NORTH CAROLINA PROHIBITIONIST.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE PROHIBITIONISTS IN NORTH CAROLINA

VOL. V.

GREENSBORO, N. C., FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 16, 1887.

hildren may be thrown into some such trait. He who is in a Christian manner hos-

pitable has a free pass through all Christen-

dom. It may be that you will have been dead fifty years before any such stress shall

and trumpets of heaven as the orchestra; the

A Coroner's Evidence. Mr. N. C. Whyte, Coroner of Dublin, says: "The jurors over whom I preside with Chris-

subject, that in an experience of twenty

committed in this city that was not the direct result of drink. And I will also add: Of all

years I have known of not a single hor

NO. 36.

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Greensboro, N. C., March 18th, 1887

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East Market St.,

Opposite Planters' Hotel and U. S. Court House.

DR. TALMAGE.

THE BROOKLYN DIVINESSUNDAY SERMON.

Subject: "How to Treat Company."

TEXT: " Given to Hospitality."-Romans,

a legend told of St. Sebald, that in his Christian rounds he used to stop for entertainment at the heuse of a poor cartwright. Coming there one day, he found the cartwright and his family freezing for the lack of any fuel. St. Sebald ordered the man to go out and break the fcicles from the side of the house and bring them in, and the ticles were brought into the house, and thrown on the hearth, and they began to biaze immediately, and the freezing family gathered around and were warmed by them. That was a legend; but how o'ten have our guests come in to gather up the cold, freezing sorrows of our life, kindling them into illumination, and warmth, and good cheer. He who opens his house to Christian hospitality, turns those who are strangers into friends. Years will go by, and there will be great changes in you, and there will be great changes in them. Some day you will be sitting in loueliness, watching a bereavement, and you will get a letter in a strange handwriting, and you will look at the post-office mark, and say: "Why, I don't know anybody living in that city," and you will breat the envelope, and there you will read the story of thanks for your Christian generosity long years before, and how they have heard afar off of your trootble. And the letter will be so full of kindly reminiscences and Christian condolence, it will be a plaster large enough to cover up all the deep gashes of your soul. When we take people into our sympathies for ever. In Dort, Holland, a soldier with a sword at his side stopped at a house, desiring lodging and shelter. The woman of the house were not at home; but when he showed his credentials that he had been honorably discharged from the army, he was admitted and tarried during the night. In the night time there was a knocking at the front door, and two ruffians broke in tode spoil that household. No sooner had they come over the door sill than the armed guest, who had primed his piece and charged it with slugs, met them, and telling the woman to stand back, I am happy to say, dr TEXT; "Given to Hospitality."—Romans, zii., 13.

There is danger that the multiplication of large and commendation hobels in our towns, and effices, and villages, and which the recognition when he made and with the made that grace which Abenham exhibited when he entertained the angels, and which Line the gate of the city, and which Christ recognized as a positive requisite for entering leaven, when he declarated: "I was a stranger and ye took Me in."

Thropose to speak this morning of the trials and rewards of Caristian hospitality. There are a great many excellent pointed. There are a great many excellent pointed. There are a great many excellent pointed. There are a great many excellent pointed in any house where they stay. On short acquainterview, which make them a positive missane in any house where they stay. On short acquainterview, we will begin to command the household affairs, order the employes to unusual service, keep unsets conside hours, use narcoties in places offensive to sensitive missane they will begin to command the household affairs, order the employes to unusual service, keep unsets considering the command the household affairs order the temployes to unusual service, keep unsets considering the content of the command the household affairs order the temployes to unusual service, keep unsets considering the vice of the command the household affairs or the temployes to the care to compare the property of the command the household affairs or the command the property of the command the household will be commanded to the command the property of the command the household will be commanded to the command the household affairs or the co it is that we find those that have, been our guests become our defenders. We gave them shelter first, and then afterward in the great conflicts of life they fought for our reputation; they fought for our property; they fought for our soul. Another reward that comes from Christian hospitality is in the assurance that we shall have hospitality shown to us and to ours. In the up-turnings of this life, who knows in what city or what land we may be thrown, and how much we may neel an open door! There may come no such cris s to us, but our

you are trying to inculcate in the minds of your children. Perhaps it is to make your home the brighter when they are gone. When our guests are theery, and fascinating,

and elegant, it is very easy to entertain them; but when we find in our guests that

come upon one of your descendants; but do you not suppose that Gol can remember firty years! And the knuckle of the grandis antagonistic to our taste and soutiment, it is a positive trium h when we can obey the words of my text and be "given to hospitality." firty years? And the knuckle of the grand-child will be heard against the door of some child will be heard against the door of some stranger, and that door will open; and it will be talked over in heaven, and it will be said:
"That man's grandfather, fifty years ago, gave shelter to a stranger, and now a stranger's door is open for a grandson."

Among the Greeks, after entertaining and being entertained, they take a piece of lead and dut it in two, and the host takes one-half of the piece of lead and the greet the other Another trial in the using of this grace is in the toil and expense of exercising it. In the well regulated household things go the well regulated household things go smoothly, but now you have introduced a foreign element into the machinery, and though you may stoutly declare that they must take things as they find them, the Martha will break in. The ungovernable stove, the ruined dessert, the joint that proves to be unmasticable, the delayed marketing, the perplexities of a caterer, the difficulty of doing proper work, and yet always being presentable. Though you may say there shall be no care or anxiety, there will be care and there will be anxiety. In 1694 the Captain-General provided a very grand entertainment, and among other things he had a fountain in his garden—a fountain of strong drink. In it were four hogsheads of brandy, eight hogsheads of water, twenty-five thousand lemons, thirteen hunredweight of Lisbon sugar, five pounds of grated nutof the piece of lead and the guest the other half as they part. These two pieces of lead are handed down from generation to generation, and from family to family; and after awhile perhaps one of the families in want or in trouble go out with this one piece of lead and find the other family with the corresponding piece of lead, and no sooner is the tally completed than the old hospitality is aroused, and eternal friendship pledged. So the memory of Christian hospitality will go down from generation to generation, and from family to family, and the tally will never be lost, neither in this world nor the world to come. of the piece of lead and the guest the other world to come. of Lisbon sugar, five pounds of grated nut-meg, three hundred toasted biscuits, and a Mark this: the day will come when we will all be turned out-of-doors, without any ex-

boat built on purpose was placed in the foun-tain, and a boy rowed around it and filled ception—bare foot, bare-head, no water in the canteen, no bread in the haversack, and the cups of the people who came there to be supplied. Well, you say that was a luxwe will go in that way into the future world. And I wonder if eternal hospitalities will open before us, and if we will be received into everlasting babitations? Francis Fres-cobald was a rich Italian, and he was very supplied. Well, you say that was a luxurious entertainment, and of course the man had no anxiety; but I have to tell you, that though you had, or propose, an entertainment like that, you have anxiety. In that very thing comes the Divine reward. We were born to serve; and when we serve others we serve God. The flush on that woman's cheek, as she bends over the hot stove, is as sacred in God's sight as the flush on the cheek of one who, on a hot day, preaches the Gospel. We may serve God with plate, and cutlery, and broom, as certainly as we can serve Him with psalm-book and liturgy. Margaret, Queen of Norway, and Sweden, and Denmark, had a royal cup of ten lips, on which was recorded the names of the guests who had drunk from this cup. And every Christian woman has a royal cup, merciful and very hospitable. One day an Englishman by the name of Thomas Cromwell appeared at his door asking for shelter and alms, which were cheerfully rendered. Frescobald afterward lost all his property, became very poor, and wandered up into England; and one day he saw a pro-cession passing, an lo! it was the Lord Chan-cellor of England; and lo! the Lord Chancellor of England was Thomas Cromwell, the very man whom he had once befriended in Italy. The Lord Chancellor at the first glance of Frescobald, recognized him, and dismounted from his carriage, threw his arms around him, embraced him paid his debts, invited him to his house, and said: "Here are ten pieces of money to pay for the bread you gave me, and here are ten pieces of money to pay for the bread you gave me, and here are ten pieces of money to pay for the bread you gave me, and here are ten pieces of money to pay for the bread you have the horse you heared of the guests who had drunk from this cup. And every Christian woman has a royal cup, on which are written all the names of those who have ever been enteriained by her in Christian style—names not cut by human ingenuity, but written by the hand of a Divine Jesus. But, my friends, you are not to toil unnecessarily. Though the fare be plain, cheerful presidency of the table, and oleanliness of appointments will be good enough for anybody that ever comes to money to provide for the horse you loaned me, and here are four bags, in each of which are four hundred ducats. Take them and be well." So it will be at last with us. If we entertain Christ in the person of His disciples in this world, when we pass up into the next country, we will meet Christ in a regal procession, and He will pour all the wealth of heaven into our lap, and open before us everlasting hospitalities. And O, how tame are the richest entertainments we can give on earth compared with the regal munificence which Christ will display before our souls in heaven! I was reading the account which Thomas Fuller gives of the entertainment provided by George Neville. Among other things for that banquet they had three hundred quarters of wheat, one hundred and four tuns of wine, eighty oxen, three thousand capons, two hundred cranes, two hundred kids, four thousand pigeons, four thousand regard the sand capons, two hundred cranes, two hundred kids, four thousand pigeons, four thousand entertain Christ in the person of His disciples enough for anybody that ever comes to your house. John Howard was invited to the house of a nobleman. He said: "I will come on one condition, and that is, that you have nothing but potatoes on the table." The requisition was complied with. Cyrus, King of Persia, under the same circumstances, prescribed that on the table there were the prescribed that on the table there must be nething but bread. Of course these were extremes, but they are illustrations of the fact that more depends upon the banqueters than upon the banquet. I want to lift this idea of Christian entertainment out of a positive bonders into a clorious independent. tive bondage into a glorious inducement. Every effort you put forth, and every dollar you give to the entertainment of friend or foe, you give directly to Christ. Suppose it were announced that the Lord Jesus Christ would come to this place this week, what woman in this house would not be glad to wash for Him, or spread for Him a bed, or bake bread for Him! There was one of old who washed for Him, drawing the water from the well of her own tears. He is comfort that the lord a glorious inducement. Hundred quarters of wheat, one hundred cranes, two hundred capons, two hundred did kids, four thousand pigeons, four thousand rabbits, two hundred and four bitterns, two hundred pheasants, five hundred quail, one hundred curlews, fifteen hundred hot pasties, four thousand cold venison pasties, four thousand cold venison pasties, four thousand capons, two hundred and four bitterns, two hundred and four bitterns, the hundred quail, one hundred quail, one hundred quail, one hundred cranes, two hundred rabbits, two hundred and four bitterns, the hundred quail, one hundred quail, one hundred quail, one hundred quail, one hundred and four bitterns, the partridges, four thousand cold venison pasties, four thousand cold venison pasties, four thousand cold venison pasties, four thousand capons, two hundred cranes, two hundred and four bitterns, the hundred quail, one hundred capons, four thousand capons, two hundred and four bitterns, the hundred quail, one hundred qua were announced that the Lord Jesus Christ would come to this place this week, what woman in this house would not be glad to wash for Him, or spread for Him a bed, or bake bread for Him? There was one of old who washed for Him, drawing the water from the well of her own tears. He is coming, He will be here to-morrow. "Inasmuch as ye have done it to one of the least of these, my brethren, ye have done it to Me" In picture galleries we have often seen representations of Walter Scott and his friends. that! But then compare it with the provision which God has made for us on high: that great banquet hour; the one hundred and forty and four thousand guests; all the harps

and trumpets of heaven as the orchestra; the vintage of the celestial hills poured into the tankards; all the fruits of the orchards of God piled on the golden platters; the angels of the Lord tor cup-bearers, and the oncefolded starry banner of the blue sky flung out over the scene, while seated at the head Washington Irving with his associates; but all those engravings will fade out, while through everlasting ages, hanging luminous and conspicuous, will be the picture of you and your Christian guests.

You see we have passed out from the trials into the rewards of Christian hospitality; grand, glorious, and eternal. The first reward of Christian hospitality is the Divine ward of Christian hospitality is the Divine wa centuries ago declared: "I was a stranger and ye took Me in." Our sins pardoned, may we all mingle in those hospitalities! benediction. When any one attends to this duty, God's blessing comes npon him, upon his companion, upon his children, upon his dining-hall, upon his parlor, upon his nursery. The blessing comes in at the front door, and the back door, and down through the skylights. God draws a long mark of credit for services received. Christ said to His disciples: "He that receiveth you, re-ceiveth Me; and he that giveth a cup of cold The jurors over whom I preside with Christian charity invariably—where they are not forced to do otherwise by the evidence—render a verdict of 'Death by natural causes,' 'Heart disease,' and so forth; and therefore the Registrar-General's report is made out that way. Now, I say this advisedly and after full consideration of the water in the name of a disciple shall in no wise lose his reward." As we have had so many things recorded against us in heaven, it will be a satisfaction to have written on it will be a satisfaction to have written on unfailing archives, the fact that in the month of May, or June, or September, or December, 1887, we made the blissful mistake of supposing that we were entertaining weak men like ourselves, when lo! they showed their pinions before they left, and we found result of drink. And I will also add: Of all the unfortunates that I have known to be criminally guilty of homicide, and have suffered the last penalties of the law, their conduct was exemplary. They were not men naturally criminal, but, by indulging in drink, they brought themselves to their sad condition."

tions of Walter Scott and his friends, or

Washington Irving with his associates; but

out that they were angels unawares. Another reward comes in the good wishes and prayers of our guests. I do not think one's house ever gets over having had a good man or woman abide there. George White-field used to scratch on the window of the field used to scratch on the window of the room where he was entertained a passage of Scripture, and in one case, after he left, the whole household was converted by the reading of that passage on the window pane. The woman of Shunem furnished a little room over the wall for Elisha, and all the ages have heard the glorious consequences. On a cold, stormy winter night, my father entertaine 1 Trueman Osborne, the evangelist, and through all eternity I will thank God that Trueman Osborne stopped at our house. How many of our guests have brought to use condition."

Mrs. J. M. Cramer, of Chico, Cal., has squandered a handsome fortune in the past two years through ler intemperate habits. Two and a half years ago her husband died and she sought relief from grief in the wine cup. Recently her friends had a guardian appointed for the remnant of her property, which was found to foot up only \$30,000 in cash. Last April she visited Oroville, went on a prolonged debauch and was sentenced to thirty days in the workhouse before her identity was discovered.

HOME RULERS KILLED.

Two Men Shot Dead and Several Others Badly Wounded.

Mitchellstown, Ireland, where the case of the British Government against Mr. William O'Brien, the Irish editor and Home Ruk leader, under the Goercion act, was to have been heard on Friday, was crowded all day with civilians, police and soldiers. Mr. O'Brien did not appear in court to answer the summous. The service of the summons was proved, and the Judge granted a war-rant for Mr. O'Brien's arrest.

rant for Mr. O'Brien's arrest.

An open air indignation meeting was subsequently held. Mr. Henry Labouchere, the London editor, and others made speeches denouncing the British government for its course in regard to Ireland.

A conflict occurred at a meeting which was held in Market square. The police were attempting to protect a government stemographer when a fight took place and the crowd repulsed the police, sixty in number, several of whom were struck with sticks and stones and

whom were struck with sticks and stones and severely injured. The police obtained rein-forcements and returned to the stene. They fired six shots, and two men were instantly killed. Several other persons were wounded. The crowd dispersed. Details of the trouble are as follows:
The meeting in Market square was attended

by 7,000 persons. Messrs. Dillon, Brunner, Labouchere, John Ellis, Gill, Condon and O'Shea were present. A government re-porter, with an escort of police, tried to push to the front. The growd resisted them with sticks and stones. The police then made a charge against the crowd and were repulsed

by men on horseback.

Mr. Condon tried to pacify the crowd. Mr.

Dillon advised them to treat the police with Dillon advised them to treat the police with silent contempt, because home rule was nearly won, and then the Irish forces would be under the control of the people instead of, as now, in the hands of their enemies. The row was renewed, however, and reinforcements of police, who had been driven up from the barracks, fired into the crowd. One man was killed and several others were wounded. One of the wounded has since died. The police next charged and dispersed the crowd.

ispersed the crowd.

Mr. Labouchere was a witzess of the whole scene from a carriage. He asked M Seagrave if a meeting might be held elsewhere without molestation. Seagrave replied that a meeting might be held anywhere outside the town. Then a constable came up and spoke to Seagrave, and the latter im-mediately corrected himself, declining to allow a meeting to be held anywhere.

low a meeting to be held anywhere.

Seagrave was in a hotel when the police fired. Mr. Dillon, Father O'Callaghan and Father O'Connell followed the police and entered the barracks with them. The two priests were put out. Mr. Dillon was inside during the firing. He says that much confusion prevailed, nobody seeming to be in command. Mr. Labouchere arrived later and about the inventor to accordain who fired the asked the inspector to ascertain who fired the shots. The inspector refused to make any

A youth was found who said he could iden-tify the constable who killed Riordan. Dr. Fenton expresses the opinion that Riordan was not killed by a bullet, but by a blow on the head with the muzzle of a carbine.

Fifty-four constables were treated for slight injuries.

The persons killed were an old man named Rierdan, a resident of the locality, and an el-

derly cabman from Fermoy. The injuries received by the police consist of scalp wounds

A BLOW AT DETECTIVES.

Judge Key Gives Them a Warning in Deciding a Case.

Henry Jackson, of Chicago, was brought to Chattanooga, Tonn., recently on a charge of swindling T. M Ewing by selling an alleged worthless trotting horse for \$400. When Ewing found he was swindled ha o'timed the necessary extradition papers and sent Detective Elliott to Chicago to arrest Jackson. An effort to secure his release on a writ of habeas c rpus failed. An appeal was then made to Judge Key, of the United States District Court, and the de-

fendant was discharged. The question brought before the Court was not on the merits of the charge, but on the legality of the arrest. Jackson was arrested on a warrant sworn out under section 5,278 of the United States Revised Statutes, which provides for the extradition of criminals for this class of offenses, and which prescribes that the party arrested must be a fugitive from justice. Jackson was brought to Ten-nessee and it was claimed by his attorneys that his arrest was illegal and that he was not properly in the State, and that the offense with which he was charged was not extra-ditable, inasmuch as he was not a fugitive from justice, having n ver been in the State of Tennessee, and never resided here, where he is brought to be tried. On the point raised Judge Key said that the petition was based upon the Interstate Extradition Law of the United States, and that the petitioners claim that the extradition of Jackson as a fugitive from justice and as a former resident of the State was in violation of the

The Court further ordered that the prisone be unmolested until he could have had a reasonable time to leave the State. In clos-ing his decision Judge Key said: "The duty ing his decision Judge Key said: "The duty of the courts is to protect the citizen. There are, all over the country, organizations springing up calling themselves detective agencies, whose object is not so much the repression of crime as the punishment of criminals, and the courts should be careful and investigate cases worked up by such organizations with great care, to the end that justice and only justice be done.

PURSUING TRAIN ROBBERS.

How a Pair of Banuits Gave the Officers the Slip.

Information just received from Manchaca Texas, is to the effect that the two train robbers supposed to be surrounded in a pasture four miles from Manchaca, never entered the enclosure at all, and the officers found they had been given the slip. Instead of going into the enclosure they succeeded in getting into a creek bottom, down which they traveled several miles, and then hid in the brush until about sundown, when they approached the farm house and bought two approached the farm house and bought two horses and saddles, hats and shoes, saying that they were cattle buyers and had been robbed. They mounted their steeds and rode off in an easterly direction, leading to the dense bottom in the Geaguas, where, it is generally believed, they have friends. generally believed, they have friends.

Another pose secretly left, hoping to intercept them, and later got on their track twenty miles from where they had cut some wire fences. Since then nothing has been heard from them. The governor notified the sheriffs of the counties east to take to the fields and keep a sharp lookout. He is confident that they are the leaders of the train robbers gang and that their capture will bear it up. will break it up.

In Salem, Ill., a flock of 150 sheep were overtaken in their pasture by fire. They at once made for a knoll in the field, and there bunched themselves, with the lambs in the middle, and began moving in a circle, treading the weeds and grass into the dry earth until the fire was out.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

Eastern and Middle States JOCKEY JOSEPH WARDER was thrown them is horse and killed in a steeplechase at the THE POLICE FIRE UPON A LARGE. CROWD IN IRELAND.

> By the careless handling of naphtha the schooler War Eagle, lying at her dock in Chelses, Mass., was blown to atoms. Two men were killed, Captain Philpott and Mate Charles Friend were seriously injured, and damage was done to buildings and shipping in the vicinity to the control of the cont in the vicinity to the extent of \$350,000.

THE New York Herald has received information that Grand Master Workman Powderly, of the Knights of Labor, will soon resign and go to Ireland to participate in the campaign for Irish home rule. THE Massachusetts Prohibitionists have held a State convention at Worcester and nominated a ticket with William H. Earle for Governor at the head. The platform favors woman suffrage.

The State Convention of the Pennsylvania Union Labor and Greenback party, held in Wilkesbarre, nominated Charles S. Keyser for Supreme Judge and H. L. Bunker for State Treasurer. The failure of E. S. Wheeler & Co., the New Haven metal merchants, has caused the suspension of several other houses East and

The longest towboat in the world has just been launched from a Bath (Me.) sh.p-yard. Its length is 160 feet.

A PRELIMINARY organization of the new American party has been made in Fittsburgh. THREE men were buried alive under 120 feet of earth by a cave in at the new ac queduct, Yonkers, N. Y.

THE Governor of Connecticut has received from Colonel Thomas G. Jones, of Alabama, the old battle flag of the Sixteenth Connecti-cut Volunteers, captured at Plymouth, N.C., in April, 1864. THE Pennsylvania Railroad's roundhouse,

tanks were destroyed by fire at Lewistown

South and West.

EX-GOVERNOR WILLIAM AIKEN, of South Carolina, died a few days since at Flat Rock in that State, aged seventy-one years. He was elected Governor in 1844.

A LARGE temperance vote has been cast in the local elections in Missouri. More than thirty counties have declared for pro-

REV. WILLIAM TULLY slipped while as-Va , and a pistol in his pocket was dis-The bullet entered the minister's body, and he died in a few minutes JACOB ALBISE fatally wounded his wife at Omaha and then killed himself. The crime was due to jealousy.

JEFFERSON DAVIS has written a letter favoring local option in granting liquor A "LEAGUE OF PERSONAL LIBERTY" is being organized in the Western States to counteract the rapid spread of Prohibition

LIZZIE ABBOTT, aged eleven years, committed suicide at New Smyrna, Fla. She admitted to her mother having taken strychnine, and said: "Mamma; I am tired ofliving; I want to go to papa. JOHN T, Ross (colored) was hanged at Bal-timore for the munder of Emily Brown, a white woman. The ofject of the murder was to secure the body and sell it—for—dissecting

A TREMENDOUS flood has swept away twenty miles of track of the Southern Pacific

Railroad in Arizona. Washington.

A TREASURY AGENT'S report on the Alaskan seal fisheries says 50,000 sealskus have been unlawfully taken the past season THE International Medical Congress ended on Saturday. Resolutions compli-mentary to the President and Mrs. Cleveland

were passed.

Foreign. A REVOLUTION has broken out in REPORTS are just coming in that the gale of August 26 along the coasts of Newfoundland and Labrador resulted in many wrecks and large loss of life. Ten schooners were

SCARLET FEVER is epidemic in London. More than 1,200 cases have been reported, and the fever hospitals are full of patients. Canada's population is estimated at 7,000,-

Mr. HAYDEN, an Irish editor, has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment for obstructing the police during recent evic

FRANCE's revenues are decreasing, their deficit this year being \$6,600,000. deficit this year being \$6,600,000.

A PARTY of filibusters which started recently from Key West, Fla., under a Captain Beriben, arrived safely in Cuba. They were joined there by 400 recruits.

THE Alfred Adams, a British Columbia sailing vessel seized by an American revenue cutter for unlawful sealing in Alaskan waters, escaped by a trick. A prize crew of only two men was placed on board the captured vessel, and her captain was ordered to proceed to Sitka. Instead, after parting company with the revenue cutter, he coolly sailed pany with the revenue cutter, he coolly sailed for Victoria. British Columbia.

MARKETS.

BALTIMORE—Flour—City Mills, extra, \$3.00 a\$3.50; Wheat—Southern Fultz, 80a82cts; Corn—Southern White, 54a55cts, Yellow, 53a 55 cts.; Oats—Southern and Pen sylvania, 28a34cts.; Rye—Maryland and Pennsylvania, 49a50cts.; Hay—Maryland and Pennsylvania 14 00a\$1500; Straw—Wheat, 7.50a\$8; Butter, Factorn Creamary, 28a20cts, near, by receipts Eastern Creamery, 28a29cts., near-by receipts 20a21cts; Cheese—Eastern Fancy Cream, 13½ a13½cts., Western, 11a11½cts.; Eggs—17a18; Cattle—2.75a\$4.12; Swine—6½a6¾cts.; Sheep and Lamb—2½a4½ cts; Tobacco Leaf—Inferior, 1a\$2.50, Good Common, 3 50a \$4 50, Middling, 5a\$6.50 Good to fine red, 7a\$8

Fancy, 10a\$12.

New York—Flour—Southern (on non to fair extra, 3.40a\$4.00; Wheat—No.1 Whit, 84 a85 cts.; Rye—State, 54a56; Corn—Southern Yellow, 47a48cts.; Oats—White State, 31a85 cts.; Butter—State, 15a25 cts.; Cheese—State, 10a101/cts.; Eggs—16a161/2 cts.

PHILADELPHIA — Flour — Pennsylvania, fancy, 3.50a\$4; Wheat—Pennsylvania, and Southern Red, 82a83 cts; Rye—Pennsylvania that the animal then renewed the attack, 57a58 cts.; Corn—Southern Yellow, 45a47 cts.
Oats—36a37 cts.; Butter—State, 18a19 cts.: Cheese-N. Y. Factory, 11alw cts.; Eggs-State, 17a18 cts. . .

SIXTY PERSONS INJURED.

Fall of a Church Building-The People Go Down With the Floor.

A terrible accident is reported from Need-

building, the upper floor being used for church purposes, and the lower floor given brakes and reversed his engine, called to his firemen to follow him, and jump from the up exclusively to school purposes, suddenly and without warning gave way carrying sixty or seventy people with it. The fall was thirteen feet, and hardly one escaped injury. The injured were quickly rescued from the wreck, and three of them found to b) seriously injured. One man is fatally hurt. Every physician in the county was immediately sent for, and the work of relieving the injured promptly began. No further particulars have been received from the discrete.

FATAL WRECK.

Rushing Down Grade at 80 Miles an Hour-One Man Killed.

A serious wreck occurred on the Baltimore

ad Ohio Railroad on the Cranberry grade at a point about 18 miles west of Oakland. The train which met with the disaster is known as No. 47, and is due at Oakland at 10.05 A. M. It usually carries nothing but express matter, and runs on fast schedule enger train time. However, in addition to the five express cars usually hauled, the train had one immigrant car attached loaded with Scotch immigrants, and it is fortunate that the less of life was not much greater than it was. At Terra Alta, ten miles west of Oakland, the decent of the Cranberry of Oakland, the decent of the Cranberry grade is commenced, and for a distance of ten miles runs down the side of the mountain at a grade of one hundred and fifteen feet to the mile. While the scenery on this part of the road is grand, almost beyond description, one can scarcely look from the car windows down into the apparent bottomless gulches without a shudder, thinking what if the air brake should fail to perform its part as the train rushes down the incline. When train No. 47 started down the grade yesterday about 12 o'clock, the engineer, Wm. Paxton, soon discovered that the air brake would not work and that he had no control of his train, which was momentarily increasing its speed. which was momentarily increasing its speed which was momentarily increasing its speed. Notwithstanding his perlious position, Paxton remained at his post and used every means in his power to save his train; all however without avail. The train attained a speed of some eighty-miles an hour and literally jumped and plunged along down the mountain until within about two miles of the foot of the grade, while rounding a sharp curve the tender and two express cars jumped the track and shot like bullets down an almost perpendicular embankment to the jumped the track and shot like bullets down an almost perpendicular embankment to the bottom of the ravine about a hundred feet deep, where they lay in an unrecognizable mass. The two cars were loaded with fine goods, such as cigars, cl thing, millinery goods, etc., and the loss will be heavy. A. W. Cooper, of Keyser, W. Va., a brakeman, who was riding between two cars which went down, was caught beneath them at the bottom and instantly killed. No one else was seri-usly hurt, although the car containing the immigrants was turned over on its ing the immigrants was turned over on its side. The track was blocked and travel de-A WATERSPOUT on a Montana creek drowned 1,200 sheep, principally spring lambs.

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND persons attended the opening of the St. Louis Exposition.

It is claimed however, that the brake apparatus was known by the train hands to be out the opening of the St. Louis Exposition. it is said was leaking and in an unsafe condiit is said was leaking and in an unsafe condi-tion. William Virts, a brakeman who re-sided at Keyser, whilst the engine was taking water endeavored to repair the hose by wrappers or trying in some way. While Virts was thus engaged the engineer, Pax-ton, was, it is stated, heard to say: "I am afraid to go down the grade with that hose," Nevertheless, the descent was attempted, with the result as stated. There were two brake-men on the tra n besides the conductor and two express messangers. One brakeman it two express messengers. One brakeman, it is said was not at his post, but in the immigrant car, and the expressmen, and they found the train was running away, worked their way back to the rear car. The brakeman was at his post, went down with his train and lost his life.

William Paxton, the engineer, is a man-past middle life, and is considered one of the most careful men on this division. IMPALED IN MID-AIR.

Workman Falls 100 Feet Upon an Iron Rod and Hangs There.

J. Pierpont, Morgan, the well-known banker, is erecting a memorial chap-1 and library to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tracy, the deceased parents of his wife. It stands on Sixteenth St., near Rutherford place, New York. Claus A. Peterson, a young man who had abandoned a seafaring life a few months ago because of its perils, and resumed his trade as an iron-worker, was at work on the building. While bracing iron beams on the roof he stepped upon a box and was thrown head-long towards the well-hole in the cellar—a distance of over one hundred feet. In flying

distance of over one hundred feet. In flying through the open space his body swung around and struck against the unfinished iron stairway. The rail had been left exposed, and Peterson fell face downward upon one of the upright iron prongs. It pierced his body like a lance, leaving him suspended in mid-air over the well-hole. The iron bent nearly double with the writhing man.

His fellow-workmen hastened to his rescue, but Peterson was so firmly fastened upon the iron upright, which had run completely through him, that they were powerless to render him any assistance, and the poor fellow was slowly bleeding to death when a surgeon arrived. It required the combined strength of three men to tear Peterson's body from the iron prod, during which he suffered excruciating agony. When he reached the hospital it was found that his lungs had been pierced and his body had terrible wounds in pierced and his body had terrible wounds in the breast and back, from which he had bled profusely. The surgeons said that there was only one chance in ten of his recovery.

FOUGHT WITH PITCHFORKS.

Horsemen Put a Bull To Flight After He Has Killed a Man.

Farmer Lyman, a resident of the southern part of Downer's Grove Township, Ill., was gored to death by a bull. Mr. Lyman and another man went into the pasture to look at some cattle, and the Bull attacked Mr. Lyman. His companion escaped to a barn, and he and another man mounted horses, armed themselves with pitchforks and galloped back to the rescue. They found Mr. Lyman-

dead.

The bull stood near the mutilated body, bellowing angrily. His eyes, were rolling, froth was dripping from his mouth, and his tail was lashing the air. The excited horsemen charged fiercely, upon him with the pitchforks, and after a stubborn fight he ran away. Returning to the body of Mr. Lyman, the men found it terribly mutilated and disfigured. One ear was torn off and he was nearly disembowelled. Mr. Lyman's c mpanion says that when the inturated buil first knocked his victim down Mr. Lyman lay still and the animal, simply walked around his prostrate form, pawing and bellowing. It was then that the eye witness ran for a horse, thinking that Mr. Lyman would lie still until he should arrive armed. It is supposed that Mr. Lyman got up, and that the animal then renewed the attack,

AN OPEN SWITCH.

Attempt to Wreck a Western Passenger Train.

An attempt was made to wreck a southbound passenger train on the Chicage, Kan-sas and Nebraska road at Sanford, a station six miles out of Topeka, Kansas. As the more, a small village three miles north of train vas coming around a curve at the rate Manchester, Tenn. A two-story church of thirty miles an hour the eugineer saw

cab.

The engine ran into some empty cars that were standing on the track and while smashing them was itself completely wrecked. The baggage and mail cars were ruined, and with the coaches were thrown from the track. Fortunately no lives were lost and none of the passengers were injured. An examination of the open switch showed that it had been broken and turned with the evident intention of wrecking the train.

tention of wrecking the train.