FIERCE FIGHTING

Philippinos' Stubborn Resistance to General Lawton's Advance.

A HEAVY LOSS SUSTAINED

By Part of His Command. They March Into a Horseshoe Entrenchment. Met by a Terriffc Fire .- Forced to Retire -- Reinforced They Charge the Earthworks and Drive the Enemy Out--Colonel Stotzenberg, of the Nebraska Regiment, Killed Leading

> the Charge-Our Other Losses-The Advance on Calumpit.

> > with the main force of the insurgents

try is flat and better for our troops

than that lying south of Malolos. Cal-

umpit lies on the left bank of a small

stream, at its confluence with the large

river Rio Grande. It is a substantial-

y built town with some 2,000 houses.

The advance of Lawton by circuitious

oute will be over a country of which

Lawton is about there by this time.

A road runs all the way from there to

many small towns, Bustos, Balinog

The war department map prepared

that Lawton will make a junction with

McArthur before striking Calumpit, but

ity in the rear, while McArthur is at-

The execution of this double move-

terest by the war department officials

THE CRIME CONDEMNED

the entire country. The method of it

d in a cordial welcome

ess. I am sorry it happened.

ever perpetrated in the world."

to One Minute Cough Cure. Use this

-or the undertaker's. R. R. Bellamy.

More Cigars Seized

were carted off to the custom house

and stored there, pending orders from

Lynchburg, Va., April 24.-Deputy

ollector Cleland K. Nelson, under or-

les from Collector Agnew, today seiz-

ed here 65,000 of the Lancaster, Pa.,

were in the hands of various dealers.

,500 of the Lancaster, Pa., counterfeit

n the hands of one firm, none others

being found. The cigars retail at 5

cents each and are packed in boxes of

If you suffer from tenderness or full-

ness on the right side, pains under

shoulder-blade, constipation, bilious-

ness, sick-headache, and feel dull,

heavy and sleepy, your liver is torpid

the congestion and causing the bile

Ex-Postmaster Tolbert to Testify

Columbia, S. C., April 24.—Ex-Post-master S. Tolbert, of McCormick, is in

the city. He goes to Greenville tomor-

row to testify in the trial of M. L. B. Sturkey, Wade Cothrane and ten other

McCormick, charged with conspiracy

prominent merchants and farmers of

are good pills. R. R. Bellamy.

Washington.

remedy in time and save a doctor's bill

shows this road joining the one

and fruit plantations

acking the front.

within the next few hours. The coun-

Manila, April 23.—(Sunday.)—Four at Malabon. This double operation men of the Nebraska regiment, includnext few days, while attention will be ing Colonel Stotzenberg and Lieutenant divided between McArthur's column, Sisson and three men of the Fourth advancing from Malolos, and Lawton's cavalry, were killed and 'forty-four column on its ten days' march to Norin an engagement at Quen-McArthur has the shortest distance to

Philippinos retreated with

9:30 p. m.-The engagement developed into a disastrous, though successful, fight. The insurgents had a horseshoe trench about a mile long encircling rice field, on the edge of a wood.

Captain Bell, with forty cavalrymen encountered a strong outpost. One of his men was killed and five were wounded by a volley.

The Americans retired, carrying their wounded, under fire and with great difficulty, being closely pursued, a fog Angit, indicating that the advance is

Bell sent for reinforcements to rescue a battalion of the Nebraska regiment, under Major Mufford, arrived and advanced until checked by volleys from

the enemy's trenches. The Americans lay about 800 yards from the trenches, behind rice furrows, inder fire, for two hours.

Several men were sunstruck, one dy ing from the effects of the heat, as they lay there waiting for the artillery to come up. Finally the second battalion arrived and then Colonel Stotzenberg, who had spent the night with his fam-The men immediately recognized him and raised a cheer.

Colonel Stotzenberg, deciding that a The People and the Press Denounce charge was the sheapest way out of the difficulty, led the attack at the head o his regiment. He fell with a bullet in the breast, dying instantly, about 200 yards from the breastworks.

Lieutenant Sisson fell with a bullet in hie heart, the bullet striking him near the picture of a girl suspended by a ribbon from his neck. In the meantime the artillery, had arrived and shelled the trenches. The Philippings stood until the Ne

braska troops were right on the trenches, and then they bolted to the second line of intrenchments, a mile The Nebraska regiment lost two privates killed and had many wounded, including tylh lieutenants.

The Iowah regiment had wounded. in The Utal egiment had one officer and three nith wounded. Thirteen dead Philippinos were found in the trenches. Their loss was com-

paratively small on account of their safe shelter. The Americans carried the second french with small loss and are holding the town tonight

Colonel Stotzenberg had won a reputation as one of the bravest fighters i the army. He always led his regiment and had achieved remarkable popularity with his men since the war began, although during his first colonelcy the volunteers, who were not used to the rigid discipline of the regular troops, thought him a hard officer. The loss of the Nebraska regiment i the campaign is the greatest sustained by any regiment, and today's disaster has greatly saddened officers and men, who promise to take fierce vengeance

ADVANCING ON CALUMPIT. Manila, April 24.-General McArthur's division left Malolos today, evidently intending to besiege Calumpit General Hale at 4:10 o'clock this afternoon had crossed the Bagbag and had reached a positon a quarter of a mile from Calumpit, thus commanding

The prisoners captured by General Hale's troops say Aguinaldo, General Luna and the Philippino staff are at Calumpit with a great force of Philip-Before day light the Fourth cavalry with the guns belonging to the Utah battery, the Nebraska regiment the Iowa regiment, under General Hale were proceeding in the direction

Kuinchua where the Bagbag (Tibabag) trenches. During the afternoon troops crossed the river. Generals McArthur and Wheaton with the Montana regiment, advanced to the left of the railroad and the

Kansas regiment moved forward to the right, north of Malolos. They had with them a long supply train with two armed cars in front, carrying two Gatlings and Colt's rapid fire guns and the 6-pounder which did such execution at the capture of Malolos. The insurgents attempted to destroy the railroad bridge outside of Calum-

pit and succeeded in badly warp ng the iron frame work. As soon as the soldiers left the Philippino capital, the natives began flocking, in as they did at Santa Cruz before the last boat of General Lawton's expedition had sailed

Our army is compelled to abandon all towns when an onward movement is commenced because of insufficient men to garrison to m. This gives the Philippino leade a framework upon which and congested. DeWitt's Little Early to spin stories of American defeat. The American commanders have left great stores of rice at Malolos, which they have been distributing to the natives and Chinamen daily, of whom there were 200 to 300, nearly all of whom remained during the occupation, but who followed the American army

out of the place or took trains going into Manila, fearing that the rebels would kill them. These refugees included some of the wealthiest citizens Major Mulford, of General Lawton's staff, is in command of the Nebraska

objective point is the insurgent town of Calumpit, lying about eight miles northwest of Malelos. It was here that

the insurgents concentrated after be-

ing driven out of their capital, setting

up a new capital and making it the

base of their operations. In moving

on this stronghold General Otis pro-

poses to conduct two distinct opera-

Arthur, has for its purpose pushing straight forward from Malolos along

the railroad and striking at Calumpit from the south. The second one is un-

der Major General Lawton, who, with

The first, under General Mc-

This is a development of the Phoenix ANOTHER IMPORTANT MOVE. lection riots last November, Washington, April 24,-Information received at the war department indicates that General Otis is about to exe-Little Early Risers will never have cute another important movement, the minal features of which are shown by anything else. They are the "famous | little pills" for torpid liver and all irtoday's press advices from Manila. The

regularities of the system. R. R. Bel-The Nashville En Route to St. Louis Natchez, Miss., April 24.-The gunboat Nashville, en route to St. Louis, will depart for the north at 6 o'clock a. m. tomorrow. She arrived here at o'clock last evening. Today was devoted to a carriage drive and luncheon, and tonight a grand reception was given the officers by the Prentiss Club, the leading social organization of the city.
The ship was thrown open to the visitors today and her decks were jammed

ease without disturbing the disease itself. Place your confidence in DeWitt's hundreds of acres of cane and corn.

Witch Hazel Salve. It has never failed All plantations of the richest plantations, inundating only anti-septic application with a and military strategists look upon it as another effort to flank the insurgents,

PUSIONISTS SCHEMING

To Deprive Democrats of Securing Control of the Agricultural Department. Before the Corporation Commission

(Special to The Messenger.) Raleigh, N. C., April 24.-Before the corporation commission there was argument for the reduction of the mini mum car load of fertilizers to ten tons, John S. Cunningham, T. B. Parker, business agent of the state farmers' alliance, and R. H. Battle urging that it be made; while on the side of the railways and against the reduction there was argument by T. M. Emerson for the Coast Line; Glover, for the Seaboard Air Line; W. A. Guthrie and Powell, for the Norfolk and Western, and Smith and Browder for the Southern. Petition was made by J. L. Wil son for a depot at Cerro Gordo.

Three new lodges of Masons have been organized thus far this year. A secret and special meeting of the old state board of agriculture was held ing. No notices were sent out by the travel, so his force may be engaged ways meet prior to the board meetand manipulator of the meeting is Hill E. King, and that J. L. Ramsey and partment, personally visited each fulittle is known here. Norzagay is a considerable town, and it is thought defy the legislature and hold office, as they are pledged to secrecy; but it is Calumpit. Along it are scattered found that they have arranged to prevent the democrats from taking posthrough a populous country. It is an session June 15th. They last Friday agricultural locality with extensive rice or Saturday had new locks put on the by the military information board The excuse for this was that there were too many keys; that there must be only It is hardly thought, however, two, one for John R. Smith and the other for J. L. Ramsey. The old board rather that he will leave the road when earing Calumpit so as to strike the the last legislative session, dhich added fifteen members to the board. One is that the new members did not take nent is being followed with great inpast twenty years this was never done. as it is on a considerably larger scale The other contention is that the legisthan the brush clearing, which has been in progress most of the time of lature, while it had a right to increase nembers, had no right to so increase it as to give the democrats control. sionists in their act of 1897 said their the Borbarity of Sam Hose's Execus purpose was to take control from the Savannah, Ga., April 24.-The press democrats and put it in the fusionists' and people of this city condemn in un- hands. The fusionists have by law only measured terms the horrible lynching of Sam-Hose at Newman yester-The Morning News says: "The lynchthat of Lineberry, but when asked if he ing will send a thrill of horror through

was in keeping with the spirit of a ed to answer, saying he could not tell savage rather than a; civilized and until tomorrow. The fact is Bryan Christian community. It provokes a Grimes can claim Brady's place tomerspirit that is likely to lead to other The Press says that the affair "wil It is said that it is the plan of these ando the work that friends of the fusionists tomorrow to elect officers, state have been doing for years. It will and that John R. Smith and J. L. Ramdissipate and scatter to the winds the efforts that have been patiently making sey and other members of the present show that Georgia offers to the home outfit are to be elected. It is not the eeker the model abode in a state where proper time for election, but, of course, nature, art and humanity are all unitthey care nothing for that, their only City Attorney Adams says: "It is purpose being to forestall the demonspeakably horrible and shameful. crats at the regular election June 15th. 'he men who mutilated their victim Smith and Ramsey were very submisand after burning him, cut up the solid leces of his flesh and bones as sousive when the legislature was here, only enirs have given a lesson in savagery asking to be allowed to remain in unand barbarity to the most savage and parbarous. If they had only aten some til June 15th. The democratic law prof the cooked flesh they would have vides that Smith and Ramsey, as well ompleted the picture and made the as all the directors, shall serve out Judge T. Moorwood, of the city, court said: "The whole thing is the horrible to think of. I do not want to talk their terms. The decision in the Day to change their note. The fact is, they about it. It is terrible in all hideousexpect a decision by the supreme court Colonel George Mercer said: "Such tomorrow in the Atlantic and North an offense as this cannot be condoned Carolina railway case and count on r too severely condemned. I believe its being in favor of Patrick, the fusionthat the killing of this negro at Newman was the most horrible barbarity ist. If it is adverse it is said they will not make fight, but they are not ex-Pneumonia, la gripps, coughs, colds, pecting it to be adverse. John R. Smith croup and whooping cough readily yield has been declaring loudly he was going

proposed to hold over or thought he

was a member of the poard, he declin-

Charleston, S. C., April 24.-Deputy old board, while Battle & Mordecar are ollector of Internal Revenue J. H. attorneys on the democratic side. Fordham, seized 106,900 cigars from The state superintendent of public inwholesale and retail merchants of this struction has returned from a visit to city today. The boxes which carried the negro normal schools at Elizabeth illegal stamps were all sent out by a City and Plymouth. He finds the forfactory at Lancaster, Pa. No charge mer superior to the latter, but both s brought against the merchants who

out June 14th and would make no fight.

He also said last Friday that the old

and T. M. Argo are attorneys for the

and the goods in stock. The cigars need improvements. The state charters the Transylvania Railroad Company, with \$325,000 capital. The company has bought the Hendersonville and Brevard railway, twenty-one miles long, and will extend it to cigars from the Jacks Factory, They Estatoe, Transylvania county, ten New Castle, Pa., men are owners.

States revenue authorities today seized stamped eigars in this city. They were bins Manufacturing Company, Goldsboro, with \$12,000 capital. It will make cotton and woolen fabrics. Henry

Weill and others are cwners. In the superior court here today there was a decision in the old case of A. B. Young and others, directors of the penitentiary, against the defunct North Carolina Phosphate Company, of Cas-Risers will cure you promptly, pleas- the Haynes. The court orders that antly and permanently by removing

\$8,981 be distributed among the credducts to open and flow naturally. They | itors.

Maryland Defeats Bingham (Special to The Messenger.

ham's grounds, near Mebane. The con- as testifying to the improved German-People who have once taken DeWitt's test was exciting throughout and was won by Maryland by only three runs, errors and 9 hits; battery, Goodridge ment for Captain Coghlan. and Alexander. Bingham-5 runs, 6 Keith and LeGrand.

Tomorrow Maryland plays the university of Virginia at Charlottesville.

A Disastrous Levec Break

levee gave way early today at a point with the utterance of a solitary offider Major General Lawton, who, with his flying column, is moving far around to the northeast to the large town of Norzagay, from which point he will turn abruptly west toward Calumpit. This undergoing horrible operations that simply remove the results of the disconnection of the clotidal plantation of Barker and Lane. The break quickly widened and the water poured over some control of the clotidal plantations, inundating five miles below Raceland on the bank | cer." by getting behind them at Calumpit, witch Hazel Salve. It has never failed similar to the flank movement which General McArthur attempted to execute you. R. R. Bellam to cure others; it will to cure others; it will to cure others; it will to cure others. miles will suffer a total loss of all cers, sores, cuts, wounds and skin

Against the Language of For Complicity in the to the yard in the rear of Dr. W. S. Zellers' home and hung up to a per-Cranford Crimes Capt. Coghlan

REPLY OF SECRETARY HAY LIGE STRICKLAND LYNCHED

The Secretary Deplores the Use of Such Language by the Commander of the Raleigh, but Says It Does Not Come Within the Province of the State Department-A Case for Naval Discipline-Surprise at Germany Taking

Washington, April 24.-The German government has entered a formal protest against the language used by Captain Coghlan of the Raleigh at the Union League Club banquet in New York lan secretary, either to the members of the Friday night and also his remarks on Staurday night before the Army and

Navy Club. The protest was lodged with Secretary Hay through the German ambassador, Herr von Holleben.

Secretary Hay replied that the language appeared to have been used at a dinner in a club and so could not be regarded as an official or public utterance in the sense that would warrant the state department in acting. However, the navy department was fully competent to take such action as the case seeemed to require.

With this statement, the ambassador was content for the time at least and will doubtless await a reasonable length of time upon the navy depart-

There are semi-official intimations that the ambassador will not so much the United States in dealing with Cogh-The German ambassador stated today that the poem recited by Coghlan was "too nasty to be noticed."

Though relieved from accountability to the state department directly by Secretary Hay's attitude, the navy de- death. partment, as it has been indicated, must deal with the case. Captain not accomplished without a desperate sailors and took possession of the This is in face of the fact that the fu- Coghlan can be called to account on several charges, presuming that he has been correctly reported and he admits the utterances.

he stands mute and the newspaper men prevent the lynching of the negro and tured flags, however, in spite of General nine members, the terms of five having refuse to testify, the navy department expired. John Brady said tonight his can proceed no further. The charges had been assured by the leaders of the term expired March 8th and so did which would most probably be brought against Captain Coghlan if the affair went to court martial, would be conduct unbecoming an officer. It is said that the officer will proceed with deliberation in making any statement he may care to submit to the department. In the meanwhile, unpleasant suggestions are arising as to the embarrassment that might follow the execution of the round of receptions already

planned for the Raleigh. The German ambassador appeared at the state department at noon today for the purpose of making further representations to Secretary Hay touching the conduct of Captain Coghlan so that the utterances of Captain Coghlan at the Army and Navy Club, as published in yesterday evening's paper, were regarded as an additional offense. An dren to weep over the fate they knew be assigned to one of the brigades of effort was made to ascertain whether was in store for the negro. Their cries the United States government intended aroused Major Thomas and that sturto do anything officially in view of sub-

sequent developments in the case. Secretary Hay has not changed his position in any degree. He deprecated the lack of tact and the bad taste shown by Captain Coghlan and he did then ensued, with only the moonlight not hesitate to let that be known to the to brighten the faces of these grim German ambassador, but he still held men, the wierdest and most dramatic that the case was one that required scene this section has ever known. Lige treatment by methods of naval discipline only and with which the state department could not concern itself.

The German ambassador will comnunicate the department's views to the foreign officials at Berlin. The officials in the crime. He replied: "I have told on both sides realize that this episode | you all I know gentlemen. You can kill may grow into a very great source of discord, unless treated discreetly and A STRONG APPEAL FOR THE NEdiscord, unless treated discreetly and cooly. Our officials are somewhat surboard would make no tight. W. H. Day prised at the importance attached to this incident by the German government. It is said that our own government has ignored many utterances of German officers of sentiments far more inimical to the United States than was the talk of Captain Coghlan to Ger-

> After the conference between Secreary Hay and the German ambassador this noon, it was stated in an authoritative quarter that there was no reason to view the Coghlan affair in too serious a light or as presenting grave intercomplications. The two meetings today, it was stated had been you to liberate him. Hold him and if mutually agreeable. The main feature the court adjudges him guilty, hang of the state department conference was in establishing that the Germans expects this government to deal with the Coghlan affair according to the gravity of the offense and the United States in turn gives assurance that every just expectation in this respect will be per-

AS VIEWED IN GERMANY.

Belin, April 24.-It is announced in a semi-official note that the United States secretary of state has expressed to the German ambassador at Washington, his strong disapproval of the "conduct of Captain Joseph B. Coghlan," of the United States cruiser Raleigh.

The afternoon newspapers here con-The railway commission today heard tain few comments on Captain Coghargument in favor of a depot at Conoa calm view of the after dinner speech and consider the incident closed, particularly in view of the semi-official note published here, announcing the strong disapproval of the United States secre-Mebane, N. C., April 24 .- Today, the tary of state with the captain's conduct, university of Maryland played a close coupled with the dinified tone of the to run the Tolberts out of the postoffice. and intensely interesting game of base American press on the subject which ball against Bingham school on Bing- is regarded as being noteworthy and

> The Vossische Zeitung, is an exception to the rule and pronounces itself the score being: Maryland-8 runs, 6 in favor of demanding severe punish-In official circles the Coghlan incierrors and 8 hits; battery, Mangum, dent is regarded mildly as an "express-

American relations.

sion of wine humor." A representative of the foreign office said to the correspondent of the Associated Press here: The American government has promptly and efficiently done all we could reasonably expect. This alone, Raceland, La., April 24.-Notwith- even if it were not for other indicawithstanding strenuous efforts by the tions, show us that the American govpeople of the LaFourche valley, the ernment has in no way identified itself

> Little, neglected scratches and wounds frequently result in blood poisdiseases. R. R. Bellamy. 3. 京市 新文 T 多过线和

Lige Strickland Lynched on the Statement of Sam Hose That He Had Paid the Latter to Kill Cranford-The Brave Efforts of Colonel Thomas to Save the Man From the Hands of the Mob-The Negro Declares His Inno-

Palmetto, Ga., April 24.-The body of Lige Strickland, the negro preacher who was implicated in the Cranford murder by Sam Hose, was found swinging to the limb of a tree within mile and a quarter of this place earteday. Before death was allowed to end the sufferings of the negro, his ears were cut off and the small finger of his left hand was severed at the

second joint. These trophies were in Palmetto today On the chest of the negro was a plece bloodstained paper attached by an Dewey ordinary pin. On one side of this paper was written: "New York Journal-We Must Protect Our Ladies, 23-99."

The other side of the paper contained warning to the negroes of the neighorhood. It read as follows; "Beware All Darkies. You will be Treated the

Before being finally lynched Strickand was given a chance to confess to the misdeeds of which the mob supposed him to be guilty, but he protested his innocence to the end. Three times the noose was placed around his neck and the negro was drawn up off the ground; three times he was let concern himself with the course of down and told that death was in store Captain Coghlan as with the course of for him should he fail to confess his complicity in the Cranford murder. Three times Strickland proclaimed his innocence, until, weary of useless torturing, the mob pulled on the rope and ied the end around the slender trunk of a tree. Not a shot was fired by the

The lynching of Lige Strickland was effort on the part of his employer to save his life. The man who pleaded for the negro is Major W. W. Thomas, an ex-state senator, and one of the most distinguished citizens of Coweta As in Commodore Meade's case, if county. He did all in his power to did not discontinue his efforts until he mob that the negro would be taken t jail at Milburn. One mile from where this promise was made Lige Strickland was hanged. The negro was a tenant on the plantation of Major Thomas.

When Sam Hose, the murderer of Alfred Cranford and the assailant of his wife, made his confession imme liately prior to his burning he implicated Lige Strickland, Hose contend ng that he had been offered money by Strickland to kill Cranford. It was known positively, however, that Hose and made false statements in his last regard his statement in regard to cisco in a few days.

Late Sunday night about fifteen men went to the plantation of Major Thomas and took Lige Strickland from the little cabin in the woods that he called home, and left his wife and five childy old gentleman followed the lynchers in his buggy, accompanied by his son, William M. Thomas, determined to save, if possible, the life of his plantation darkey. He overtook the lynchers with their victim at Palmetto and Strickland was halted directly opposite the telegraph office. The noose was its report. adjusted around his neck and the end of the rope was thrown over a tree. Strickland was told he had a chance before dying to confess his complicity

GRO'S LIFE. The negro's life might have been ended then but for the arrival of Major Thomas, who leaped from his buggy and asked for a hearing. He asked th crowd to give the negro a chance for his life here on the streets of Palmette

"Gentlemen, this negro is innocent Hose said Lige had promised to give him \$20 to kill Alfred Cranford and I believe Lige has not had twenty dol lars since he has been on my place He has never done any of you any harm and now I want you to promise me that you will turn him over to the bailiff of this town in order that he may be given a hearing. I do not ask

To this the mob replied that Strick land had inflamed the negroes in the neighborhood and had a bad reputation, having been run from East Point several years ago. Major Thomas reminded the mob that the negro had voluntarily told of seeing Hose on the night of the murder. A man of the mob replied that Strickland had done this in cunningness of his guilt to establish his own innocence. There were some, however, who agreed with Major Thomas, and after a discussion a vote was taken which was supposed to mean life or death to Strickland. The vote to let him live was unanimous. Major Thomas then retired some distance and the mob was preparing to take Strickland in a wagon to New-

man, when a member of the mob cried out: "We have got him here; let's keep! This again aroused the mob and a messenger was sent to advise Major Thomas to leave Palmetto for his own grounds, but the old gentleman was not frightened. He drew himself up and said emphatically: "I have never before been ordered to leave a town and I am not going to leave this one.' And then the major, uplifting his hand to give his words force, said to the messenger: "Tell them that the muscles in my legs are not trained to running; tell them that I have stood the fire and heard the whistle of the minnies from a thousand Yankee rifles and am not frightened by this crowd."

Major Thomas was not molested. Then, with the understanding that Lige Strickland was to be delivered to the jailer at Fairburn, Major Thomas saw the negro he had pleaded for led off to his death. The mob took the negro to a grove near the home of Marshal J. J. Givens, of this place, and tary Wilson will spend a week in South again the noose was adjusted around Carolina.

his neck. He was hauled off the ground but was let down to allow him to confess. He refused to do so and the lynchers were about to haul him up again when the son of Marshal Givens came upon the scene and asked that the lynching not occur near his father's home. The negro was then taken simmon tree and left hanging. A coroner's jury held an inquest over the body this evening and rendered the usual verdict: "Death at the hands o parties unknown."

Another mob is hunting the country for Albert Sewell, who has made himself obnoxious by remarks concerning the treatment given the negroes by the whites. There is no prospect of his capture, however, as he has had a day's start of his pursuers.

THE CAPTURE OF ILOILO

Cause of Contention Between Naval and Army Officers—Last Session of the Beef Court

Washington, April 24.-Captain G. F. F. Wilde, United States navy, of the United States steamer Boston, has protested against the promotion of Colonel Miller, to be a brigadier general as reward for the capture of Iloilo. it appears that this capture was ef-

fected entitely by naval forces under command of Captain Wilde, and that it was not until after the capture had been effected that the place was turned over to Colonel Miller, who up to that time had nothing to do with its cap-

Captain Wilde's protest comes too late to be effective, as Colonel Miller was promoted a brigadier general February 15th in recognition of his services in the capture of Iloilo and was retired in that grade March 27th by operation of law on account of age. He was in command of the expedition sent from Manila for the capture of Iloilo and the cruiser Boston and Petrel were sent with him to render assistance. While the versels of the expedition were lying off the port, the natives began to strengthen their defences and fired several shots at the Petrel, which vessel was anchored nearest the shore. The commander of that small warship gan to strengthen their defences and asked and received permission of Captain Wilde of the Boston to respond. At this time, according to naval advices, Gen. Miller's army transports were far out in the roadstead. Without communicating with General Miller, the two warships opened fire on the mob. Strickland was strangled to shore batteries and soon silenced them.

lieutenant Niblack, of the Boston landed with a battalion of marines and town. They captured the insurgents' flags on the governor's house and on the batteries and turned the city over to General Miller on his arrival, an hour or so later. They kept the cap-Miller's demand for them. This is the naval story of the battle of Iloilo. The official report of that engagement first received in Washington was made by General Miller to the war depart-

ment and simply announced the surrender of that city to the American forces under his command without going into particulars. Acting upon this report and in view f the fact that General Miller had but a few weeks more to serve on the active list, the president appointed him to a vacancy then existing in the list of brigadier generals. confession and many of those who ald- He is now on his way home from Mared in his burning were disposed to dis-nila, and is expected to reach San Fran-Suits Made to Order at \$25.00 The president has appointed Colonel

James F. Smith, of the First California volunteer regiment, a brigadier general of volunteers. The regiment is now in the Philippines. General Smith will General Otis' army.

LAST SESSION OF THE BEEF COURT.

The Wade court of inquiry appointed o investigate the allegations made by Major General Miles in his testimony before the war investigating commission, concerning the meat furnished the army during the late war with Spain, held its last open session today and is now engaged upon the preparation of

The court has been in session almost ten weeks and, in addition to the daily hearings given in this city for several weeks, sessions have been held in Chicago, Omaha and Kansas City, to afford the members of the court an apportunity to personally inspect the canning houses. Several hundred witnesses have been examined, most of whom have been officers and enlisted men in the regular, or volunteer services, and over four hundred pages of testimony have been submitted. This morning the court decided not

o accept a report made by Lieutenant Colonel Garlington, of the inspector general's office. This deport had been transmitted to General Miles through Inspector General Breckenridge. The report goes extensively into the report of men without drawing any general conclusi

The board in explanation of their refusal to accept this report in evidence, gave out the following statement: The report of the investigation conducted by Lieutenant Colonel Garlington, inspector general, under the order of the major general commanding, contains the result of an inquiry carried on in the same places as this court." In the afternoon session, before Major Lee, who has been Major General Miles' representative, summed up for his side, he read a brief statement from Inspector General Breckinridge, Major Reid and Lieutenant Colonel Garlington as to their individual ob-

More Arrests in the Counterfeiting Case Philadelphia, April 24.-The climax n the gigantic counterfeit conspiracy which was brought to light here last week was reached today when former United States District Attorney Ellery P. Ingham, of this city, and Deputy Internal Revenue Collector Samuel B. Downey, of Lancaster, Pa., were arested by United States secret service officers charged with aiding the counterfeiters in their efforts to flood the ountry with bogus treasury notes and nternal revenue tobacco stamps.

Secretary Wilson to Visit South Carolina Washington, April 24.-Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture, left today for a trip into South Carolina. He will act as one of the judges at an inter-collegiate contest in oratory at Due West, on the 28th, participated in by six colleges, each represented by a champion selected from the student body of the college. Secre-

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