NORTH CAROLINA PROHIBITIONIST

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY THE

PROHIBITIONIST PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Proprietors,

(Corner E. Market and Davie Streets,)

Greensboro, N. C.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE PROHIBITIONISTS IN NORTH CAROLINA.

FRIDAY, OCT. 5, 1888.

Send *fractions of dollars in, one and two cent stamps.*

THE NORTH CAROLINA PROHIBITIONIST is entered at the post office in Greensboro as second-class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Space	1month,	3mo.	6mo.	12mo.
¼ Column	$1.00	$2.50	$4.00	$7.50
⅓ "	$2.00	$5.00	$8.00	$15.00
½ "	$4.00	$10.00	$16.00	$30.00
1 "	$8.00	$20.00	$32.00	$90.00

☞ Advertisements to be inserted every other week and having special position will be charged 10 per cent. extra

TERMS IN ADVANCE.

One year	$1.00
Six months	.60

The Company is not held responsible for the views of correspondents.

☞ *Agents wanted. A liberal commission will be given. Write for terms.*

The date on your label, after your name is to inform you when your subscription expires.

If your name is written a cross mark will be placed there to let you know. If you renew before the expiration of your time you will be credited from that time, so you lose nothing by it

A MILLION VOTES FOR FISK IN '88 MEANS VICTORY IN '92.

PROHIBITION NOMINEES.

FOR PRESIDENT:

CLINTON B. FISK,

of New Jersey.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

JOHN A. BROOKS,

of Missouri.

Guilford County Ticket.

For Senate—J. Van. Lindley.
For House—W. Perry McLean
Rev. Wm. G. Matton.
For Sheriff—Robert S. Phipps.
For Register—T. C. Hodgin.
For Treasurer—R. C. Rankin,
For Surveyor—Isaac Stanley.
For Coroner—Wesley Coe.

THE OLD PARTY PRESS AND THE FACTS.

WALKER AT LUMBERTON. WHY MEN DARED NOT HEAR HIM AGAIN.

The papers run by solid lye power are talking as follows:

Tobacco Plant (Dem.) Sept. 28.

We gather from our exchanges that Mr. Walker of the Republican annex, is having rather a lonesome time during his canvass. He will feel still more lonesome on November 7th.

From that and the like, people who know nothing, will know less than nothing. Here is our special correspondence:

LUMBERTON, N. C., Oct. 1, 1888.

Ed. Prohibitionist:—Mr. Walker filled his appointment at Maxton and I am informed by an eye witness that he had a good audience and made a first rate speech, in fact a friend of mine from Maxton told me, to-day, that it was one of the most forcible speeches he ever heard and said in the same connexion that if men would vote according to their conscientious convictions at the November election, Wm. T. Walker would be Governor. His speech here at Lumberton was the best I ever heard presented to an audience on the subject, and it made an excellent impression. He had a good audience at 1 p. m. and many who could not hear him at that hour on account of business, requested to have him speak again at night. Mr. Walker consented and at night spoke to an audience composed of our best citizens and among them some ladies. His subscription list of over 30 shows how well his speech was received. Many men of both parties are with us as the result of Mr. W's speeches. I think we will gain more in this county from the Republicans than from the Democrats. I talked with some men who heard Mr. Walker in the day time and asked them if they were going to hear him at night and somesaid "No." I was surprised at this, after hearing them speak so favorably of the speech and said, "why not?" and the reply was, "Well, I don't want to hear him because it worries my conscience about how I should vote and I don't want to be troubled about it." I am truly glad that a party has come before the people with an issue that when pressed affects men's consciences; it is the first party since my recollection that has ever disturbed men's consciences as to how they should vote. Turn on the light and let it shine so brilliantly that it will break the crust of some of our old politicians and let them see that the people are beginning to learn to vote as they pray.

At a Conference of Dunkard ministers at North Manchester, Ind., the 40 ministers in attendance were unanimous for Fisk.

CIRCULATION THIS WEEK.

4500 Copies.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Tickets, Gentlemen!

Cut your Ballots from the third page!

In cutting out your ballots on the next page there must be no sign, device or mark left on the paper.

The Electors must be on one ballot: the State officers on another, and Congressman on still another.

There are tickets enough on the next page for you and two of your friends.

Begin to lay in a supply of ballots now from our next page.

☞ Work (not *wait*) till public sentiment is aroused for Prohibition. ☜

Jersey City has granted 829 liquor license, on which $194,000 have been collected by the city. Who believes that with all that blood money in their pockets, the Christian citizens are going to vote to make the liquor business a crime.

REPUBLICANS SQUEALING.

And now it turns out that the Prohibition Party is making such progress among Forsyth Republicans that their leaders are squealing like good fellows. The party that in 1881 cast its vote "to save the grogshops," and "saved them," ought to lose every voter in it having a conscience the size of a mustard seed. Come along, Republicans! Come along, Democrats! Come along everybody who agrees with us on the dominant issue of outlawing the saloon.

TRUE FIGURES ON THIS TARIFF BUG-A-BOO.

The Librarian of Congress has published the average tariff from the year 1821 to the present, with the following results:

The average tariff between 1882 and 1887 was 44 per cent.. The average tariff from 1821 to 1882 was 34 per cent. and the average between 1821 and 1861 was only 37 per cent. The Mills bill reduces the tariff from 47 per cent. to about 42 per cent., or only 2 *per cent.* lower than the highest average of the past 5 years. It is still from 5 to 8 per cent. higher than the average from 1821 down to 1882.

All this shows how absurd is the Republican cry that the Democrats mean Free Trade by the Mills Bill. If a 42 per cent., or less, tariff means free trade, the Republicans gave it to us most half of the years they were in power, for in 1863 it was but 33; in 1864, 37; 1872–3, 37: in 1875, 41; in 1880, 40; in 1883, 41.

And it shows the hollowness of the Democratic cry against protection, for since 1830 there has been but one year, 1868, that the tariff was as high as 48 per cent. The four years when it was 47 per cent. were the following 1866–7 under Johnson and 1885–'87 under Cleveland.

And over this tariff bug-a-boo the millions are taking sides when 999 out of every 1,000, know not the first change they would make in the tariff to benefit the whole country. The truth is, every man is for free trade when he wants to buy, and a protectionist when he wants to sell.

Abolish the saloons, and we'll be happy and wealthy under the highest or lowest tariff ever put on the statute books!

That's the true issue!

EVEN EVANGELISTS TALK POLITICS. SAM JONES,

As quoted by the *Pioneer, says:*

There are twice as many Prohibitionists to-day as there were Abolitionists ten years before Lincoln signed the Emancipation Proclamation. I have been through twenty-six States, and wherever I have heard prohibition mentioned in public there was applause.

The Philadelphia *Press* claims that the Rev. Sam. Jones gave atterance to the following:

"I am a rampacious, knock-down, out-and-out Prohibitionist. Clinton B. Fisk is a clean man, white as snow. The Liquor Dealers' Association has given the country a more Christian declaration of principles than the Republicans did in their convention in Chicago. If you doubt it rake out the two papers and compare them. So help me God, I am for a clean fight every time with this hellish traffic, and all the devils in hell can't shut my mouth on this subject. I am a rank Prohibitionists."

Bro. Sam! Don't open your mouth that way around Durham. It might throw a coldness over the meeting. That kind of talk is all proper up North, but not calculated for this latitude.

Of the 80 ministers in the Northern Indiana United Brethren Conference, 77 are reported to be for Fisk and 3 for Harrison.

A CHILD OF THE LIGHT.

To a Prohibitionist in the East said a Democratic lawyer with a peculiar expression on his face: "You Prohibitionists are making such inroads upon the white vote, that *we* have got to make friends with the negroes to hold our own."

Those are far-sighted, manly words. They indicate the dawn of better days. We most heartily rejoice over every honest colored vote which by argument is attached to the Democratic party.

Win thousands of them! Win tens of thousands of them!! The country will breathe more freely when you do. Let party lines divide on character and conviction, not at color!

THE SOBER MAN'S PARTY FRIGHTENS THE REPUBLICANS.

Rev. C. N. Grandison has been in the North-eastern counties speaking almost daily for a month. He is creating a profound sensation. The eyes of thousands are being opened to the peaceful yet irresistible growth of the Grand New Party.

But strange to say (to those who knew us not thoroughly) about his bitterest and only opposition comes from the Republican bosses and their slaves.

At Elizabeth City they used every possible means to keep colored men from the speaking. At Tarboro they hoped to disperse the crowd from the Court House, and tried to break up the meeting. The bosses are thoroughly alarmed.

On with the fight! The Saloon parties Must Go!!

CHANGE OF DATE.

On account of a conflict of dates the State Convention of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union which meets this year at Winston, will be held Nov. 1, 2, 3, instead of Oct. 25. 26, 27 as previously announced.

THE PRISON CHAPLAINS ANSWER ANOTHER QUESTION FOR THE VOICE.

Question.

What would be the probable effect upon our penal institutions should every dramshop in the land be forever abolished?

Replies.

Number of occupants reduced at least 75 per cent.
Diminish number of inmates.
In 10 years institutions for punishment of misdemeanors practically empty.
Prison propulatson decreased 60 to 75 per cent.
But little use for prisons.
Greatly diminish inmates.
Close them up.
Reduce very greatly number commitments.
Immediate closing, probably diminish prison population, but doubt if permanently diminish numbers.
Inmates greatly reduced.
Reduce population of prisons in few years fully 40, if not 50 cer cent.
Would in all probability abolish institution.
Would not be much use for either jails or penitentiaries.
Very large diminution of crimes against persons and of common larceny.
Unquestionably rapid and sustained decrease of numbers. Crimes against person largely cease. Many institutions empty.
Reduced three-fourths.
Convicts diminised at least one-half.
Few would be needed.
Reduction of from 50 to 75 per cent.
A criminal decrease of 75 per cent.
Gradually pass into "inocuous desuetude."
One-half the present number amply sufficient.
Many jails and prisons empty two-thirds time.
Would soon be well-nigh depopulated.
Good without doubt.
Get along with less than half present facilities.
Crime greatly diminished; perhaps one-half.
Inmates materially reduced for a time.
If prisoners decrease in next five years as in past two under Prohibition, penitentiaries will be to let.
Would reduce inmates at least one-third.
In ten years nine-tenths of our criminals would not be here.
Jails very much thinned. Prisons not perceptibly changed. Pauperism almost disappear. Reform schools almost vacant. Poor-houses would be unknown
Suppose the millenium might be almost at the door.
Would soon be closed.
Nine-tenths shut up for want of inmates.
Greatly reduce number of arrests and commitments.
Evidently greatly reduce number of inmates.
Rid of more than one-half present number of convicts.
One would do for the United States.
Need but few indeed.
Our penal institutions might be closed also.
Closed up.

Taxpayer! Are you this fall going to vote for the parties who will license this crime of liquor selling, and thus keep our jails full to overflowing, and your taxes high?

JUST WHAT WE WANT.

In a little settlement in Cleveland county are six young men who are vigorous Prohibitionists and will vote that ticket next month. Of the six, two are colored men. That is as it should be, for one-third of the voters of the State are colored. Of the six, three have voted the Democratic ticket, and three the Republican ticket. To thus draw equally from both sides is our heart's desire.

Of a piece with this is the scene at Mt. Airy at the close of Mr. Walker's speech when a man from each old party met and shook hands pledging both to vote for Fisk and Walker.

The official figures of the Maine election show our vote to be 3,151, a gain over the corresponding Governor's vote in 1884 of nearly 2,000 or about 200 per cent. The increase over St. John's vote of the same year is about 150 per cent. We're coming.

FORSYTH SUCCEEDS FINELY THIS TIME.

[Special Correspondence.]

WINSTON, Sept. 29th, 1888.

Editor Prohibitionist:—The Forsyth Convention was held to-day. The speeches of Elector George and Mr. Walker did us much good in preparing our work.

A. G. Hough called the body to order, and J. D. Paylor was made Chairman.

The State and National Nominations and platforms were ratified.

The following nominations were made:
For Senate—Dr. W. G. Hamilton.
For House—F. E. Heckard.
For Sheriff—John D. Paylor.
For Treasurer—Jacob Tise.
For Coroner—Thornton P. Dalton.
For Register—Albert G. Hough.

The Congressional nomination of Seth S. Montague was endorsed.

A working Executive Committee was appointed.

Forsyth's all right!

CABARRUS NOT BEHIND.

[*Concord Times, Dem.*]

Cabarrus Prohibitionists have put out C. T. Troy for the Senate, Cabarrus and Stanly, and J. M. Burrage for the House.

OUR SISTER STATES JOIN US.

GEORGIA.

On Sept. 24th, amid great enthusiasm the Georgia Prohibitionists nominated Fisk and Brooks Electors. Atlanta was ablaze with Prohibition fire.

FLORIDA.

Owing to the fever confusioh no State ticket was named, but a full list of Fisk and Brooks Electors was named at Orlando. Sept. 19.

MISSISSIPPI.

At Jackson the Prohibitionists of the State met, Sept. 20th, and named an electoral ticket for Fisk and Brooks.

POOR SOUTH CAROLINA.

Are your thousands of Prohibitionists to be held in chains and denied a vote?

JUST ACROSS THE LINE.

Pittsylvania County has been the banner county of Virginia for whiskey and murders. But a reaction has set in—temperance sentiment is rapidly growing, lawlessness is disappearing, and as a natural consequence the Prohibition party is coming to the fore. The county will cast hundreds of votes for Fisk.

CAN'T KEEP QUIET.

A late conference passed the following:

Resolved, That as a conference we heartily approve of the action of the last General Conference of the Free Methodist Church in its adoption of the report of the Committee on Reforms, in which it committed itself to the *support of the Prohibition party.*

PULL HIM OFF!

I. M. Auld, of Orlando, Fla., writes to *The Voice:* "The Methodist Presiding Elder of this district informs me that of the 20 ministers under him, 19 are party Prohibitionists and the other one is 'on the fence,'"

BAPTISTS ON TEMPERANCE.

The following resolution was adopted by a Baptist Association, Sept. 4.

WHEREAS, The manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquor as a beverage is the cause of incalculable sorrow, pauperism and crime, and is a gigantic obstacle to the extension of the Christian religion; that the saloon interest organized to break down all Sabbatarian laws, and to encourage the deliberate violation of all legal enactments that place any rule or restraint upon the liquor business, that any form of license or tax that takes money from the liquor traffic and permits the business to continue, gives legal sanction to a calling that would otherwise be unlawful, and protects a trade that is morally wrong. There is no middle ground between right and wrong; therefore,

Resolved, That as Christian men and women, we will support no party or candidate for office who is not openly and unequivocally pledged to the enactment and enforcement of prohibitory laws for the complete outlawing and suppression of the saloon in territory and nation.

As this resolution was passed without a dissenting voice, let our readers guess whether the Association was held down near Raleigh or not. It doesn't sound like Bro. B's sentiments *to-day.*

NOW YOUR PREACHING! ADDRESS TO VERMONT VOTERS.

The third party movement is the rebellion of the people against the politicians. For years they have waited for a chance to settle this question at the polls. For years they have begged their leaders to submit it. They have begged for one thing and voted for another. Their votes have been counted and their prayers forgotten. At last, sickened by hope deferred, they are coming to the polls to settle it themselves. If Cleveland is elected the saloon will run just the same. If Harrison is elected the saloon will run just the same. But if a million votes are cast for Fisk and Brooks this fall, four years from now every friend of man, every enemy of hell, will march under one stainless banner; keeping step to the same proud tune, and for the saloon the day of vengeance will be at hand.

The Prohibition State Committee.

W. P. STAFFORD, Chairman.

IT'S "BOTH," BROTHER!

[*Southern Herald,*]

W. T. Walker, the Prohibition candidate for Governor, has been a life-long Democrat, and lost an arm in the war in defense of Southern institutions and Democratic principles. And yet some would have the people believe that this Prohibition leader is a Republican. How absurd!! But the latest, most absurd and meanest slander yet hatched, is the report that this pure man, a minister of the gospel, has been hired by the Republicans to canvass the State for Prohibition! Surely those Democratic papers must be badly scared or fearfully demoralized, or both, if they can stoop to use such means to accomplish their ends.

SKIRMISHING.

FROM PRESIDENT TO CONSTABLE.

"THE CAUSE OF GOOD GOVERNMENT" AND "SALVATION FROM ABSOLUTE PROHIBITION" ALL IN ONE TICKET.

So-west Dem. liquor. But we do desire to impress our friends with the fact that their only salvation from absolute Prohibition is by voting solid from constable to President, for the Democratic candidates.

Tobacco Plant, Dem. On November 6th go to the polls and vote the Democratic ticket straight thro' from President to Constable; the cause of good government was never more in need of your support.

Now, *please* read those two urgent exhortations again, and weigh them. Are you going to cast the vote in which the liquor-seller says his only salvation from absolute Prohibition lies?

LET IT BE REMEMBERED.

[*Spirit of the Age.*]

Yes, let it be remembered that, in 1881, when the churches and the preachers and the good women of North Carolina were doing all in their power to carry prohibition, the Republican State Executive Committee held a meeting here in the city of Raleigh and decided and resolved to oppose prohibition, and to throw the vote of the Republican party of the State against it.

And let it be remembered that Col. Oliver H. Dockery, as soon as the campaign of that year opened, took the field against prohibition and did all he could to defeat the preachers, the churches and the prayers of the women; and that the defeat of prohibition that year, was mainly due to the action of the Republican party with Col. Dockery, as one of its leaders.

And let it be remembered that in 1882, when a Congressman for the State-at-large was to be chosen, the Liquor Dealers' Association, under the name of the Anti-Prohibition-Liberal Party, held a convention in the city of Raleigh and nominated Col. Q. H. Dockery, and that he *accepted* the nomination of the said Liquor Dealers' Association. And don't let it be forgotten that, a week later, the Republicans met in convention here, in the same hall, and endorsed the nomination made by the liquor party—that party which had the year before made sport of preachers, calling them crazy fanatics.

And then let it be remembered that Col. Dockery stumped the State again in 1882, telling the people as he went, that prohibition would take away the people's liberties, and charging that the Democratic party was the Prohibition party.

Yes, tell it in the ears of the people. Those are just the reasons why no true patriot can vote for Dockery, just as we have been telling all along.

But dare the *Spirit of the Age* tell the people that Judge Fowle is one whit less opposed to Prohibitory laws than Mr. Dockery. How did he vote in 1881? How did he vote in your local option elections in Raleigh?

We have no use for *any* candidate who does not heartily believe it his duty, if in power, to make liquor making and selling for common drinking A CRIME. Mr. Dockery does not so believe. Does Judge Fowle? A plain "yes," will do.

JUDGE TOURGEE FIGHTING IT TOO! GOOD SIGN!

The rule of the law that one shall be taken to intend the natural and reasonable consequences of his acts will naturally be applied with excessive rigor to an organization which has not hesitated to arrogate exceptional excellence and demand peculiar consideration at the hands of others.—*Albion W. Tourgee.*

So writes Mr. Tourgee, perhaps without the slightest conception of the most natural application of his formulated rule. This attempt to make Prohibitionists responsible for what somebody else does, or may do, is simply absurd. The assumption that a voter should choose the least of two evils is an abominable heresy in politics. The same base sophistry was used to keep men from voting the anti-slavery ticket, and to embarrass and defeat the growth of the Republican party. In answer to that sophism, then, Dr. Bushnall said, "There never was a maxim more corrupt, more totally bereft of principle," and Lyman Beecher said, "I am accountable for my own conduct only. If others elect bad men, for their conduct I am not answerable." Mr. Tourgee utterly fails to fasten upon Prohibitionists the responsibility of what others may do. Indeed it is strange that he cannot see that his assumption is as applicable to the Republicans as to the Prohibitionists. Mr. Fisk was nominated before Mr. Harrison. Why did not the Republicans, if they are so horrified at the thought of Democratic success and supremacy, retire from the field and leave the race to Mr. Fisk against the whisky Democracy? Is it not a little cheeky for them to ask us to do what they are not willing to do themselves? The strength of the case is on our side.—*Chicago Lever.*

EVEN THE LOCAL PREACHERS TALKING POLITICS.

An Association of Local Preachers recently

Resolved, That we, the local preachers of the Methodist Episcopal church in this the 31st annual meeting, do declare our purpose not to vote for any man in any party who favors the regulation of the liquor traffic by any form of license or taxation,

As both old parties favor the regulation of the liquor traffic by some form of license or taxation there's nothing left for these good but overzealous brethren, but to vote the Prohibition ticket.

It is not necessary to say that the association did not meet in the western part of N. C.

A SOUTHERN WOMAN'S INSTINCT ON THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

THE MOST VALUABLE SUPPORT THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC HAS.

Mrs. Sallie F. Chapin, of South Carolina, (in Pioneer)

I sat behind two rummies who were discussing Prohibition on the train yesterday and one informed the other that the most they had to dread was the weakening of the right wing of the army, *the high license Christian men.* "For," he said, "the Christians hold the balance of power, and if they withdraw their support the traffic is gone." It is a dreadful thought that this traffic in souls is unwittingly kept up by professing Christians.

Oh, ye professing Christian men! Shame on your support of the license parties! By the unwitting testimony of these your partners, you are solely responsible for this hellish traffic to-day. The instrument by which you perpetuate its existence is the ballot you will cast for Cleveland and Fowle or Harrison and Dockery next November. A plain question. Can you do it longer?

IN FOR IT ANY HOW?

The Henderson *News,* (Dem.) reporting the Republican nominees speaks of the Register of Deeds, Thos. Eaton, colored, and from him adds, "for the honor of the county, most devoutly we exclaim, 'Good Lord deliver us.'"

Well, what's the color of the vote that'll deliver you from "Register of Deeds, J. M. Trotter, colored," forced upon the nation by candidate Cleveland? While we express no judgment in the matter, we may say that as Mr. Cleveland preferred that the records of the District of Columbia should be kept by negro Trotter and his mixed gang of clerks, we presume were he a resident of Vance he would prefer that her records be kept by Thos Eaton, colored. Nice man to vote for, Cleveland is!

THE RIGHT KIND OF NON-PARTIZANSHIP.

[*Exchange.*]

Ypsilanti Division, Sons of Temperance, has a membership of 115, 61 of these are males, and 43 voters. All of these will vote for Fisk and Brooks, the majority voting for the first time.

This Division has raised a pole on the top of the roof with the Fisk and Brooks banner floating to the breeze. It is the only Fisk and Brooks pole in the city, although there are plenty of other Prohibitionists, but none of the rest have had the nerve to raise a pole.

Haven't read the *Spirit of the Age.* Better send them a file, Bro. Whitaker!

THE SALOON'S GRIP ON THE OLD PARTIES.

HEAR THEM TOADY.

Jefferson City, Mo., Tribune, Dem.

We are not engaged in the liquor business and hence have nothing at stake in that direction, but are engaged, head, heart and pocket-book, in trying to benefit the Democratic party, and when we see men trying to bind it hand and foot and turn it over as a prisoner to the Prohibitionists, we believe it to be a duty due the party to protest."

Speech of J. H. Crichton, in Rep. State Convention of Kansas, defeating the Anthony resolution.

"Put that plank into the platform, and we will lose the German vote both in Ohio and New York, and will lose those States in 1888, and with it the Presidential election."

skir.

FOLLOWED HIS CONVICTIONS.

[*Plant, Dem..*]

Henry T. Wickham, a noted Virginia Republican, has declared for Cleveland.

[*Rutherford Banner, Dem.*]

J. J. Hampson, of Bat Cave, a life-long Republican, says he is done—has had enough—and will now support the straight Democratic ticket.

But when a man from either of those parties, from conviction supports the Prohibition ticket—*drat him, he's no good!*

WHITE AND BLACK MAKE GRAY.

HURRAH FOR THE GRAY MAN'S PARTY!

[*Rutherford Banner, Dem.*]]

The number of colored voters throughout the State who have announced their intention to vote for Fowle and the Democratic ticket is becoming so large as to cause considerable alarm in the Republican camp. * * * Many of the more thrifty and intelligent negroes in various sections are at work among their people in behalf of the Democratic ticket. Can this be attributed to their innate fondness for Fowl(e)?

Lets' go shares! You take the "anti-sumptuary" fellows, and let us have the "dry" ones who were so well thought of last June. And then where'd the Rads be!

DEMOCRATIC ADVICE WE SHALL FOLLOW.

[*Indianapolis Sentinel, Dem.*]

For the honest Prohibitionist, whatever his party antecedents, there is no resource, this year but to support Fisk and Brooks.

And logically the *dis*honest Prohibitionist will vote for Harrison, or for Cleveland as the *Spirit of the Age* advocates,

YOU WEARY US MUCH, AS ALSO YOU DO THE COMMON PEOPLE.

Kinston Free Press, (Dem.)

Prohibition is not a political issue for the reason that there is not the slightest chance of its success in the coming election, *or, for that matter, in any subsequent election.*

(Chicago News.)

"Prohibition will, without much doubt," said General John M. Palmer, democratic candidate for Governor of Illinois, "become one of the national issues *at no distant day.*"

TWO HEARTS THAT BEAT AS ONE.

"The world is governed too much. A statutory prohibition against the sale and use of intoxicants would be a dead letter.—*Jefferson Davis.*

"I am unalterably opposed to prohibition. I do not believe in state Prohibition.—*General Harrison.*

A STRAW.

If the Harrison men of 1840 do not step into line for the grandson any better elsewhere than in Birmingham, the Republican party had better not say much about it. Of those residing here, 14 in all, 4 will vote for grandson Harrison, 3 for Cleveland, and probably 7 for Fisk.—*Birmingham (Iowa) Free Press,*

DEMOREST MEDAL CONTESTANTS.

Those of you holding first Gold Medals who wish to contest at Winston on Friday evening, the 2d of November next, for a Grand Gold Medal, will please report to me your name, age, sex and post office at once, together with subject of the piece you have chosen to speak if you have made such selection.

This information is wanted at once, that the best possible arrangement for the class may be made.

F. S. BLAIR, *Supt. for N. C.*

WE WILL TRY TO BELIEVE YOU WHEN YOU CAN AT LEAST AGREE.

Kinston Free Press, (Dem.)

Prohibition is not a political issue. It is a moral issue and ought not to be dragged into politics.

Galveston News (Dem)

Every political question, so far as it practically effects human welfare, is, in final analysis, a moral question.

IS THIS YOUR "WHITE MAN'S PARTY?"

[*Macon Telegraph, Dem.*]

All over the State (Ark.) a large proportion of the negro vote was cast for the Democratic ticket. The negroes organized Democratic clubs and held Democratic meetings of their own accord.

Eight Methodist ministers from the vicinity of Cleveland, on the way to Ashland to attend Conference, took dinner together. At the request of one—an ardent Republican—a vote was taken, resulting: Fisk 5, Harrison 3, much to the chagrin of the Republican who made the suggestion.

NOT REGULATION, BUT STRANGULATION.

The Issue.

The Prohibition party is that portion of the people who do not believe in the high or low license regulation of the liquor traffic, but who do believe in its strangulation, its decapitation, its extirpation.

Grandison is a born orator.—*Tarboro Southerner, Dem.* He gave us all food for reflection.—*Rocky Mount Phenix, Dem.*

EVERYBODY WANTS TO HEAR

C. N. GRANDISON,

the colored orator, who will speak as follows:

Murfreesboro,	Saturday, October	6
Weldon, Monday,	"	8
Enfield, Tuesday,	"	9
Warrenton, Wednesday,	"	10
Franklinton, Thursday,	"	11
Friday,	"	12
Jonesboro, Saturday,	"	13
Fayetteville, Monday,	"	15
Laurinburg, Tuesday,	"	16
Rockingham, Wednesday,	"	17
Wadesboro, Thursday,	"	18
Monroe, Friday,	"	19
Charlotte, Saturday,	"	20
Concord, Monday,	"	22
Salisbury, Tuesday,	"	23
Statesville, Wed., a. m.,	"	24

GOVERNOR'S CANVASS.

WILLIAM T. WALKER,

the first to be nominated, and the first to challenge for a joint canvass, having been excluded from the joint discussion of the issues, will address the people as follows;

SEPTEMBER.		
Whiteville,	Saturday,	29
OCTOBER.		
Wilson,	Monday night,	8
Nashville,	Tuesday,	9
Halifax,	Wednesday p. m.,	10
Jackson,	Thursday a. m.,	11
Winton,	Friday,	12
Gatesville,	Friday night,	12
Hertford,	Saturday,	13
Edenton,	Monday,	15
Elizabeth City,	Tuesday,	16
Camden C. H.;	Tuesday night,	16
Currituck C. H.,	Wednesday,	17
Manteo,	If connections are all right. Thursday,	18
Columbia,	If connections are all right. Friday,	19
Plymouth	Saturday,	20
Windsor,	Monday a. m.	22
Williamston,	Monday p. m.	22
Tarboro,	Tuesday,	23
Greenville,	Wednesday,	24
Washington,	Thuraday, Noon,	25
Aurora,	Friday night,	26
Bayboro,	Saturday Noon,	27
Beaufort,	Monday,	29
Jachsonville,	Tuesday,	30
Trenton,	Wednesday,	31
NOVEMBER.		
Snow Hill,	Thursday,	1
Lillington,	Friday,	2

The speaking will be in the Court House, (for the use of which application is hereby filed) unless better arrangements are made, at Noon, or as soon thereafter as he can arrive from his preceding appointment. Everybody is invited. If not already held or called, County Conventions will be held that day.

Prohibitionists in each locality are expected to complete all arrangements for entertainment, transportation, &c., and notify Mr. Walker by mail at each appointment.

If Mr. Walker can fill these appointments he will have made at least 97 speeches in 92 counties since his nomination!

Hurrah for the Sober Man's Party.