

For People Who Think **Everything** For People Who Think

BY AL FAIRBROTHER SUBSCRIPTION \$1.00 A YEAR, SINGLE COPIES 5 CENTS SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1917. ON SALE AT THE NEWS STANDS AND ON TRAINS ESTABLISHED MAY, 1902.

3 KILLED; 11 WOUNDED AND 11 MISSING IS OFFICIAL REPORT—MANY DEAD FROM SHELLS FIRED FROM TEUTONIC GUNS

American Artillery Fire Has Been Heavy Lately and There is Good Reason to Believe Germans Have Suffered Great Losses—One Shell From the German Side Causes Several Casualties in American Trenches.

REVISED CASUALTY LIST.

Washington, Nov. 15.—A revised report from General Pershing today on the German raid on American trenches November 2, puts the killed at three, the wounded at 11 and the missing at 11. The first report was three killed, five wounded and 12 missing.

First Lieutenant William H. McLaughlin is added to the list of wounded. Private William P. Grigsby, of Louisville, Ky., previously reported a prisoner in the hands of the Germans, is among the wounded also.

The list of three killed is unchanged, but the following others are added to the wounded:

Private Lester C. Smith: R. A. Smith, R. F. D., No. 5, Concord, N. C.

Private Louis A. Deifer: Mother, Mrs. Catherine Deifer, Sullivan, Ind.

Private Paul W. Fann: George W. Fann, Sarona, Wis.

Private George Wesley: Miss Margarette Welch, Dayton, Ky.

The following are added to the list of missing and probably captured:

Private Clyde I. Grimsley: Frank Grimsley, Stockton, Kas.

Private Hoyt D. Decker: W. F. Decker, Vincennes, Ind.

The casualty reported as Private Harry R. Langham, should be Private Harry R. Launchman, Ada Launchman, Chicago, Ill.

The war department issues this statement:

"The war department has received the following corrected list of the casualties resulting from the German raid before daylight November 3, upon the salient occupied by a company of American infantry. This revised list shows our losses to have been three killed, 11 wounded and 11 missing. The additions to the original list of wounded include First Lieutenant William H. McLaughlin and five privates. One of the latter, Private William P. Grigsby, was originally listed as missing. Private Dewey D. Kern, previously listed as missing, has been accounted for, and is no longer among the casualty. The name given as "Private Keckon," unidentified previously on the missing list, does not appear on the revised list. The wounded are reported as doing well."

With the American Army in France, Wednesday, Nov. 14.—A number of American soldiers have been killed or wounded in the recent shelling of the American trenches by the Germans. One shell, which dropped into a trench, caused several casualties.

The American artillery fire has been heavy recently, and there is good reason to believe that it has accounted for a considerable number of the enemy.

No casualty list of the American troops under German shellfire, as reported in news dispatches today, has been received by the war department.

Six Passengers Hurt In Wreck at Knoxville

Fog Causes Heavy Locomotive to Crash Into Rear Car of Train.

Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 15.—Six passengers in the Carolina Special, running from Cincinnati to Charleston, S. C., were slightly injured in a rear-end collision in the local yards of the Southern Railway early today. Due to a dense fog, a locomotive crashed into the rear of the fast train, which was standing still. Those injured were:

Mrs. M. E. Conway, Carthage, Ind.

Walter Stanton, Johnson City, Tenn.

Henry Spence, Sumter, S. C.

W. K. Hill, Greer, S. C.

Fred Schumaker, Columbia, S. C.

Rosie Weisman, negro, Columbia.

Third of Y. M. C. A. 13 Million Campaign Has Been Accounted For

Eastern Department, Including New York State, Takes the Lead.

New York, Nov. 15.—Approximately \$12,000,000, more than a third of the \$35,000,000 designated as the minimum amount to be raised throughout the country for the Y. M. C. A. war work fund, has already been subscribed. It was announced here by the national war works council today.

Returns from the six districts into which the country has been divided show that the eastern department including New York and eastern seaboard states, leads with more than \$5,000,000.



EDGAR M. HALVBURTON.

Eight years in the United States Army. His home town was Stony Point, N. C. His father's comment when he heard the news was, "The Germans never got Ed without a fight; Ed is the fighting kind, I'm sure." Private John P. Lester, twenty-nine years of age, enlisted at Tutwiler, Miss., and is a son of the Rev. William C. Lester, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church there. Private Charles L. Orr is one of the four reported wounded in the fight for the trench. His mother, Mrs. F. Regnell, of Lyons, Kan., said she was glad to know her boy was not killed in action while defending the flag he loves so well.

RICHTHOFEN IS NOT FRIGHTENED AT NEW MOVE OF AMERICANS

Tries to Seem Unconcerned Over Report of Aviation Contingent.

Copenhagen, Nov. 15.—Captain Baron von Richthofen, Germany's leading aviator, expresses himself as unconcerned over the reported preparation to place 20,000 American aviators on the western front. He believes it will be impossible to get together that many trained pilots as the training is long and costly and involves heavy casualties.

Lieutenant General von Ardenne of the Berliner Tageblatt who reports this conversation with von Richthofen at the Flanders front, adds that the German air service, which evidently has been forewarned by newspaper discussion of the American plans, is steadily increasing the number of aviators and machines.

German fighting aeroplanes, General von Ardenne says, now carry wireless receiving outfits which enable them to engage in combat promptly with enemy fliers. This is necessitated by new conditions on the Flanders front where whole squadrons of allied machines can appear over the German lines in a surprisingly short time. German squadrons starting from the ground to meet the invaders would be too late so they must constantly be in the front lines either flying or ready for flight.

General von Ardenne discusses various developments of the Flanders fighting, among them the decrease in the use of hand grenades which in close fighting are as dangerous to friends as to foes. They are being displaced by light machine guns and special units whose task is to seek out enemy batteries by sight or hearing. The muzzle flash of a gun, he says, is observed by from three to five stations connected by telephone and the position of the gun is determined easily. Special apparatus has been designed to determine the distance and direction from which the sound of a cannon's discharge comes.

Food Experts Resign Because of Division On Question of Meat

Gifford Pinchot and E. C. Lassiter Quit Duties With Hoover.

Washington, Nov. 15.—Resignations of Gifford Pinchot and E. C. Lassiter, a Texas cattle raiser, have been accepted as members of the food administration's organization. They have been serving as voluntary aids to Food Administrator Herbert Hoover.

Mr. Pinchot and Mr. Lassiter resigned, it was said, at the food administration today, because they differed with the administration officials as to how the meat situation should be handled. Both contained the packing industry try be taken over and operated by the government, and that the cotton seed crop be taken so that cottonseed meal cake could be sold to cattle growers at low prices.

GERMAN MACHINERY.

Santos, Brazil, Nov. 15.—Pieces of machinery removed from German steamships before they were requisitioned by Brazil, amounting to about ten tons of metal, have been discovered by the police of Santos. They are being taken from their hiding places and will be used on the former German ships.

BOLSHEVIKI ISSUES A PROCLAMATION WITH DENIAL OF DEFEATS

Kerensky Has Circulated False Rumors Regarding Troops, Leader Says.

TROOPS IN GOOD HUMOR One Report From Stockholm Declares Petrograd Is In Flames.

Stockholm, Wednesday, Nov. 14.—Lieutenant General Nouravieff, commander of the forces defending Petrograd, according to an undated dispatch from Haparanda, to the Dagbladet, has issued the following proclamation:

"Kerensky has circulated a false rumor that the troops in Petrograd have gone over voluntarily to the provisional government. The troops of the free Russian people are not retiring and are not surrendering. They only have evacuated Gatchina in order to avoid useless bloodshed and take a defensive position nearer Petrograd. The position now is strong enough to resist forces ten times as strong as Kerensky's. Our troops are in the best of spirits. Order and calm prevail in Petrograd."

Beside the cruiser Aurora the warships Sargis and Svoboda, the training ship Arrika and six torpedo boats of the Baltic fleet have arrived from Oelingsfors and anchored in the Neva near the Nicholas bridge, in the center of Petrograd, whence they can bombard the entire capital. Their crews are made up of Bolsheviki."

London, Nov. 15.—According to press reports from Stockholm travelers who arrived yesterday evening in Taparaha, Sweden, from Finland, say rumors are current there that Petrograd is in flames.

Washington, Nov. 15.—The government still was without further official advice today from Russia. The last received on Saturday, dated November 8, were far behind the news dispatches of that time.

The latest information to the state department on the Russian situation came through Stockholm last Tuesday and reported the Bolsheviki in control of Petrograd.

Dispatches of later developments however, have since come through in news cables.

London, Nov. 15.—Two thousand persons had been killed in street fighting in Moscow up to noon Tuesday, according to reports brought by travelers arriving at the Russo-Swedish frontier, as forwarded in press dispatches from Stockholm.

Asheville Gets Next Meeting Sou. Medical Association Officers

Dr. Lewellyn Barker, of Johns Hopkins University, Elected President.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 15.—Dr. Lewellyn F. Barker, professor of clinical medicine at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md., was elected president of the Southern Medical Association at the final business session today of the eleventh annual meeting of the association. Asheville, N. C., was selected as the 1918 convention city.

Other officers elected were Dr. William H. Deardrick, Hot Springs, first vice president; Dr. T. C. Holloway, Hazard, Ky., second vice president, and Dr. Seale Harris, Birmingham, Ala., secretary-treasurer. Dr. Harris, who now is serving in the medical corps of the army, was granted leave of absence and Dr. J. R. Garber, Birmingham, was appointed acting secretary. Dr. M. G. Dabney, of Birmingham, was named to act as editor of the Southern Medical Journal, a position which Dr. Harris also held during the latter's absence. Dr. H. H. Martin, Savannah, Ga., was elected chairman of the executive council and C. P. Lorenz, of Birmingham, was re-appointed business manager of the association.

MAJOR SIBERT'S FIFTH SON IN THE ARMY

With the American Army in France, Nov. 14.—Major General Sibert's fifth son is now in the army. Two of his sons are captains, one is a lieutenant and one a West Point cadet, and the general instructed his fifth and youngest son to keep away from the present. He has been advised, however, that his youngest son felt that he could not keep out of the army no longer. He has just enlisted as a private.

Indications in today's official news from the Italian front are that the Italian line is still holding on the Piave and on the critical Trentino front while the straightening out process is being continued along the salient between the upper Piave and the Sugana valley on the edge of the Trentino district.

Berlin's statement reports no change along the lower Piave where the Italian reports have shown attempts by the Austro-German forces to pierce the river line and compel its abandonment and the consequent loss of Venice by the Italians. It has been pointed out that every day this line is held counts heavily in Italy's favor, as the Anglo-French contingent in Italy will soon be on the fighting line to support the Italian army.

The Rome war office statement today throws a still more favorable light on the situation from the entente viewpoint. The frustration of new attempts by the invaders to cross the Piave is reported, while the comparatively small parties which previously had secured a footing on the west side of the river have been held fast virtually in their tracks.

Continuation of the German advance is announced in the hill region south of Fonzaso and Feltré where Rome concedes the retirement of German posts to previously prepared positions. It is in this section that the Italian line forms an awkward salient in its east and west extension from the Piave, and there have been indications for several days that the Italians were drawing out of it.

Berlin makes no claim to further advances in the Trentino where the Italians are holding the hill region safely so far against the threat of the drive aimed at the Venetian plain to outflank the Piave line.

American soldiers have carried out a successful ambush of a German party in No Man's Land on the western front, killing and wounding a number of the enemy while German shells have caused a number of casualties in the American lines.

An American patrol one night recently lay in the mud in wait for an enemy party for which they had arranged an ambush. A German detachment of more than twice the size of the American party fell into the trap. The enemy troops were surprised and did not stop to fight, scurrying away

A MUCH NEEDED LESSON BY THE "SCHOOLMASTER"



"Look at a map of Germany's dominion. I saw a map the other day appropriately printed in black, and the black stretched all the way from Hamburg to Bagdad. If she can keep that, her power can disturb the world always, provided present influences, in the country and the government, can still control. Germany is determined that political power of the world shall belong to her."—PRESIDENT WILSON.

ITALIAN LINE HOLDS AGAINST HEAVY ASSAULTS FROM AUSTRO-GERMANS—NO CHANGE REPORTED IN BERLIN REPORTS

American Soldiers Carry Out Successful Ambush Attack on Germans.

U-BOATS LOSE GROUND Reports Persist That Kerensky Has Gained Control of Capital.

with their dead and wounded. The Americans suffered no casualties.

The American artillery firing on the German sector is becoming more active and the Germans have been shelling our trenches heavily. A number of Americans have been killed or wounded, one shell which dropped into a trench causing several casualties. American artillerymen also have been belaboring the Germans strongly and it is believed their shells have claimed quite a few victims.

Germany's submarine campaign apparently is losing its effectiveness as British losses during the past week were only one ship over 1,600 tons and fixed under that weight. This was the poorest week the submarines have had since the beginning of ruthless warfare in February. The lowest previous week was that ending on November 7, when 1 vessels, including eight of more than 1,600 tons, were lost. The best week for the Germans was that ending April 22, when 55 vessels—40 of more than 1,600 tons— and 15 of the lesser category—were sent down.

Although Petrograd has not been in communication with the Nystad cable station in Finland for several days, from Scandinavian reports persist that Premier Kerensky has gained control of the capital. Reports come also from Sweden that the Bolsheviki maintain their hold on Petrograd and are preparing for a stout resistance against the forces of Kerensky and Generals Korniloff and Kaledines, of Atlanta.

In Moscow the Bolsheviki apparently have been overpowered, an unofficial report received in Copenhagen being to the effect that General Korniloff has taken the Kremlin where the extremists were besieged several days ago. Another rumor says that Siberia has announced independence and proclaimed former Emperor Nicholas as emperor.

The proposed new inter-allied war council has provoked a near crisis in British politics. Challenged in the house of commons yesterday to explain his Paris speech on the needs for such a council Premier Lloyd-George read the terms of the agreement which, he declared, made it clear that he council was merely advisory. Formal debate on the interpellation will begin in the house next Monday. Negotiations for the formation of a new French cabinet are proceeding.

Bishop Gurry Elected President of Synod

Charleston, Nov. 15.—Right Rev. William A. Gurry, bishop of South Carolina, has been elected president of the Episcopal synod of Sewanee, now in session here, with delegates attending from nine states. Bishop Gurry will fill out the unexpired term of the late Bishop Nelson, of Atlanta. Bishop Weed, of Florida, has been acting president. The Rev. Mercer P. Logan, of St. Paul's church, Charleston, was re-elected secretary and T. H. Nickerson, of Athens, Ga., treasurer.

FLORIDA MAN KILLED.

Ottawa, Nov. 15.—The name of F. E. Harrison, of St. Augustine, Fla., is included among the wounded in today's Canadian casualty list.

SUBMARINE TERRORS GONE DECLARES WAR EXPERT IN INTERVIEW

British Can Stay in and Americans Can Come In, He Says.

New York, Nov. 15.—Arthur Pollen, noted British war expert, has made the following statement to the Associated Press on the submarine war: "Anything unsatisfactory in the military and political situation in Europe is balanced by the extraordinary news that the German submarine campaign has broken down altogether. The submarine is defeated. This is the most momentous event since the United States declared war. It means we can all stay in and that America can really come in."

"Six months ago shipping was being destroyed, according to some authorities at a rate of nine million tons per annum. Had this loss continued as the Germans had the right to expect, not military victory, but a peace that would mean something much less than defeat. This was Germany's only hope and it was the allies' only anxiety. For every one, including the German high command, knew that with sea communication reasonably safe the military defeat of the German army was certain."

"In the first fortnight of November the rate of losses of British tonnage of ships was greater than 1,600 tons, each has fallen to about one million tons a year. The present shipbuilding capacity of Great Britain alone can make this loss good in less than eight months. At the rate America, Great Britain and Japan are striving to attain, we should replace this loss in less than eight weeks. The rate of loss for the last week is actually less than the annual toll of wrecks in peace times. It is not to be expected that losses can remain as high as they must fluctuate. But they should never cause us serious uneasiness again."

"We may be sure there will be a reaction of optimism. For Germany's defeat at sea is final, universal and permanent, whereas Germany's successes on land are local, partial and temporary. And her defeat at sea means that America's share in the war can be and will be decisive."

TO SUE FOR BREACH LIKKER CONTRACT

Citizen Who Wants Even Handed Justice Regarding What Happens.

A well intentioned citizen of Greensboro was very indignant yesterday and was talking of getting a lawyer to sue on a contract he had made. He didn't see very far into his case, but just far enough to imagine a great wrong had been done him.

He stated the case to a reporter in substantially the following manner: Five weeks ago I gave a man in the county six dollars in cash, and he agreed to bring me a gallon of corn liquor because he refused to do an illegal act? Would it be taking money under false pretense to undertake to commit an illegal act? Lots of quibs and quibbles in this thing, and after the citizen looks a little further the chances are that he will not sue.

In telling Squire Collins about this case the squire said that not long ago a citizen came to him with a trunk check and claimed that the Southern railway had lost his trunk, and as it was full of likker he wanted to sue for it. He said the likker had cost him a dollar and a half a quart and he wasn't going to lose it. Whereupon Squire Collins advised his client to go slow. If he proved in court that he had such a precious cargo, bringing it into any dry territory he would perhaps get into federal court, and he had better take his loss uncomplainingly. The instinct to sue the company was finally banished, and no suit was brought.

HOOPER IS INTERESTED.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 15.—Food Administrator Hoover is about to interest himself in the oyster in an effort to keep down prices. Announcement to this effect was made today by the New Jersey board of shell fisheries, which declared complaints had recently been received that profiteers, taking advantage of the fact that housewives have been substituting oysters for meat to a greater extent than ever, had boosted prices far beyond what was necessary.