## TEMPERANCE.

#### Interrogation.

Did you ever think, when you meet and

Men of the country, men of the town, That women's tears and children's fears From your crystal glasses are draining

That hopes so high are doomed to dic, Drowned in the liquor you long to taste? That grand ambitions, and lofty missions, And admonitions are going to waste?

That a demon dire, with fangs of fire, Lurks in the wine-cup's sparkling foam, While serpents of death, with fetid breath, Are poisoning Youth, and Hope, and Hom

Pleasure you sought-what has it brought? Has it not lost you friend on friend? Do not delay; dash it away Ere it shail compass its awful end! -Edward E. Kidder, in National Advocate.

#### Drunken Snakes.

It may be of curious interest to trace the ungular connection which seems to exist between the serpent used figuratively in between the serpent used figuratively in Scripture to represent the evil one, and intoxicating liquor. It is a fact, and one perhaps not generally known, that a snake will avail itself of any opportunity to drink whisky and get on a debauch as readily as any old toper. In the course of a lecture by the Rev. Ben. Deering, a cele-breted temperance advocate, he stated a lecture by the Rev. Ben. Deering, a cele-brsted temperance advocate, he stated that upon one occasion when in early life, he was employed in a distillery somewhere in the backwoods in Kentucky, the em-ployes knowing the habits of snakes in the above connection, suspected that they were stealing liquor from the establishment, and ripped up the floor and discovered a con-catenation of drunken moccasin snakes, a foot or more thick. After that their habits were more closely watched by Mr. Deering, and they were often seen to cautiously ap-proach the premises, lap up the liquor, and either crawl lazily out in the sun to sleep off the intoxication, or to seek the society of their companions; for it produces in snakes the same desire for social intercourse that it their companions; for it produces in snakes the same desire for social intercourse that it does in men. Some years since, in India, a cobra was discovered in one of the military camps, and the soldiers desiring to capture. it alive with its mate, a pan was filled with wine and placed near it. The snake soon discovered it, went after it, and after be-coming "mellow" sought the society of its mate, which the soldiers knew would fol-low, and were both captured and sent to the British Museum in London. A snake at its best is the most loathsome thing, but oh! a drunken snake!

When a man is drunk his walk is serpentine as the course of a snake, and when his spree culminates in delirum tremens, terrortakes the form of hideous reptiles coiling ahout him. Alcohol is well known to be one of the most effectual remedies for the bite of a snake. There are other facts which might be mentioned in this connection. The Biblical metaphor, "it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder," may have been chosen with a greater regard to the propriety than is generally supposed. - Witness.

### Whisky Arithmetie.

Under the above heading the Cincinnati Enquirer prints the following:

## Senate Sessions.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

20TH DAY.-Mr. Beck presented the re-monstrance of the Western Union Telegraph Company against the passage of the postal telegraph bil. Ar. Edmunds, from the judiciary commit-tee, to which had been referred the investi-gation in the Jackson (Miss.) election trou-bles, reported a resolution authorizing that committee to send for persons and papers in-quiring into the alleged participation of federal officials in the suppression of the votes of colored citizens votes of colored citizens

Among the bills reported from committees was one for the admission of the State of Dakota and the organization of the Territory of Lincoln. (A minority report is to be presented by Mr. Butler.) The Blair educational bill was then taken up and contidered until the hour of adjourn-

nt.

21ST DAY -- Mr. Palmer (Mich.) addressed the Senate on the subject of the bill intro-duced by him on the 12st inst., to regulate

and proper appropriations. 22ND DAY.-A resolution was reported from the committee on contingent expenses, to pay to Mr. Lucas, of West Virginia, who ted the seat of Senator Faulkner, \$1,000 In full for all expenses and for any claim for salary, and, on motion of Mr. Faulkner, it was adopted.

The resolutions offered by Mr. Chandler some days ago calling on the Navy Depart-ment for information as to the purchase of plans and specifications in foreign countries, as to the changes from the original plans in the construction of ships of war, and as to contracts made for ships and ordnance since 4th March, 1885, were taken up. The first of them were adopted, and the second referred the committee on naval affairs. As to the third, Mr. Atler moved to amend it so as to substitute 1880 for 1885.

Mr Gormon favored the amendment, say ing that no intelligent view of the whole transaction could be obtained unless the statement covered the whole period. The amendment was agreed to, and the res-

amendment offered by Mr. Hawley to pay pay for "dead work" even higher wages than taken. Then the hostler seized a big certain amounts for the manufacture of postage stamps, stamped envelopes, &c. but the men decline the offer unless a con-After debate the amendment was agreed to: After the adoption of severa! slight amendments, the bill was p ss.d. 23D. DAY-The Committ e on Appropria tions, reported back House bill to carry into effect the provisions of the act of 2d of March, 1887, in segard to experimental stations at the agricultural colleges. Calendar The Senate took from the calendar and passed the bill increasing the pens ons for total deafness to \$30 a month, and allowing a proportionate rating for partial deafness. The calender was then taken up, and the bills thereou takes up in their regular or ler. The bil given a pension o \$2,009 a year to Mrs. Mary A. Logan was taken up. The bill was passed--yeas 55, nays 7. The negative votes were given by Berry, Colquitt, Harris, Reagan, S ulsbury and Vance. Ou motion of Mr. Vest, (Mo.) a like bill increasing to \$2,000 a year the p nsion of the widow of General Frank P. Blair, was pass-ed by a vote of 54 to 6-Mr. Saulsbury not

Individual Collieries in Operation. The Threatened Rupture Over the Striking Railroad Hands. There is now little doubt that there is either a split between the Knights of Labor and the Miners' and Laborers' Amalgamated Associa-

rumored that the miners employed at the New-Lincoln Colliery, owned by Levi Miller & Co., a mile from Brookside, are likely to go to work in a day or two. Many of the miners assert that unless their leaders drop the railroaders they will return to work regard less of the consequence. A large number of

the Senate on the subject of the bill intro-duced by him on the 12st inst., to regulate immigration. On the conclusion of Mr. Palmer's re-marks, the bill was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations. The Senate then proceeded to the consider-ation of the Deficiency Bill. Mr. Hale, who had charge of it from the Committee on Appropriations, stated that the bill had been made up mainly in the House, mainly on the basis of items in the like bill last season. The Senate Committee on appropriations had been confronted (as it always had bren)

in Schuylkill county shipping over the Reading its iroad will be in operation in a few days, provided that they agree to pay 8 per cent. advance above the \$2.50 basis. The Kuights say they will not object to this now, as with the individual collieries in operation they can keep the Reading Com-pany's employes out indefinately. The strik-ing reilroaders and miners held a meeting at Shamokin with the view of permitting the individual collieries in the district to resume work providing that the operators agree to give the Reading Company as little tonnag

as possible. Superintendent S. B. Whiting, of the Co. and Iron Company was called to Philadelphia and had a long c nference with the Reading officers. It is stated the question of the Knights permitting th individual opera of revolutionary days. It was ren-dered distinctive by the use or silk. fibers of red and blue, the red being tors to resume work was discussed at some length. It is known that the Reading Company has failed to make even a fair showing at any of their idle collisries, the men being almost a unit in favor of standing by the striking railroaders. The Reading people do not like this, and if they do not openly refuse to furnish cars to individual operators, was ingeniously showered upon the web while on the "wire," so that it ap-peared only in streaks. This combinait is a sorted that they will not consent to an arrangement that is likely to keep their collieries idle indefinately. The agents of the Girard estate about

tion was so difficult to copy and re-Shenandoah have raised the royalty on coll quired such expensive machinery as to mined on their lands by small operators. call for a skill, patience and capital call for a skill, patience and capital, The increase is made on the ground that much coal leaves the collieries that is not not at the disposal of counterfeiters. paid for, in consequence of the variable size of wagons used in hauling it about the town. This will force the operators to make an advance on the selling price of their coal to consumers.

he could get a pint of liquor at the olution a lopted. The Senate then resumed consideration on the deficiency bill, the question being on the

### How Some Mon Write.

words a day. Admiral Porter is fond

of writing. He never uses anything

now but a lead pencil, and he says he

cannot think well without he has a

pencil in his hand. He had a slight

attack of pen paralysis once, and his

hand refuses to act whenever his finger touches the steel of a pen. He began

his novel writing for amusement, and

he wrote "Allan Dare" without any

idea that it would be published, much

writing, and, when he becomes inter-

best work before noon, and Logan

worked both morning and evening .--

The First Greenbask Paper. -The bank-note paper used for the

United States "greenback" was made under the Wilcox patent, at the mills

of that old Pennsylvania firm, whose

mills, curiously enough, had also made

the paper for the continental currency

mixed with the pulp in the engine, so

that it was scattered throughout the

substance of the paper, while the blue

Whisky in a New Way.

A Winsted hostler offered to bet that

Philadelphia Press.

-Harper's Magazine.

The Carreet Time. There are very few men who do not pride of the correct time; and wonderful and delicate mechanisms are devised to enable them to do so. But the more delicate a chronometer is made, the more sub-the kept always perfectly clean, it soon loces its men machine – o much more delicate and la-ticate than any work of Man-should require to kept thoroughly cleansed. The liver is the main-spring of this complex structure, and on the impurities left in the Good by a disor-delicate of grave maladies have their structure, depend most of the like that flean the impurities left in the Good by a disor-delicate of grave maladies have their structure, and the diseases, dropsy, and a song catalogue of grave maladies have their right in a torpid or sluggish liver. Dr. Pierce's delate, Medical Discovery, by establishing a believer, deventive of these tiver, acts and the impurities of the liver, acts and the main spring of these diseases. The Correct Time. Bancroft uses a typawriter and sten-ographer, but he thinks 250 words a good day's work, and James G. Blaine thought he was doing well when he accomplished 1,500 words of a morn-ing. One of the fastest writers among the public men of to-day is Admiral Porter, whose brain works like the wheel of a dynamo throwing off sparks at every turn and, whose pencil rushes across the paper at almost telegraphic speed. Admiral Porter wrote his history of the United States Navy in eleven months, and during this time his average was at least 75,000 words a month, or nearly 2,500 words a day, including Sundays. The book is as big as a dictionary, and it contains from 700,000 to 800,000 words. Dur-A good nick-name-Satan. ing many of these days he did not write at all, and his average during his working period ran as high as 5,000 Consumption Surely Cared.

To the Editor:-Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have con-sum; ion if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M.C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y. Pains .- Those which afflict the back are the

'ROYAL GLUE' mends everything!. Broken China, Glass, Wood, Free Vials at Drugs & Gro

Cure.—Rub the parts afflicted freely with Sr. JACOBS OIL; rub hard and vigorously, producing warmth, and if the pain is slow in yielding, wrap the parts in flannel steeped in hot water and wrung out. If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr Isaac Thomp son's Eye-Water. Druggists sellat 25c. per tottle

### A mere shadow-The detective.

less dramatized. He stands up while NERVES! NERVES!! ested he works right along for hours What terrible visions this little word brings before the eyes of the nervous. Headache, Neuralgia, Indigestion, Sleeplessness, Nervous Prostration, All stare them in the face. Yet all these nervous troubles can be cured by using at a stretch. George Bancroft works only in the morning. Blaine did his

For The Nervous

The Aged.

THIS GREAT NERVE TONIC

The Debilitated



Gone Where the Woodbine Twineth. Rats are smart, but "Rough on Rats" beats them. Clears out Rats, Mice, Roaches, Water Bugs, Flies, Beetles, Moths, Ants, Mosquitoes, Bed-bugs, Hen Lice, Insects, Potato Bugs, Sparrows, 14 unks, Weasel, Gophers, Chip-munks, Moles, Musk Rats, Jack Rabbits, Squirrels, 15c, and 25c, Druggists. elerv ombound "ROUGH ON PAIN" Plaster, Porosed. 15c.

"ROUGH ON COUGHS." Coughs, colds, 25c. ALL SKIN HUMORS CURED BY

SJACOBS OIL

LUMBAGO.

Carriage.-Why so many deviate from a graceful carriage may be accounted for in as many ways as there are misshapen beings.

MUSCULAR WEAKNESS.

Lame Back.—The spinal column is the main-stay of the body, which stiffens up the straight man or woman, and nature has provided muscular supports to hold it erect.

TWISTED OUT OF SHAPE.

Distortions.-Men and women recklessly twist themselves out of shape, and the re-sult is the few standing straight and the

SYMPTOMS.

most insidious or subfile. They come at times without warning; we rise from a sit-ting posture to find the back so crippled or-

TREATMENT.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers Everywhere.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

GHON RAT

TRADE C

DON'T

O DIE IN THE HOUSE

strained as to cause acute suffering.

many bending down.



"Rough on Itch" Ointment cures Skin Hu-mors, Pimples, Flesh Worms, RingWorm, Tet-ter, Salt Rheum, Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Itch, Ivy Poison, Barber's lich, Scald Head, Eczema. 50c. Drug. or mail. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City.







Mexican

anlas

Bruises.

Corns.

Mustang

OURES

ains,

Stiff Joints Backache,

Galls,

Sores, Spavin Cracks,

For MAN or BEAST, Rub it in

VIGOROUSLY !!

BNUS

Strains,

Liniment

Musele

Hoof Ail.

Screw Worms

Sadilia Gall

Piles. CakedBreast

# W.L.DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE. GENTLEMEN.

The only fine calf \$3 Sea miless Shee in the world' made without tacks or nails. As stylish and durable as those cosing \$5 or \$5, and having no tacks or nails to wear the stocking or hurt the feet, makes them as comfortable and well-fitting as a hand sewed shoe. Buy the best. None genuine un-less stamped on bot.om "W. L. Douglas \$3 Shoe, warranted."

W. L. DOUGLAS S4 SHOE, the original and only han't sewed welt \$4 shoe, which equals custom-made shoes costing from \$5 to \$3.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$2.50 SHOE is unex-

W. L. DOUGLAS \$2 SHOE is worn by all Bays, and is the best school shoe in the work'.

All the above goods are made in Congress, Button and Lace, and if not solt by your dealer, write



tion, or a mutual agreement to permit all individual collieries to resume work. It is

"How many drinks of whisky do you average a day?' said one gentleman to another as they were enjoying a social glass at a well-known resort on Vine street yesterday afternoon.

"'Oh! taking the year round, I presume my average would be about ten a day.' "'And how long has this being going on?"

W33 asked. 'Straight along for twenty years, I guess; but it never hurt me any, and I can tend to my patients [he is a professional man] just as well as I ever could.

"'But how much whisky, taking your own statement for it; do you suppose you have drank during that time?

'I'm sure I don't know; I never thought about that.

"Well, let us take another nip and then figure on it.' And they did, and here is the result of their work:

"Ten drinks a day would be seventy drinks a week, or 8,640 drinks in a year. In twenty years that would give the enormous number of 72,800 drinks. Now, the average drink taken in this country is said to be sixty to a gallon. Then divide this 72,800 by sixty, and you will find that you have consumed 1,213 and a fraction gallons. Now, there are supposed to be, on an average, thirty-six gallons to the barrel. Divide 1,213 by thirtysix and you find that you have drank just about thirty-six barrels of the stuff.'

"The old toper looked at the figures and then at his friend, and then remarked: Well, let's take one more, and then I think I'll give my stomach a rest for a day or

#### The Torch as a Weapon.

In retaliation for the hard fight that is being made by the temperance people of Leeds County, Canada, eleven buildings have been burned at Irish Creek, the Methodist Church and a tannery have been burned at Kemptville, and five constables have been stoned and assaulted. Dr. Ferguson, M. P, and three other men, one of them a minister, were assailed and threatened with murder, and two deacons of a Baptist Church have been warned to dismiss their minister or have their church burned. The temperance people are undistnayed, however, and have had forty or fifty tavern keepers fined, have sent three offenders to the penitentiary, and have had the assailants of the constables find \$800,-New York Sun.

#### National W. C. T. U. Notes.

The license fee in Atlanta, Ga., has been reduced from \$15,000 to \$1,000.

Detroit, Mich., has 1,035 grogshops where \$5,563,125 are yearly spent for strong drink. The Washingtonian Home for Inebriates in Chicago has just celebrated its twenty-fourth anniversary.

The Frohibitionists are standing true to their traditions. From the founding of the party in 1872 women have been recognized as members of committees and delegates to convention.

A mission for sailors is to be established in New York under the auspices of the W. C. T. U., of that city. Funds sufficient to inaugurate the work have already been donated.

The whiskey men of Washington are getting up a mammoth petition in opposition to the one presented to Congress asking for the prohibition of the liquor traffic in the District of Columbia.

A vigorous prosecution of liquor dealers is now in progeess in Wichita, Kan. Nine men have been found guilty and sentenced to both fines and imprisonment, and over fifty other cases are on the docket.

Mrs. J. K. Barney, National W. C. T. U., superintendent of prison and almshouse work, has, in company with her secretary, Mrs. Walker, been holding a series of evangelistic meetings at Worcester, Mass.

Mr. Howland, the Temperance Mayor of Toronto, Can., was defeated at the late elec-tion in that city, but twenty out of thirty-six Aldermen elected are strong temperance men. The present Mayor, though not a radical temperance man, is pledged to take no backward step.

voting. The Senate then took up the Blair Educational bill, but soon, on motion of Mr. Edmunds, proceeded to the consideration of executive business.

#### House Sessions.

20TH DAY .- Under the call of States the collowing bills and resolutions were introiuced and referred:

To refand the bonded debt of the United States at 2 1-2 per cent. Extending the legal-tender quality of the half dollar and for the issue of silver certifi-

cates on the same. Providing that all further patents or approvals of lands heretofore granted to the Union and Central Pacific Railroad Companies be withheld until a final accounting and settlement be had in pursuance of law be-tween the United States and the said companies, and complete and ample indemnification be given by the companies to secure the covernment against ult.mate loss.

21ST DAY .- Mr. Richardson, Tenn., chairman of the Committee on Frinting, reported a resolution calling on the public printer for information as to whether he has recently discharged or furloughed any of his force, and, if so, for what reason, at a time when the printing ordered by the ... ouse is largely i arrears Also, whether in making such discharges regard has been h d to the statute

giving preference in employment to honora ably discharged soldiers. Adopte !. Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, offered a reso lutien for the printing of 5,000 extra copies of report of the board of visitors to the Miliwhich was referred, Mr. Wheeler paid a tribute to Mr. Childs, the president of the board. 22ND DAY .- Mr. Henderson, from the

committee on the judiciary, reported a bill to amend the internal revenue laws. [It abolishes what are known as the mini-

num punishments, and gives a discretion to the court to impose any punishment for a vi-olation of the internal revenue laws not exceeding the maximum limit authorized by statute. It requires that a warrant issued by commissioner or other judicial officer must be returnable before some judicial officer residing in the county of arrest, and it authorizes the commissioner of internal revenue to compromise any civil or criminal cases under

the internal revenue laws.] Br. Bacon asked unanimous consent for the present consideration of the resolution reported from the committee on manufa turers directing that committee to inquire into the names, number and extent of the corporations engaged in manufacturing or mining or dealing in any of the necessities of life, and known as trusts and pools, and their methods of doing business and the effect of their combination upon the price of necessaries. The bill was adopted after being amended as

follows: "Whereas it is alleged that certain indivi luals and corporations in the United States engaged in manufacturing, producing, mining or dealing in some of the necessaries of life and other productions have combined recent International Temperance Conference at Zurich, is Superintendent of a large insane asylum at Burgholyli Switzerland Pett for the purpose of controlling or curtailing

the 8 per cent. advance on the \$2.50 basis. tract at the advance for the whole colliery is signed for the entire year. It is said that if the retimbering of the slope at this colliery is not soon accomplished it will be necessary

to abandon the mine. The Reading Company, it is stated, have ver 100 men at work at Brookside and several hundred cars were taken there to be oaded. The few miners and laborers employed there have cut a large quantity of coal, and if the company can keep the breaker going it is believed from seventy-five to one Winsted (Conn.) Herald. hundred cars can be shipped daily for at least week. An effort was made to start up Bear Valley shops by the company, but the attempt proved a failure, only a few hands re-

porting for duty. Chairman John L. Les received a commu nication from District Assembly No. 40, New York City, guaranteeing financial aid and stating that an entertainment will be held for the benefit of the strikers.

# PROPOSED NEGRO EXOD.S.

Expectation That The First Colony Will Depart About May 1.

Colonel A. A. Jones, of the State Auditor's office, of Ind., who is connected with the latest proposed exodus of negross from the Southern States to South America, talks freely about the scheme. He is an active friend of all movements for the improve-

ments of the condition of his race and was engaged in the first exodus of 1879, "This exodus," he said, "will be effectual y pushed, and by May 1, we expect to get our first party on the road. There are no head quarters as yet; the movement is very young -less than a month old. So far as active work is concerned, headquarters will be es-tablished probably in New York. We shall have three agents in Cincinnati, one at St. Louis and one at Chicag . I am agent at this point. We have some of the best people in

in the country interested; men who are willing to go down into their pockets for the re-lief of their oppressed brethern. "We have selected S .nth Americ 1 for a lo-

cation, because of the climate and the adaptability of the soil to produce such articles as the colored people are accustomed to raising. We have investigated ,the country, and received favorable reports Our people do not want to come North or West because of the climatic conditions, and because the prejudice against a black face follows them even

there. In South America, as well as in other parts of the world, the color of the skin does not bar a man out of the race for the best. "We shall start our emigrants from East-

ern points. We have agents at work in the South now, and we shall get as many emi-grants as possible out of Mississippi, Louisiana and Alabama, while not neglecting Missouri and Kentucky, and if there is not a big emigration before next summer then miss my guess."

# AGE NO PROTECTION.

An Industrious Old Lumberman Tortured and Robbed.

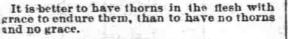
A dastardly outrage was perpetrated in Henderson township, Pa., which will probably result in the death of the victim, Henry Merritts, an old woodman.

Three masked men entered the humble hut of Mr. Merritts and demanded to be shown where his suppose I wealth was concealed. For several years Merritts has been engaged in the lumbering business and has accumu-lated \$4,000, which was secreted in the basement of his dweling. His assailants bound and gagged him, and, failing in their efforts to extort a confession by these means, then held his bare feet to the fire and otherwise

maltreated him in a most shocking manner. He finally became unconscious, his assailants left him and searched the hut for his

MARKETS.

sponge, rushed to the nearest medicine shop, and in breathless haste told the druggist that he wanted a spongeful of liquor for a sick horse; the surprised druggist pointed out the proper barrel, the hostler soturated his sponge, under the faucet, and was back at the stable in less than ten minutes, where he squeezed out of the sponge something over a pint of the beverage.-



A Memory of Early Days. Bane of childhood's tender years. Swallowed oft with groans and tears, How it made the flesh recoil. oathsome, greasy castor oil! Search your early memory close, Till you find another dose: All the shuddering frame revolts At the thought of Epsom salts! Underneath the pill-box lid Was a greater horror hid, Climax of all inward ills, Huge and griping old blue pills! What a contrast to the mild and gentle ac-tion of Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pellets, sugar-coated, easy to take, cleansing, recuperating, renovating the system without wrenching i with agony. Sold by druggists.

When the fire is kindled in your parlor stove, then look out for "sparks,"

"Consumption can be Cured." Dr. J. S. COMBS, Owensville, Ohio, says: have given Scorr's EMULSION of Cod Liver Of with Hypophosphites to four patients with better results than se med possible with any remedy. All were hereditary cases of Lung disease, and advanced to that state when Coughs, pain in the ches, frequent breathing frequent pulse, fever and Emaciation. All these cases have increased in weight from 16 to 28 lbs., and are not now needing any medi-

Wondel if a balloon would be more effect-ive if it were made of fly paper?

#### \$500 Reward

is offered, in good faith, by the manufacturers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Hemedy for a case of ca-tarrh which they cannot cure. It is mild, soothing and healing in its effects, and cures "cold in the head," catarrhal deafness, throat aliments, and many other complications of this distributions of the source of t distressing disease. 50 cents, by druggists.

The dresses of engaged young ladies wear out soonest about the waist.

A Thing of Beawty. Hood's Household Calendar for 1888, as usual leads all others in beauty and style. The most taking feature about it, because it is unique 'n Calenders, is that it is cut-out, as if by hand and the bright, healthy face of a handsome young girl, with a wealth of brown hair, con-trasts beautifully with her blue bonnet and strings. The fead is a marvel of color print-ing, the flesh tints being as natur 1 as life. The read is also printed in colors with a special deing, the nesh time being as natur 1 as life. The pad is also printed in colors, with a special de-sign for every month, and there is condensed upon it a large amount of valuable informa-tion; Indeed, it has so many points of excel-lence that it must be seen to be appreciated. Coples may be obtained at the drug stores, or by sending six con's in stamps to C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Now is the time to lay in your thermometers. They are way down.

No one can truthfully say that Catarrh is incurable who has not tried 'Taylor's Hospital Cure. Send to 284 B'way, New York for free pamphlet.

The sonorous shouts of the fish venders should be called fish balls.

# Aged People

Whose blood has become thin or impure are especially liable to attacks of rheumatism, or to that weakness called "general debility." The pains and aches of the former are relieved by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and vitalizes the blood, while it also tones and builds up the whole system. Try Hood's Sarsaparilla and realize the peculiar benefit which it gives.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for dyspepsia and as a tonic alterative, with the most beneficial results. I have also used it for rheumatism with good effect. I regard it as one of the very best fam ily medicines, and would not willingly be without

lifeless, and indescribably miserable, both physically and mentally: experience a sense of fullness or bloating after eating, or of "goneness," or emptiness of stomach in the morning, tongue coated, bitter or bad taste in mouth, irregular appetite, diz-ziness, frequent headaches, blurred eye-sight, "floating specks" before the eyes, nervous prostration or exhaustion, irritability of temper, hot flushes, alternating with chilly sensations, sharp, biting, tran-sient pains here and there, cold feet, drow-siness after meals, wakefulness, or dis-

turbed and unrefreshing sleep, constant, ease, or other grave maindies are DAVID G. LOWE, Esq., of St. Agathe, Manitoba, Canada, says: "Being troubled with a terrible bil-

LIVER DISEASE.

# "FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

Thoroughly cleanse the blood, which is the fountain of health, by using DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, and bodily health and vigor will be established. GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY cures all

A medicine possessing the power to cure such inveterate blood and skin diseases as the following testimonial portrays, must certainly be credited with possessing properties capable of curing any and all skin and blood diseases, for none are more obstinate or difficult of cure than Salt-rheum.



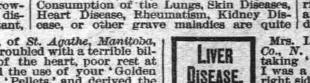
"COLUMBUS, OHIO, AUG. 18th, 1837. WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIA-TION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.: Gentlemen-For several years I have felt it to be my duty to give to you the facts in rela-

AND RHEUMATISM. Gentlemen--For several years 1 have left it to be my duty to give to you the facts in rela-tion to the complete cure of a most aggra-vated case of salt-rheum, by the use of your "Golden Medical Discovery." An elderly lady relative of mine had been a great sufferer from salt-rheum for wards of forty years. The disease was most distressing in her hands, causing the skin to crack open on the inside of the fingers at the joints and between the fingers. She was obliged to protect the raw places by means of adhesive plasters, sulves, ointments and handages, and during the winter months had to have her hands dressed daily. The pain was quite severe at times and her general health was badly affected, paving the way for other discases to creep in. Cetarrh and rheumatism caused a great deal of suffering in addition to the salt-rheum. She had used faithfully, and with the most commendable perseverance, all the remedics prescribed by her physicians, but without obtaining relief. She afterwards began treating herself by drinking teas made from blood-purify-ing roots and herbs. She continued this for several years but de-rived no benefit. Finally, about ten years ago, I chanced to read or of Dr. Pierce's small pamphlets setting forth the merits of his 'Golden Medical Discovery' and other medicines. The nome struck

my fancy, and seeing that it was essentially a blood-purifier. I im-mediately recommended it to the old lady who had been so long a sufferer from salt-rheum. She commenced taking it at once, and took one bottle, but seemed to be no better. However, I realized that it would take time for any medicine to effect a change for the better, and encouraged her to continue. She then purchased a half-a-dozen bottles, and before these had all been used she began to notice an improvement. After taking about a dozen bottles she was entirely cured. Her bands were perfectly well and as smooth and healthy as a child's. Her general health was also greatly improved; the rheumatism entirely lett her, and the catarrh was almost cured, so that it ceased to be much annoyance. She has

BILIOUS ATTACK.

Mrs. I. V. WEBBER, of Yorkshire, Caitaraugus Co., N. Y., writes: "For five years previous to taking 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pellets,' I was a great sufferer; had a severe pain in my right side continually; was unable to do my own work. I am now well and strong."



Canada, says: "Being troubled with a terrible bil-ious attack, fluttering of the heart, poor rest at night, etc., I commenced the use of your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pellets,' and derived the

and he, with a number of students and medical men, has formed a temperance club.

The Massachusetts Home for Intemperate Women was founded in Boston in 1879. Devotional exercises open the work of every day, and services are held every Sabbath. The Home is industrial as well as reformatory, and two-thirds of the money used in supporting the institution is earned by its inmates.

Mrs. S. B. Forbes, State President of the W. C. T. U., is chosen as one of the delegates at large from Connecticut to the National Prohibition Convention at Indianapolis, June 6 (her husband is also a delegate), and Mrs. Fannie H. Rastall, President of the Kansas W. C. T. U., is delegate at large from her State. Illinois Prohibitionists meet in May, and have invited the W. C. T. U. of the State to send one delegate for every local union. upon.

A bill recently presented to the Kentucky Legislature provides that each county in the State shall vote next November whether or not it will have prohibition. If a majority of the votes in the whole State favor prohibition it shall apply to the whole State. Any single county or district in a county that votes. "dry" shall have prohibition. If a county votes "dry" the question shall not be the laws relating to navigation. The bil county votes "dry" the question shall not be referred to a popular vote again for ten years, if it goes "wet" there shall be another vote on it the next year. The penalty for il-legal selling shall, after the third offence, be not less than \$2,000 and three months' im-prisonment. There is some expectation of the passage of the bill.

asylum at Burgholyli, Switzerland. Both known as associations, trusts, pools and like Dr. Forel and his wife are total abstainers, names; and whereas such combinations n t names; and whereas such combinations n t But this was all they secured. only injuriously affect commerce between the States, but impair the revenues of the United States as derived from its duties on imports: Therefore

his deatis. "Resolved, That the committee on manufactures be, and the same is hereby, directed to inquire into the names and number and extent of such alleged combinations, under

whatever name known, their methods of combination or doing busines, their effec-upon the prices of any of the necessaries of life and of all productions to the people of the country, upon its internal or foreign commerce, and its revenues from impost du-ties together with any and all other metters BALTIMORE -Flour—City Mills, extra, \$3.03 a\$3.75; Wheat—Southern Fultz, 96a97cts; Corn—Southern White, 58a59cts, Yellow, 58a 59 cts.; Oats-Southern and Pennsylvania 37a42cts.; Hy-Maryland and Pennsylvania 85a68cts.; Hay-Maryland and Pennsylvania 14 50a\$1500; Straw-Wheat, 8.50a\$9.00; Butter, ties, together with any aud all other matters 14 504\$1500; Straw-Wheat, 5.504\$5.00; Butter, Eastern Creamery, 30a31cts., near-by receipts 19a20cts; Cheese-Eastern Fancy Cream, 12½ a13 cts., Western, 11½a12cts.; Eggs-20a22; Cattle - \$3.00a4.75; Swine - 6½ 16% cts.; Sheep and Lamb - 3a5½ cts; Tobacco Leaf-Inferior, 1a\$2.50, Good Common, 3 50a \$4 50, Middling, 5a\$6.00 Good to fine red, 7a\$9 Foncer, 10a\$12 relating to the same which may call for or suggest legislation by Congress, and report the s me to the House with such recommendations as the said committee may agree

23D. DAY-At his own request, Mr. Cheadle (Ind.) was excused from further duty on the Fancy, 10a\$12. Committee on Claims. The consideration of the unfinished busi-

NEW YORK-Flour-Southern Common to ness-the Wilkins Banking bill-was post-poned on account of the ab ense of Mr. Wil-kins, who is unwell, and the House proceedfair extra, 3.30a\$4.00; Wheat-No.1 Whit ,94 a95cts.; Rye-State, 54a56; Corn-Southern Yellow, 54a55cts.; Oats-White State, 33a34 cts. ; Butter-State, 17a28 cts. ; Cheese-State,

cts.; Butter-State, This Cts.; Cheese-State, 11a12% cts.; Eggs-22a23 cts.
PHILADELPHIA - Flour -Pennsylvania and Southern Red, 90a91 cts; Rye-Pennsylvania 57a58 cts.; Corn-Southern Vellow, 53a54 cts.; Oats-36a37 cts.; Butter-State, 33a54 cts.; Cheese-N. Y. Factory, 11a12 cts.; Eggs-. State, 22a23 ots.

"-A. B. CURRY, Providence, R. I. found over \$1,500 hidden in a flour sack. Hood's Sarsaparilla Merrits was found still bound and gagged. Sold by all drug rists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecarles, Lowell, Mass. and owing to his adv.nced years it is thought the maltreatment he received will result in 100 Doses One Dollar REAM BALMA Ely's Cream Balm

HAYFEVER DE SOLATAR ALLA HAYFEVER DE SOLATAR ALLA HAYFEVER DE SOLATAR ALLA HEALS the SORES Restores the senses of Taste and smell, Taste and smell, Cleanses the head of

EL OWEUSA ELYBROS, 235Greenwich St, N. Y. **So Lines not under the horse's feet.** Write Brewster Safety Rein Holder Co., Holly, Mich.

5230 A NONTH. Agents Wanted. 10 best sell-ing articles in the world. 1 sample Free. Address JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

HOME STUDY. Book-keeping, l'enmanship, Artlimetic, ediars free. Barthand, &c., theroughly taught by mai. Cir-culars free. Barthart's Collevie, 157 Main S. Y.

HERBRAND FIFTH WHEEL. Latest Buggy improvement. IIER BRAND CO., Fremont, O.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

PALMS' Business College, Phila. Pa. Situa tions furnished. Life Selectoring 840. Wr te

G OLD is worth \$500 per lb. Fettit's Eye Salve is worth \$1,000, but is sold at 250. a box by dealers.

almost cured, so that it ceased to be much annoyance. She has enjoyed excellent health from that day to this, and has had no return of either salt-rheum or rheumatism. The 'Discovery' seems to have entirely eradicated the salt-rheum from her system. She is now over eighty years old, and very healthy for one of such

She is now over eighty years out, and the second sector and the se

CONSUMPTION, WEAK LUNGS, SPITTING OF BLOOD. GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY CURES Con-sumption (which is Scrofula of the Lungs), by its wonderful blood-purifying, invigora-ting and nutritive properties. For Weak Severe Coughs, Asthma, and kindred affec-tions, it is a sovereign remedy. While it

**COUCH OF** FIVE YEARS' STANDING. Mrs. N. W. RICE, of Newfane, Vermont, says: "I feel at liberty to acknowledge the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' which curred a cough of five years' standing, and dyspep-sia, from which I had suffered for a long time. I have also used Dr. Pierce's Extract of Smart-Weed, or Water Pepper, in my

GAINED 25 POUNDS. Wasting Disease.—Warson F. CLARKE, Esq., of (Box 104), Summerside, Prince Edward Island, Can., writes: "When I commenced taking your Golden Medical Discovery," I was not able to work and was a burden to myself. At that time I weighed 122 pounds, and to-day I weigh 147 pounds. Then I used to eat about one meal a day, and now can eat four or five if I dared to."

WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Propr's, No. 663 Main St., BUFFALO, N. Y.

