had written in defense of Acting Rear Admiral Sampson notice was then served in an official manner that Sampson was recognized by the administration as entitled in larger measure than any of his subordinates to the credit for the destruction of Cervera's squadron. Captain Mahan, a member of the naval strategy board, also published an elaborate argument to show that Sampson had failly earned the distinction directing the operations which culminated in the naval victory off Santiago, and that a grave injustice would be

both will be rear admirals. standing Gereral Wood's announcement that Spanish gold would be deprived of its Cuban increase of 6 per cent, on its fice value and that silver was at 50 per cent, discount, many have persisted in considering the centen, twenty-five francs as worth \$5.30 as formerly; and at no money changer's could one get \$10 in silver for \$5 in gold. Nine dollars in silver was With the exception of some newspaoffered and this only on small amounts It is being recognized that American money will be the money of the future in Cuba. One abuse that has been rectified was the exorbitant prices asked for food-\$1 a pound for meat, \$3 for a bag of charcoal that once sold for 80 cents-and a general continuation of blockade prices long after their justification had been removed. The prices given out are a great reduction from those prevailing hitherto, but, but even in the new arrangement there is ample opportunity for good profits, even to 50 per cent.

The advent of an American trust company is considered rich in prom-"During might pose as the central figure of the four centuries of Spanish control,' says El Cubano, "we have not had an agricultural bank. Such an institution is absolutely indispensable in a country where agriculture is the source of all wealth. We have been in the hands that he was not willing to share with of usurers who have robbed us on all sides. The operations of this bank which is to be the saviour of our land and which will help our farms and plantations to produce, as with the for all to have a share in it, and that seems to have been the spirit which touch of a magic wand, will be in American money. What we have not has animated him ever since the day obtained from Spain in our four cen- the navy won new laurels at Santiago. turies has keen given us by the United That a promotion which makes The cleaning of the city and the at the beginning of the war he held a health of the people are matters reriperior place on the navy list, will arove satisfactory to the country is very doubtful, and the administration ceiving much attention. Probably the strongest olor Santiago ever knewand Santiago has an unusual experience in cdors-is the new odor of

disinfectant; that are being scattered through the city. The street cleaning department has been hampered by lack of cart The death rate continues very high, from fifty to sixty cases per day. There are nearly 30,000 inhabitants,

and this rale, if continued, would carry off half the population in a year. The situation is serious. The natifies think they are not be ing so well served by our postoffice department as they were under the old Spanish retitine. In those danies lockboxes were used and there w

ular house to house delivery of letters. Now all that has been abolished, and the people say the American clerks are so busy attending to the American mail matter that they have no time to attend to any thing else A complaint on the subject has been addressed to General Wood through one of the daily papers.

PIVE CHILDREN DROWNED struction on a West Pennsylvania

Pittsburg, August 19 .- A cloud-burst up Sawmill Run this morning caused a flood in that stream and endangered the lives of a dozen persons. Five children are missing and all are supposed to have been drowned. The body of one was recovered this evening. Mrs.

The water in the run began to rise this morning and at 9 o'clock a great volume of water came down. missing children, together with some older persons, were standing on a porch of the brick tenement house or Violet alley, in the rear of Main street, near West Carson. This porch overhung the run. When the great wave, twenty feet high, came down the porch was carried away and the people went with it.

Near the mouth of the run the sand dredge Pittsburg was moored and when the men in it saw the wreckage ming down the stream and the peo struggling for life, they stopped all else and went to the rescue. The tucky and One Hundred and Sixtieth, men and women were carried out into the Ohio river, but were saved by the The great body of water did much

damage. A sand bar fifteen feet high at the foot of the run was washed Parties of men are searching for the dies of the children. There was a heavy and continuous lown-pour of rain throughout western Pennsylvania from mid-night until 8

b'clock this morning and considerable damage was done by washouts and the overflowing of small streams, but as far as known there were no other casual-The editor of the Evans City, Pa., Globe, writes, "One Minute Cough Cure is rightly named. It sured my hildren after all other remedies fall-

Prince Bismarck's Memoirs Berlin, August 19.-It is reported that Prince Herbert Bismarck has hid-

Died From Typhoid Fever Fort Thomas, Ky., August 19.-Private J. E. Costello, Battery B. Fifth

renewed on the floor of the senate. to Pensacola as soon, as the Septemone if he was stripped of any of the glory of that great triumph. These

were significant statements, showing numistakably the drift of opinion in Philippines, will not be discussed by administration circles, and that Sampson has strong and influencial friends in the inner circles of the navy department is conclusively demonstrated by the fact that his promotion will enable him to outrank Schley, although The controversy over the relative merits of Commodore Schley and Acting Rear Admiral Sampson has been of an acrimonious character and has developed more bitterness possibly than the circumstances warranted. Commodore Schley has reason to feel and admirals now stationed in Cuba proud of the generous recognition of and Porto Rico, so that if the names his service which has come spontancously from every part of the country. pers and individuals who seemed to regard it as a reflection upon the administration to give praise to any other officer than Acting Rear Admiral Sampson, the press of the country has been almost a unit in recognizing the value of Commodore Schley's service and his right to share the honof of the victory on even terms with the commander of the fleet. Unfort mately, however, the character of Admiral Sampson's report was such are loaded and probably will sall this some of Commodore Schley's most I discreet advocates have transcended proper bounds in condemning the comnander of the fleet for minimizing, as diey charge, the magnificent work of his subordinates in order that he emorable naval engagement of July Soff Santiago. Undoubtedly Commo-Fire Schley would have discountenancsuch criticism; for he has never set any claims for distinction himself. all who participated in the destruction of Admiral Cervera's squadron. In his report to the commander of the fleet ha said the victory was great enough

hay prepare itself for sharp criticism many quarters.

Hobsons Mistake. jeutenant Hobson paid a visit

dmiral Cervera in his prison quarters Annapolis. The following is an acount sent out concerning the lieutenint's departure from Annapolis: His train was nearly ready to start nen he reached the depot, so he soon ent aboard. As the train moved out Aiss Georgie Porter, who had named Annapolis when she was christenunder the convoy of Lieutenant will, of the United States marine corps ne running up and waved her handchief at the departing train. All spectators thought it was in honof Hobson. So did the lieutenant. was out on the platform, and bent own and threw back a kiss to a charming acquaintance. The spectaers enthusiastically cheered. The wavg handkerchief, it turned out, was a nd-off for Miss Porter's friend, Miss ouise White, daughter of Command-White, United States navy, who was

going on a vacation.'

A NAVAL PAGEANT

Largest Fliet Ever Assembled in American Witers Ordered to Norfolk.

dren, who were drowned, is dying SEVENTY WARSHIPS TOGETHER.

The Vessels to Guard Cuban and Porto Rican Coasts Not Yet Designated ... Authorities Awaiting Merritt's Report of Terms of Surrender a Manila- Fransports With Prisoners Sail for Spain No More Troops Needed at Santiago -- Five

> Spanish Spies to be Released -- One to be Court-Martialed.

Washington, Aurust 12.—One of the commission charged with the execuargest fleets of wirships ever assem- tion of the provisions of the peace proled in an American port will, be brought together in the next few days der was also issued today in the case it Fort Monroe Already fifty-seven of Brigadier General William W. Gorwarships are under orders to rendezvous there, and the orders still to be issued will raise total to the mission in the case of Porto Rico. eighborhood of seventy. Naval offi- . No one has yet been selected to succials say it is difficult to realize the ceed these officers in their present extent of such a marine aggregation in any action in that direction will be one harbor. Those included in today's taken for some time. orders are the Newport, Rodgers, Let- NO MORE TROOPS NEEDED AT anon, Wompatuck Morriss, Gwin, Lancaster, Machies, Osceola, Peoria,

Massolt, Sloux, Sheyenne, Waban, Chickasaw, Helensi Detroit and Yankon. These and the ships previously ordered are main small craft, alcruisers and gungoats, including the San Francisco, Halena, Detroit, To peka, Marietta and Castine. The movement of these shies northward is due to the close of Bostilities, and more particularly to the desire to get the ships away from points of possible fever infection. They will now be put n thorough repair, and their crews gradually will be changed from naval militiamen to sailors of the regular

The navy department has not determined what ships will go to Habe no hurry about this until the established throughout the islands. In the meantime, the matter of policing used for this coast patrol. It is found, however, that only four of the old monitors of the civil war are fit for this service in southern waters. As many naval vessels will be center ed about the West Indies from this time forward, the navy, department will send the new floating dock, recently bought in New York, down the coast to Pensacola, Fia., where it will be kept for docking the warships. At that point also there are good naval workships to be ased in conjunction with the floating dock. The dock is now being coppered, and will be towed ber gales are over.

STILL IN THE DARK AS TO SCOPE OF SURRENDER AT MANILA There are few developments of in portance in the post-war situation to day. The authorities are still waiting for General Merrits's report of the list of casualties, and the state, war and navy departments are interested in knowing the exact terms on which Manila was surrendered—whether the city alone, or if all the Philippines were included. It was stated by officials that nothing additional on this point had been received up to the close of office hours today. The efforts to restore the Manila cable continue, but far. The claims made in Madrid that the protocol, and but the capitulation, controls the status of affairs in the the state department officials. The Madrid discussion is looked upon as rather academic, is it is taken for granted that claims will be made on both sides, and that the Paris tribunal will be the fival arbiter of the

has chosen her military commission for Cuba and Porto Rico, and some doubt is expressed as to the accuracy of the names given in London press advices. The names given in these reports are those of Spanish generals are correct, no time will be lost in getunderstanding here is that the sessions will begin at Havana and San Juan about the fires week in Septem-

PRISONERS SA L FOR SPAIN. The war department has received the following cable dis atch giving information of the defarture of Spanish

prisoners: "Santiago de Cuba, August 19." H. C. Corbin, Adjatant General: The Cabadonza Sailed this morning with 2,148 men, 109 officers, 44 women and 45 children. Two other transports afternoon. SHAFTER." The war department has received the following:

"Santiago de Cuba; August 19. H. C. Corbin, Adjetant General: "The D. H. Miller, with the First regular infantry and some stevedores has just sailed. A SUFFICIENT PEDBLEM IN CUBA AND PORTO RICO.

Géorgia, was in Senator Bacon. Washington today and called on the president and was afterward at the was looking afwar department. H Georgia troops, ter the interests of some of whom desta to be moved to different stations. He says the Georgia boys do not waat to be mustered out and prefer to go to Cuba. Senator Bacon does not believe in bout. McPhartiand surprised the retention of the Philippines, but those who watched the says the United Stokes ought to hold using his right hand. a good sixed "restif t place," not only ly while his left was continually playa coaling station, bit enough territory ing havor with Ziegler's face. Ziegler to meet all needs in the future. He fought desperately in the last two does not think the United States ought rounds and had the better of the New commodore Schley subordinate to Act- (does not think the United States ought ing Rear Admiral Sampson, although to assume the man gement of a vast population which & will be difficult to govern and to accuire islands which it would be impossible to defend. Senator Bacon Rivs that in Cuba and Porto Rico to have problems enough now, but thaks that they will work out in a satisfactory manner. He thinks it unfortunate that the Cubans come under our direct view at the worst possible time for them. Eighteen months ago he thinks they would have made a very much better appearance. for since that timesthey have undergone great hardships and been unable to procure eit er food or cloth-ing, hence the condition in which they were found by out troops at Santi-

Senator Bacon delieves that when the insurgents fully understand the purposes and be efficient effects of United States intel vention all difficulties will be adjust d.

WADE AND BU LER RELIEVED OF THEIR OMMANDS. Major General L'ade, formerly in command of the Third army corps at Chickamauga, and Major General M. C. Butler, in compand of a division of the Second ar ny corps at Falls Church, were todiy relieved of their present duties, in order to enable them to enter upon the discharge of their

important duties is members of the

tocol regarding the evacuation of Cuba by the Spanish troops. A similar ordon, commanding a division of the Fourth army corps, who has been appointed a member of a similar com-

SANTIAGO.

General Shafter has informed the war department that after consulting with General Lawton, commanding the department of Santiago, it had been concluded that it will not be necessary, to send any more troops to Santiago though there are a number of large for the preservation of peace and good order. This statement is made with the understanding that the present military force will shortly be reinforced by the arrival of the Fifth, regular infantry and Third Kansas volunteers.

THE SPANISH SPIES Orders were issued by the war department teday for the disposition of the twenty Spanish prisoners and six alleged spies who have been confined for some time at Fort McPherson, Atlanta. The Spaniards will be sent to Portsmouth, N. H., where the greater number of the crews of Admiral Cervera's fleet are now detained. Five of vana, San Juan and other points in the alleged spies, among whom is the Cuba, and Parto Rico. There is felt man Mellor, who, it is said, was idenman Mellor, who, it is said, was identified with the operations of Lieutenant authority of the United States is fully Carranza, are to be given their freedom. The sixth, a man, by the name, of Elmhurst, said to be an American oit. the shore points is being considered fren, and who, it is charged, enlisted and in due time a number of the light in the American army for the purpose draught auxiliary? craft and some of of acting as, a spy for the Spanish the single-turreted monitors will be government will be sent to his regiment for trial by court-martial.

In his dispatch to the wan departs ment tonight concerning the health condition of his troops General Shafter reports the death of ten men for three days beginning August 15th. The sanitary report for August 19th is as follows: "Total number sick, 1,245; total number fever cases, 915; total number new cases, 91; total number fever cases returned to duty, 136." The president today issued an executive order, which was promulgated by the war department carrying into effect the tariff organizations for Porto Rico. The rate is the Spanish minimum tariff rates heretofore enforced in the island. The tobacco schedule is the same as that for Cuba.

Sick headacne, biliousness, constipation and all liver and stomach troubles can be quickly cured by using t.ose famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They are pleasant to take and never grina. R. R. Bellamy.

End of the Guatemala Revolution Washington, August 19.-The state department today received a cable dispatch from Minister Hunter at Guatemala telling of the dramatic death of General Morales, leader of the Guatemala revolution, and the collapse of that uprising. The dispatch is as follows: Gautemala, August 18, 1898

Day, Washington: 'Ocos was occupied on the 10th by the government forces and 900 sacks of coffee and other valuable property of foreigners saved from destruction. This occupation was aided without Neither the state for the the French force by Captain Fegan, of the British mbassy has received word that Spain gunboat Leandor, acting under request of British, German and United States ministers. Morales retreated before the national troops to the Cuchumatanes mountains, where he was surrounded and captured yesterday in a cave, where has had been hiding for several days, without food and ill from bunger fatigue and exposure, The goramanding general ordered him ting the commissioners together. The removed to San Marcos. Medical aid was summoned, but he died on the way at San Sebastian last night at

evolution. HUNTER. The Chief Burgess of Mile ourg, Pa., says DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills he ever used in his family duri s forty years of house keeping. They cure constipation, sick headache, and stomach and liver coubles. St. 11 in size but great in results. R.R. Bella-

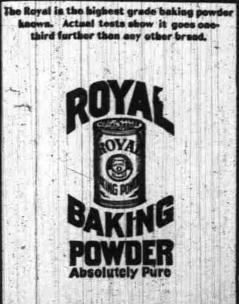
Soldiers Kick Against the Food San Antonio, Texas, August 19.-The volunteer troops now garrisoning at Fort Sam Houston, mutinied this morning at breakfast and marched out of the mess hall in regular order as a protest against the food furnished

A Twenty-Five Bound Contest

them. The matter is now under in-

vestigation.

New York, August 19,-"Kid" Mc-Phartland, of this city, and Owen Ziegler, of Philadelphia, fought twenty-five rounds tenight before the Atlantic Club, and Charley White, the referee, decided in favor of McPhartland, who with the exception of the bout. McPhartland surprised many of those who watched the fight by Yorker in the work accomplished, but this was not enough to counterbalance the lead which the "Kid" had gained previously. Both men stripped in the best of condition.



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