NORTH CAROLINA PROHIBITIONIST

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY

Rev. W. T. WALKER,
Editor and Proprietor,
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EDITORIAL NOTES.

—Idiots have no opinions of their own.

—Renew your subscription to the PROHIBITIONIST.

—Cowards are afraid to give expression to their opinions and convictions when they differ from those of the common herd.

—The poor people who live around saloons in our cities get poorer and poorer, and sink lower and lower in morals. —*Christian Advocate.*

—The saloonist is as good as the saloon, and the saloon is as good as the law that protects it, and the law is as good as the Church member that votes for it.

—"What is now depriving Republican politicians of their sleep, and causing them to look around in all directions for succor, is the strength which the Prohibition movement is developing, especially in our State." —*Naw York Staats Zeituning (Ind. German), Aug. 27.*

—IN THE FUTURE AS IN THE PAST, THERE WILL BE NO UNCERTAIN SOUND IN OUR COURSE IN EXPOUNDING THE GREAT FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF DEMOCRACY, ADVOCATING TEMPERANCE AND OPPOSING PROHIBITION.—*Greensboro Patriot. (Organ of the Democratic Party in Guilford County.)*

—"See the capitalists riding along in their fine carriages," yelled a Socialist, speaking at a meeting in a Chicago suburb the other evening. "Where, I ask you, are our horses and carriages?"

"S'loon keeper's drivin mine around," responded a maudlin and red-nosed reformer of society, with deep dejection; and the orator changed the subject.—*Chicago Tribune.*

In Favor of Prohibition.

In the Supreme Court of Iowa, at Des Moines, on Saturday last, an opinion was filed in a suit against the International Distillery, in which the lower Court held that the sale of intoxicating liquors for export, for general purposes, was illegal, and closed the distillery as a nuisance. The Supreme Court affirmed this decision, two Justices dissenting.

—Mr. Editor;—

It may be of interest to the Prohibitionists of our State to learn that a Township Prohibition Club was organized in Winston recently with thirty members. Officers

Jno. D. Paylor, President.
P. W. Dalton, vice President,
M. S. Hamlen, Secretary.
Jacob Tise Treasurer.

These, with J. Q. A. Barham, Dr. S. J. Montague and A. G. Hough compose the Executive Committee. There were but 2 or 3 votes cast for St. John in the last Presidential election, in this Township so this looks like a good begining for 1888. Since the organization four more joined and a good many others will follow in due time. These are all *voters* from both the old whisky parties, have turned their backs upon them, and I believe have all "burned the bridges behind them." Our Committee will proceed at once to organize every Township in Forsyth Co., and we hope to hear good things from other counties

Let the ball roll on! —DU PRE.—

In Staunton, Va., in less than 28 hours 126 signatures were affixed to a call for a Convention to organize the State Prohibition party. Twenty-six of these were colored men, while one-hundred were whites and include a judge, several physicians and many business men The decent people of the land are welcoming the decent party, in their aim for a decent government

—Says an authority:—

"In less than a week after the United States' flag was raised at Sitka, Alaska, after its purchase by the United States, among other vices that claimed its protection Were 'two saloons and two ten-pin alleys'. The first gift to Native chiefs by the commander of the New department was a few bottles of whiskey!"

May God hasten the day when no rum-lover, or rum-handler can hold the meanest office in this Government. Elect only Prohibitionists!

—The W. C. T. U. army is not confined to these United States. Like Queen Victoria's empire, it knows no setting sun, for it encircles the globe. The tiny bit of white ribbon may be seen peeping out from the folds of a woman's dress in Canada, Alaska, the Sandwich Islands, and many countries n the Old World. Its wearers speak divers languages, but the little emblem, like the Freemason's grip, proclaims them all one sisterhood.—*Demorest Monthly.*

It is declared that universally the Germans, the Jews, the Mexicans, and generally the negroes in Texas voted against Prohibition, and its defeat is laid at the doors of these classes.

North Carolina has in it less foreign born population than any other state in the union. Taking warning from many of the states now drowning beneath a flood of immigration, we would say to the North State, get Prohibition and every other good thing before your population changes!

— There never was a greater mistake than to suppose a high license whould rid the community of the low saloon. Ninety-nine of every hundred of those who have sunk to the lowest depths of drunkenness, started in the high priced saloon. The low saloon and barrel house is a necessity forced on society by the cravings of the debased drunkard or in other words to use and expression more forcible than elegant, the drunkard begins with "champagne and ends with soap suds and fish hooks," The former represents the high license saloon, the latter aptly describes the place of last resort.

—*Editor The Voice*—In reading the proceedings of our State Convention, I am pained to find that the principal part of the proceedings and speeches were directed against the Republican party.

A PROHIBITIONIST

The above reminds us that only last week a good friend of ours accosted us on the street and complained that all our arguments and thrusts were directed against the Democratic party. The fact is all our arguments and thrusts are directed against the whiskey traffic, and as that traffic has taken refuge behind and is defended by the old parties, the old parties must get out of the way or take the consequences.

Dr. N. C. Whyte, coroner of Dublin, says: "The jurors over whom I preside with Chirstian charity invariably—where they are not forced to do otherwise by the evidence—render a verdict of 'Death by natural causes,' 'Heart disease' and so forth; and therefore the registrar-general's return is made out in that way. Now I say this advisedly and after full consideration of the subject, that in an experience of twenty years I have known of not a single homicide committed in this city that was not the direct result of drink. And I will also add: Of all the unfortunates that I have known to be criminally guilty of homicide, and have suffered the last penalties of the law. their conduct has been exemplary. They were not men naturally criminal, but, by indulging in drink, they brought themselves to their sad condition.

Death of a Prominent Person.

Ex-Governor William Aiken died Sept. 7, at his conntry place at Flat rock, N. C., aged 81. He was Governor of South Carolina in 1844 and a Congressman from 1851 to 1857. He was the largest slaveholder in the State, and was a successful rice planter. He consistently opposed nullification and secession, and took no part in politics after leaving Congress. He was also one of the first appointed trustees of the Peabody fund.

Sam Jones's Party.

Sometimes a man gets where he is afraid he will hurt his party. I used to be a Democrat. I was born one, and raised one, and I stayed one as long as a Christian gentleman could. And then I pulled out, of course. And you Republicans need not be laughing. God bless you, I thank God I never was a Republican. I belong to another party. The differerence between me and the Democratic party, between me and the Republican party, if you will call it so, is that I am a mugwump and you are a jugwump."

Our Creed Exactly.

When the Liquor Convention met in Dallas Tex. last May it declared that Prohibition is "both undemocratic and anti-Pepublican."

We could not have expressed it more aptly. That is just the reason why no honest temperance man can pray, work and vote for the "dry" ticket and stay in either of those rum-soaked parties. In fact, it is one whisky barrel, one head of which is branded Republican party, and the other head, Democratic party. Their parties cannot be our party, our enemies themselves being judges.

Poor Keely! Poor Griffin!

In Chicago the last week in August Mr. Albert Griffin, head of the Anti-saloon Republican movement, declared that to his positive knowledge movements are now in progress in the Republican camp that will result in that party's taking such decided temperance stand at its next National Convention that all liquor men will be driven out of it. On being asked for some signs, he replied that the work was being done within the party so quietly that few signs as yet appear on the surface, but that before Jan. 1, 1888 there will be such a manifestation that no one can longer doubt.

Poor Keely and his "motor!"
Poor Griffin and his "movement!"

Will our Democratic friends please, explain a point to us?

The Iowa state Democratic convention adopted the following plank, "8. We are opposed to all sumptuary legislation, and in favor of a repeal of the present prohibitory liquor law and the substitution of a Local Option law."

Now is not prohibition obtained by a Local Option election just as much sumptuary legislation as prohibition under statutory enactment or under constitutional amendment? Please explain why the one method is in accord with Democratic principles, while the other is in opposition thereto. Do not both express the will of the people? Do not both protect inalienable rights of the people from the greed and oppression of the saloonist?

Look Out for the Prohibition Party.

In close with this significant utterance from Judge East. In answer to my question he spoke thus:

"No; we have not had a Prohibition party ticket in the field in Tennessee. But I, who am not yet with you in this matter, say in all my addresses in this canvass, that I'll not be responsible for the fate of parties who do not carry this Amendment banner up the hills to victory. We don't want to break the old established parties. We have said we would be content to have this mighty moral question kept out of politics; but defeat us and you will hear a different language!"

—*Frances E. Willard in Voice,*

Wilson county, Tennessee, by means of the four mile law (not the 400 feet measure of our commissioners) got rid of all liquor selling, and as a result the costs of crime have fallen from $36,000 yearly to only $3000. Right snug sum for a county to save.

"The Four-Mile law in Tennessee has been a mighty educator. Ten years of its wholesome sway have lifted up the people, and the public thought of to-day is the statute of to-morrow. By its original provisions no saloon was permitted within four miles of an institution of learning, but the late Legislature said it should apply to any school-house, closed or open, empty or full: and four men can organize a district and set a school going 'in short metre.' As this law applies only to the area outside municipalities, 146 towns surrendered their charters to the Legislature, that they might share its benefits, and three-fourths of the State are under it" —*Voice.*

Demo rats! would you favor or oppose a Four-Mile law in N. C.? It is an invasion of the claimed rights of the citizen to make and sell the product of his toil. If you oppose it, you are for free whisky, if you favor it, you are not Democrats, for Democrats "favor temperance, but oppose prohibition."

A Distressed Mother Speaks.

DISSIPATED SONS WITH MONEY AND NO OCCUPATIONS

Editor Philadelphia Times.

The writer of this article is the mother of two sons, aged reepectively 28 and 25 years.

The younger is a confirmed slave to the opium habit, while the other is a drunkard.

Is there no cure for such as they, or no place to put them? Their father is dead, they have their own money and no occupation.

Please answer through the columns of your valuable paper these questions of a DISTRESSED MOTHER.

The above is clipped from the "Times," of this city (Philadelphia) which proceeds to give the "Distressed Mother" cold comfort as best it can, but cannot see any thing in Prohibition of the liquor traffic as a cure for so many thousand such cases yet to come.

Spurgeon, the famous London preacher is in the habit of testing the extempore eloquence of the more promising of the students in his college by handing to them as they mount the stairs of the pulpit a sealed envelope containing the subject on with he whishes them to address the congregation. On one of these occasions recently a student, on opening the envelope, found this subject set: "Apply the story of Zacchaus to your own personal qualifications and call." And he delivered himself in the following way; "My brethren, the subject on which I have to address you to-day is a compariton between Zacchaus and my own qualifications Well, the first thing we read about Zacchaus was that he was small of stature, and I never felt so small as I do now. In the second place, we read that he climbed up into a tree, which is very much my position now. Thirdly, we read that Zacchaus 'made haste to come down,' in which I joyfully follow his example."—*N. O. States*

How Local Option Educates Away from Prohibition,

In speaking of the late Texas campaign, where every Repubhican County voted against the Prohibition Amendment, Dr. J. B. Cranfill writes the *Voice:*—

—"One remarkable feature of the election was that every Local Option county in the State went against Prohibition. In 1885 Limestone County adopted Local Option by 1,100 majority. A year later it readopted it by some 200 majority and in the recent election it went against the Amendment by over 1,000. The liquor interest concentrated on these counties, but even that would not have affected the vote so largely as the returns show. The lesson taught by these figures is perfectly clear. The Local Option law was so indifferently enforced that the people lost confidence in any Prohibition whatever. The furtner lesson is that in order to the effectiveness of Prohibition the law must be backed by Prohibition officers—and that means poltics and a political party that has Prohibition in all of its platforms."

PROGRAM.

For Mrs. Mary Read Goodale.

Saturday Oct 1st.	Asheville
Sunday " 2nd.	"
Monday " 3rd.	Morganton
Tuesday " 4th.	Hickory
Wednesday " 5th.	Lincolnton
Thursday " 6th.	Charlotte
Friday " 7th	Concord
Saturday " 8th	Archdale
Sunday " 9th.	High Point
Monday " 10th.	Greensboro
Va., 12th., 13., 14th.	
Reidsville Sunday nigt 16th.	
Monday Oct. 17th.	Carimel co. Con.,
Tuesday " 18th.	Winston
Wednesday " 19th.	New Garden
Thursday " 20th.	Randleman
Seventh Dist.	Convention.
Friday " 21st.	Fayetteville
Saturday and Sunday 22nd. & 23rd.	Laurinburg,
Monday " 24th.	Maxton
Tuesday and Wednesday 25th. and 26th.	Wilmington,
Thursday " 27th.	Newberne
Friday " 28th.	Kinston
State Convention,	
Goldsbore Oct 31st, Nov. 1st. & 2nd.	

Mrs. Goodale will continue in the state ten or twelve days after the State Convention, leaving in time for National W. C. T. U. Convention at Nashville, during which time we hope she will visit Elizabeth City, Edenton, Washington, Greenville, Oxford, Raleigh, Durham, Lexington, Salisbury, Statesville, Newton, and other points.

TWO VIEWS OF IT.

Which is right? Which is Democratic?

Augusta, Ga. Chronicle (Dem.).

We take no stock whatever in sumptuary laws and the Compulsory Enforcement of temperance. What a travesty prohibition is in any city or community that boasts of its manhood and prides itself upon its civilization.

Savannah News. (Dem.)

No one will deny that the Prohibitionists have managed wisely in Georgia. If they persue the same wise course in the future as they have in the past it is probable that the prediction of leading prohibitionists, that at no distant day every county in the state will have prohibition, will be realized and its beneficial results witnessed.

The *Chronicle* opposes all laws preventing the sale of alcoholic drink calling such laws "sumptuary laws." Is it correct? Is it Democratic? The *News* and many others approve of laws preventing the sale of alcoholic drink when adopted at local-option elections by localities properly prepared for it. Is that correct? Is that Democratic? But pray wherein does a law forbidding the sale of liquor in a city or county differ from one forbidding it in the state or union? If the latter is a sumptuary law, so is the former. When under the lead of Senator Colquitt, Dr. Hawthorne, Sam Jones, and other noble souls, every county shall have educated prohibition by piecemeal local-option, and driven the saloonist from their whole state, will they hypocritically sit in the National Democratic Convention and solemny say with the *Chronicle.* "We are opposed to all sumptuary laws which vex the citizen, and interfere with individual liberty." "We take no stock whatever in sumptuary laws, and the compulsory enforcement of temperance."

Something for the North State, Especially Editor Boyd.

Dr. H. K. Carroll, Editor of the New York *Independent*, is one of the chief Anti- Saloon Republicans, and like all such good men in bad company, when talking on either side of the question he never opens his mouth without putting his foot in it. Up North where four-fifths of the Prohibitionists have been Republicans, he thus writes:—

"'The Third Party can be brought again into the Republican fold, at least the majority of them, whenever the Republican party chooses to do so; not by appealing to their old love for the party, not by denouncing them as an appendix to the Democratic party, but by taking an open, manly stand, SEVERING ITS ALLIANCE WITH THE SALOON, and entering into an alliance with the people against the saloon.' (The small caps are ours.)

In so many words, says the *Voice,* it is admitted that the Republican party *has an 'alliance with the saloon'* which has not been severed. That's what we thought. That's why we left that party. It seemed to us a pretty good reason for leaving—it really did We don't like to be in alliance with the saloon.

And again says Mr. Albert Griffin, the Anti-Saloonist whom all the great Republicans are secretly helping with the left hand while holding the Rummy with the other:—

"'Most of our astute politicians already see, and even the most obtuse begin to realize, that thousands and thousands of true-blue Republicans will never stand on another platform drawn to please the saloon-keepers.'

Another platform? Then they are already standing, we infer, on a platform 'drawn to please the saloon keepers.' And, of course, Messrs Keogh, and Boyd, and Douglass, and White, and Pritchett, and Murrow, and Ball, and Yancey, and Unthank and all the rest, big and little, are standing there, too! Hm! Your stomachs can stand more than ours could.

GO ON WITH YOUR DYING!

At the Prohibition state Convention of Massachusetts attended by 775 full delegates, held Sept. 8, the chairman in his opening speech to a body of men nine-tenths of whom had been Republicans, thus addressed himself to the Republican party, which bad failed to keep its pledge and submit a Prohibition Amendment to the people:—

"Yes, the Republican party, I believe, has elected its last President, and must die. And like many another obituary notice, we shall read "Rum did it!" Did it by driving out its most healthy blood, and leaving it bound hand and foot to the behests of the liquor traffic.

Any party which will legalize the saloon at any price, whatever noble purposes it may have in other directions, does not deserve, and will not receive, any long continued support from American voters who put conscience in action at the ballot box. I do not wonder that the dear old party has some regrets about dying, but let it be comforted with the thought that 'the good only survives,' 'the evil will be interred with its bones' All its really important work and worthy purposes can be taken up and carried forward with no entangling alliances with the liquor traffic, much better by the clean, untrammelled Prohibition party. Its hopeful children we will adopt. Its wayward and profligate sons we will turn over to the Democratic party, where they properly belong. Dear Republican party, don't worry about your family affairs. A story told by our eloquent Mrs. Hoffman should console you. An Irishman's wife was about dying. In her last moments she revived a little, and, looking up to her husband, said: 'Patrick, when I am gone will you feed the chickens and look after the pigs?' 'Yes, Maggie, and shure I will. Don't be worrying about that.' And then she sank back and was silent. At last, in her weakness, with a great effort, she rallied again and: Oh Patrick, when I am gone will you take good care of the children and put them in their little beds o' nights?' 'Of course I will, Maggie!' 'Now don't be worrying about all these little things but,

Go on with your dying.

And so we say to the dear old party, 'Don't be worrying what will become of the tariff, civil service, or the negro.' 'We will take care of these things. Go on with your dying.

—Whom do the liquor men fear? Here is what J. M. Atherton, President of the Liquordealers' National Protctive Association, had to say at the opening of the last session of that organization:

"No respectable liquor-dealer objects to the proper regulation of the traffic, nor to the imposition of a reasonable pecuniary burden upon it but all must unitedly, as one man, oppose the growing, impending danger of Prohibition."

And still we hear it say that Prohibition will not prohibit!

[Communicated.]

A GOOD WONAN COMING.

Mrs. Goodale has promised a month's work in North Carolina. Here is what is said of her by Rev. W. C. Black, D. D., in N. O. Christian Advocate:

Mrs. Mary Read Goodale gave two addresses that were superb. They were learned without pedantry, logical without stiffness and ornate without meretricious finery of speech. And Mrs. Goodale is withal a very pleasing spesaker. A fine face, a countenance that bespeaks a candid, honest soul within, a perfect ease and self-possession of manner, a voice soft and sweet and yet strong enough to fill any auditorium, a thorough mastery of the principles of the elocutionist's art, an intense flaming zeal in that noble cause which battles for "God, home and native land"—these qualifications make Mrs. Goodale, woman though she is, a foe to be dreaded by the hosts of Bacchus. She is the Frances Willard of the South. She has already dealt the rum traffic terrible crushing blows in North Louisiana. Through her instrumentality unions have been formed which have swept this hellish traffic form whole parishes. As I look upon such noble women I have a more exalted estimate of our fallen humanity. To do the work which she is doing requires in the first place a vast amount of arduous toil to acquire a fitness for the work, requires long absences from home, requires the worry and manifold inconveniences of constant travel requires a hundred things that are not pleasing to a modest, refined, home-loving woman as Mrs. Goodale is. Yet all this she is willing to endure in order to save the sons of men from a drunkard's grave and a drunkard's hell. All honor to such noble, self-denying, cross bearing God fearing, humanity-loving women. They will never be appreciated at then true worth until God comes to "gather up his jewels." If ever my soul has burned with holy indignation, it has been when I have heard men denounce and ridicule these heroic women" of whon the world is not worthy." I as much believe these Women's Christian Temperance Union women are divinely called to do the work they are doing as that I am called to "minister in holy thing." And not alone do I honor these leaders of the hosts of reform; I honor the rank and file as well. Not all can be leaders. Not all have speaking and organizing talent.

Not all can be spared from the home circle for distant journeys. Yet those whose labors are more circumscribed manifest the same spirit of consecration that characterizes their more widely known co-laborers. In a great variety of ways the Christain womanhood of this land is working persistently, energetically, heroically to banish from our heaven-favored land this vile traffic in human damnation. I thank God that I live in this age when in fulfillment of ancient prophecy he has poured out his spirit upon his "hand maidens" and and emboldened them to take their stand in the forefront of this warfare between heaven and hell. Naught but the spirt of God could have put woman there, and naught but that spirit could hold her there. None but the Searcher of all heart, can measure the true heroism, and self-abnegation, the soaring faith, the fervent piety and the pure philanthropy that are embodied in the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

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TRAINS RUN BY 75° MERIDIAN TIME. DAILY.

SOUTHBOUND	No. 50.	No. 52.
Lv. New York	12 15 a m	4 30 p m
" Philadelphia	7 20 "	6 57 "
" Baltimore	9 45 "	9 42 "
" Washington	*11 24 "	11 00 "
" Charlottesvlle	3 35 p m	3 00 a m
" Lynchburg	5 50 "	5 20 "
" Richmond	3 10 "	2 30 "
" Burkeville	5 17 "	4 23 "
" Keysville	5 57 "	5 05 "
" Drake's Br'ch	6 12 "	5 21 "
" Danville	8 50 "	8 05 "
" Greensboro	10 44 "	9 48 "
" Goldsboro	3 20 p m	8 10 p m
" Raleigh	5 50 p m	†1 00 a m
" Durham	6 52 "	2 37 "
" Chapel Hill	†8 15 "	
" Hillsboro	7 25 "	3 32 "
" Salem	†7 20 "	6 30 "
" High Point	11 16 "	10 16 "
" Salisbury	12 37 a m	11 23 "
Ar. Statesville,		12 31 p m
" Asheville,		5 38"
" Hot Springs		7 35 "
Lv. Concord,	1 26 "	12 01 a m
" Charlotte	2 25 a m	1 00 p m
" Spartanburg	5 28 "	3 24 "
" Greenville	6 43 "	4 48 "
Ar. Atlanta	1 20 p m	10 40 "
NORTHBOUND.	No. 51.	No. 53.
Lv. Atlanta	7 00 p m	8 40 a m
Ar. Greenville	1 01 a m	2 34 p m
" Spartanburg	2 13 "	3 46 "
" Charlotte	5 05 "	6 25 "
" Concord	6 00 "	7 25 "
" Salisbury	6 44 "	8 02 "
" High Point	7 57 "	9 11 "
" Greensboro	8 28 "	9 40 "
" Salem	*11 40 "	†12 34 a m
" Hillsboro	12 06 p m	†2 44 "
" Durham	12 45 "	†4 05 "
" Chapel Hill	†8 15 "	
" Raleigh	2 10 "	†6 35 "
" Goldsboro	4 35 "	11 45 "
" Danville	10 10 a m	11 29 p m
" Drake's Br'ch	12 44 p m	2 44 a m
" Keysville	1 00 "	3 03 "
" Burkeville	1 40 "	3 55 "
" Richmond	3 45 "	6 15 "
" Lynchburg	1 15 p m	2 00 "
" Charlottesv'le	3 40 "	4 40 "
" Washington	8 23 "	8 10 "
" Baltimore	11 25 "	10 03 "
" Philadelphia	3 00 a m	12 35 p m
" New York	6 20 "	3 20 "

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

SLEEPING CAR SERVICE

On trains 50 and 51, Pullman Buffet Sleepers between Atlanta and New York.

On trains 52 and 53, Pullman Buffet sleepers between Montgomery and Washington and Washington and Augusta Pullman Sleepers between Richmond and Greensboro, and Greensboro and Raleigh. Pullman Parlor Car between Salisbury and Knoxville.

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CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RAIL ROAD COMPANY

CONDENSED TIME TABLE.

To take effect at 5 00 a m, Monday, Sept. 5 1887.

MAIN LINE

TRAIN NORTH.

	Pass and Mail	Freight and Pass.
Leave Bennettsville,	10 10 a m	5 00 a m
Arrive Maxton,	11 20 "	7 25 "
Leave Maxton,	11 30 "	8 05 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	1 30 p m	12 00 "
Leave Fayetteville.	2 0 "	8 00 "
Arrive Sanford,	4 05 "	12 00 p m
Leave Sanford,	4 15 "	1 05 "
Arrive Greensboro,	7 25 "	6 50 "
Leave Greensboro,	10 10 a m	
Arrive Dalton,	2 15 p m	

Pass. and Mail—dinner at Fayetteville

TRAIN SOUTH.

	Pass. and Mail	Freight and Pass.
Leave Dalton	8 45 p m	
Arrive Greensboro,	7 45 "	
Leave Greensboro,	9 50 a m	6 00 a m
Arrive Sanford,	12 55 p m	12 00 p m
Leave Sanford,	1 15 "	1 30 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	3 20 "	6 00 "
Leave Fayetteville,	3 30 "	11 00 "
Arrive Maxton,	5 15 "	3 05 "
Leave Maxton,	5 25 "	3 40 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	645 "	6 20 "

Passenger and Mail—dinner at Sanford

FACTORY BRANCH.—Freight and Pass

TRAIN NORTH.

Leave Milboro, 8 05 a m	5 45 p m
Arrive Greensboro, 9 35 "	7 25 "

TRAIN SOUTH.

Leave Greensboro,	2 00 p m
Leave Factory Junction, 3 00 "	7 15 p m
Arrive Milboro, 3 45 "	8 00 "

Passenger and Mail Train runs daily except Sundays.

Freight and Passenger Train runs between Bennettsville and Fayetteville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and between Fayetteville and Greensboro on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Freght and Passenger train run between Greensboro and Fayetteville on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and between Fayetteville and Bennetts on Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays.

The Passenger and Mail train makes close connection at Maxton with Carotina Central to Charlotte and Wilmington.

Trains on Factory Branch run daily except Sunday.

W. E KYLE, Gen' Pass. Ag't
J W FRY, Gen'l sup't.