# NORTH CAROLINA PROHIBITIONIST.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE PROHIBITIONISTS IN NORTH CAROLINA

VOL. V.

GREENSBORO, N. C., FRIDAY OCTOBER 21, 1887.

NO. 41.

# POMONA HILL

# Nurseries! POMONA, N. C.

These Nurseries are located 2% miles west of Greensboro, on the Richmond & Danvil'e and Salem Branch Railr ads. There you can find

## One and a-Half Million of Trees and Vines Growing.

Parties wanting Trees, &c., are respect, fully invited to call and examine sizek and learn the exten of these Nurseries. Stock consists of all the leading and new varieties of Apple, Pea h, Pear, (Standard and Dwarf) Piums Apricats, Grap s, Cherries, Mulberris, Nectar nes, Figs, Quinces, Goo eternes, Rasporries, currants, Pocans, English Wal uts, Jahnese Pe simmon, Stranberries, Shrubs, Roses' Evergreens, Shade Trees, &c., and in fact ever, thing of the hardy class usually he to in a first-class Nursery. SUITABLE FOR NORTH CAROLINA AND THE SOUTHERN BORDER

New Fruits of sp cial note are the Yel ov T ansparent Apple, Lady Ingold Teach, the Laws n Keiffer, Lucy Duke and Beaufo t Pears, Lutie, Niagra, and the Georgia Grape, World's Winter. Descriptive Catalogues free.

STATES.

Cor spondence sollcited. Special inducements t large Pl nters. Address,

J. VAN, LINDLEY, Pomona, Guilford Co. N. C

## INSURANCE AGENCY

Tornada, Fire, Life.

O. W. CARR & CO.

Greensboro, N.

O. W. CARR.

Trinity College and High Point, N.

## ASSETS OVER \$200,000,000.

MONEY to be made. Cut this our will send you free, something of great will send you tree, something of great great profusion of sweetness. All the army value and importance to you, that will obeyed orders and touched it not save Jonastart you in busines, which will bring you in more money right away than anything had in his hand into the candiel hauid, and else in the world. Any one can do the work and live at home. I ither sex, all and ate the honey. Judgment fell upon him, and but for special intervention he would ages. Something new, that just coins money for all workers. We will stell you; capital not needed. This is one of the genuine important chances of a life time. These who are ambitious will not delay. Grand outfit free. Address. TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maire

# A WALKING LEAD MINE.

#### The Remarkable Career of H. P. Osgood-Settled at Last.

A Tolona, Ill., special says: "A battle scarred vetera i of two wars, who for nearly twenty-two years had been held in captivity by Mexican brigands, was in town and related the wild, weird tale of his adventures. The story sounds more like romance than history, but his personal appearance and a book bindery may be attractive, and the plot joined the regular army, at New Orleans, in 1843. He served through the Mexican war, and was at the first Bu l Run, but never received a scratch until he reached Vicksburg, after which t e shot poured into him thick and fast, and seven bullets can now be plainly felt through his skin. Almost every part of his body is horribly mutilated. One hand and foot are nearly gone. He spent eleven months and five days at Anderson ville where he was unintenti nly shot through the head by General Winder. A band of Mexican greasers captured him on the Rio Grand in 1865. He made several ineffect-Grand in 1865. He made several ineffectual attempts to escape, only to be shot for his pains. Two wounds received three weeks before his rescue are yet unhealed. One is in the foreheld; the other, inflicted with a copper missile on his breast, is six inches across. Last April the Mexican troops surprised and made prisoners of the outlaws who held him captive. Osgood was sent to the American consul general, at the city of Mexico; hence to Vera Cruz, where the Vice Consul provided him transportation to New York. He is now going home to his parents whom he believes to be still living near Alton."

Ilors, and conjugal perjuries, are among the damnatic results. When a woman, young or old, gets her head thoroughly stuffed with the modern novel she is in appalling peril. But some one will say: "The heroes are so advoitly knavish, and the persons so bewitchingly untrue, and the turn of the story so exquisite, and all the characters so enrapturing, I cannot quit them." My brother, my sister, you can find styles of literature just as charming that will elevate and purify and emoble, and Christianize while they pleass. The devil does not own all the hone. There is a wealth of good books coming forth from our publishing houses that leaves no excuse for the choice of

# A STRIKE LIKELY TO END.

### Both Sides at Hazleton Tired of It-Three Thousand Indiana Miners

There is a growing feeling at Hizleton, Pa., that another month will bring about an end to the strike in this region. Both sides have been suffering great loss by the con-

tinued idleness, The loss is estimated at

men there have signified their willingness to begin work any day that Mr. Core desires t cm to. This action is severely denounced by the other men, who are in favor of hold-ing out until their demands have been com-A dispatch from Vincennes, Ind., says:

Twenry five hundred to three thousand miners are out on a strike in Southern Indiana, and a coal famine is upon us. One Davies county co. I min's, and they propose to stay out a d will not listen to any compromise. The companies are equally stub-born and the fight promises to be a long, warm and bitter one.

Chicago policeman are now having what they call "Anarchi t drill." They meet in squads every other day, and are instructed in the use of Winchester rifles, with which every policeman on the force is said to be supplied.

# REV. DR. TALMAGE.

THE BROOKLYN DIVINE'S SUNDAY

Subject: "Forbidden Honey."

Text: "I did but tuste a little honey with the end of the rod that was in my hand, and lo! I must die."—I Samuel xiv., 48.

lo! I must die."—I Samuel xiv., 48.

The honey bee is a most ingenious architect, a Christopher Wren among insects, a geometer drawing hexagons and pentagons, a free-booter robbing the fields of pollen and aroma, a wondrous creature of God, whose biography, written by Huber and Swammerdam, is an enchantment for any lover of nature. Virgil celebrated the bee in his fable of Aristeus, and Moses, and Samuel, and David, and Solomon, and Jeremiah, and Ezekiel, and St. John used the delicacies of bee manufacture as a Bible symbol. A miracle of formation is mon, and Jeremiah, and Ezekiel, and St. John used the delicacies of bee manufacture as a Bible symbol. A miracle of formation is the bee: five eyes, two tongues, the outer having a sheath of protection, hair on all sides of its tiny body to brush up the particles of flowers; its flight so straight that all the world knows of the bee line. The honeycomb is a palace such as no one but God cou'd plan and the honey bee construct; its cells sometimes a dormitory, sometimes a store house, and sometimes a cemetery. These winged toilers first make eight strips of wax, and by their antenne, which are to them hammer and chisel, and square and plumb line, fashion them for use. Two and two, these workers shape the wall. If an accident happen they put up buttresses or extra beams to remely the damage. When about the year 1776 an insect, before unknown, in the night time attacked the beehives all over Europe, and the men who owned them were in vain trying to plan semething to keep out the invader that was the terror of the beehives of the continent, it was found that everywhere the bees had arranged for their own protection, and built before their honeycombs an expecial well of ranged for their own protection, and built before their honeycombs an especial wall of wax, with port-holes through which the hees might go to and fro, but not large enough to admit the winged combalant, called the

Sphinx Atropos

Do you know that the swarming of the bees is divinely directed? The mother bee starts for a new home, and because of this the other bees of the hive get into an excitement which raises the heat of the hive some four degrees, and they must de unless they leave their heated apartments, and they follow the mother lee and alight on the branch of a tree, and cling to each other and hold on until a committee of two or three have ex-plored the region and found the hollow of a tree or rock not far off from a stream of water, and they here set up a new colony, and ply their aromatic industries, and give themselves to the manufacture of the saccharine edible. But who can tell the chemistry of that mixture of sweetness, part of it the very life of the bee and part of it the life of

Plenty of the luscious product was hang-ing in the woods of Beth aven during the time of Saul and Jonathan. Their army was in pursuit of an enemy that by God's com-mand must be exterimized. The soldiery were positively forbidden to stop to eat any-thing until the work was done. If they disoeyed they were accursed. Coming through he woods they found a place where the bees had been busy, a great honey minufactory. Honey gathered in the hollow of the trees until it had overflowed upon the ground in than, and he not knowing the mil tary order have been s'ain. In my text Jonathan a.) nounces his awful mistake: "I did but taste a little honey with the eniof the roll that was in my hand, and, lo, I must die." Alas, what multitudes of people in all ages have been damaged by forbidden honey, by which I mean temptation, delicious and attractive, but damaging and destructive.

Corrupt literature, fascin. ting but deathful. comes in this category. Where one good, healthful book is read now there are one hundred made up of rhetorical trash con-sumed with avidity. When the boy in the cars comes through with a pile of publica-tions look over the titles and notice that fine out of every ten of the books are depleting and injurious. All the way from New York to Chicago or New Orienas notice that objectionable books dominate. Taste for pure literature is poisoned by this scum of the publishing houses. Every book in which sin triumphs over virture, or in which a glamor is thrown over dissipation, or which leaves

mass of letters from prominent men attest its at least truth in part. 'The Old Walking Lead Mine' is H. P. Osgood. At sixteen, he joined the regular army, at New Orleans, in 1843. He served through the Mexican war, lead to such bad results that you may have lead to such bad results that you may have at the first Bu l Run, but never to say at the close of the experiment, or at the close of a misimproved hietime: "I did but taste a little honey with the rod that was in my hand, and, lo, I must die!" Corrupt literature is doing more to-day for the disruption of domestic life than any other cause. Elopements, marital intrigues, sly correspondence, fictitious names given at postofice windows, clandestine meetings in postorice windows, clandestine meetings in parks, and at ferry gates, and in hotel parlors, and conjugal perjuries, are among the damnable results. When a woman, young or old, gets her head thoroughly stuffed with the modern novel she is in approximation.

louses that leaves no excuse for the choice of that which is debauching to body, mind and soul. Go to some intelligent man or wo nan and ask for a list of books that will be strengthening to your mental and moral condition. Life is so short and your time for improvement so abbreviated that you cannot afford to fill up with husks and cinders and debris. In the interstices of business that young man is reading that which will prepare him to be a merchant prince, and that young woman is filling her mind with an intel ignered that will yet a ther make her the intel igence that will yet either make her the chief attraction of a good man's home or give her an independence of character that will qualify her to build her own home and mainfaction among the men on account of their not receiving the support that was promised them from the Schuykill, Wyoming and other regions that are working.

The breaker of A. Pardee & Co., at the Hazleton mines, was not running, the men being engaged in cleaning up things about the breaker and preparing coal inside. The breaker a

honeycombs that have in them the flery bees which will sting you with an eternal poison while you tast: it? One book may for you or me decide everything for this world and the next. It was a turning point with me when in Wynkoop's bookstore, Syracuse, one day I picked up a book called "The Beauties of Ruskin." It was only a book of extracts, but it was all pure honey, and I was not satisfied until I had purchased all his works at that time expansive beyond an in Wynkoop's bookstore, Syracuse, one day I picked up a book called "The Beauties of Ruskin." It was only a book of extracts, but it was all pure honey, and I was not satisfied until I had purchased all his works, at that time expensive beyond an easy capacity to own them, and what a heaven I went through in reading his "Setones of Venice" it is impossible for me to describe, except by saying that it gave me a rapture for good books and an everlasting disgust for dedrepit or immoral tooks that will last me while my immorbal soul lasts. All around the church and the world to-day there are busy hives of intelligence occupied by authors, and any hy will you thrust your rod of inquisitiveness into the deathful saccharine of perdiction?

Stimulating liquids also come into the category of temptations delicious but deathful. You say: "I cannot bear the taste of intoxicating liquor, and how any man can like it is to me an amazement." Well, then, it is no credit to you that you do not taste it. Do not brag about your total abstinence, be cause it is not from any principal that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that you reject alcoholism, but for the same reason that the start, and a raving brain and a shattered nervous system and a sacrificed property and a destroyed soul at the last. Young man, buy no lottery tickets, purchase no prize packages, bet on no baseball games or yacht racing, have no faith in last. Young man, buy no lottery tickets, purchase no prize packages, bet on no baseball games or yacht racing, have no faith in last. Young man, buy no lottery tickets, and they take it to produce a their buy the same reason that the same reason that the little boats are swellowed in the same engulfment. Game ball games or yacht racing, have no faith in last. Young man, buy no lottery tickets, or leason the part of the path and a shattered nervous system and a sacrificed property and a destroyed soul at the last. Young man, buy no lottery tickets, a

multitudes of intoxicant. They like it so much that it makes them smack their lips to look at it. They are dyspeptic, and they take it to aid digestion, or they are annoyed by insomnia, and they take it to produce sleep, or they are troubled, and they take it to make them oblivious, or they feel good, and they must celebrate their hilarity. They begin with mint julep sucked through two straws on the Long Branch piazza and end in the ditch, taking from a jug a liquid half kerosene and half whisky. They not only like it, but it is an all coasuming passion of bedy, mind and soul, and after a while have it they will, though one wine glass cost the temporal and eternal destruction of themselves, and all their families, and the whole human race. They would say: "I am sorry it is going to cost me, and my family, and all the world's population so very much, but here it goes to my lips, and now let it roll over my parched tongue and down my heated throat, the sweetest, the most inspiring, the mist rapturous thing that ever thrilled mortal or immortal. To cure the habit before it comes to is last stages, various plane were tried in blden times. This plane was recommended in blden times. This plane was recommended in blden times. This plane was recommended in lies, and the whole human race. They would say: "I am sorry it is going to cost me, and my family, and all the world's population as very much, but here it goes to my lips, and now let it roll over my parched tongue and down my heated throat, the sweetest, the most inspiring, the most rapturous thing that ever thrilled mortal or immortal. To cure the habit before it comes to is last stages, various plane were tried in olden times. This plan was recommended in the books: When a man wanted to reform he put shot or bullets into the cup or glass of strong drink—ne additional shot or bullet each day, that displaces so much liquor. Bullet after bullet, added day by day, of course the liquor became less and less until the bullets would entirely fill up the glass and there was no room for the liquid, and by that time it was said the inebriate would be cured. Whether any one was ever cured in that way I know not, but by long experiment it is found that the only way is to stop short off, an I when a man does that he needs God to help him. An I there have been more cases than your can count when God here a helped in the family of the place where the corpose lay. Why seek flowers on the edge of a precipice when you may walk knee deep amid, the full blooms of the very Paradise of God? When a man may sit at a king's banquet, why will he go down the steps and contend for the gristle and bones of a hound's keune? strong drink—ne additional shot or bullet each day, that displaces so much liquor. Bullet after bullet, added day by day, of course the liquor became less and less until the bullets would entirely fill up the glass and there was no room for the liquid, and by that time it was said the inebriate would be cured. Whether any one was ever cured in that way I know not, but by long experiment it is found that the only way is to stop short off, and when a man does that he needs God to help him. And there have been more cases than you can count when God has so helped

Now, I find on some of the limior signs all our cities the words: "Oli Crow," ghtily surgestive of a carcass, and the flithy raven that swoops upon it. "Old Crow!" ther glazed eyes, and pecking at their bloated cheek, and pecking at their destroyed mauhood and womanhood, thrusting beak and clew into the mortal remains of what once was gloriously alive but now morally dead. But alas, how many take to warning. They make me think of Casar on his way to assassination, fearing nothing; though his statue in the hall crashed into fragments at his feet, and a scroll containing the names of the conspirators was thrust into his hands, yet walking right on to rashing, and his Leath s crashing, and his domestic interests are crashing, and we hand him a long scroll containing the names of perils that await him, he goes straight on to physical, and mental, and moral assassination. In proportion as any style of alcohol-ism is pleasant to your taste, and stimulating your nerves, and for a time delightful to all your physical and mental constitution, is the peril awful. Remember Jonathan and the forbidden loney in the woods of Beth-

Furthermore, the gamester's indulgence must be put to the list of t uptations deli-cious but destructive. I have crossed the ocean eight times, and always one of the best rooms bas, from morning till late at night. been given up to gambling practices. I heard of men who went on board with enough money for European excursions who landed without enough money to get their baggage up to the hotel or railroad station. To many there is a complete fascination in games of hazard or the risking of money on possibilities. It seems as natural for them to bet as to eat. Indeed, the hunger for food is often overpowered with the hunger for wagers as the respectant of the second in the case of Lord Sandwich, a persistent rambler, who, not being willing to leave the lice table long enough for the taking of fool, invented a preparation of food that he could take without storping the game—namely, a slice of beef between two slices of bread, which was named after Lord Sandwich. It s absurd for those of us who have never felt the fascination of the wager to speak slight-ingly of the temptation. It has slain a mul-titude of intellectual and moral giants, men and women stronger than you or I, Down under its power went glorious Oliver Goldsmith, and Gibbon, the historian, and Charles Fox, the statesman, and in olden times fa-mous Senators of the United States, who used to be as regularly at the gambling house all light as they were in the halls of legislation I know persons who began with a slight stake in a ladies' parlor, and ended with the suicide's pistol at Monte Carlo. They the suicide's pistol at Monte Carlo. They played with the square pieces of bone with black marks on them, not knowing that Satan was playing for their bones at the same time, and was sure to sweep all the stakes off on his side of the table. The last New York legislature sanctioned the mighty evil last spring by passing a law for its defense at the race tracks, and many young men in these cities lost all their wages at Coney Island this summer, and this fall are borrowing from the money tills of their employers or arranging by means of false entaies to adjust their demoralized finances. Every man who voted for the Ives pool bill has on his hands and forehead the blood of these souls.

But in this connection some young converts say to me: "Is it right to play cards? Is there

say to me: "Is it right to play cards? Is there any harm in a game of whist or euchre? ell, I know good men who play whist and enthre and other styles of game without any wagers. I had a friend who played cards with his wife and children, and then at the close said: "Come, now, let us have prayers. will not judge other men's consc I tell you t at cards are, in my mind, so associated with the temporal and eternal damnation of solendid young men, that I should no sooner say to my family: "Come, let us have a game of cards," than I would go into a menageric and say: "Come let us have a game of rattesnakes," or into a cemetery, and sitting down by a marble slab, say to the grave diggers: "Come, let us have a game of skulls." Conscientious young ladies are silently saying to me while I speak: "Do you think card playing will do us any harm?" Perhaps not, but how will you feel if in the great day of eternity, give an account of our influence, some man shall say to you: "I was introduced to games of chance in the year 1887, in Brooklyn, at your house, and I went on from that sport to something more exciting, and went on down

catastrophe at the last.

"Sweeter than honey and the honeycomb," says David, "is the truth of God." "With honey out of the rock would I have satisfied thee," says God to the recreant. Here is

help him. An i there have been more cases than you can count when God has so helped the man that he quit forever, and I could count a score of them here to day, some of them pillars in the house of God.

One would suppose that men would take warning from some of the ominous names given to the intoxicants, and stand off from the devastating influence. You have noticed for instance, that some of the restaurants are called "The Shades," typical of the fact that it puts a man's reputation in the shade, and his morals in the shade, and his wife and children in the shade, and his immortal dest ny in the shade.

Now, I find on some of the liquor signs

"Sweeter than honey and the honeycomb," says David, "is the truth of God." "With honey out of the rock would I have satisfied thee," says God to the re-reant. Here is honey gathered from the blossoms of trees of life, and with a rod made out of the wood of the cross I dip it up for all your souls.

The poet Hesiol tells of an ambrosia and a nectar the drinking of which would make men live forever, and one sip of this honey from the Eternal Rock will give fou immortal life with God. Come off of the malarial levels of a sinful life. Come and live on the uplands of grace where the vineyards sun themselves. Oh, taste and see that the Lord is gracious. happy now and happy forever. For those who take a different course the honey will turn to gall For many things I have ad-Men and women without numbers slain of rum but unburied, and this evil is pecking at their bloated the glazed eyes, and pecking at their bloated sweetness to him to dishonor God. The poem "Queen Mab" has in it the maligning of the deity. The infidel poet was impions enough to ask for Rowland Hill's Surrey chapel that he might denounce the Christian religion He was in great gee against Got and the truth. But he visited Italy, and one day on the Mediterranean with two friends in a toat which was twenty-four feet long, he was coming toward shore when an hour's squall meet the dagger that was to take his life. in this squal, but all outrode the terror ex-This infatuation of strong drink is so mighty cept one, that in which Shelley, the infidel in many a man that, though his fortunes are poet, and his two frien is were sailing. That never came ashore, but the bolies of two of the occupants were washed upon the beach, one of them the poet. A funeral pyre was built on the sea shore by some classic friends and the two bodies were consumed. Poor

struck the water. A gentleman standing on shore through a glass saw many boats tossed Shelley! He would have no God while he lived and he probably had no God when he died. "The Lord knoweth the way of the righteous, but the way of the ungodly shall perish." Beware of the forbidden honey!

# A LADY PLIES THE WHIP.

#### Excitement in Prominent South Carolina Circles Growing Out of Draw Poker.

Walterboro, Colleton county, S. C., is intensely agitated over a recent series of cowhidings an i threatened duels, all the parties concerned belonging to the first famlies of the place,

The eldest son of Major Edwards, the principal lawyer of the town, has been leading a fast life since he married the beautiful daughter of Colonel James H. Rion, who was alleged to be the son of the Dauphin of France. Young Edward's frequent and protracted absences from home at night aroused his wife's ire, and last Saturday night guided by a lad named Izlar, she unceremo niously entered the room in which her shaud and several of his male friends were

engaged in a game of draw poker.

Among those present was a Mr. Bellington, who bears the reputation of being "a bad man" in a fight. Mrs. Edwards seems to have thought him in some way responsible for her husband's habit, and drawing a cow-hide from beneath her shawl she sac upor and beat him unmercifully before she could be secured. Her sex saved her from retalia tion on the part of Bellington, who, however, expressed his intention of holding her hus band responsible, and forthwith drew a pistol to kill him. Then Mrs. Edwar is nerve prook her, and sinking on her knees before Sellington she begged forgiveness for the owniding and entreated him to spare her usband's life.

Bellington then left the room threatening o kid any one who should divulge the oc urrence. Next day, when the story go out, sellington sought Edwards and wore out cowhide upon his person.

It is further stated that Bellington

pelled Edwar s, at the point of a pistol, to go to the house of young Izlar to cowhide him for showing Mrs. Edwards the poker room, but he appearance of the boy's father prevented it being done. A hostile meeting is expected between Bellington and Edwards.

# CLUBBED BY A BURGLAR

## Frightful Midnight Experience of Wisconsin Widow and Three Daughters.

The most atrocious crime ever committed in Fond-du-Lac county, Wis., was perpetrated by an unknown person. Just outside pied by Mrs. William Koehne, a widow, and her four daughters, Rosa, Emma, Lena and cancer of the throat. The case is very sim-Clara. About midnight, while the occupants were as'eep, a burglar entered the house until I lost my business, and lost my morals, and lost my soul, and these chains that you see on my wrists and feet are the chains of a gamps er's doom, and I am on my way to a gambler's hell." Honey at the start, eternal was defeated. He succeeded, however, in nearly killing all the members of the family. The walls of the room in which the struggle

## TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

# Eastern and Middle States. The principal sugar refiners of the country are reported to be forming a combination, with a united capital of \$50,000,000. The great bulk of the business is centered in New York.

THOMAS C. MANNING, United States Minister to Mexico, died a few days since in New York, where he had gone to attend a meeting of the Peabody Educational Fund. Judge Manning was about fifty-one years old, and was a native of North Carolina. He moved in 1855 to Louisiana and served in the Confederate army. He was for some years Supreme Court Justice of Louisiana.

R. S. Hicks, Cashier of the Stafford (Conn.) National Bank, has been arrested charged with embezzling \$80,000. Hicks is also Treasurer of the Stafford Savings Bank, which is a heavy sufferer by his downfall. The defaulter is a young man, and has lost much money in cotton speculation

THE American Bankers' Association has been in session at Pittsburg. THE fishing schooner T. C. Tarr, of Gloucester, Mass., and her crew of fifteen men are given up as lost by her owners.

A Box containing dynamite exploded at the Callao (Penn.) Custom House with ter-rible effect. Twelve of the persons present were blown into fragments, three others died shortly afterward, and nineteen others were expected to die from injuries received. DAVID STAIN and Oliver Cromwell Smith DAVID STAIN and Oliver Cromwell Smith, charged by the former's son with having killed Cashier Barron, of the Dexter, (Me.) Savings Bank, nine years ago, have been taken to Dexter. "Doo" Andrews, another man mentioned in connection with the crime, has been arrested at Bangor. Smith declares

he never was in Dexter. THE large Sprague Baltic Mill, built of stone, five stories in height, 1,000 by 500 feet, at Baltic, Conn., was totally wrecked by fire the other morning. The loss is \$1,500,000; in-

surance \$257,000. THREE members of the British Parliament
—Sir John Swinburne, O. V. Morgan and
Halley Stewart—who will present an international arbitrat on memorial to the President and Congress, have arrived in New
York York.

## South and West,

JOHN OWENS, a trusted messenger of the Pacific Express Company, residing in St. Louis, has robbed his employers of between \$30,000 and \$60,000.

THE Knights of Labor General Assembly at Minneapolis voted down a resolution of sympathy with the condemned Chicago Anarchists by 151 nays to 52 yeas. THE banking hou e of Morton E. Post & Co., Cheyenne, Wyoming Territory, has failed, owing depositors, many of them work-

ing people, about \$500,000. THE opening ceremonies of the Piedmont Exposition at Atlanta, Ga., included addresses by Governor Gordon and Hon. Sam-

FOREST fires in the slope counties of Cali ornia have burned over many farms and de stroyed numerous bridges. ROBERT GARRETT has resigned as Presiden of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. William

F. Burns is acting as President. NEWMAN & FARR, heavy cattle dealers of St. Louis, have failed, carrying down also the Niobrara Land and Cattle Company. The liabilities are heavy.

THE Yacht Nettie has been lost in Lake Superior with all on board-six persons. A FOND DU LAC (Wis.) burglar attacked Mrs. William Koehne and her two daughers with a club, nearly killing them all. THERE are more than fifty cases of yellow fever at Tampa, Fla.

CHARLES EDWARDS (colored) was hanged at Clarksville, Ga., for the murder of liam Echols (white).

# Washington.

GENERAL BERDEN has prepared drafts of seven pension bills, which he proposes to have offered in Congress at the coming session. THE last report of the Department of Agriculture shows the average condition of crops to be as follows: Corn, 72.8; oats, 95; barley 80; buckwheat, 77; potatoes, 61.5; cotton, 76.5; tobacco, 75.5. The yield of ccrn will be about 450,000,000 bushels; oats, 600,000,-

000; barley, 24,000,000. THE percentage of funds which depositor, banks may be allowed to hold upon bond se curities has been increased, in order to allow the banks to make profitable use of the funds. The Treasury surplus is now being used in

THE coinage of the United States mints during September was 8,757,045 pieces. An excellent counterfeit of the five-dollar gold piece is in circulation. It is perfect in form, size and weight, and is marked as hav-

# Foreign.

A YACHT capsized in Lough Neagh, Ireland, and out of a pleasure party of a dozen five

A FRENCH steamer was wrecked in the Bay of Bormes, and twenty-two passengers Duning an election riot at Plevna, Bulga-ria, twenty four persons were killed and

thirty wounded. A \*ARGE Spanish force has been ordered to the Caroline Islan is to punish the natives for their rebellious acts. The American corvette Essex has been ordered to protect the missionaries on the islands.

AYOUB KHAN, the leader of the revolt against the Ameer of Afghanistan, has been A NUMBER of prominent French officials are charged with being accomplices of Gen-eral Caffarel, of the War Department, who has been caught selling civil decorations to whomsoever would buy. The affair has caused great scandal in France.

A FIRE destroyed a portion of the Northern Ohio Insane Asylum, near Cleveland, Ohio Six maniacs perished.

Five of the bandits who recently abducted Senor Berrera from the Texan side of the Rio Grande, have been summarily executed by the Mexican rancheros who pursued them. QUELITO, Mexico, a town of 8,000 peopl has been totally destroyed by a storm. Many lives have been lost. THE coron r's jury at Mitchellstown, Ireland, have brought in a verdict of murde

against the police accused of killing several people during the recent disturbance GENERAL BOULANGER, the French ex-War Minister, has been arrested by the Government for utterances regarding the Caffarel scandal. General Caffarel has been found guilty of selling civil decorations and been placed on the army's retired list. He will also be deprived of his decoration of the

ilar to General Grant's.

# SOME OLD PEOPLE.

MRS. LYDIA BACON, of Boston, was 100 years old a few days since. SAMUEL POST, who died at Ketchum's Corners, N. Y., recently, was in his ninety-first

MRS. NANCY EDGERLY, of Wolfboro, N H., is 103 years old. She delights in politica onversation When Thon a Whipple died at Brown Set-lement, Sull van county, N. Y., recently, he had enjoyed nearly 101 years of active life. For 103 years Mrs. Lucy Lather, of Hadlyme, Conn., who died on Wednesday, had been a stranger to disease, and had all

her mental faculties. The oldest volunteer fireman in the United States is said to be John de Mier, of Allentown, Mo., who joined Relief Company No. 2 of Cincinnati in 1828. He is more than 80

# THE PUBLIC LANDS.

## SYNOPSIS OF LAND COMMISSIONER SPARKS' ANNUAL REPORT.

## An Entire Change in Existing Land Laws Recommended.

Land Commissioner Sparks in his annual report, just issued, shows that since March 4, 885, 31,324,481 acres have been restored to the public domain. The sales, entries, and Selections of public laud under the various acts of Congress relating thereto, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1887, embrace 25,111,-400 acres, and of Indian lands 746,637 acres, making a total of 25,853,038 acres, being an Increase over the year 1886 of 3,733,474 acres, and an increase of 4,862,524 acres as compared

and an increase of 4,862,524 acres as compared with 1885.

The receipts from the disposals of public lands are \$10,788,921, from sales of Indian lands, \$1,484,302—a total of \$12,268,224, being an increase as compared with the year 1886 of \$3,247,727, and an increase of \$3,648,625 as compared with the fiscal year 1885; to which is to be added \$8,291 received on account of timber depredations, and \$12,493 received for certified copies of records furnished by the General Land Office, making the total receipts for the year from all sources \$12,289,008.

With respect to the surveys of public lands, With respect to the surveys of public lands, he says that charges of fraud are made in all the public land States and Territories, and that an appropriation to cover the examination of such surveys and for necessary resurveys is a matter of the highest public importance. A large proportion of the Surveyors-General recommend that rates for survey be

ance. A large proportion of the Surveyors-General recommend that rates for survey be increased, so that competent surveyors may be able to perform their work without calling on settlers for assistance.

The report briefly reviews the work of the Surveyors General of Arizona, California, and New Mexico in examining private land claims. About forty claims in New Mexico were examined, and in nearly every instance the Surveyor-General recommends their rejection, principally on the ground of fraud or non-compliance with the law. Many were found to cover areas several times as large as that of the original grant.

In discussing the swamp land grants the Commissioner says that claims under these grants have already reached the enormous amount of nearly 77,500,000 acres, and that patents have issued for nearly 56,745,000 acres. During the past year, says the Commissioner, swamp land claims have been made the subject of thorough investigation. These investigations, he says, have demonstrated the fact that many of them are fraudalest, the charm rations, he says, have demonstrated the fact that many of them are fraudulent-the char-On the subject of the forfeiture of railroad

land grants the Commissioner quotes from his last annual report, and adds: "I renew the recommendation that forfeiture be declared in all cases in which the roads were not completed within the time and in the manner conditioned in the respective grants.

Of fraudulent land entries the Commissioner says that the investigations of the past year have been satisfactory, and that in no provi-ous year has such effective work been done. As a result, 2,312 entries, covering about 370,000 acres, were held for cancellation, and 1,153 entries, covering about 180,000 acres, were cancelled for fraud. This subject the Commissioner pursues at some length. He says: "Such a record of crime as that shown by investigation made by special agents during the last two years is rarely to be found Bold, reckless, and gigantic schemes to rob the Government of its lands have been discovered and exposed in every State and Territory containing public lands, and I think I can truthfully say in every land district and county which a special agent has visited. Systematic efforts to mislead and corrupt entrymen, in order that they mig become instruments in defrauding the Govern-ment, have been resorted to. Men of intelligence and high standing in the community, in many instances million-aires, were the leaders in these unlawful fransactions. Over five thousand cases have been discovered wherein perjury or subordin-ation of perjury was committed. In a ma-jority of cases the officers before whom the proofs or other papers were executed, largely State and Territorial officers not directly responsible to the Land Department, were

cognizant of the fraud, or could have become so by ordinary diligence.
"While, under improved regulations and more efficient supervision, the area of fraudulent entries is gradually becoming circum-scribed, there still remains much to do, and the entire or general cossition of fraud can-not be expected as long as the facilities offered for its perpetration by existing laws are so great and the means provided for their prevention are so small. Upward of 10,000 unexamined cases are now on the files of this office in which fraud has been charged by affidavit or information, or in which evi-

dences of fraud are in licated. One thousand and eleven cases of timber depredations or timber trespuss have been reported on during the year, involving a value in timber and product therefrom amounting to \$6,145,935—recoverable to the United States. The amount actually recovered during the year through judgments, flues, etc., is \$128,642. The wholesale destruction of public lands, says the Commissioner, within the granted limits of unconstant.

structed railroads continues to an alarming On the subject of "reform in the public land laws" the Commissioner says:
"All efforts to secure a reform in the land laws by a repeal or amendments of particular acts and provisions have falled through the opposition of interests at variance with proposed legislation. I am satisfied that amendments in detail are impracticable. The time for tinkering has passed. Existing systems of disposal, fundamentally defective in the original instance, have become wholly unsuited to present conditions. What is needed, in my opinion, is an entire reformation of existing laws, retaining an absolute homes end law and obsoleting all other forms of disposal of agricultural lands. Attractions improvement and lands. At tual residence, improvement, and cultivation for the homestead period of five years should be the exclusive condition of acquiring title to such lands. It would also appear that the time has arrived when the privilege of appropriating public lands should be confined to citizens of the United States. The mineral laws should be so amended as to preserve the public right of mineral explor-ation to citizens of the United States and to prevent a monopoly of native mineral wealth by individuals and corporations."

# FIRE IN AN ASYLUM.

#### Three of the Inmates Burnt to Death and Others Injured.

Two of the dead were unrecognizable |

The names of the others are: Mrs. Margaret Pitts, Miss Jennie B. Hall, in each district there shall be two district Miss Emeline Scribner and Mrs Charlotte examiners, one a conductor and the other an

The injured are Miss Caroline Knowlton,

cousin of Charlotte, perhaps fatally; Miss Jane Black and Miss Mary Ogle. But for the heroic conduct of the physicians and attendants, who rushed into the blinding and attendants, who rushed into the blinding smoke and flames and dragged the t frorstricken insane people from the chapel, the loss of life must have been terrible. As it was, the side of the chapel was on fire before all the unfortunates had been removed. The fire started in the laundry, a one-story building, which adjoins the wing in which the chapel is located. The prompt responce and active work of the firemen prevented a disastrous spread of the flames, and the loss to property will fall below \$25,000. Had the fire occurred on any other night of the week, there would have been no loss of life.

## FROM WEST TO SOUTH.

#### Particulars of the President's Trip Southward.

President Cleveland and party went fishing in Lake Mendota Saturday morning. A steam launch conveyed them from Madison, Wis., to an island in the lake, where they took small boats for the fishing grounds. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Chauncey M. Depew and Marvin Hughitt arrived in a special train at noon and at once repaired to the

and Marvin Hughitt arrived in a special train at noon and at once repaired to the Vilas mansion to pay their respects to the President. He had not returned, however, and the railroad excursionists went on to Duluth. Mrs. Cleveland did not join the fishing party, but rested quietly in the Vilas house. Sunday was spent quietly by the President and Mrs. Cleveland at the residence of the Postmaster-General.

Monday morning the Presidential party took their special train for St. Paul. At various stations along the route the train made short stops to enable the crowds that had gathered to get a look at the President and his wife. A salute of twenty-one guns was fired at La Crosse, and the visitors alighted from the train and were escorted through the principal streets in carriages by the Governor's Guard. All the principal streets were decorated, and many people from the surrounding country were in the city.

The special train reached St. Paul at 5:30 Monday afternoon, and the party were at once driven to the Ryan Hotel. The President's carriage was drawn by four white horses, and the streets to the hotel were decorated. In response to Mayor Smith's speech of welcome the President made an address in which he referred to his wife having once dwelt in St. Paul, and said that the people of Bt. Paul were related to that in his life which was "better than all earthly honors and distinction." At 7:30 p. M. the President reviewed a long procession of toboganning and snowshoe clubs, and later held a public reception at the hotel. The city was brilliantly illuminated, and many public buildings were covered with bunting.

The President and Mrs. Cleveland, accompanied by Governor McGelveland, accompan

iantly illuminated, and many public buildings were covered with bunting.

The President and Mrs. Cleveland, accompanied by Governo: McGill and Mayor Smith, were driven through the handsomest part of St. Paul on Tuesday morning. The party took refreshments at Mayor Smith's residence, after which Mrs. Cleveland was driven to the railroad station, while the President was taken to the Minnesota Club and presented to its members. Soon after he joined his wife, and the special train soon bore the party to Minneapolis.

Upon their arrival at Minneapolis the party were conveyed to the West Hotel through

were conveyed to the West Hotel through had come hundreds of miles. After lunch the Presidential party were driven through city, and upon their return Mayor Ames made an address of welcome from the hotel balcony. The President responded in a short address, and then the party went to the Exposition in carriages, escorted by military companies and a band of music. At the Exposition grounds the President made another short address. After supper at the notel the party at 8 P. M., under military es-

ort, returned to the depot and took the train or Omaha The President and Mrs. Cleveland, accompanied by the rest of the party, were driven through the streets of Kansas City on Thursday morning. Large crowds greeted them heartily at every point. After the drive Mr. Cleveland laid the corner-stone of the new Young Men's Christian Association Building. The President made an address, referring to the rood work done by Young Men's Christian Associations throughout the country. After the ceremonies the party took lunch and then were driven to the Custom House, where Mayor Kumpf made an address of welcome in presence of 50,000 spectators, the President responding. Then Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland held an open-air reception, thousands of people walking past the Chief Magistrate and his wife. At 6 o'clock there was a bangust at the Coates House and later Mr. and The President made an address, quet at the Coates House, and later Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland reviewed an imposing parade. The streets were brilliantly illuminated. At

10 P. M. the entire party took the special train for Memphis.

At West Memphis, which was reached Friday afternoon, the visitors were received by a Committee of 200 leading citizens, and taken by the training of the committee of 200 leading citizens, and taken by the committee of 200 leading citizens, and taken by steamer to Memphis. About 60,000 people had gathered on the levee when the Presidential party left the boat, thousands of strangers having traveled to the city from Mississippi and of the city from the city fr Mississippi and adjoining States. The party were taken in carriages to the Gayozo House. In the morning there was a reception at the hotel, and later the guests were driven out to see a fine display of fireworks. Saturday to see a fine display of fireworks. Saturday morning there was a grand parade, an address delivered by Judge Elliott in the Court Square, a reply by the President, and afterward a public reception at the Merchants' Exchange. Early Saturday afternoon the special train was again taken, and Nashville, Tenn., was reached early Sunday morning.

# THE FATAL CAR STOVE.

## Congress to be Urged to Abolish It-Licensing of Train Officers.

A dispatch from Washington says:-Congress will be urged this winter to pass som? measure looking to the correction of the present system of heating railroad cars. Experience has demonstrated that the stoves now in use have more than doubled the number of victims in railroad accidents. It is thought a bill will be introduced forbiding the use of stoves in railway cars. This would have the effect, it is beli ved, of forcing the railroads to invent some substitute for the fatal stove that would insure greater safety to the travelling public. In this relation, it is probable that a bill will be introduced to license railway conductors and engineers. At the meeting of the National Association of Railway Conductors last summer a bill was prepared on this subject which will be submitted to Congress this

winter.

The first section of the act provides that on and after July 1, 1889, no railroad in the United States engaged in the transportation from one State or Territory to another, or to a foreign country, shall employ or p rmit any person to serve as conductor or engineer unless such person is licensed, as provided in the ect. The second section provides for the appointment of a chief examiner by the President, by and with the advice and corsent of the Senate, to carry out the provisions sent of the Senate, to carry out the provisions of the act, to receive a salary of \$3,500, with travelling expenses, who shall, from time to time, report to the Secretary of the Treasury. Another section authorizes the appointment by the chief examiner, of ten supervising examiners, at a salary of \$2,500 per year each and travelling expenses, all to be selected for The Northern Ohio Insana Asylum was damaged by fire and the bodies of six insans woman, who had met death by asphyxiation and burning were recovered, and three more were found in an injured condition. January following, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. They shall di-vide the United States into ten districts, and engineer, at a salary of \$2,000 per annum, and in addition assistant examiners when their services are actually needed, at a salary

their services are actually needed, at a salary of not exceeding \$1,500 per annum.

Under the provisions of this act the conductors and engineer are required to show their license on the demand of any passenger. The railway companies employing an unlicensed conductor or engineer are subject to a fine of \$500. It is not thought this measure will pass in its present form, but many members are confident that a general discussion of the subject will result in some legislation of benefit to the travelling public.

few hours after being taken from the water.