

## SPANISH BALANCE SHEET.

### What We Will Pay For Our New Colonies.

### TWENTY-FIVE MILLIONS

#### The Amount Now Estimated We Will Have to Pay for the Spanish Colonies We Will Take from the Spanish—The Possible Disagreement of Spain to the Action of the Peace Commission Now Gives no Concern to Our Government.

Washington, November 1.—The cabinet today devoted most of its attention to consideration of question connected with the administration of affairs of Cuba and Porto Rico. The administrative feature of the Philippine question also received some attention. Nothing has been heard from the commission at Paris as to yesterday's proceedings, and it is realized that nothing is to be expected in any way of developments until Friday's session.

While the cabinet gave little attention today to the peace negotiations at Paris, there is no longer any doubt as to the general purpose of this government to retain the entire Philippine archipelago. If after final balancing of the account, namely, the cost of the war to the United States on one side and the acquisitions on the other, it is found that any compensation is due to the Spaniards, it will be made in a lump sum. No Spanish bonds of any character or amount other than local or municipal bonds will be paid or assumed by this government. What sum of money this government would consent to pay to Spain cannot even be estimated, but when the final account is rendered, it is believed that the balance due Spain will be small, probably not exceeding \$25,000,000.

The cabinet still remains among a majority of the cabinet that the Spaniards will accept the terms laid down by the United States and that whatever of delay occurs before that result is reached will be chargeable only to the purpose of the Spaniards to secure the best possible terms to extend the last possible million dollars before acceding to our terms.

The possibility of disagreement of the commissioners and the failure of the conference, however, is now contemplated with greater equanimity than at the earlier stages of the negotiations. The administration has satisfied itself that Spain is neither able or willing to resume hostilities on any scale that would make her a dangerous opponent to the United States. Therefore, supposing the Paris conference to fail, all that would be imposed upon our government as an immediate duty would be to take complete military possession of the Philippines. This, it is believed, could be accomplished by us without loss of time or life. The last vestige of Spanish military power in the islands is that under Colonel Rios, commander-in-chief of the Visayas islands, and by deputized authority, in charge of all Spanish territory not directly within the control of the United States in the Philippine islands. His force is insignificant from a military point of view, and it is doubtful if he could hold his own against the insurgents had the Tagals been allowed by Admiral Dewey to make Manila the base of an expedition directed against the Spanish commander.

So far as Cuba is concerned, the difficulty might be more serious, but even there the Spanish military forces are not in condition to offer a prolonged resistance to the American conquest of the island, and with the Spanish navy at the bottom of the sea they could not be reinforced by troops from Spain. Therefore, about the worst that could happen would be the necessity of continuing in us of struggling along without the assistance of the Spanish navy, but in full possession of all the territory we desire, and that such conditions can exist without damage to material interests is shown by the history of the Spanish-American republics which resulted from Spain's rule.

#### NO FEARS OF THE MARIA TERESA.

The navy department is under no apprehension as to the safety of the Maria Teresa, although some fear has been expressed in the Santiago dispatch that the vessel, along with her consorts, the Vulcan and the Leonidas, have fallen into the sphere of the West Indian cyclone. The Spanish frigate passed Cape Maysi, at the eastern extremity of Cuba, early yesterday morning bound for Hampton Roads and signalled that all was well and that her machinery was working smoothly. By this time, according to the calculations of the naval officers she should be well on toward the Bahamas, keeping to the eastward and away from the Florida coast. Meanwhile, the weather bureau reported to the navy department shows that a cyclone is forming to the southwest of Havana which probably will come up the southwestern coast of Florida and if this report is true the warship would be well away from the path of the cyclone—at least 1,000 miles, according to the latest calculation made at the department is that the Teresa will arrive in Hampton Roads next Sunday afternoon. Presuming that she has no fever aboard, she probably will come up to the Norfolk navy yard for survey. Whether the repairs recommended by that board will be made at the same navy yard or not will depend largely upon the report of the board and upon the recommendations of Chief Constructor Hitchborne, but the probabilities are that the work will be done in Norfolk.

Late to bed and early to rise, prepares a man for his home in the skies. But early to bed and a Little Early Riser, the pill that makes life longer and better and wiser. R. R. Bellamy.

## THE POLITICAL SITUATION

### As Seen by Leaders of the Different Parties—Preparations for Mustered Out Men of the Second Regiment—A Sister of Beau Hickman in the County Home.

Messenger Bureau  
Raleigh, N. C., November 1  
Your correspondent interviewed men of the several parties on the political situation. State Chairman Simmons said: "The situation is very grave. The white people are thoroughly aroused and determined to be rid of negro rule. I don't think there is any danger of serious disturbance. I think the election will probably pass off quietly. The state will assuredly be democratic and we will that a majority in both branches of the legislature."

Auditor Ayer, populist state manager, said: "There is no 'crisis' in North Carolina. What the papers abroad speak of as race trouble in North Carolina is artificial. It requires two opposing armed forces to make a conflict. You can't find any two such forces in North Carolina today. I expect no further trouble at Wilmington. Matters there are admirably adjusted. It is wisely done. It is always best to make concessions to avoid violence. Good men will be selected for the legislature there."

Colonel A. M. Waddell says: "The situation is extremely grave but I do not apprehend any serious race collision. I am confident the democrats will carry the state."

Republican State Secretary Hyams says: "The fusion ticket in North Carolina is going to win. We may lose a few counties if the voters are intimidated, but we can afford to lose them and yet win the state."

This morning Mr. Rivers, the managing editor of Senator Butler's paper, had a letter from Butler saying that he wanted a double column headed "White Metal and White Supremacy" for Thursday's paper.

Populist State Chairman Thompson, Secretary Ayer and James B. Lloyd, last evening fixed up a "slate" for a county and legislative ticket for Edgecombe county, made up of populists, republicans and democrats. Ayer says it is "offered to show whether the democrats are in earnest or not." Collector Duncan, republican, says W. E. Fountain is begging populists there to keep him on the ticket and that C. B. Keeseech says so. Duncan says that the populist ticket was withdrawn, but that the republicans put it back; that Fountain tried to take it down, but that the populists wanted to show that Fountain had no power. It is pretty apparent that Edgecombe will become a scene of action. Chairman Simmons says the action of Thompson, Ayer and Lloyd in wanting to put up what they call a good government ticket in Edgecombe is a remarkable confession of bad government there and also of the fusion weakness. He ridicules the ticket they put up or suggest and says the time for that sort of thing has passed.

Captain Todd, U. S. A., mustering out officer of the Second regiment, left today for Charlotte, with Lieutenant Darrah, U. S. A., his assistant. Lieutenant Rowland, the commissary, will act as quartermaster and make the tour of the state with them. So will the three regiment surgeons. The surgical examination begins at Charlotte, Thursday. About two days will be required to examine and muster out each company. Lieutenant Rowland goes ahead and arranges for quarters and food, for which not to exceed \$1 per day is allowed for each man. The pay for travel will be allowed to each soldier as from Raleigh, it is now understood.

The partridge shooting season began today. The weather was perfect and the sportmen were out in great force. There are plenty of birds.

The following are here to attend the supreme court: A. M. Waddell, Geo. Rountree, Eugene S. Martin, Frank McNeill, E. K. Bryan, all of Wilmington; H. L. Stevens, of Warsaw; W. R. Allen, of Goldsboro.

It is stated by Populist Secretary Ayer that the tickets of his party have a device. Chairman Thompson said yesterday he thought there was no device. Although Ayer is campaign manager, he says Thompson has charge of all matters relating to the tickets.

William Chambers, the white man who was arrested here three weeks ago for "flaming," was released from jail today. His wife secured in some way \$250 which she put up as bail. At the sheriff's office it is said that it is supposed Chambers and his wife have "jumped the state," never to return. He is a sharp professional confidence man, evidently.

Yesterday there was placed in the county home in Warren county a sister of the once famous "Beau Hickman," the greatest "dead beat" ever known in the United States. For many years she had been supported by private charity.

Overcome evil with good. Overcome your coughs and colds with One Minute Cough Cure. It is so good children cry for it. It cures croup, bronchitis, pneumonia, grippe and all throat and lung diseases. R. R. Bellamy.

Kaiser William on Mount Zion  
Jerusalem, October 31.—(Delayed in transmission.)—Emperor William proceeded to Mount Zion this morning, where occurred the ceremony of hoisting the German and Turkish flags on a piece of ground, which, according to tradition, was formerly occupied by the abode of the Virgin Mary, and which the sultan presented to the German emperor. The latter subsequently formally presented the ground to the German Catholics.

## BUTLER'S ATTITUDE

### Defined by an Open Letter Which He Will Publish in His Paper.

## DENOUNCES WHITE SUPREMACY.

### Still He Was Willing to Join Democrats in Disfranchisement of the Negro—Bodies of Armed Negroes Marching Through the Town of Williamston—The Big Democratic Rally at Laurinburg—Hundreds of Red Shirts in Line—Democrats and Populists Join Hands for White Supremacy.

(Special to The Messenger.)  
Raleigh, N. C., November 1.—Senator Butler is sick and was not able to come here today. He sent a copy of his open letter by his private secretary. It is a most specious letter and is really an attack on the North Carolina democrats. He declares their white supremacy campaign a fraud, and says he made a proposition to unite with the democrats last May, on the white supremacy issue—in fact, on more than white supremacy. This is construed to mean that a proposition was made by him to disfranchise the negroes. It was charged some time ago that he had made advances along that line. He says that before he made a speech this year he made a proposition through the democratic state chairman. He expressed the hope that Van Wyck will be defeated in New York, saying it will be better for the cause of free silver.

Williamston, N. C., November 1.—For some weeks or more the negro leaders here have been advising their followers to arm themselves and protect their rights, as they put it.

They have been holding secret meetings for more than two weeks. Last night they gathered at a school-house near town, and after holding one of their meetings organized and armed themselves, forming into two squads, entering the town from two different points and paraded through a portion of main street.

They numbered about 75 to 100, carrying guns, pistols clubs, etc. No violence was offered, they seemed to be content making display of themselves. Considerable uneasiness is felt among us and serious trouble is apprehended.

Laurinburg, N. C., November 1.—The largest parade of red shirts ever seen in this state was had here today. The parade formed in the Presbyterian church park and proceeded through the finest section of farming lands that your reporter has ever seen—lands that make the field of cotton per acre in Richmond county third in the United States. For ten miles this cavalcade proceeded, consisting of a mile of red shirts, nearly all of whom were on horseback. Among them were battle-scarred veterans riding by the youth who has in sweet anticipation the casting of his first vote one week hence. Among them were the honest populists of this section, who declared for reform and went with their party to the door of the republican party, but, seeing over the ports the black drapery of negro corruption and misrule, returned to their first love with an ardor born of firmest conviction that white men will be ruled only by white men.

Returning by circuitous route to the town, Maxy L. John, president of the White Government Union of the township, introduced the speaker, the Hon. Claude Kitchin, of Halifax county. For near two hours he held the large audience who here joined the shirts, thrilling them with eloquence, burning, calm, collected, but born of determination in the mind and heart of orator and people and filling their hearts with even greater determination to redeem old North Carolina from negro rule.

The speaker told his audience their opponents told the people without the negro cry the democratic party would have no issue in North Carolina and he reviewed the history for twenty years of democratic rule in North Carolina in which only one scandal occurred in office and that in the case of a republican retained in the insane asylum because he was a thoroughly competent scientist. Since the fusionists have come into power for four years the state has had one scandal after another to stain its fair name and to damn the fusionists. They clamored for reform in expenditures generally and exceeded the preceding democratic legislatures. They promised reduced salaries, and reduced not one, but increased the output for salaries enormously. Then he came down to negro incompetence and misrule and declared that negroes will not be governed by craven white men who crawl in the dust before negroes for office and declare that negroes are as good as the whites and advise, as was done ten days ago by a republican orator in this county, that negroes put their arms around the white college girls when they return from school as they drive their carriages for the whites.

He closed with a mighty peroration. As the tragic day after Chancellorville had seen its intrepid leader fall and when J. E. B. Stuart saw his lines wavering he cried, "Charge, Charge, Onward to Victory and Remember Jackson," so thundered the orator rising to his full pitch with hand raised aloft; "so I cry to you if you see your lines wavering Charge, charge onward to victory and remember the immortal Zebulon B. Vance."

The effort was grand, the effect electric. A truly rebel yell went up and for minutes the band could not be heard. Men old and young rushed upon the rostrum and seized the speaker by the hand, eager to clasp the palm of one who is brave as his words portend. The orator is a brother of Congressman Kitchin.

#### England Assembling Her Navy

Victoria, B. C., November 1.—The imperuse, the flagship of the British North Pacific squadron, is expected to sail tomorrow, following the Amphoin southward. A rush order for forty tons of provisions was placed with one of the leading merchants today. The Imperuse will sail under sealed orders not to be opened till the vessel is out of sight of land.

The Amphoin took on board one of the fastest torpedo boats on the station, and the Leander, now in dry dock, has also taken one on board. When the Leander comes out of dry docks it is believed she will go south also. The torpedo boat destroyer Sparrowhawk, now a long time out of commission, will be re-commissioned at

once. The torpedo boat destroyer Virago is provisioned and coaled and it is thought she will accompany the flagship. The Pheasant will remain here.

Hallfax, N. S., November 1.—Not since the Trent affair has such activity been displayed in military and naval circles here. After the order had been received to have the battleship Renown put in thorough repair another order came, the purport of which was not known until this morning, when eight large double teams and about 200 men, including sailors and marines, were put to work transferring powder, ammunition and small arms of every description from the magazines of the dock yard to the distributing shed and thence to the several warships in port. The work continued all day.

## A WARRANT ISSUED

### For Leading Citizens of Halifax County Charging Intimidation of Election Officers—Supreme Court Decisions

(Special to The Messenger.)  
Raleigh, N. C., November 1.—B. B. Steptoe, a negro, arrived today, and delighted republican headquarters with a story that ex-Congressman W. H. Kitchin, his son Claude Kitchin, Dr. A. C. Livermore, Thomas Fenner, E. T. Whitehead and John Gray had gone at night to Steptoe's dwelling in Halifax county, broken in the door and entered it and demanded that he resign as election officer. The republican state chairman went with Steptoe, before Associate Justice Montgomery at chambers who orders the sheriff of Halifax county to bring Kitchin and the others before him instantly. The warrant only charges forcible entry of the dwelling.

The supreme court files the following opinions: Williams vs. Scott, from Warren, motion to advance case denied; Owens vs. Railroad, from Guilford, new trial; Edgerton vs. Aycock, from Wayne, affirmed; Allen vs. Baskerville, from Wake, no error; Burwell vs. Vance, motion to docket and dismiss appeal allowed; Harper vs. Commissioners, from Nash, action abated; Powell vs. Insurance Company and Dewey, from Craven, affirmed; Parker vs. Railroad, from Bertie, affirmed; Fertilizer Company vs. Sanders, from Durham, motion to docket and dismiss defendant's appeal allowed; Wilmington Iron Works vs. Darby, motion to docket and dismiss appeal allowed; Morris vs. Jones, from Greene, motion to docket and dismiss appeal allowed; King vs. Mechanics' Home Association, from New Hanover, motion to docket and dismiss appeal allowed; Cheek vs. Railroad, from Alamance, and Trollinger vs. Railroad, from Alamance, motion to docket and dismiss plaintiffs' appeals allowed; McMichael vs. Hoskins, from Guilford, motion to docket and dismiss defendant's appeal allowed.

Constipation prevents the body from ridding itself of waste matter. De Witt's Little Early Risers will remove the trouble and cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, Inactive Liver and clear the complexion. Small, sugar coat, don't gripe or cause nausea. R. R. Bellamy.

#### OUR FUTURE ARMY

### The Question as to What Troops Shall Be Used for Garrison Duty in Our New Territory

Washington, November 1.—The request of the First Colorado infantry to be returned from Manila to the United States cannot be granted by the war department. It was stated by officers of the army today that such requests had been frequent from soldiers of volunteer organizations who enlisted to fight, but did not enlist for garrison duty. The desire of this regiment to return home was simply the desire of other volunteers. Nothing could be done, an officer said, until congress met and provided some kind of a force to take the place of volunteers. The subject of reorganizing the army with a view to securing an actual force for the new possessions of the United States has already received the serious consideration of the president, the secretary of war and officers of the army.

The president will make recommendations to congress on this subject embodying his views and the views of those who are in position to give him the very best advice. It is probable that he will recommend an increase of the army to something like 100,000 men, although this is not certain, and he may think that 75,000 is enough.

There has been some talk also of using for garrison duty two companies or a battalion of natives to each regiment doing garrison duty in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. It is believed by this method a considerable portion of the restless population of the island and especially those who have been bearing arms in the insurgent or Spanish armies could be kept quiet and law-abiding.

It is stated by officers of the army that the duties devolving upon the troops under the new order of things cannot be satisfactory to volunteers and that an army will have to be provided which will go where it is sent without complaints of any kind. Men who enlist in the regular army, hereafter will understand that they are likely to be called upon at any time to go out of the country and to garrison distant lands for long periods. It is believed that the demands which have been made upon senators and representatives for the muster out of volunteer regiments and the discharge of volunteers in regiments which have remained in the service has been so great that they will be convinced that a regular army for garrison duty in the new possession is an absolute necessity.

A cough is not like a fever. It does not have to run a certain course. Cure it quickly and effectually with One Minute Cough Cure, the best remedy for all ages and for the most severe cases. We recommend it because it's good. R. R. Bellamy.

#### To Go Home to Vote

Washington, November 1.—President McKinley will go to Canton next week to cast his vote. All the members of the cabinet have likewise decided to go to their homes to vote unless something interferes to detain them here. The arrangements for the president's departure have not been made, but he probably will leave here next Monday afternoon on a special train and return to Washington in time to take his duties on Wednesday.

## THE CITY OF SANTIAGO

### Health Conditions Better than Ever Before.

## THE LABOR QUESTION

### Already Attracting the Attention of the Idle Laborers—Work for the Idle Laborers to be Provided in Railway Building—A Civilian for Mayor of the City—The Negroes Making Demands for their Rights—Men Who Will Work Readily Needed.

Santiago de Cuba, November 1.—General Wood, governor of the military department of Santiago, authorized the statement that there has not been a case of yellow fever in Santiago during the last sixty days and that the ordinary sickness during the same period has been 90 per cent. less than usual at this season of the year. View of the fact that a good many people have been unnecessarily frightened by fictitious tales of suffering, General Wood asks that hereafter applicants to the various societies be referred to him. If the case is really a needy one, he will indorse the application.

General Wood does not wish to be understood as saying that private assistance is not wanted in Santiago. On the contrary, much will be needed, though the present supply is ample for present contingencies. He warmly commends the Red Cross Society for continuing help and for supplies, which, under the direction of officers appointed by him have been effectively distributed.

The Cuban people are very anxious to have their people return to work. They are preparing plans to be laid before the government which will enable all applicants who are willing to work to get employment in building railways in various parts of the island. The idea would be to pay for lines by local taxation, the roads thus becoming government property and eventually reverted to the Cubans. It is believed that 10,000 men now idle can be given similar employment in this way. The United States transport victor, which leaves tomorrow for the United States, will carry a number of sick to Mampulo and New York city. She will also take the bodies of a number of United States soldiers killed in her operations. These have been placed in her specially sealed coffins.

Feared expressed here today that the former Spanish cruiser Infanta Maria Teresa, which left Guantanamo Bay on account of the repair ship Vulcan, might have met with a hurricane on Sunday night. Santo newspapers are asking General Wood to appoint a civilian as mayor of the city, and he will probably designate Senator Leonardo Rios, who was mayor under the Spanish regime and who was appointed by General Wood after the first civil governor of American occupation, holding the office for several weeks. Senator Rios is a Cuban by birth. Formerly he was an autonomist, but at present he is apparently identified with the autonomist section of the Cuban party.

A representative negro has written a letter to General Wood, demanding that the negroes who, he says, constitute a large majority of the population of the province, shall be given their rights, and announcing his intention to form a labor party composed of his class.

What is wanted here, General Wood asserts, is not work he will authorize the employment of foreign miners and workmen. Matters cannot remain longer a standstill.

When you ask for DeWitt's Witch Hazel, don't accept a counterfeit. There are more cases of Pile being cured by this, than all others combined. R. R. Bellamy.

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Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menace to health of the present day.

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